



GA0177- 0008

Studies on Functional and Physiological Properties of
Bioactive Components from Soybean and Its Application

2000. 10.

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:

:

•

•

가
isoflavone 가

가

가

가

•

1.

○

○

○

2.

가

○

가

isoflavone, protease inhibitor, phytic acid

○ 가

3. Isoflavone

- Isoflavone
- 가
- 가

4.

-
- 가 isoflavone

5. 가

-
-
-

.

가
가 가
.

1.

가 isoflavone
HPLC , isoflavone
가 .
, , 39
, , 11
, ,
. 2 isoflavone

isoflavone, phytic acid, trypsin inhibitor, dietary fiber

isoflavone 371.9 2398.9 $\mu\text{g/g}$

621.4 1074.99 $\mu\text{g/g}$. Phytic acid

. Chymotrypsin 9675 15689 U/g

Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor 400 779 mg%

trypsin

chymotrypsin

2.

가

가

isoflavone

가

가

isoflavone

가

isoflavone

가

가

가

가

가

isoflavone

가

isoflavone

Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor(BBPI), phytic acid

, , protease , 가

가 protease . 가

isoflavone protease , ,

가

Isoflavone 가 ,

가 . BBPI

가 , ,

, protease

3. Isoflavone

Isoflavone ,
가 isoflavone
isoflavone ,
40 80%
가 ,
isoflavone
가
isoflavone , Size
Exclusion Chromatography(SEC)
isoflavone ,
10% , 5% isoflavone
SEC Resin L
isoflavone 가
2.5 3.0% , isoflavone 가 3.5 4.0%
isoflavone
가 가 SEC
10 13% ,
12 15% isoflavone
isoflavone aglycone 30
35% , isoflavone 45 60% isoflavone
가

4.

가
. Isoflavone
가
(SNU- 1) (SNU- C4)
isoflavone . Crude BBPI
. isoflavone 가
가 가
, isoflavone (20 40%), 99% isoflavone ,
isoflavone , pH,
. Isoflavone , isoflavone 가가
isoflavone 가
isoflavone
. Maltodextrin cyclodextrin 가
가 isoflavone

5.

가
가
isoflavone
가 ,

isoflavone

50mg

isoflavone

1-2 (20-40g)

S U M M A R Y

. Title

Studies on Functional and Physiological Properties of Bioactive Components in Soybean and Its Application

. Objective and Significance

The objectives of this research were to investigate functional and physiological properties of bioactive components in soybean and to examine the optimal processing conditions for reducing losses of isoflavone and other functional components. And using by-products from soybean processing, purification methods for producing the isoflavone isolate as food additive and nutraceutical were developed. Also, application methods for new soy foods and functional food products fortified with isoflavone were developed.

. Scope

1. Characteristics of isoflavone and other bioactive components in domestic and imported soybean cultivars
 - Establishment of extracting and analytical methods for isoflavone glucosides
 - Determinations of isoflavone and other bioactive components in domestic soybean cultivars
 - Comparison of characteristics and contents of bioactive components of domestic soybean cultivars with those of imported soybean

2. Contents of bioactive components in commercial soy foods, and their changes and mass balance during soybean processing
 - Determination of isoflavone, protease inhibitor and phytic acid in soy foods and soybean products
 - Characteristic changes and mass balances of bioactive components during each steps of soybean processing
3. Extraction and purification of isoflavone from soybean and its by- product
 - Development of technology for extraction and purification of isoflavone from soybean and its by-products
 - Determination of valuable components in by-products obtained from various soybean processing
 - Recovery and utilization of valuable components in soybean by -product
4. Functional and physiological activities of soybean component and its application
 - Functional and physiological activities of isoflavone and other soybean components
 - Application of soybean isoflavone as an additive for food processing
5. Development of isoflavone-fortified soybean products and functional foods
 - Tea type products and seasoned soybean snack
 - Functional beverage and soymilk
 - functional foods

. Results and Recommendation

1. Characteristics of isoflavone and other bioactive components in domestic and imported soybean cultivars

Analysis of isoflavone in soybeans and soybean products was done previously by hydrolysing glucosides and extracting isoflavone aglycones. According to this analysis condition, isoflavone contents of 39 cultivars, which were mainly used for soy-sauce, soybean paste, soy-sprouts, tofu, and black soybean, were determined. Also characteristics of isoflavone and other bioactive components(phytic acid, Bowman-Birk protease inhibitor (BBPI), dietary fiber, oligosaccharide etc.) in domestic and imported soybean cultivars were compared. Total isoflavone contents varied from 372 to 2399 $\mu\text{g/g}$ in domestic cultivars and from 621 to 1075 $\mu\text{g/g}$ in imported soybean. The hypocotyl part of soybean had higher concentrations of isoflavone than the cotyledon. Phytic acid contents in imported soybean were slightly lower than in domestic cultivars. Chymotrypsin inhibiting activities(C.I.A.) and content of BBPI in different cultivars were varied from 9675 to 15689 U/g and from 400 to 779 mg%, respectively. Except the ratios of C.I.A. to trypsin inhibiting activity(T.I.A.), no significant difference was observed between domestic and imported soybean.

2. Contents of bioactive components in commercial soy foods, and their changes and mass balance during soybean processing

Contents of isoflavone, BBPI and phytic acid in soy foods and soybean products were determined. Varieties of soybean, types of final products, and processing methods significantly affected residual amounts and compositions of isoflavone. Fermented soy foods contained predominantly isoflavone aglycones, whereas in nonfermented soy foods(soymilk, Tofu, soy sprout) were present mainly as β -glucoside conjugates. Traditional fermented foods

in Korea, *Doenjang* could be regarded as the excellent sources of isoflavone aglycones. The C.I.A. and BBPI were not detected in most of commercial soybean products except soy-sprout, which contained 10695 13249 U/g, d.b. of C.I.A. and 529 803 mg% of BBPI. Effects of processing conditions on the content of isoflavones were investigated. Residual content and retention of isoflavone were slightly decreased in case of steaming, boiling and fermentation, and were little changed or slightly increased in the other case. Manufacturing steps causing significant losses(above 90%) of BBPI were steaming, boiling, and roasting. During soaking and sprouting there was little change in residual content of C.I.A. and BBPI.

In tofu processing, significant losses of isoflavones were to whey(30 31%) and soybean curd residue(15 20%), with 37 51% remaining of isoflavone in tofu. In whole soybean tofu, higher soybean isoflavone and higher C.I.A. and BBPI content than typically processed tofu were detected. It is necessary to optimize processing conditions for soy products to reduce loss of isoflavones.

3. Extraction and purification of isoflavone from soybean and its by-product

The optimum extraction, concentration and purification conditions of isoflavone from soybean or its by-products were established in pilot scale to produce isoflavone products with high purity and high quality.

Methanol or ethanol solution of 40 80% were most effective for high yields of isoflavone extracts. As pretreatment, vacuum evaporation, concentration, freeze drying et al. were needed for further purification of isoflavone. Isoflavone concentrates of 10% from defatted soybean grits, 5% from soybean whey were gained by size exclusion chromatography (SEC) on hydrophilic or hydrophobic resin and the separation of fractions with different isoflavone composition was possible on hydrophobic SEC

resin with alcohol solution as an eluent.

Isoflavone concentrates of 2.5–3.0% from defatted soybean grits and soybean whey, 3.5–4.0% from soybean hypocotyl with relatively high isoflavone contents were produced solely by adsorption chromatography. However, isoflavone concentrates of 10–13% from soybean whey, 12–15% from soybean hypocotyl were obtained by consecutive application of SEC and adsorption chromatographic process. From soybean hypocotyl 30–35% in form of aglycone and 45–60% in native glucoside form were obtained. The isolate with highest content of isoflavone was obtained with ultrafiltration followed by adsorption chromatography and it was possible to carry out continuously in pilot scale.

4. Functional and physiological activities of soybean component and its application

The antioxidant activity, nitrate scavenging effect, and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibiting activity of soybean extracts and isoflavone on were investigated. Also anticarcinogenic activities of isoflavone aglycones and crude BBPI were examined by MTT assay using human cancer cell line.

Isoflavone aglycones showed relatively high antioxidant activity in order of glycitein, genistein, and daidzein. Solvent extract of soybean especially ethylacetate fraction of black soybeans actively scavenged free radicals. Glycitein and methanol extract of soybean (Sinpaldal 2) inhibited the growth of human cancer cell such as stomach carcinoma (SNU-1) and colon carcinoma (SNU-C4) effectively. Genistein, daidzein and crude BBPI inhibited the growth of cancer cell such as stomach carcinoma (SNU-1), but had weak activities to colon carcinoma (SNU-C4).

To apply soybean isoflavone as an enhancer for quality and processibility, stabilities on heat, pH, and sterilization of isolated isoflavone

and isoflavone in soybean flour were investigated. Stabilities were slightly decreased in pH extreme (below 3, above 8) during sterilization, but isoflavone isolate and soybean showed higher stability in ranges of food application. Also properties of isoflavone were investigated for possible application for antioxidant in food resources and food additives.

5. Development of new soybean products and functional foods fortified with isoflavone

To utilize soybean isoflavone and other functional components, various types of food products were processed with soybean and isoflavone isolate. Tea type product was processed by roasted soybean hypocotyl, and black rice and black soybean were added in tea for enhancing flavor and masking beany and astringent taste. To produce seasoned soybean snack, soybean were puffed or toasted, followed by addition of seasoning solution were added. And to produce sweet and soft soybean snack, cooked black soybeans were seasoned with high sugar solution, followed by drying until 0.8 of water activity. For provide the sufficient isoflavone intake (more than 50mg per day per person), three types of food products were produced ; (1) beverage and soymilk fortified with isoflavone, (2) granulated power by preparing with isoflavone, glucose, and several vitamins, (3) tablets by mixing with soybean powder soaked in vinegar and other ingredients.

