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느타리버섯 바이러스병 퇴치를 위한 진단시약 개발 및 바이러스 무병주 선발

느타리버섯 바이러스병 진단시약 개발

Kit Production for Diagnosis of Viruses
in Oyster Mushroom, *Pleurotus ostreatus*

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농림부

[7]

190mm × 268mm

2000

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2. 1

2000 10 27

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		<p>Kit Production for Diagnosis of Viruses in Oyster Mushroom, <i>Pleurotus ostreatus</i></p>
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2000 10 27

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 . 가 (1 가)
 300 (, 1999 10 105)
 . ,
 . ,
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 가
 가

III.

가
 가
 3
 (monoclonal antibody)
 (polyclonal antibody) triple-antibody sandwich ELISA
 (TAS-ELISA) kit
 , kit
 .

가 . , 3
(2000 12)
sandwi ch ELISA kit
Sandwi ch ELISA ki t 0.6mg 가
(naked-eye)
PCR
가 PCR
96 well plates
2000 9 1
가 .

SUMMARY

Oyster mushroom malformation (OMM) is one of the most severe disease nowadays of unknown etiology. Its spread is fast, and the disease recurs on the same farm. Therefore, the outbreak of the OMM in a commercial farm result in complete yield loss in affected areas and difficult to control. The disease always accompanied the presence of isometric virus particles. Using a purification procedure involving chloroform extraction, PEG-NaCl precipitation, differential centrifugation, and equilibrium centrifugation in CsCl gradient (1.585g/ml), we have obtained three isometric viral particles with different densities and size of 27 and 34nm in diameter. In most cases 27nm viral particles coinfectd with 34nm particles; the 27nm particles were denser than 34nm particles, named oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV), encapsidated 2 different ssRNAs of 6.0 and 1.25kb. This is the first report of isometric ssRNA mycovirus. The 34nm lighter particles, named oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMV-I), encapsidated 12 dsRNAs of 2.6, 2.45, 2.4, 2.2, 2.15, 2.1, 2.05, 2.0, 1.9, 1.8, 1.0, and 0.8kb. Another isometric dsRNA virus with same size (34nm; oyster mushroom isometric virus-II; OMV-II) was also found in diseased mushroom. This OMV-II encapsidated three dsRNA of 2.25, 2.15, and 2.05 kb. Coomassie brilliant blue stained polyacrylamide gel (12%) electrophoregram showed different coat proteins of *M_r* 29, 71 and 62kD, in OMSV, OMV-I, and OMV-II particles, respectively.

We made monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies against these three viruses. To make monoclonal antibodies against the viruses, immunized spleen cells of BALB/c mice were fused with myeloma cell (P3X63Ag8.V653) using polyethylene glycol 1500. After 12-13 days, supernatants of the hybrid cell cultures were screened for detecting the presence of monoclonal antibodies by ELISA. Rabbit polyclonal antibodies against the three viruses were also made. Monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies against OMSV, OMV-I, and OMV-II virus particles were hybridised by western blot only with self-antigen, OMSV, OMV-I, and OMV II, respectively but not cross-reacted with each other. Triple-antibody sandwich ELISA (TAS-ELISA) made of the monoclonal and polyclonal antibody was sensitive method to detect these three viruses even naked eye with 0.6mg of diseased tissue or 2µg/ml purified virus solution applied.

Thus, the monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies developed in this study were successfully applied in TAS-ELISA for identification and detection of the three oyster mushroom viruses even very small amount of viruses harbored in fungal tissue.

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1

가 50%
가 50%
10
(*Pleurotus ostreatus* ASTI2180)
가
가
(*Basidiomycetes*)
strain
Heterothallism diploid가
5%
aneuploidy
Meiosis
가
가
가 80%
1996
1996
1960
"La France Disease"
가
France
"La France Disease"
1967 virus like particles (VLPs) (15)
"La France Disease" (4, 6, 7, 10).
"La France Disease"
basi diocarps, basi diocarps 가
25 nm 34 -
36 nm (14, 23, 25) 19 x 50 nm bacilliform
(12, 19) (La france isometric virus [LIV])
3.8 0.8 kb 9가 dsRNA 가 (4, 8, 22,
23) bacilliform virus (mushroom bacilliform virus [MBV])
positive-sense, single stranded RNA 가 (12). Reverse
transcription PCR analysis La France Disease

LIV가 MBV 60% (14). LIV가 primary
causal agent MBV (symptom modulating)
(12, 19). 9 dsRNA가 21
c 24 c dsRNA 가 , 16 c 30 c
dsRNA 가 (6).

가
가 가
dsRNA 가 1992
(2, 3, 24) 가 가
dsRNA 가
가 8, 100, 2, 170, 2120, 1980, 1840 bp 5 가 (24).
가
cDNA
Kit 가

가 (21), (*Leutinus edodes*) dsRNA
inducer dsRNA dsRNA interferon
가 (18). cholesterol
70) 가 ()
가 가
가 가 가
4 kg 5,000

가 16,000 가
가 . 가
가 . 100% 가
가 .
UR 가
ki t .

2 .

2-1. .

1997
(*Pleotus ostreatus*)
(*Pleotus ostreatus*)

2-2. .

2-2-1.

가) Oyster Mushroom Spherical Virus (OMSV)

0.05M Tris-Cl (pH7.0), 1mM EDTA(pH7.0), 0.5% 2-mercaptoethanol
buffer 3 waring blender homogenization, 6,000Xg
10% polyethylene glycol 0.6M
NaCl overnight, 6,000Xg 0.05M
Tris-Cl/1mM EDTA가 buffer, 10,000Xg,
100,000Xg 1 30
buffer overnight, 10
- 60% sucrose density gradient 16 가
fraction gradient fractionator
50% CsCl (1.583g/cm³) (130,000g, 2.5hr) 0.75M
fraction 30 2 nucleic acid 1%
agarose gel electrophoresis 가
260 nm 5 OD 1ng per ml
260nm 280nm OD E260/E280 1.65

) Oyster Mushroom Isometric Virus-I (OMSV-I)

OMV_I TE buffer, citrate buffer,
phosphate buffer
particles 24hr 가
distilled water 5

particles 1
 OMIV-I OMSV buffer distilled
 water

) (OMIV-II) Oyster Mushroom Isonetric Virus-II
 OMIV-II OMSV

2-2-2. Virus (monoclonal antibody)

가)
 6 BALB/c Freund complete adjuvant
 10~50µg 3
 Freund incomplete adjuvant 가 3
 (5, 17)

)
 P3X63Ag8. V653
 hypoxanthine guanine phosphoribosyl transferase(HGPRT)가
 8-azaguanine
 8-azaguanine(20µg/ml) RPM 1640(Sigma, Cat. No. R-6540) 2-4
 37 , 6% CO2
 18
 RPM 1640 3 1X107/ml

)
 3 BALB/c Dulbecco's
 Modified Eagle's Medium(DMEM Sigma, Cat. No. D-7777) 가
 15 280Xg
 DMEM
 5 DMEM
 Tris-NH4Cl (Tris 20.6g/l, NH4Cl 8.3g/l)
 RPM 1640 3
 1X108/ml
 (P3X63Ag8. V653) 1:10
 DMEM 2 37
 50%(w/v) polyethylene glycol 1,500(PEG, Boehringer Mannheim, Cat. No. 783 641)
 1ml 1 37 DMEM 1ml
 1 가 DMEM 15ml 5 가 20%

, 10% NCTC, gentamicin(50µg/ml) 가 DMEM
 96-well well 50µl 37 , 6% CO2 .
 HAT(50 µ M hypoxanthine, 0.4 µ M
 aminopterin, 16 µ M thymidine) 1, 3, 5, 7 well 50µl 가
 , 9 150µl 13

) (cloning)
 10 13 가 well 1/3
 OMV
 well 24-well
 가가 hybrid cloning
 Cloning Mckearn . 24-well
 DMEM 10-30 cells/ml well 100µl
 가 . aminopterin 가
 , 5 1 well
 가가 hybridoma

Cloning hybridoma cell (1×10⁷cell/0.2ml) BALB/C
 , 1 .
 ammonium sulfate(40 50% saturation) precipitation
 protein A column .

2-2-3

가) 1
 3Ml 10ng (3Ml) Freund's Complete
 Adjuvant(FCA) 2 10Ml Syringe 20 mix emulsion
 . Emulsion 가 beaker
 (Ag oil(FCA)).
 Emulsified Ag 1Ml, () 1Ml

) 2
 1 1 Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant (FIA)
 emulsion 1Ml, 1Ml .

) 3
 2 2-3 virus .

) 가
 3 4-5 1Mℓ 3000rpm 10
 centri fuge . (0.5Mℓ 가) 2
 dilution series 가 . titer가 28 29 가
 . 가 1% agarose
 noble agar plate Agar Gel Precipitation(AGP) test Enzyme Linked
 Immuno-solvent Assay(ELISA) . ELISA test conjugated antibody
 Sheep anti-rabbit Ig(s) conjugated with peroxidase (CAPPEL)

) Factor Serum
 Ab가 contaminant cross-reaction
 cross-reaction 가 (contaminant)
 (37) 1 centri fuge
 factor serum .

2-2-4. Western Blot Analysis

monoclonal antibody
 polyclonal antibody . 95 5
 , 0.1% SDS (9) nitrocellulose membrane
 . TBST(10mM Tris-Cl, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 20) buffer 1% BSA
 30 blocking , monoclonal antibody
 1 hybridoma . DMEM
 5x10⁶cell/ml , 1,200rpm 5
 가 . Polyclonal antibody antibody TBST
 buffer 500 , 1,000 , 5,000 1 . 30 ,
 TBST buffer 3 3 alkaline phosphatase conjugated second
 antibody 30 BCIP/NBT

2-2-5.

96-well polystyrene microplate(Costar, Serocluster 96well EIA/RIA plate flat bottom Cat. No. 3590) 0.05M carbonate (pH9.6) 10µg/Well
 well 50µl 가 4
 3% bovine serum albumin (BSA)-phosphate buffered saline(PBS, pH7.3)-0.05% Tween 20 100µl/well 가 37 3
 PBS-Tween 20 100µl/well 가 37 1
 PBS-Tween 20 3 3
 1:2,000 peroxidase conjugated rabbit anti-mouse IgG(Cappel, Cat. No. 22988) 50µl/well 가 37 1
 PBS-Tween 20 5 가 가 100µl/well 가
 0.1M phosphate-citrate 10ml 30%
 20µl, ortho-phenylene di amine 4mg
 30 2M 가
 EIA Reader(BIO-RAD, Model 2550) 492nm

2-2-6. Triple-Antibody Sandwich ELISA (TAS-ELISA)

monoclonal antibody carbonate buffer(62mM Na2CO3
 30mM NaHCO3 pH 9.0) 96-well plate coating 4 2
 , buffer , PBST(0.14M NaCl, 2.7mM KCl, 1.5mM KH2PO4
 8.1mM Na2HPO4 0.05% Tween 20) buffer 3% BSA 150µl 가 ,
 37 2 blocking . PBST buffer 3
 , 가 37 1
 binding . 3 , polyclonal antibody
 가 37 1 . 3 , peroxidase conjugated second
 antibody (Sheep anti-rabbit Ig(s): CAPPEL) 37 1
 o-phenylene di amine, H2O2

2-2-7.

formbar-coated 400 mesh copper gride
2%(W/V) uranyl acetate, pH 4.5 JEOL model 200 transmission
electron microscope(TEM) .

3 .

3-1.

3 가 . 가
. 가 가
가 가
(Fig 1. B, C, D).
20-25 10 10 5
가 .
가 가
가 가
(Fig 1. E, F).
가 가
가 가

3-2.

negative staining
가 가
cesium chloride (CsCl: 1.585 g/cm³)
isopycnic centrifugation
(Fig. 2). fraction 가 2
fraction RNA pattern
가 (Fig. 3). (Fig. 3. fraction
fraction no. 2, 3, 4, 5) 27nm 가 (Fig. 2). 27nm
no. 11, 12, 13, 14) 가 34nm (Fig. 2). 27nm
oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV), 34nm
oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMV-I) .