C O N T E N T S

SUMMARY	7
Chapter 1 Introduction	25
Chapter 2 Materials and Methods	29
1. Materials	29
2. Analysis of components	29
3. Determination of isoflavone contents	30
a. Acid hydrolysis and extraction	30
b. HPLC analysis	30
4. Quantification of Bowman-Birk protease inhibitor(BBPI) and protease inhibiting activities	30
a. Extraction	30
b. Content of acid extractable protein	31
c. Chymotrypsin inhibiting activities(C.I.A.)	31
d. Trypsin inhibiting activities(T.I.A.)	32
e. BBPI contents by Competitive Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay(ELISA)	32
5. Determination of phytic acid	33
6. Changes of bioactive substances during soybean processing ...	34
a. Preparations of samples	34
b. Soaking treatment	34
c. Steaming treatment	34
d. Boiling treatment	34
e. Roasting treatment	35

f. Germinating and sprouting of soybean	35
g. Soaking in acetic acid solution	35
h. Fermentation	35
i. Tofu processing	36
7. Extraction and purification of isoflavone	36
a. Materials	36
b. Extraction	38
c. Ultrafiltration	38
d. Adsorption chromatography	38
e. Size Exclusion Chromatography	39
f. Solid content	39
g. Analysis of isoflavone content	39
8. Functional and physiological activities of soybean and its components	39
a. Electron donating ability	39
b. Nitrate scavenging effect	40
c. ACE(Angiotensin- converting enzyme) inhibiting activity	40
d. Anticarcinogenic activity	41
9. Food products processed with soybean and isoflavone isolates .	42
a. Water activity	42
b. Solid content(α Bx)	42
c. Sensory evaluation	42
Chapter 3 Results and Discussion	43
A. Comparison of functional component of domestic soybean cultivars with imported soybean cultivars	43
1. Establishment of method for isoflavone glucoside analysis	43

a.	Changes of isoflavone in different hydrolysis conditions	43
b.	Hydolysis and decomposition of isoflavone in acid hydrolysis .	45
c.	Isoflavone content according to different condition in extraction and sample preparation	46
d.	Effect of sample grinding and preparation on isoflavone content and its reproducibilities	48
e.	Effect of extraction solvent after acid hydrolysis	50
2.	Isoflavone contents of domestic soybean cultivars and its distribution in whole seed, hypocotyl and cotyledon	51
3.	Isoflavone glucosides in various types for usages	52
4.	Characteristics of isoflavone and other components in domestic and imported soybean cultivars	56
5.	BBPI contents of domestic soybean cultivars	60
a.	C.I.A. and BBPI content	61
b.	C.I.A. distribution in different part of soybean	63
6.	Phytic acid contents of domestic soybean cultivars	64
B.	Contents of bioactive components in commecial soy foods, and their changes and mass balance during soybean processing	66
1.	Contents of isoflavone in soy foods and soybean products	66
2.	Contents of BBPI and phytic acid in soy foods and soybean products	70
3.	Effects of processing conditions on the contents and properties of isoflavones	72
a.	Soaking treatment	72
b.	Steaming treatment	73
c.	Boiling treatment	74
d.	Roasting treatment	75

e. Germinating and sprouting of soybean	77
f. Soaking in acetic acid solution	79
g. Fermentation	81
h. Tofu processing	87
4. Effects of processing conditions on the contents and properties of BBPI	90
a. Soaking treatment	90
b. Steaming treatment	91
c. Boiling treatment	92
d. Roasting treatment	93
e. Germinating and sprouting of soybean	94
f. Soaking in acetic acid solution	96
g. Fermentation	97
h. Tofu processing	97
C. Utilization of valuable components within by-products from various soybean processing	100
1. Analysis of valuable components within by-products from various soybean processing	100
a. isoflavone	100
b. BBPI and phytic acid	103
2. Effect of drying conditions on contents of isoflavone, BBPI and phytic acid in defatted soybean grits	105
3. Pretreatment of soybean curd residue for utilization of isoflavone	106
D. Extraction and purification of isoflavone from soybean and its by-product	107
1. Extraction condition	107

a.	Effect of solvent on extraction yields of isoflavone	107
b.	Extraction of isoflavone wth different alcohol concentration ..	108
c.	Extraction of isoflavone with different time and method	109
d.	Extraction of isoflavone with different solvent composition ...	111
2.	Isolation and purification of isoflavone	112
a.	Concentration of extracts with heat treatment	112
b.	Treatment for pH change	114
c.	Precipitation with acetone	115
d.	Purification by ultrafiltration	116
e.	Purification by adsorption chromatography	117
f.	Purification by SEC	123
3.	Process for extraction and purification of isoflavone from soybean and its by-product	127
a.	Pretreatment process	127
b.	Purification process	129
4.	Process for drying of purified isoflavone isolates	131
E.	Functional and physiological activities of soybean component and its application	132
1.	Physiological activities of soybean component	132
a.	Several activities of solvent extract from soybean	132
1)	Antioxidant activity by free radical scavenging	133
2)	Nitrate scavenging effect	134
3)	ACE inhibiting activity	135
b.	Antioxidant and anticarcinogenic activities	135
2.	Application of soybean isoflavone	138
a.	Stabilities of heat, pH, and sterilization of isoflavone	138
b.	Utilization of isoflavone for antioxidant in food resources and	

food additives	142
E. Development of new soybean products and functional foods	
fortified with isoflavone	148
1. Products processed with soybean hypocotyl	148
a. Properties of soybean hypocotyl	149
b. Tea type products	149
2. Seasoned soybean snack	152
a. Snack product processed by puffed soybean	152
b. Seasoned soynut	154
3. Sweet and soft soy snack	157
a. Pretreatment	157
b. Soaking with high sugar solution	158
c. Drying	159
4. Beverage and soymilk fortified with isoflavone	161
a. Soymilk	161
b. Beverage	162
5. Functional foods	167
a. Granulated powder	167
b. Tablet	169
References	174

.....	1
SUMMARY	7
1	25
2	29
1.	29
2.	29
3. Isoflavone	30
가. 가	30
. HPLC	30
4. Bowman- Birk protease inhibi (BBPI) Protease	30
가.	30
.	31
. Chymotrypsin (C.I.A.)	31
. Trypsin (T.I.A.)	32
. Enzyme- Linked Immunosorbent Assay(ELISA)	
BBPI	32
5. Phytic acid	33
6. , 가	34
가.	34
. (soaking)	34
. (steaming)	34
. (boiling)	34

. (roasting)	35
.	35
.	35
.	35
.	36
7. Isoflavone	36
가.	36
.	38
.	38
. isoflavone	38
. Size Exclusion Chromatography isoflavone	39
.	39
. Isoflavone	39
8.	39
가.	39
.	40
. ACE(Agiotensin- I Converting Enzyme)	40
.	41
1)	41
2)	41
9. 가	42
가.	42
. (αBx)	42
.	42

3	.....	43
1	.....	43
1.	.....	43
가. 가	isoflavone	43
.	가 is oflavone	45
.	가 isoflavone	46
.	isoflavone	48
.	가	50
2.	isoflavone	51
3.	, , , is oflav one	
	.....	52
4.	.....	56
5.	Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor	60
가.	chymotrypsin BBPI	61
.	chymotyrpsin	63
6.	phytic acid	64
2	가	
	.....	66
1.	가 is oflavone	66
2.	가 BBPI phytic acid	70
3. 가	isoflavone	72
가.	.....	72
.	.....	73
.	.....	74
.	.....	75
.	.....	77

.	.....	79
.	.....	81
.	.....	87
4. 가	BBPI	90
가.	.....	90
.	.....	91
.	.....	92
.	.....	93
.	.....	94
.	.....	96
.	.....	97
.	.....	97
3 가	.....	100
1. 가	.....	100
가.	isoflavone	100
.	BBPI phytic acid	103
2.	isoflavone, BBPI, phytic acid	105
3.	isoflavone	106
4 Isoflavone	.....	107
1.	.....	107
가.	isoflavone	107
.	isoflavone	108
.	isoflavone	109
.	isoflavone	111
2.	.....	112
가. 가	isoflavone ..	112

.	pH	isoflavone	.....	114
.		isoflavone	.....	115
.		isoflavone	.....	116
.		isoflavone	.....	117
.	Size exclusion chromatography	isoflavone	.....	124
3.	isoflavone		.....	127
가.			.....	127
.	isoflavone		.....	129
4.	isoflavone		.....	131
5			.....	132
1.			.....	132
가.			.....	132
1) Free radical			.....	133
2)			.....	134
3) Angiotensin (ACE)			.....	135
. . . . .			.....	135
2.	가	isoflavone	.....	138
가.	Isoflavone	, pH,	.....	138
. . . . .			.....	142
6	가		.....	148
1.			.....	148
가.			.....	149
. . . . .			.....	149
2.			.....	152
가.			.....	152
. . . . .			.....	154

3.	.....	157
가.	.....	157
.	.....	158
.	.....	159
4.	.....	161
가. Isoflavone	.....	161
.	.....	162
5.	.....	167
가.	.....	167
. Tablet	.....	169
	.....	174

1

가
(antinutritional factor)

가
(dietary fiber),
(oligosaccharide), isoflavone, phytic acid, protease inhibitor, saponins,
가 , sterol phenol

isoflavone, phytic acid saponin

isoflavone

가 isoflavone 가가
Issoflavone chalcon isomerase가 ,
chickpea, , isoflavone
daidzin, genistin aglycones Walter(1941)
Naim (1973) glycitein . Ohta
(1981) 6''-O-acetyldaizin 6''-O-acetylgenistin 6''
-O-acetylglycitin Kudou (1991) , 6''
-O-malonylgenistin, 6''-O-malonyldaizin 6''-O-malonylglycitin
malonyl 가
isoflavone malonyl

Isoflavone genistein
protein tyrosin kinase DNA topoisomerase II
가
estrogen receptor estrgen

isoflavone	genistein	estrogen	가	genistein	. Daidzein
					, phytoalexin
1- 1.					
가	Peptide	40%	steroid		
	Stachyose, Raffinose	4%, 1%			Flatulence factor
		20%			Zn
		1- 3%			
Saponin		0.5- 0.6%			, AIDS
Isoflavone		0.05- 0.7%	estrogen kinase	, DNA topoisomerase II	(protein tyrosine kinase DNA topoisomerase II),
Phytic acid		0.3- 0.5%	(Ca)		
Protease inhibitor					
Phytosterol and Phenolics			가		

, isoflavone
 가 가
 ,
 가 가
 가 가
 가가 가
 150 110 가
 40 가
 130 ,
 가 30%
 가 가
 , 가 가가
 가 가
 isoflavone 가
 가 가
 isoflavone ,
 isoflavone 가 가
 가 가
 가 가

가 ,
가 .
FDA GRAS
가 . , ,
가 가 가가
가 가
isoflavone 가
가 가
가 가

2

1.