OMSV OMSV-I가 (Fig. 11)
 34nm 가
 (Fig. 3) (genome) dsRNA 가 OMSV-I
 (Fig. 4) oyster mushroom isometric virus-II (OMV-II)

3-3. RNA

agarose gel electrophoresis
 3 가 3
 DNase RNase
 OMSV (low salt buffer condition;
 0.05M NaCl) (high salt buffer condition; 0.5M
 NaCl) OMSV-I OMSV-II
 (Fig. 4). OMSV ssRNA OMSV-I
 OMSV-II dsRNA OMSV 가
 6,00kb 1.25kb ssRNA encapsidation OMSV-I
 가 12, 2.65kb, 2.45kb, 2.40kb, 2.20kb, 2.15kb, 2.10kb, 2.05kb,
 2.00kb, 1.90kb, 1.80kb, 1.10kb 0.80kb, dsRNA encapsidation
 OMSV-II 2.25kb, 2.15kb, 2.05kb 3 dsRNA
 encapsidation (Fig. 4).

3-4. coat

coat polypeptide SDS-polyacrylamide
 gel electrophoresis . coat 가
 polypeptide (single polypeptide) polypeptide OMSV
 29kD, OMSV-I 71kD, OMSV-II 62kD (Fig. 5).

3-5. (monoclonal antibody)

OMSV 5
 , OMSV-I 3 . OMSV
 IgG IgM
 IgG가 , IgM 가
 western blot . screening ELISA test
 가
 hybridoma cell (1×10^7 cell / 0.2ml) BALB/C cloning
 1
 western

blot test OMSV OMSV ,
 OMSV-I OMSV-I (Fig. 6).
 Fig. 7 lane 1 lane
 2 OMSV , lane 3, 4, 5
 가 OMSV western blot
 . OMSV 가 OMSV
 OMSV
 .
 Fig. 7 OMSV-I IgG western blot analysis
 . lane 1 (healthy control), lane 2
 OMSV-I, lane 3 OMSV, lane 4 OMSV-II, lane 5, 6, 7
 가 electrophoresis
 .
 . OMSV-I 가 ,
 immunization 가
 , 2000 12
 .

3-6. (polyclonal antibody)

OMSV, OMSV-I, OMSV-II serum
 polyclonal antibody . 95 5
 , 0.1% SDS nitrocellulose membrane .
 TBST(10mM Tris-Cl, 150mM NaCl, 0.05% Tween 20) buffer 1% BSA
 30 blocking , serum TBST buffer 500 ,
 1,000 , 5,000 1 . serum 500
 가 (lane 5, 6, 7)
 (lane 1) nonspecific band가 polyclonal
 antibody 1,000
 nonspecific band가 , .
 serum 1,000 non-specific binding
 polyclonal antibody
 (Fig. 9, 10). polyclonal Ab self antigen -
 OMSV, OMSV-I OMSV-II cross-reactivity
 . (Fig. 11). Fig. 11 , OMSV-I
 coat protein, Mr. 71KD 가
 OMSV-I virus coat protein specific cleavage가

3-7. Three antibody sandwich ELISA (TAS-ELISA)

OMSV, OMI-V-I
 TAS-ELISA kit (Fig. 12)
 Fig. 13 OMSV(A) OMI-V-I(B) /

. NC fusion partner cell (P3X63Ag8.V653) culture
 , H , 1 ,

2-11 . A
 OMSV(Fig. 13-A) , OMI-V-I(Fig. 13-B)
 . A, B

OMSV, OMI-V-I . , OMSV OMI-V-I
 80%가 . OMI-V-II
 2000 12

TAS ELISA kit .
 TAS-ELISA (sensitivity)
 . Fig. 14 NC fusion partner cell (P3X63Ag8.V653)
 culture , HM , lane1
 가 , lane2 (A: OMSV, B: OMI-V-I)

가 TAS-ELISA . OMSV OMI-V-I
 6ng (Fig. 14)
 OMSV 2 μ g/ml (Fig. 14) OMI-V-I 4 μ g/ml (Fig. 14,
) (naked eye) .

4 .

가 (1). dsRNA genome

(1).

cell fusion anastomosis plasmi d
virus-like-partic le(VLP) .
가 .
가 (Koch' s postulates)
가 . fungal cell
protoplast electroporati on
가
가 (*Agaricus bisporus*) 'la France Disease'
dsRNA virus (1, 22)

. , 가
가 가
dsRNA 가 . 1992
dsRNA 가
(2, 3, 24).
24nm 30nm (24) dsRNA ,
가 8.0, 2.4, 2.1, 1.9, 1.7 kb 5 (24).

3

. , 가 ssRNA oyster mushroom spheri cal virus (OMSV),
가 dsRNA oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMV-I) oyster
mushroom isometi c virus-II (OMV-II) (Fig. 4). OMSV 가
27nm OMV-I OMV-II 가 34nm
(Fig. 2) coat protein (Fig. 5). OMSV
6.00 1.25kb ssRNA , OMV-I 2.60, 2.45,
2.40, 2.20, 2.15, 2.10, 2.05, 2.00, 1.90, 1.80, 1.00, 0.80kb 12
dsRNA , OMV-II 2.25, 2.15, 2.05 kb 3 dsRNA
(Fig. 4). OMSV , 가
ssRNA . cDNA
DNA sequencing Garlic virus sequence homology가
OMV-I OMV-II *Fusarium foe virus* sequence homology가
(result not shown). OMSV OMV-I

OMV-II pastitivirus group .
 (11) 가 24nm
 40-600nm , 1.97, 1.67, 1.49, 1.29kb 4 dsRNA
 encapsidation . Acrylamide gel electrophoresis coat protein
 band 가 가
 . encapsidation dsRNA
 .
 ssRNA dsRNA
 가
 가 가 가

OMV-II

. 가
 . dsRNA
 , *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Killer virus system
 dsRNA 가 co-infection cold-stress가 가 *S. cerevisiae* 가
 . (13, 20)
 가 가

TAS-ELISA . TAS-ELISA
 2 4µg/Ml
 0.6mg 가
 가 . (Fig. 14)
 sample 가 96well plate
 가 nylon paper
 10 가
 TAS-ELISA OMSV 10 가
 OMV-I 8 가 . (Fig. 13)
 OMSV OMSV OMV-I

). (OMV-I 가
 OMV-I OMV-I
 OMV-I
 .
 . dsRNA interferon inducer
 dsRNA cholesterol
 가 (18). sequence 가
 가 . OMV, OMV-I, OMV-II
 nucleotide sequences cDNA .

5 .

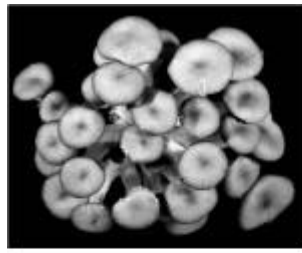
- 3 .
ssRNA dsRNA .
oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV) 가 27nm 6.00kb
1. 25kb 2 ssRNA encapsidation . Coat protein 29 kD
polypeptide 1 .
Oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMIV-I) 가 34 nm ,
2. 65kb, 2. 45kb, 2. 40kb, 2. 20kb, 2. 15kb, 2. 10kb, 2. 05kb, 2. 00kb, 1. 90kb,
1. 80kb, 1. 10kb 0. 80kb 12 dsRNA encapsidation . Coat
protein 71kD polypeptide 1 .
Oyster mushroom isometric virus-II (OMIV-II) 가 34nm ,
2. 25kb, 2. 15kb, 2. 05kb 3 dsRNA encapsidation Coat
protein 62kD polypeptide 1 .
 2. OMSV OMIV-I .
OMIV-I OMSV ,
OMSV , OMSV가 OMIV-I ,
. OMIV-II
3. 3 ,
Western Blot
4. OMSV OMIV-I
triple-antibody sandwich ELISA (TAS-ELISA) . TAS-ELISA kit
0. 6ng 가 OMSV 0. 2ng/ml, OMIV-I
0. 4ng/ml
OMSV-II .
5. TAS-ELISA
96well plate .
가

6.

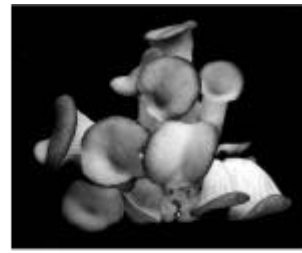
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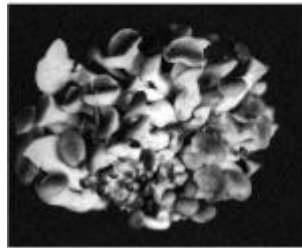
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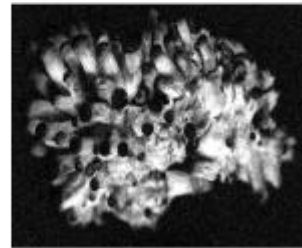
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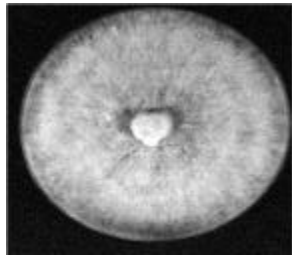
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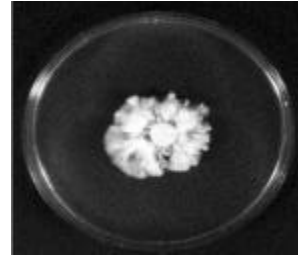
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Fig. 1. Possible viral disease symptoms of oyster mushroom, *Pleurotus ostreatus*. Healthy (A) and diseased mushroom (B, C, D), and mycellia grown from the healthy (E) and diseased basidiocarp (F).

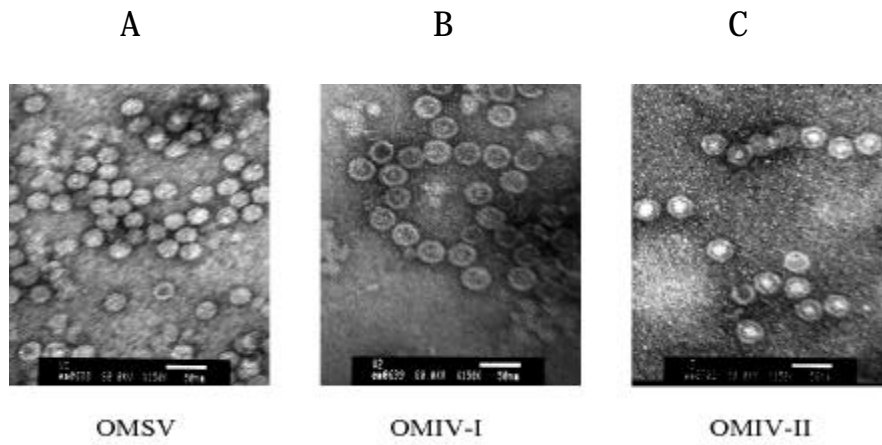


Fig. 2. Electron micrograph of viruses from diseased oyster mushroom, *Fleerctus cstreatus*. The sizes of spherical particles of oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV; A), oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMIV-I; B), and oyster mushroom isometric virus-II (OMIV-II; C) are 27, 34, and 34 nm, respectively. Stained with 2% (w/v) aqueous uranyl acetate pH 4.5. Bars represent 50 nm.