50 0 97 . Isoflavone
Sigma(U.S.A) genistein, genistin
daidzein Sigma glycitein isoflavone
Fujicco . Chymotrypsin, N- benzoyl- L-
tyrosine- - nitroanilide protease Sigma
rabbit anti- BBPI IgG
, phosphate buffered saline(PBS), Tween 20,
phosphate- citrate buffer (PCB), anti- rabbit IgG- HRP conjugate
Sigma , 3,3' ,5,5' - tetramethylbenzidine
dihydrochloride (TMB) Pierce .

2.

AACC .
air- oven (AACC 44- 15A) , Kjeltec auto 1030
analyzer(Tecator Co., Sweden) micro- Kieldahl (AACC 46- 13)
, (AACC 08- 01) .
soxhlet Fiber- Tec(Tecator Co.,
Sweden) total dietary fiber
assay kit(Sigma TDF 100A) . 75% 85
water bath 2 HPLC .
YMC polyamin (4.6 × 250 mm) , 75% acetonitrile RI
detector(JASCO 930) .

3. Isoflavone

가. 가

isoflavone 1 N HCl 가 가
 isoflavone aglycone
 aglycone . 가 105 , 95
 , 120 heating block hot plate heating block hot
 plate 가 . 가
 가
 가 50 mL . isoflavone
 12 10,000 rpm HPLC

. HPLC

JASCO(Japan) HPLC system column ODS
 YMC AM303 (4.6 × 250 mm) . 0.1% acetic acid
 Acetonitrile 0.1% acetic acid water 30:70
 . 1.0 mL/min injection volumn
 20 μL UV detector 254 nm, 0.32 .
 Isoflavone methanol 0.1 25 μg/mL
 HPLC peak area

4. Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor(BBPI) protease

가.

BBPI . 가
 0.5 g 0.25% 20 mL 가

25 1 2,000 × g
 30 (Whatman No. 2)
 chymotrypsin BBPI
 .
 .
 Lowry et al.(1951) . protease
 92 mM Tris- HCl buffer(pH 8.1) 가
 0.5 mL 2N NaOH 0.2 mL 가 . alkaline
 copper reagent 5 mL 가 10 phenol
 reagent(1:1 dilute with distilled water)0.5 mL 가 .
 30 570 nm bovine serum
 albumin(Sigma)

. Chymotrypsin (C.I.A.)

0.05 M Tris- HCl buffer(containing 0.02 M CaCl₂ pH 8.2)
 1.92 mL chymotrypsin (0.5 mg/mL in 0.001
 N HCl) 50 μL 가 10 .
 N- benzoyl- L- tyrosine- - nitroanilide (20 mg/mL in DMSO)
 0.3 mL 가 37 10 30% acetic acid
 0.5 mL 가 . buffer 가
 가 30% acetic acid 가 blank
 410 nm buffer 가
 reference % chymotrypsin

$$\% \text{ C.I.A.} = [1 - (\text{Abs}_{410 \text{ nm}} \text{ of sample} / \text{Abs}_{410 \text{ nm}} \text{ of reference})] \times 100$$

Chymotrypsin 1 unit 1 μg chymotrypsin ,
 4% C.I.A. inhibitors .

. Trypsin (T.I.A.)

0.05 M Tris-HCl buffer(containing 20 mM CaCl₂ pH 8.2)
 1.92 mL 50 μL trypsin (0.25 mg/mL in 0.001 N
 HCl) 가 10 .
 N- benzoyl- DL- arginine- p- nitroanilide(BAPNA) (20 mg/ μL in DMSO)
 0.3 mL 가 37 10 30% acetic acid
 0.5 mL 가 . buffer 가
 BAPNA 가 30% acetic acid 가 blank
 410 nm buffer 가
 reference % trypsin (% T.I.A)

$$\% \text{ T.I.A.} = [1 - (\text{Abs}_{410\text{nm}} \text{ of sample} / \text{Abs}_{410\text{nm}} \text{ of reference})] \times 100$$

Trypsin 1 unit 1 μg trypsin , 8% T.I.A.
 inhibitor .

. Enzyme- Linked Immunosorbent Assay(ELISA) BBPI

BBPI (1999)
 . Microplate well BBPI
 PBS(Phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4) buffer coating
 buffer(0.05 M Tris, pH 9.0) 2 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ well
 100 μL 4 coating .
 BBPI coating microplate well 50 μL
 50 μL 1 coating

6. , 가

가 isoflavone , chymotrypsin
, BBPI phytic acid . 가
, , 가 (), 가 (),
, , , .

가.

가 가
desiccator - 20 . 가
97
, 97
97
.

. (Soaking)

4 25 3, 6, 9, 12
- 20 .

. (Steaming)

4 12 95
15, 30, 45, 60 , 121 가 10,
20, 30 가 .
- 20
.

. (Boiling)

4 12

가
- 20

15, 30, 45, 60 가

가

· (Roasting)

(Roaster, Probat ,)

150, 180, 210

2 16

- 20

·

30g

()

25

4

- 20

·

4% 7% acetic acid
8, 10
acid

가 . 25
가

2, 4, 6,
acetic

- 20

·

가

(Table

1- 2)

Table 1-2.

(SP)			
<i>A. oryzae</i> CF 002P	340	24 × 10 ⁸ /g	() :
<i>A. sojae</i> CF 003S	320	24 × 10 ⁸ /g	() :
<i>A. oryzae</i> 5 1)		40 × 10 ⁸ /g	() :

- 1) *Aspergillus oryzae* var. *viridis* IAM 2800
Aspergillus oryzae var. *oryzae* ATCC 14605
Aspergillus oryzae mut. che-ju 1
Aspergillus oryzae ATCC 14605 var. CF 8
Aspergillus oryzae var. *microporus*

가 , Fig. 1- 1
 3가
 , -20 .

7. Isoflavone

가.

isoflavone ,

()

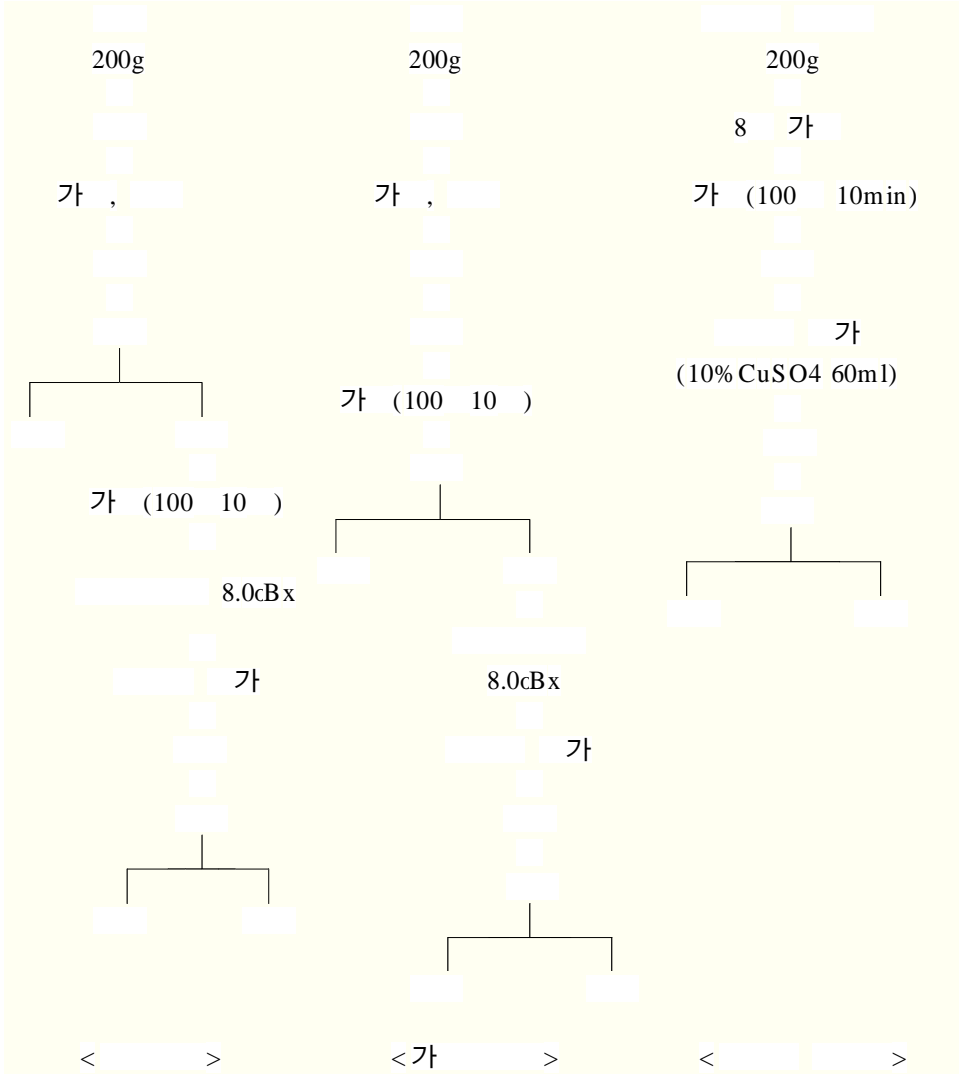


Fig. 1- 1.