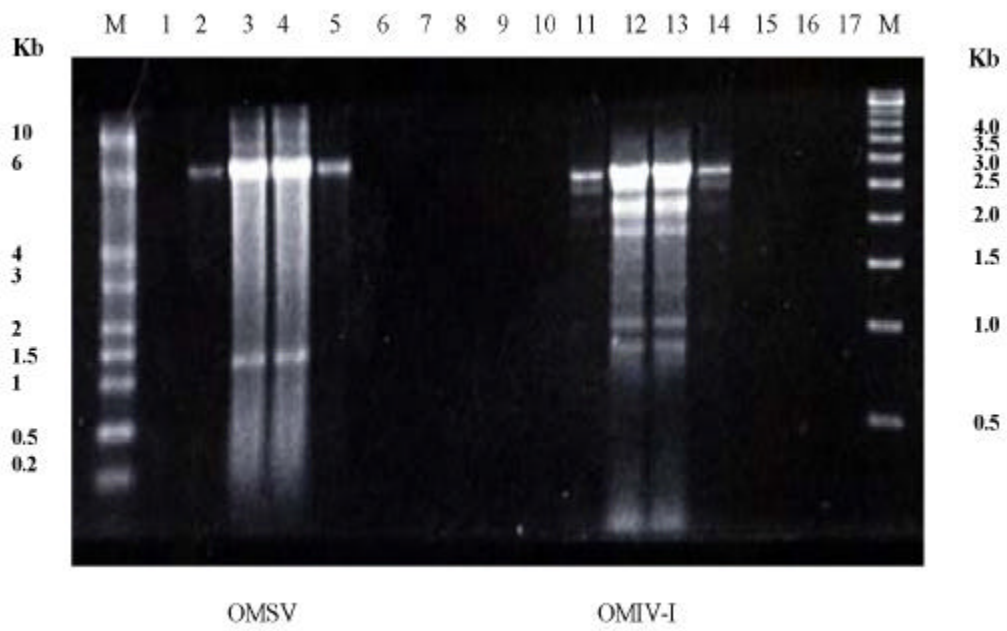


Fig. 3. Separation of oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV) and oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMIV-I). Viruses from diseased oyster mushroom mixed infected with the two were separated by isopycnic centrifugation in 1.585 g/cm³ cesium chloride (CsCl) in Tris-EDTA buffer. The viral RNAs were extracted by phenol, precipitated with ethanol, and electrophoresed on 1% agarose gel. M1 and M2, size markers of ssRNA and dsDNA, respectively. Fractions: 2, 3, 4, 5; OMSV and 11, 12, 13, 14; OMIV-I

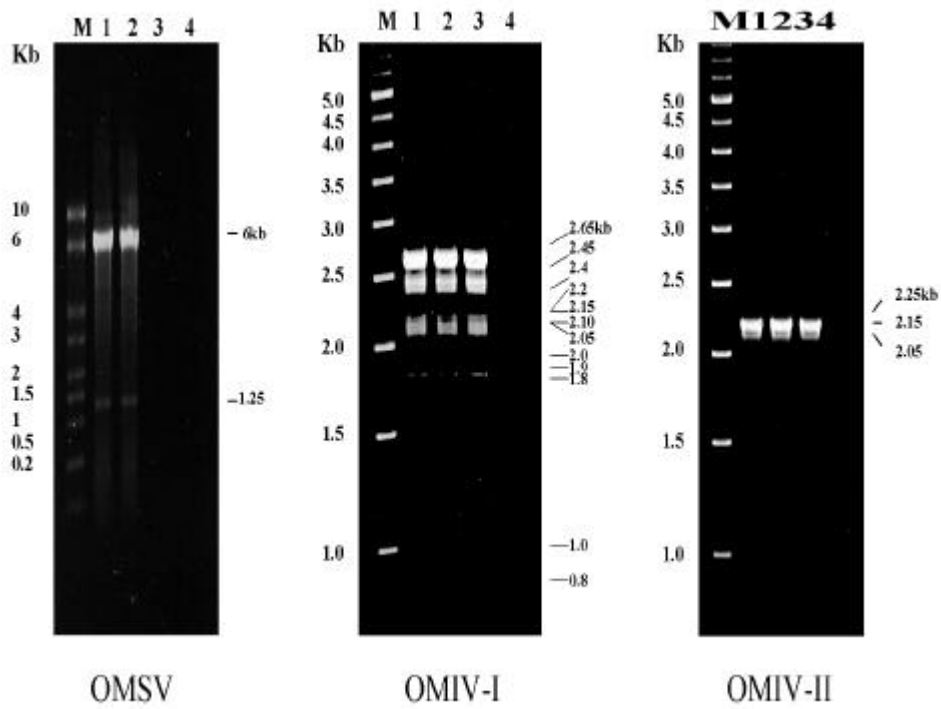


Fig. 4. Ionic strength-dependent sensitivity of purified viral nucleic acids to hydrolysis by RNaseA. A, B, C show electrophoregrams of nucleic acids extracted from oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV), oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMIV-I), oyster mushroom isometric virus-II (OMIV-II), respectively. Viral nucleic acids were incubated without nuclease (lane 1), with DNase I (10 u/ml; lane 2), with RNaseA (10 g/ml) in 0.5 M NaCl (lane 3) or 0.05 M NaCl (lane 4) for 30 min at 37

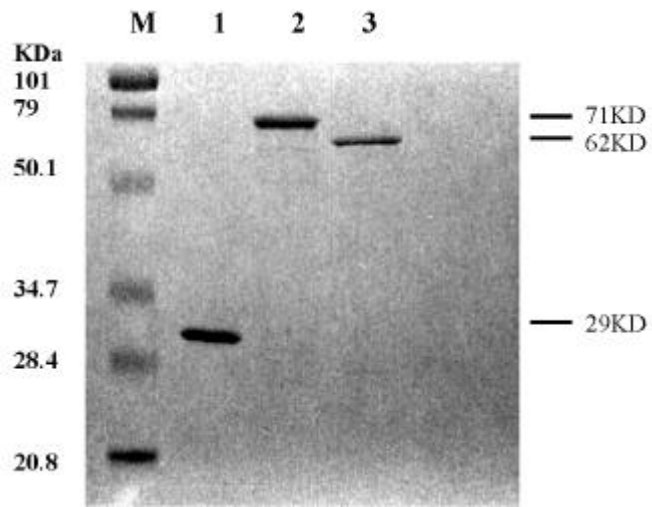


Fig. 5. Polypeptides of viral coat proteins in SDS-PAGE. Viral coat proteins were denatured for 5 min at 95 in 50 mM Tris-Cl, pH 6.8, 100 mM dithiothreitol, 2% SDS, 10% glycerol, and 0.1% bromophenol blue. Denatured proteins were separated by 12% polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. Gel was stained with Coomassie Brilliant Blue R-250. 1, 2, 3; oyster mushroom spherical virus (OMSV), oyster mushroom isometric virus-I (OMV-I), oyster mushroom isometric virus-II (OMV-II), respectively.