.
 가 isoflavone
 40mesh ,
 .
 isoflavone .
 20 가
 16 1
 10 가 3
 2 1
 . 1,2 (whatman No.
 2) isoflavone ,
 가
 가 40 80% 가 3

.
 isoflavone
 .
 Amicon batch
 MWCO가 3 50K .
 80% 가 1 3 kg/cm²

.
isoflavone
 80% . 80%

.
 isoflavone .

. Size exclusion chromatography (SEC) **isoflavone**

SEC 80%

1 : 15 5 10%

10 10

50 mL isoflavone HPLC

isoflavone

isoflavone 10 mL

가 105 1

. Isoflavone

isoflavone 2 3

가 HPLC isoflavone

8.

가.

(Electron Donating Ability) Williams (1995)

DPPH(, -diphenyl- -picrylhydrazyl)

1mL 2 × 10⁻⁴ M

DPPH () 2mL 가 vortex mixer 10

525

nm DPPH steady state

1 mL 2 × 10⁻⁴ M DPPH 2mL 가 vortex

mixer 10

525 nm

DPPH

DPPH 가 50%

EC50(Efficient Concentration)

Antiradical activity

Kato (1987)

NaNO2 2mL

1mL 가 pH 1.2

10mL 37 1

1 mL 2% 5 mL, Griss (30%

1% sulfanilic acid 1% naphthylamine 1:1

) 0.4mL 가 15

520 nm

Griss

0.4 mL 가

가

가

(%)

$$N(\%) = \left(1 - \frac{A - C}{B} \right) \times 100$$

N :

A : 1 mM NaNO2 가 1

B : 1 mM NaNO2

C :

. ACE(Angiotensin Converting Enzyme)

50 μL ACE 50 μL, 10 mM sodium borate buffer(pH

8.3) 100 μL 가 37

5

HHL(hippuryl- histidyl- leucine)

(27 mg/2.5 mL sodium borate buffer) 50

μL 가 37 30

1 N HCl 250 μL 가

ethyl acetate 1.5 mL 가 15
 3000rpm 5 1 mL
 Temp- block heater 3 mL 가 228
 nm ACE

$$\text{ACE } (\%) = (1 - \text{Abs sample} / \text{Abs reference}) \times 100$$

1)

가

SNU-1(),

SNU- C4()

2)

MTT

(Carmichael , 1987)

4 MTT

가 ,

MTT

OD₅₄₀ 0.6 0.7

180 μ L 96well plate 12 10

PBS(phosphate buffered saline) 20 μ L

well 가 well 300, 30, 2 μ g/mL

가 1 (8well)

PBS 20 μ L 가 100%

(control survival) blank

180 μ L 가 PBS 20 μ L 가

plate 37 , 5% CO₂ 4 0.1 mg MTT

(3- [4,5- dimethyl thiazole- 2- yl]- 2,5- diphenyltetrazolium bromede, Sigma)

well 가 37 4

plate 450 \times g 5 30 μ L

가 well DMSO(dimethyl sulfoxide) 150 μ L 가
 formazan 10 가
 microplate reader(Scanning mutiwell spectrophotometer) 540nm

50%가 50% (IC50)

9. 가

가.

(Novasina, HUMITAT-RC)

. 25 100

(oBx)

(ATAGO, N-3E)

1g 3M 가 가 (o Brix)

가

가 7 10

, , ,

, , 가 가 11cm

가 가 가 9

1

1.

isoflavone 95% aglycone 가
 genistein, daidzein glycitein 가
 isoflavone aglycone 가
 aglycone 가
 , 가 가
 isoflavone 가

가. 가 isoflavone aglycone 가
 Isoflavone 가
 heating block hot plate
 60 가 isoflavone 90 가
 genistein 가 daidzein 가
 genistein 가 (cap
 tube) 105 가 가
 isoflavone 가 가 2 가
 isoflavone 564 µg/g 가

Fig. 2-1

가 3 isoflavone
 가 3 가 62 $\mu\text{g/g}$ genistin
 가 가 heating block hot plate isoflavone
 가 가 hot plate
 가 heating block 가 가
 가 heating block 가

Fig. 2-2

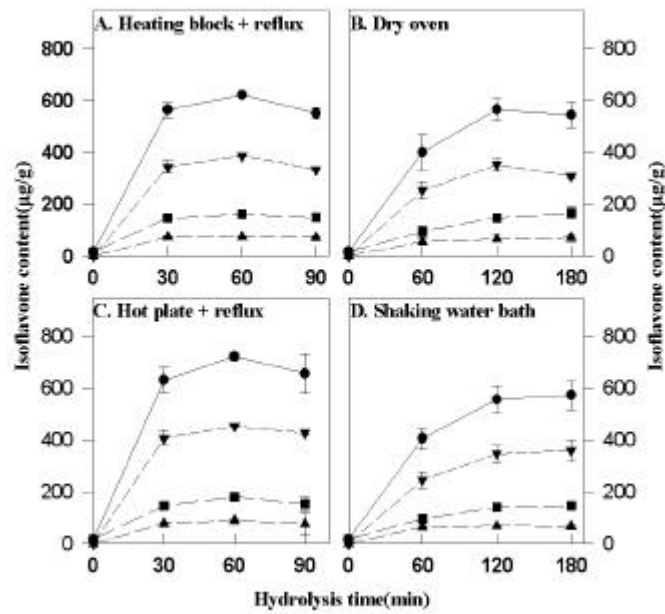


Fig. 2-1. 가
 isoflavone

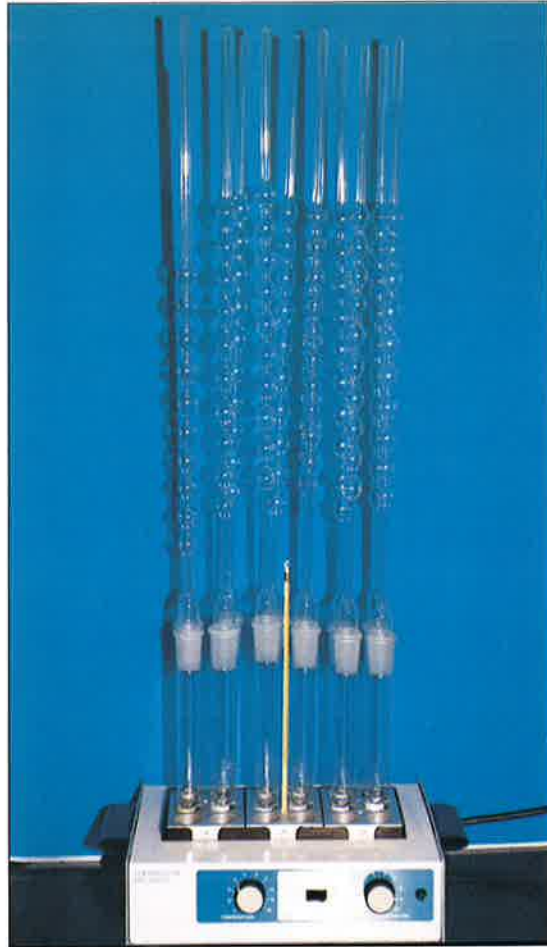


Fig. 2-2. 총 isoflavone 정량을 위한 heating block 산 가수 분해 장치

나. 산가수분해에 따른 isoflavone의 분해양상

표준품인 genistin(Sigma)을 가수분해 용기에 취한 후 환류냉각기와 heating block을 이용하여 0, 30, 60, 90분간 가수분해시키면서 genistin이 genistein으로 전환되는 과정을 살펴본 결과는 Fig. 2-3과 같다. 가수분해 60분까지 genistin의 함량감소와 이로 부터 생성된 genistein의 함량 증가 양상이 뚜렷하게 나타났다. 이 후 생성된 genistein은 Fig. 2-3과 같이 가수분해

isoflavone 60 가
 가 가
 가 aglycone isoflavone
 isoflavone aglycone 가 ,
 가 aglycone
 genistein daidzein, glycitein 가
 Fig. 2-3 .
 60
 가 60 geinistein, daidzein glycitein
 .
 가 **isoflavone**
 Isoflavone Wang scale
 가 가 HCl
 가
 (97 産)
 , 가 0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 0.75 g 15 mL 1 N
 HCl 가 heating block 60 가
 . 가 50 mL 1
 10,000 rpm isoflavone
 aglycone HPLC Fig. 2-4 .
 가 0.125 g 0.75 g 가
 isoflavone , 0.125 0.50 g
 가
 10 30 mg 1 N HCl 1 mL 가

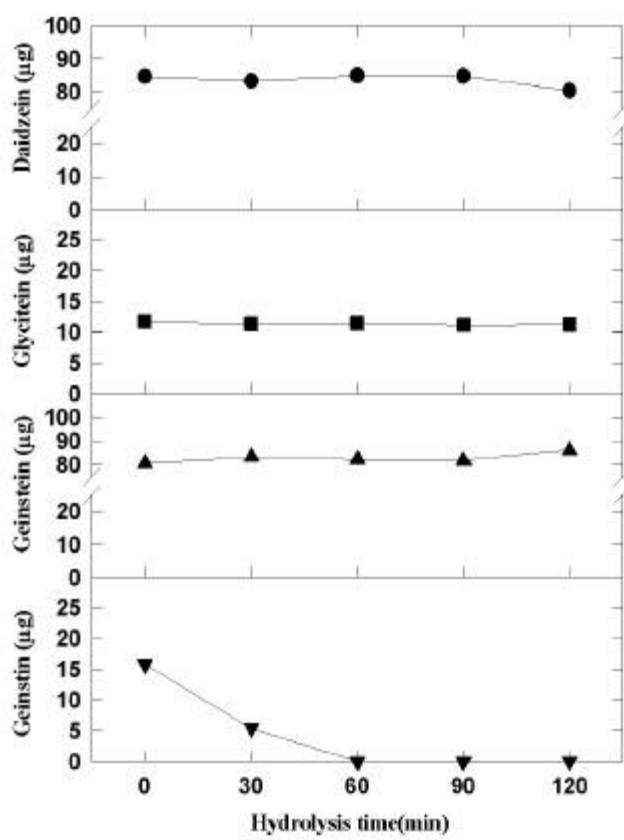


Fig. 2-3. 가 (120 , heating block, 1N HCl)
 daidzein, genistein, glycitein genistin