Monoclonal Ab

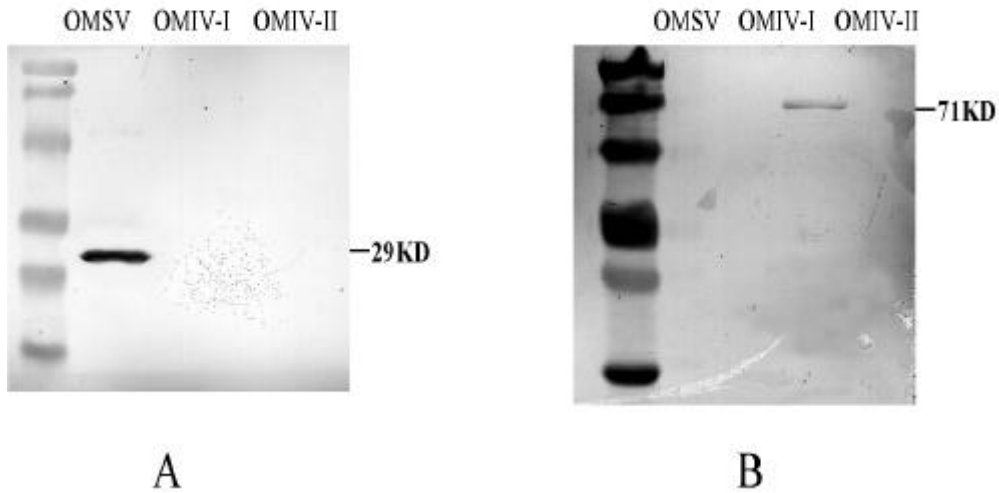


Fig6. Western analysis of monoclonal antibodies against OMSV and OMIV-I. Viral proteins were separated in 12% SDS-polyacrylamide gel and second antibodies were used alkaline phosphatase conjugated mouse IgG. For staining reaction, the substrate 5-bromo-4-chloro-3-indolyl phosphate/nitroblue tetrazolium(BCIP/NBT) was used.

Antibodies against OMSV react only with OMSV, not with OMIV-I and OMIV-II(A). Antibodies against OMIV-I react only with OMIV-I, not with OMSV and OMIV-II (B).

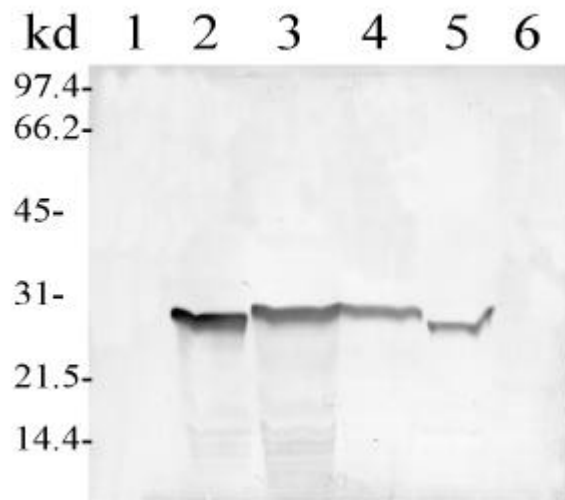


Fig. 7. Western blot of viruses with monoclonal antibody against OMSV.
 Each sample was electrophoresed on 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel.
 Lane 1; extract of healthy oyster mushroom, 2; purified OMSV, 3, 4, 5; cell lysate of diseased oyster mushroom from different commercial farms.

M 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

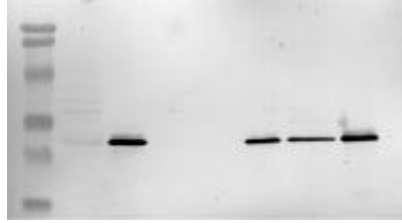


Fig. 8. western blot of viruses with monoclonal antibody against OMV-I.
each sample was electrophoresed on 15% SDS-polyacrylamide gel.

M; size marker, lane 1; extract of healthy oyster mushroom, 2; purified OMV-I, 3; purified OMSV, 4; purified OMV-II, 5, 6, 7; extract of diseased oyster mushroom collected from different commercial farms.

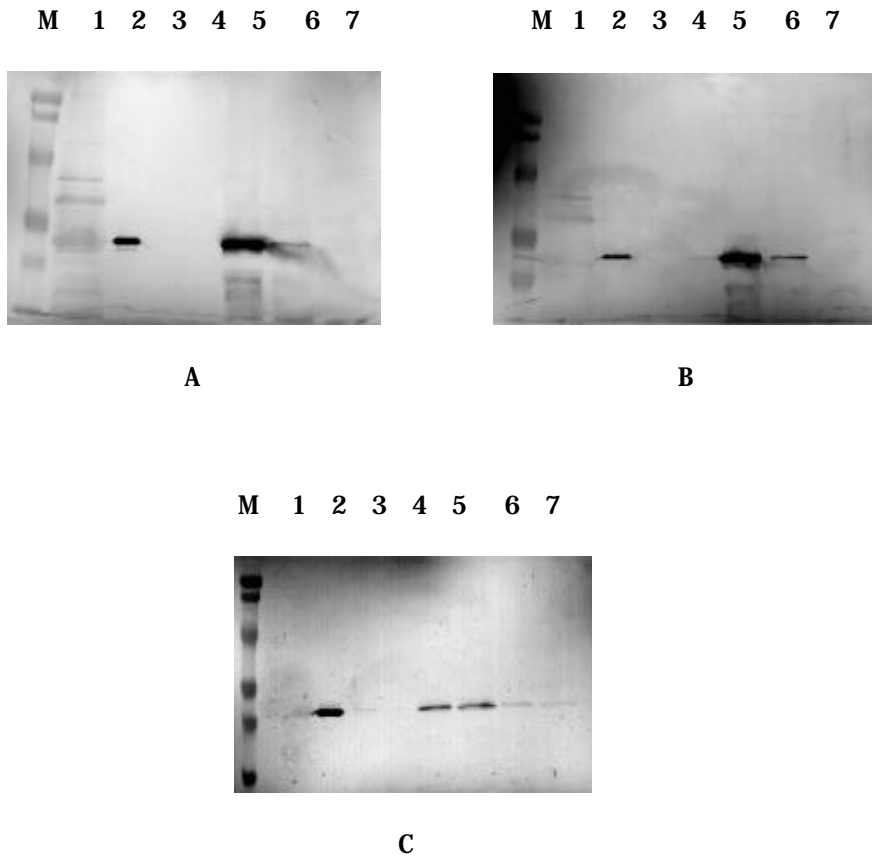


Fig.9. western blot analysis of polyclonal antibody against OMSV. Rabbit antiserum was diluted by 500(A), 1000(B) and 5000(C) times. sample were electrophoresed in 15% acrylanide gel. lane 1; cell extract of healthy oyster nushroom, lane 2; purified OMSV, lane 3; purified OMV-I, lane 4; purified OMV-II, lane 5, 6, 7, 8; cell extract from diseased nushroom collected from different commercial farms

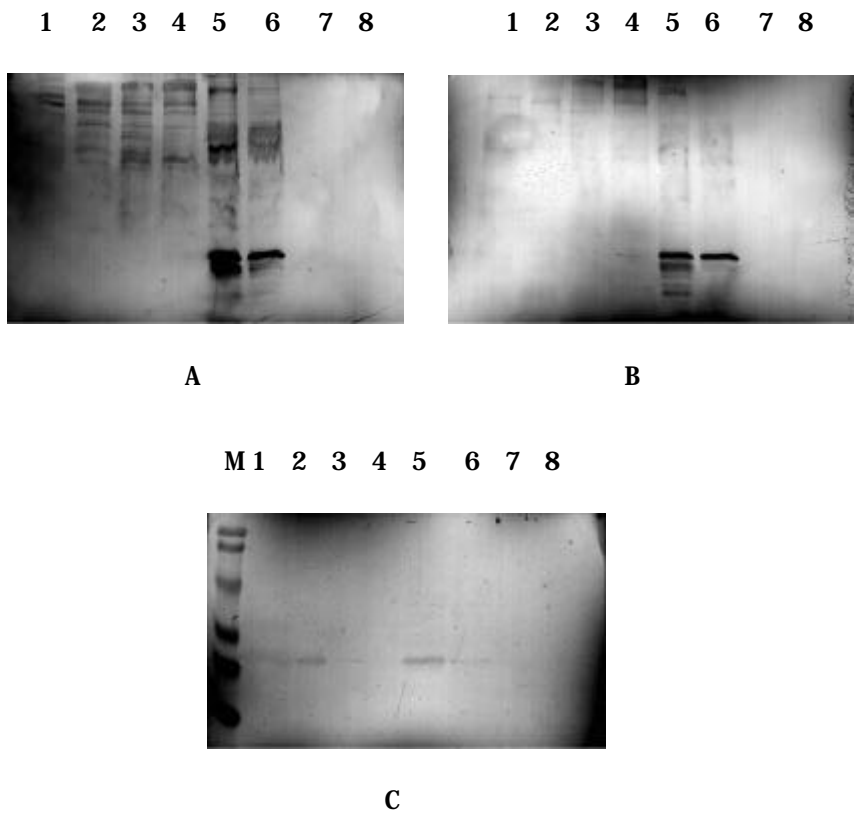


Fig. 10. western blot analysis of polyclonal antibody against OMV-I. Rabbit antiserum was diluted by 500(A), 1000(B), 5000(C) times. each samples were electrophoresed in 15% acrylamide gel. lane 1; cell extract of healthy oyster mushroom, lane 2; purified OMV-I, lane 3; purified OMSV, lane 4; purified OMV-II, lane 5, 6, 7, 8; cell extract from diseased mushroom collected from different commercial farms

Polyclonal Ab

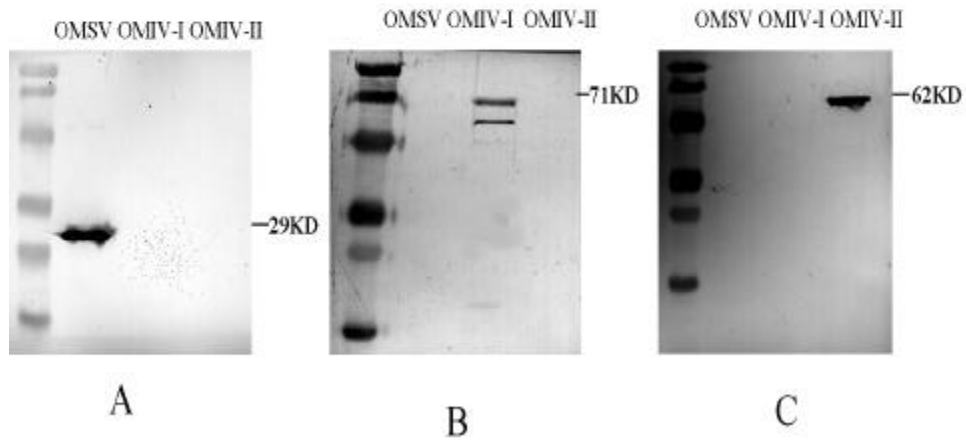
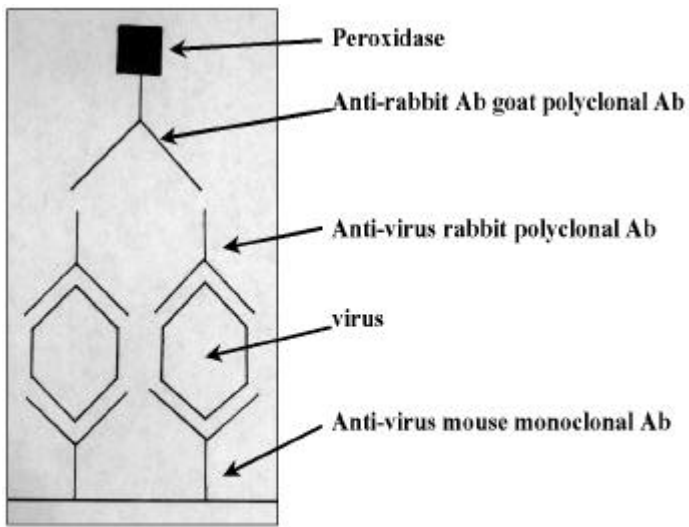


Fig. 11. Western blot analysis of polyclonal antibodies against three oyster mushroom viruses, OMSV (A), OMIV-I (B), OMIV-II (C). Each antibody reacted only with its own virus used as a antigen, showed no cross reactivity with the remaining two viruses.