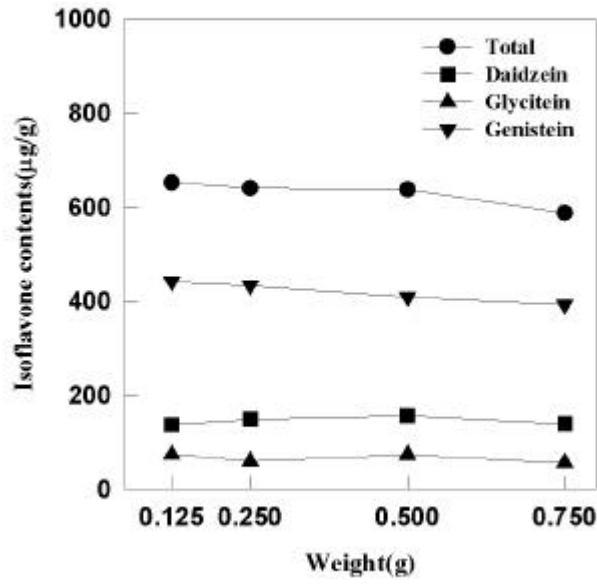


Fig. 2-4. 가
isoflavone

isoflavone
(97) , 40mesh
0.5 g 15 mL 1
N HCl 가 heating block 60
가 50 mL 1
10,000 rpm aglycone
isoflavone HPLC 2-1 .

. 가

(1999)

가 aglycone

100%

가

Fig. 2-5

50%

80%

가

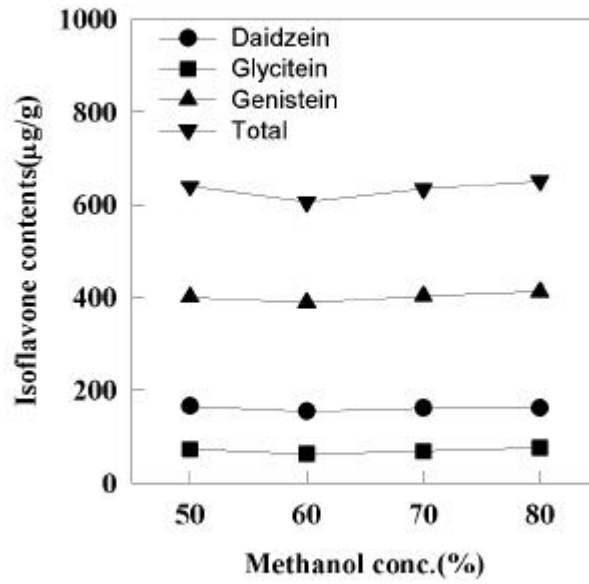


Fig. 2-5. 가

isoflavone

2. isoflavone

isoflavone
 . Eldridge Kwolek(1983) isoflavone ,
 116 309 mg/g
 46 195 mg/g . 2-2
 (,), (,),
 (1), () isoflavone
 2 isoflavone .
 2 2399 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 가
 (hypocotyl), (cotyledon)
 isoflavone ,
 isoflavone 가 .
 isoflavone isoflavone
 glycitein .
 isoflavone
 ,
 isoflavone .
 isoflavone (1996)
 (1996) 46 232mg%, 46 418mg% ,
 가 .
 Kitamura (1991) Tsukamoto (1995)
 가 isoflavone
 isoflavone 가
 .
 isoflavone
 30 isoflavone
 database 가

Table 2-2. (, ,) isoflavone

		Isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$, d.b.)			
		Daidzein	Genistein	Glycitein	Total
(Whole seed)	2	158.7	390.1	67.4	616.1
		507.8	652.9	111.1	1271.9
		834.6	1278.5	285.8	2398.9
		720.8	854.7	204.0	1779.5
		408.8	599.1	258.9	1266.0
	1	213.2	336.6	78.6	628.4
		98.5	216.6	56.8	371.9
		614.9	854.5	186.2	1655.6
		4313.5	1311.3	3974.2	9599.0
		3964.6	1574.2	11382.4	16921.2
(Hypocotyl)	2	3619.0	1269.7	8858.9	13747.6
		333.9.9	1416.9	9988.6	14745.4
		2418.9	1472.1	8339.6	12230.6
		5246.0	859.9	6776.6	12882.5
	1	2334.7	1316.2	2469.3	6120.1
		4595.6	1208.1	4003.9	9807.6
		182.4	531.8	0	714.2
		456.0	566.4	0	1022.4
(Cotyledon)	2	894.3	1498.8	0	2393.1
		679.2	782.7	0	1461.9
		609.0	790.9	0	1399.9
		163.8	377.5	0	541.3
	1	74.5	300.7	0	375.2
		523.8	1038.7	0	1562.5

(Haytowiyz , 1999).

data

	isoflavone	total aglycone value
	가	100g
isoflavone	.	glycitein
가	daidzein	genistein
isoflavone	genistein	daidzein

3. isoflavone

isoflavone malonyl genistin
malonyl daidzein 70% acetyl
aglycone . 2-6 isoflavone aglycone
12 HPLC .

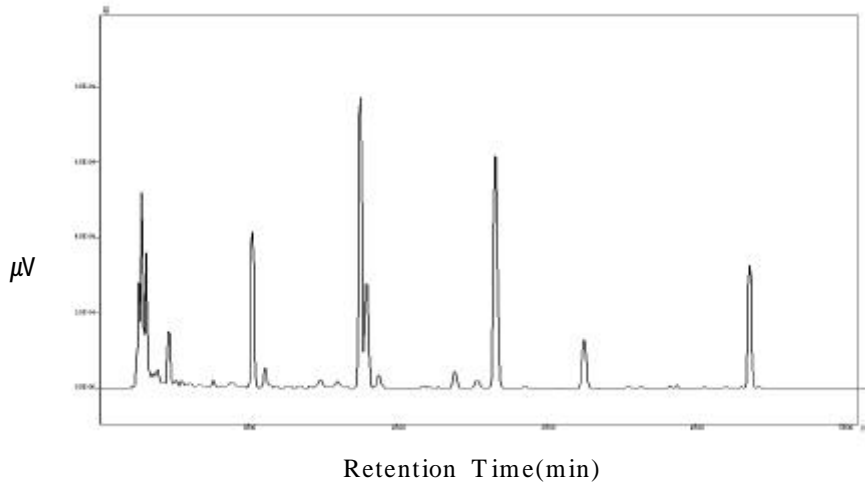


Fig. 2-6. isoflavone glucoside aglycone HPLC chromatogram

(1, daidzein; 2, glycitein; 3, genistin; 4, malonyldaidzin; 5, malonylglycitin; 6, acetyldaidzin; 7, acetylglycitin; 8, malonylgenistin; 9, acetylgenistin; 10, daidzein; 11, glycitein; 12, genistein)

isoflavone 2- 3, 2- 4, 2- 5
 2- 3 39 isoflavone
 2 isoflavone 0.28% 가
 0.25%
 isoflavone , isoflavone

isoflavone

2- 3. isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$)

Isoflavone	2					
Malonyl genistin	845.0	976.7	1039.7	1072.7	978.0	817.0
Malonyl daidzin	384.0	653.0	463.7	855.0	733.0	586.3
Malonyl glycitin	52.75	50.75	74.5	151.7	126.5	90.0
Genistin	135.0	210.3	196.5	191.0	415.0	150.3
Daidzin	67.5	150.0	94.5	153.0	313.0	111.0
Glycitin	22.2	22.0	28.8	61.7	88.5	38.2
Genistein	11.0	9.8	10.0	6.8	41.0	5.0
Daidzein	4.5	9.7	6.7	8.0	44.5	6.5
Glycitein	4.2	4.97	1.4	4.3	14.5	2.0
Acetyl genistin	5.5	1.7	-	8.2	-	-
Acetyl daidzin	3.3	8.7	8.3	12.2	45.5	9.7
Acetyl glycitin	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total isoflavone	1540.7	2099.1	1923.9	2525.6	2759.2	1820.8

isoflavone
 isoflavone 2- 4 ,
 , 2 isoflavone 가
 가 , , isoflavone
 4 1%

isoflavone

isoflavone

isoflavone

2- 4. isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$)

Isoflavone						
Malonyl genistin	1334.7	1040.5	905.0	552.5	810.8	1113.3
Malonyl daidzin	846.5	899.0	711.5	529.7	634.0	891.9
Malonyl glycitin	50.2	107.5	107.0	49.2	102.0	73.0
Genistin	250.8	161.7	146.3	91.5	70.7	110.3
Daidzin	165.7	123.5	130.8	92.3	60.5	101.5
Glycitin	23.5	44.0	51.2	17.7	24.5	25.3
Genistein	11.0	7.8	5.75	3.25	4.6	9.7
Daidzein	8.75	9.0	7.5	6.0	5.8	7.8
Glycitein	0.1	5.2	1.8	0.1	0.1	0.1
Acetyl genistin	-	-	-	-	1.7	5.5
Acetyl daidzin	7.0	5.2	0.1	4.5	5.5	5.9
Acetyl glycitin	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total isoflavone	2698.2	2403.9	2068.0	1347.2	1720.4	2344.7

2- 5. isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$)

Isoflavone	1	178	173	174			
Malonyl genistin	430.0	825.4	1271.7	1153.5	1240.0	266.7	508.7
Malonyl daidzin	327.0	681.4	826.8	692.0	728.3	110.0	339.5
Malonyl glycitin	59.0	26.5	48.5	29.8	33.8	25.0	42.3
Genistin	88.5	192.3	227.5	203.3	240.7	44.5	87.5
Daidzin	76.5	154.3	137.0	105.3	131.0	26.1	53.2
Glycitin	25.8	16.5	20.3	8.5	16.0	18.6	17.7
Genistein	3.0	5.2	2.2	5.9	5.2	2.6	5.6
Daidzein	6.0	8.8	7.0	6.5	6.5	2.4	6.9
Glycitein	30.3	2.6	2.7	1.3	2.6	0.6	0.6
Acetyl genistin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acetyl daidzin	2.7	2.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	5.2	2.2
Acetyl glycitin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total isoflavone	1050.2	1914.7	2548.0	2206.1	2404.3	501.9	1064.0

4.

(US No.1)

isoflavone, phytic acid, BBPI

2- 6.

		(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(mg%)
	S1), 96	11.1	37.0	19.2	4.9	12653
	S, 96	11.8	36.8	18.9	5.2	12362
	S, 96	11.9	37.2	17.6	5.0	14321
	S, 96	11.6	39.9	16.9	5.8	16546
2	S, 96	11.2	36.4	19.5	5.7	13776
	S, 96	11.3	36.1	20.1	5.3	14549
	M2), 96	10.9	34.1	12.8	4.6	13889
1	S, 97	7.6	38.0	18.5	4.8	15472
	S, 97	7.7	41.0	14.8	5.6	14299
	S, 96	12.4	40.5	17.7	5.3	14315
	S, 97	12.1	37.0	18.0	5.1	14299
US No.1	I3), 96	11.5	32.8	19.9	4.7	11611
	I4), 96	10.8	36.9	18.1	4.8	15660
	I4), 96	10.4	38.7	14.8	4.6	12726

1) S :

2) M:

3) I :

4) I :

US

No.1 가

,
2

2- 6

36.9% 38.7%

2- 7

9.5 13.1%

stachyose 3.1 4.0%, raffinose

0.8 1.2%, sucrose 4.5 7.8%, fructose 0.3 0.8%

2

raffinose

가

16.8 22.4%

1

가

isoflavone, phytic

acid, chymotrypsin

. Bowman-Birk protease inhibitor(BBPI)

2- 8

isoflavone

372

2399 µg/g

1075 1906 µg/g

. Phytic acid

BBPI

가

chymotrypsin

. Chymotrypsin

ELISA

chymotrypsin

967

5 15689 U

trypsin

chymotrypsin

. BBPI

(US No. 1),

2

500 mg%

chymotrypsin

2- 7.

	Total dietary fiber (%, d.b.)	Oligosaccharide(%, d.b.)				Sum
		Fructose	Sucrose	Raffinose	Stachyose	
	18.2	0.4	7.3	1.1	4.0	12.8
	17.8	0.5	6.9	1.2	3.1	11.8
	21.7	0.3	7.8	1.0	3.9	13.1
	17.7	0.3	5.2	0.8	3.5	9.9
2	18.1	0.6	5.6	0.1	3.1	10.2
	19.5	0.4	6.7	0.8	3.6	11.5
	20.3	0.4	6.2	1.2	3.4	11.2
1	16.8	0.4	7.6	1.2	3.5	12.7
	20.5	0.8	4.7	0.9	3.3	9.7
	17.9	0.3	4.5	1.1	3.7	9.6
	22.4	0.3	7.2	1.0	3.3	11.8
US No.1	21.0	0.7	6.3	1.1	3.5	11.6
	20.5	0.7	6.2	1.1	3.4	11.4
	20.0	0.5	7.4	1.0	4.0	12.9

2- 8.

	Isoflavone(% , d.b.)				Phytic acid (% , d.b.)	C. I. A1) (U/g)	BBPI contents ²⁾ (mg%)
	Daidzein	Genistein	Glycitein	Total			
	158.7	390.1	67.4	616.1	2.91	10994	568
	323.7	700.2	76.9	1100.8	2.91	12913	775
	507.8	652.9	111.1	1271.9	2.90	10265	400
	284.7	490.1	181.7	956.5	3.14	14797	779
2	834.6	1278.5	285.8	2398.9	2.87	13173	525
	720.8	854.7	204.0	1779.5	2.71	15689	734
	408.8	599.1	258.9	1266.0	2.97	12428	692
1	213.2	336.6	78.6	628.4	3.02	10251	443
	98.5	216.6	56.8	371.9	2.92	11892	660
	49.0	154.8	31.4	235.2	3.00	9675	432
	474.1	530.5	70.0	235.2	2.93	10435	731
US No.1	422.6	22.9	77.3	1074.6	2.22	11297	453
	204.5	310.1	109.5	1083.8	2.16	11557	609
	802.0	892.4	211.4	1905.8	2.07	12306	575

1) C.I.A. : Chymotrypsin inhibiting activity, 1 Unit chymotrypsin 1µg protease inhibitor

4) Bowman-Birk protease Inhibitor content by competitive ELISA with anti-BBPI IgG

가

2

isoflavone

5. Bowman- Birk Protease Inhibitor

6% protease inhibitor Kunitz
 protease inhibitor(KTI) Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor(BBPI)
 protease inhibitor BBPI
 8000 KTI trypsin chymotrypsin
 가 , chymotrypsin
 BBPI
 BBPI casein BAPNA,
 BTPNA trypsin chymotrypsin
 BBPI
 KTI, protease inhibitor
 BBPI 가
 protease inhibitor 가
 가 protease inhibitor
 가
 chymotrypsin
 , BBPI
 (rabbit anti- BBPI antibody) BBPI

가. **chymotrypsin** **BBPI**

25 (1 8 ,
5 , 8 4)

BBPI trypsin chymotrypsin inhibitor
protease

2-9 .

chymotrypsin 8462 15689 U/g
2 가 . , ,

chymotrypsin
2 chymotrypsin .
10435 9675 U/g chymotrypsin
. 1 , , chymotrypsin

10000 U/g , chymotrypsin

Trypsin chymotrypsin 가 3.8 가
, , , , ,

2 , 4.5 . trypsin
chymotrypsin

chymotrypsin BBPI trypsin
. chymotrypsin
T.I.A/C.I.A 가 2 , , ,
2 , , BBPI가

ELISA BBPI
400 779 mg% chymotrypsin 가 2
. , , 1 BBPI 500mg%
, , , , ,

700 mg% BBPI .

Table 2-9.

chymotrypsin

BBPI

		T.I.A1) (mg/g)	C.I.A2) (U/g)	T.I.A/C.I.A	BBPI content3) (mg%)
1	S4), 97	58397	9416	6.2	443
2	S, 97	55600	12087	4.6	727
	M5), 97	51183	9843	5.2	527
	M, 97	55208	12839	4.3	757
	(perking) M, 97	56814	11140	5.1	609
	M, 97	42922	9755	4.4	551
3	S, 97	72059	11086	6.5	637
	S, 97	53514	11892	4.5	660
	C6), 96	38079	8462	4.5	482
	C, 96	46290	9849	4.7	575
	C, 96	58038	11380	5.1	626
	C, 96	37308	9818	3.8	522
	C7), 97	40333	10614	3.8	565
	M, 97	56823	12353	4.6	731
	M, 96	67214	10032	6.7	525
	M, 96	75516	13485	5.6	619
	M, 96	89427	15689	5.7	734
	S, 97	43976	10994	4.0	547
2	S, 96	54009	13173	4.1	525
	S, 96	51325	10265	5.0	400
2	S, 96	77556	12926	6.0	689
	S, 96	54245	12913	4.2	775
	S, 96	69545	14797	4.7	779
	S, 96	59480	10435	5.7	731
	S, 96	48375	9675	5.0	432

1) T.I.A : trypsin , lunit 37 10 12.5µg trypsin protease inhibitor

2) C.I.A : chymotrypsin , lunit 37 10 25µg chymotrypsin protease inhibitor

3) Bowman- Birk protease Inhibitor content by competitive ELISA with anti- BBPI IgG

4) S : , 5) M : , 6) C : () 7) C : ()

chymotrypsin	BBPI		BBPI	
	가	가	가	BBPI
T.I.A/C.I.A				0.838
	chymotrypsin		chymotrypsin	
	chymotrypsin		0.25%	BBPI
	chymotrypsin	chymotrypsin	2- 10	
10764 U/g	chymotrypsin	9992 16159 U/g		6927
		chymotrypsin		
		87.9 91.9%		
BBPI		BBPI		

Table 2-9. chymotrypsin BBPI

	(Hypocotyl)			(Cotyledon)		
	(%)	C.I.A.1) (U/g)	BBPI2) (mg%)	(%)	C.I.A. (U/g)	BBPI (mg%)
	2.4	10755	741	90.2	7228	746
	2.2	13677	880	90.2	8842	697
	3.1	16159	901	87.9	10424	362
	1.7	14619	750	91.9	9145	668
	2.1	9992	615	91.3	6927	577
	3.2	12997	894	88.8	10764	1004

1) C.I.A : chymotrypsin , lunit 37 10 25µg chymotrypsin protease inhibitor

2) Bowman-Birk protease Inhibitor content by competitive ELISA with anti-BBPI IgG

6. phytic acid

Phytic acid (P)
 myo-inositol hexa-O-monophosphate ester Ca Mg

phytic acid가

phytic acid

Table

2- 10, 2- 11 1.9 3.2%

Table 2- 10. phytic acid

Phytic acid (%, d.b.)		Phytic acid (%, d.b.)	
S1), 96	2.9	1	S, 97 2.5
S, 96	2.9	2	S, 97 3.0
S, 96	2.9	3	S, 97 2.8
2 S, 96	2.4		M2), 97 3.0
S, 96	3.1		M, 97 3.0
2 S, 96	2.9	55	M, 97 1.9
S, 96	2.8		M, 97 3.1
S, 96	2.7	88	M, 97 2.7
1 S, 96	3.1	95	M, 97 2.9
S, 96	3.0	96	M, 97 3.2
S, 96	2.9	97	M, 97 2.9
S, 97	2.6	Perking	M, 97 3.3
S, 97	2.9	1	M, 97 3.2

1) S : , 2) M :

phytic acid 2.7 3.0% 가
 1.5 2 .
 phytoalexin, isoflavone
 phytic acid .
 phytic acid
 1.0 1.8% , 2 2.6 3.0% phytic
 acid .