TAS-ELISA

Fig. 12. Scheme of triple antibody sandwich-ELISA (TAS-ELISA)

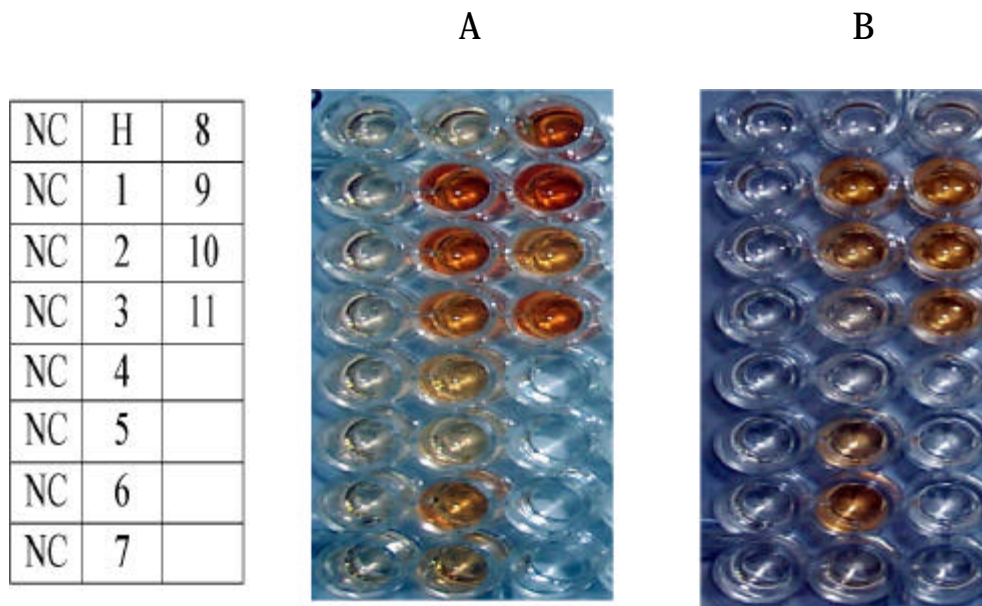


Fig. 13. A tirple antibody sandwich-ELISA (IAS-ELISA) to detect OMSV(A) and OMV-I(B) infection in oyster nushrooms.

Monoclonal and polyclonal, antibodies against OMSV(A) and OMV-I(B) and peroxidase conjugated second antibodies were used. Virus infection was tested with the cell lysate of spawn and oyster nushroom. NC; negative control, H; healthy nushroom, 1; diseased spawn, 2-11; diseased nushrooms. All the diseased nushroom collected from the different nushroom farms were infected with OMSV(A), not all with OMV-I(B). Samples 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11 colored in this test show co-infection with OMSV, OMV-I in a oyster nushroom.

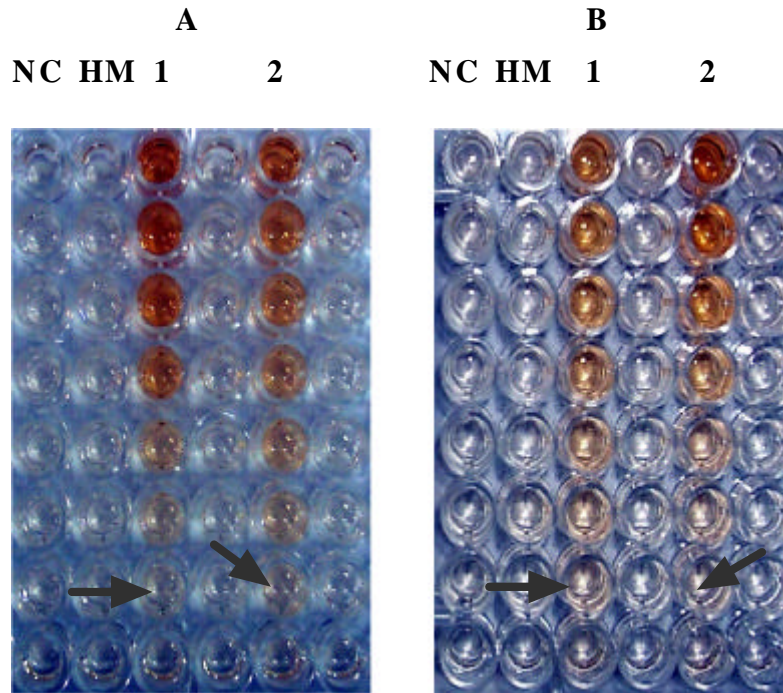


Fig. 14. Sensitivity of triple antibody sandwich-ELISA (TAS-ELISA) to detect OMSV(A) and OMV-I(B) infection in oyster mushrooms.

Monoclonal and polyclonal, antibodies against OMSV(A) and OMV-I(B), and peroxidase conjugated second antibodies, were used as Fig.12. Sensitivity of TAS-ELISA was tested with the cell lysate of oyster mushroom and purified virus solution. NC; negative control, HM; healthy mushroom.

Test was determined by diluting the cell lysate and pure virus by two times Lane 1 and 2; dilution series of the cell lysate of a diseased mushroom and purified virus solution, respectively. 0.6ng of diseased mushroom(→) and 2μg/ml(↘) and 4μg/ml(↙)of purified virus solution can be detected by this TAS-ELISA.

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