Table 2- 11. (, ,) phytic acid

Phytic acid (% , d.b.)			
	(Whole seed)	(Hypocotyl)	(Cotyledone)
	2.9	1.2	3.0
	2.9	1.7	2.9
2	2.9	1.0	3.0
	2.7	1.7	2.8
	3.0	1.2	2.6
1	3.0	1.5	2.6
	2.9	1.8	2.9

1. 가 isoflavone

가 isoflavone
 가 isoflavone
 Table 3-1, 3-2, 3-3
 isoflavone (7%)
 가 65 124 µg/mL
 (E, F) 28.8 26.8 µg/g
 isoflavone aglycone 1 5%

Table 3-1. isoflavone

	Total Isoflavone(µg/mL)				Free Isoflavone(µg/mL)				Aglycone /Glucoside
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
(A 78.78%)	35.1	0.2	59.0	94.3	0.4	0	0.7	1.1	0.012
(B 60.91%)	28.9	1.8	34.7	65.4	0.5	0	0.9	1.4	0.021
(C 95.18%)	48.8	3.7	71.5	124.0	0.6	0	1.0	1.6	0.013
(D 93.30%)	44.7	4.0	15.0	63.7	0.1	0	0.2	0.3	0.005
(E 94.50%)	45.5	8.5	35.4	89.4	0.6	0.1	0.8	1.5	0.017
(F 28.58%)	20.9	0.9	7.0	28.8	0.05	0	0.2	0.2	0.007
(G 21.00%)	19.1	2.4	5.3	26.8	0.4	0.07	1.1	1.5	0.056

14 21% 가 aglycone
 0.1% isoflavone
 . Wang Murphy(1996)
 isoflavone
 가
 isoflavone
 가 (whole
 soybean Tofu) isoflavone
 isoflavone
 가 . 7
 isoflavone 419.3 2035.1 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 가
 (Table 3-3).
 , , Table 3-4
 isoflavone
 μg
 가 가 aglycone
 (JI) isoflavone

Table 3-2. isoflavone

Product	Total Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Free Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Aglycone /Glucoside
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
S	399.8	166.8	698.8	1265.4	96.7	21.8	137.7	256.2	0.2
C	344.0	149.1	636.2	1129.3	54.4	18.5	91.0	163.9	0.1
P	501.4	161.2	910.1	1572.7	106.3	17.3	170.0	293.6	0.2

Table 3-3. isoflavone

Product	Total Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Free Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Aglycone /Glucoside
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
H	141.4	25.4	252.5	419.3	26.3	2.2	12.0	40.5	0.1
S	196.9	43.9	280.6	521.3	61.5	nd	24.8	86.3	0.2
Y	867.6	77.6	1090.0	2035.1	37.4	9.7	17.7	64.8	0.03
C	281.3	68.6	426.0	775.9	66.9	25.6	20.3	112.8	0.1
SS	223.5	31.0	410.3	664.8	37.4	9.7	17.7	64.8	0.1

Table 3- 4.

isoflavone

Product	Total Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Free Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Aglycone /Glucoside
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
S (36.38%)	187.8	65.2	283.4	536.4	151.1	49.0	269.3	469.4	0.9
J (48.97%)	347.0	115.0	484.1	946.1	382.5	139.7	569.4	1091.7	1.1
H (17.48%)	225.5	81.8	335.9	643.2	94.5	62.3	168.9	325.7	0.5
P (28.30%)	194.6	47.9	262.1	504.6	149.7	29.9	226.7	406.2	0.8
CC (31.00%)	355.1	98.7	390.9	844.7	303.0	87.2	381.6	771.8	0.9
SS (50.00%)	194.1	83.9	234.1	512.1	168.2	91.0	218.2	477.5	0.9
JI (50.00%)	488.6	125.9	620.7	1235.2	460.2	125.4	653.1	1238.6	1.0
S	6.1	1.0	7.6	14.7	6.0	3.7	19.1	28.8	1.9
J (5.09%)	18.6	1.9	25.0	45.5	13.8	9.4	25.2	48.4	1.0
H	nd ^{l)}	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
P	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
CC	3.1	1.8	5.2	10.1	nd	3.4	2.5	5.9	0.6
JI (71.40%)	42.7	7.2	38.6	88.5	17.6	5.4	22.3	45.3	0.5
SJ (12.59%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
SY (18.80%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
CJ (16.00%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
CY (22.00%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
C (5.00%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
JI (20%)	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd	nd
A	313.3	80.3	368.5	762.1	358.1	93.0	513.2	964.2	1.2
B	288.5	86.2	366.9	741.6	317.4	97.9	431.7	847.0	1.1

l) not detected

2. 가 BBPI phytic acid

	chymotrypsin	BBPI	0.25%
Table 3-5	5	10695	13249 U/g
chymotrypsin	529 803 mg%	BBPI	
chymotrypsin		BBPI	
가	BBPI		BBPI
	chymotrypsin	BBPI	
1	1767 U/g	chymotrypsin	100
mg%	BBPI	7	
chymotrypsin		BBPI가	
가		가	
BBPI		chymotrypsin	
BBPI		chymotrypsin	
가	BBPI가	가	
가	가	BBPI가	
Phytic acid			
가 3%	가		phytic acid가
phytic acid	0.002	0.34%	Phytic
acid	pH		

Table 3-5. 가 chymotrypsin , BBPI
phytic acid

Product	C.I.A.1) (units/g, d.b.)	BBPI contents (mg%, d.b.)	Phytic acid (%, d.b.)
H	13249	803	0.84
S	12462	718	0.81
Y	10695	588	0.66
C	10834	529	N.D.
SS	11608	690	1.20
S	trace ²⁾	< 10	3.53
C	1767	69	3.03
P	trace	24	2.93
S	trace ²⁾	trace	0.002
J	trace	trace	0.34
H	N.D. ³⁾	trace	0.26
P	trace	trace	0.19
CC	trace	trace	0.04
SS	N.D.	trace	0.03
JI	trace	trace	0.11
S	N.D.	trace	N.D.
J	trace	trace	0.02
H	trace	trace	0.01
P	trace	trace	0.09
CC	N.D.	trace	N.D.
JI	N.D.	trace	N.D.
SJ	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
SY	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
CJ	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
CY	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
C	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.
JI	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.

1) C.I.A : Chymotrypsin inhibiting activity, 1 unit is the amount of inhibitor to inhibit 1 μg of chymotrypsin for 10 min at 37 .

2) C.I.A. was less than 1000 units.

3) Not detected.

3. 가 isoflavone

phytic acid 가 가 isoflavone, BBPI, , 가 , , isoflavone, BBPI phytic acid가 . 가 가 . 가 mass balance .

가.

4 25 isoflavone . 6 isoflavone 가 가 . 1692.9 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 12 4 1653 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 25 1730 $\mu\text{g/g}$. (yield) isoflavone 10 20% 3- 1 isoflavone - glucosidase 가 aglycone 가 가 25 4 isoflavone . 가 aglycone 가 . 50 5 isoflavone daidzein genistin 가 daidzein genistein malonyl glucoside 가 가 5 .

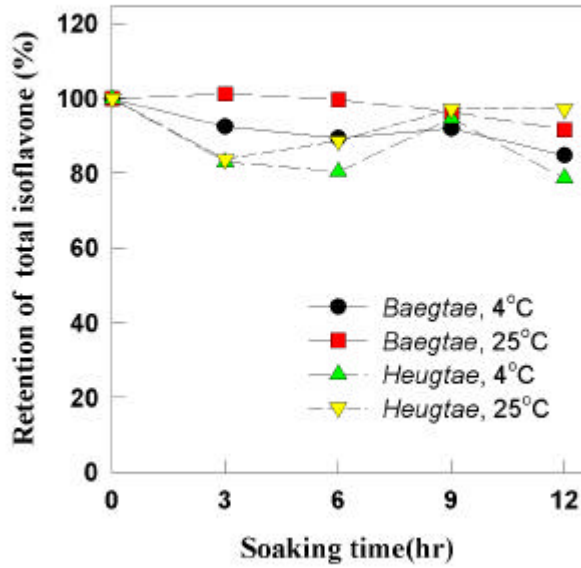


Fig. 3-1.

isoflavone

가 4 12 (95) 가 (121 , 1.5lb) isoflavone 가 95 , 15 82.2% , 78.3% , 60 77% 75.7% . 121 10 85.5% , 80.7% , 30 73.3% , 77.7% isoflavone

Fig. 3-2

가 (15) isoflavone 20 50% 가 가

가 isoflavone
 isoflavone 가
 가

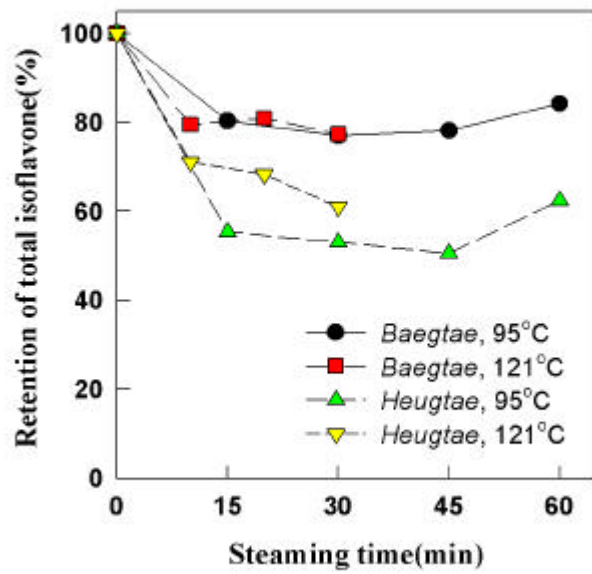


Fig. 3-2. (95) 가 (121 , 1.5lb) isoflavone

(boiling)

가

, isoflavone

3-3

15

가

92.0%, 90.7%

77.4%, 78.3%

가 60 가
 79.7% 79.0% , 71.9% 72.6%
 isoflavone
 3-3 가 isoflavone
 가 isoflavone
 1876 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 876 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 60 가
 1238 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 426 $\mu\text{g/g}$
 isoflavone 가
 가 aglycone 가

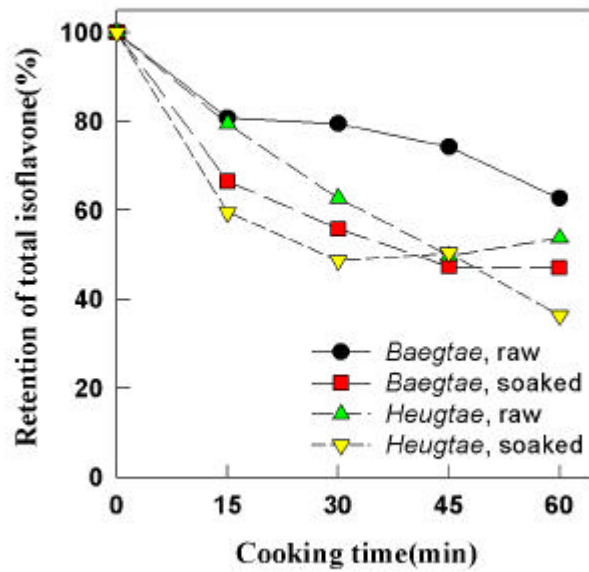


Fig. 3-3. 가 (100 boiling) isoflavone

(raw; 12, soaked;)

(roasting)

(Roaster, Probat Co. Germany)

95rpm 150, 180, 210

가 (roasting) isoflavone 3-4

가

0.95 8.7%, 0.74 7.63%

isoflavone 가 isoflavone

1470 669 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 150 12

1837 561 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 180 12 1300 658 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 210 12

1500 688 $\mu\text{g/g}$

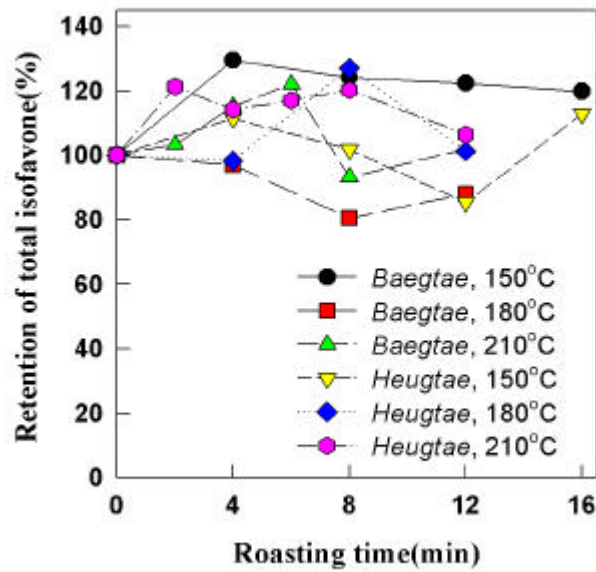


Fig. 3-4. 가 (roasting) isoflavone

Fig. 3-4 isoflavone 100%
 120% Maillard
 isoflavone UV
 가
 isoflavone .
 .
 25
 isoflavone Fig. 3-6
 . 4 7
 4 가 가
 isoflavone 가 isoflavone
 1341 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 4 2017 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 가
 1284 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 4 1535 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 가 Daidzein
 genistein 가 가 가 glycitein 가 .
 isoflavone 100%
 isoflavone 3-7
 110%, 97% .
 , 20 3 10 7
 isoflavone malonyl
 daidzin 6 가 가 7 daidzein
 가 , malonyl genistin genistin 가 . 7
 isoflavone
 isoflavone daidzein
 . isoflavone genistin .

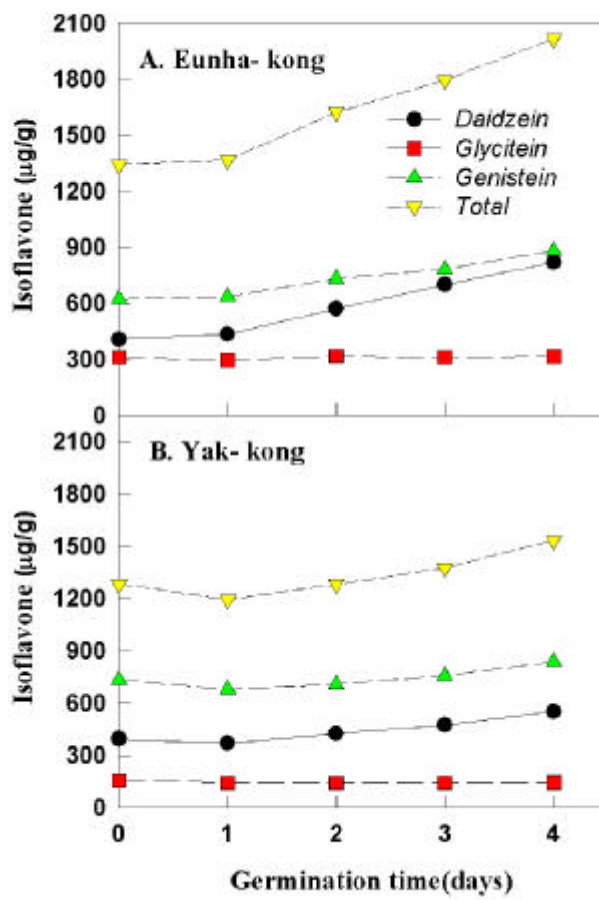


Fig. 3-6. (25) isoflavone

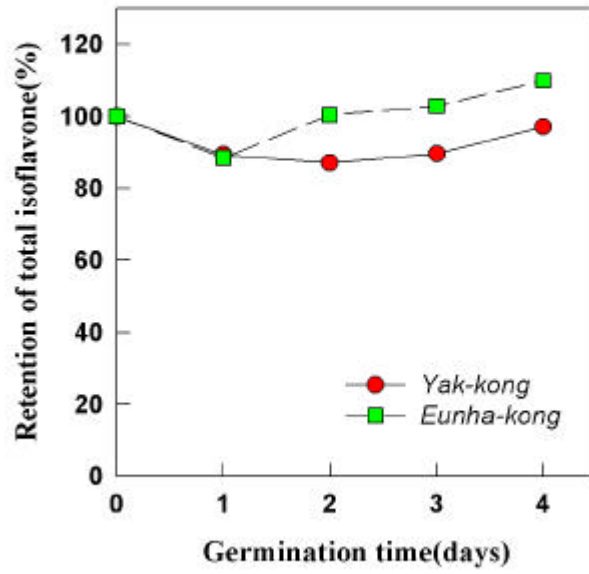


Fig. 3-7.

isoflavone

(,)

가

가 가 . 4% 7%

가 25 8

isoflavone

2 pH pH 6.56 6.74 3.

6 4.0 pH

가 pH , 가
 pH . 4% 2
 82%, 85% 8
 77% 76% 7%

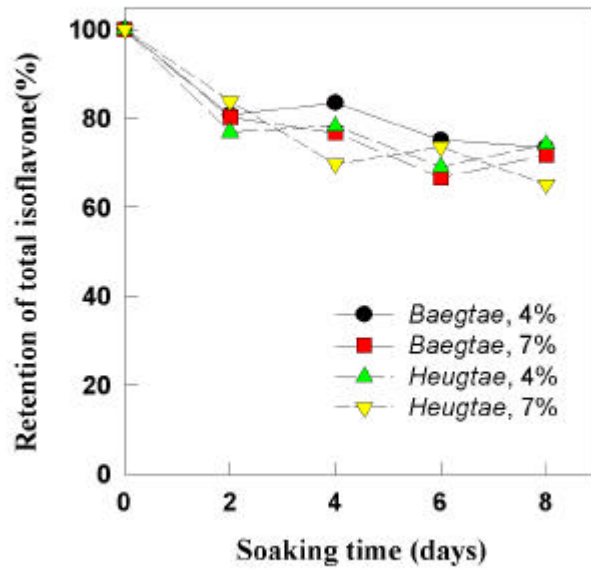


Fig. 3-8. isoflavone

isoflavone
 가 4% 7% 8 1877 $\mu\text{g/g}$
 1956 $\mu\text{g/g}$, 2008 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 가 isoflavone 100%
 25% 가

Fig. 3-8

885 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 1% 4% 7% 25.8%, 7% 34.9%
 Fig. 3-8 4% 2 isoflavone 70% 가 isoflavone 가

Table 3-6, 3-7

isoflavone isoflavone 85%
 isoflavone aglycone aglycone aglycone
 가 가 isoflavone 가

Table 3-7

isoflavone isoflavone aglycon isoflavone aglycone 가 3
 0 39% 25 isoflavone aglycone

Table 3- 6. l) isoflavone

	Total Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Free Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g,d.b.}$)				Agly cone/ Glucoside
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
(96)	425.4	146.3	810.1	1381.8	48.7	8.9	151.7	209.6	0.2
	413.0	133.7	663.3	1210.0	290.1	88.7	401.6	780.4	0.6
	451.2	143.3	753.5	1348.0	62.9	15.0	77.9	155.7	0.1
	413.9	132.6	704.4	1250.9	165.6	46.6	178.2	390.4	0.3
(97)	659.9	199.8	917.0	1776.7	0.5	15.3	0.2	16.1	0.1
	676.2	143.7	879.0	1698.9	0	0.9	47.5	48.3	0.02
	746.4	164.5	934.3	1845.2	17.3	8.6	30.2	56.2	0.03
	668.2	122.4	837.0	1627.6	277.4	31.5	295.4	604.3	0.4
l)	29	20	20	30					

Table 3-7. isoflavone

l)		Total Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g.d.b.}$)				Free Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g.d.b.}$)				Aglycone/Glycoside
		Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Sum	
	98. 4.	287.2	50.0	455.9	793.1	304.3	66.9	604.0	975.1	1.23
1	98. 3.	355.2	68.6	548.3	972.1	292.7	68.3	537.6	898.6	0.92
2	98. 2.	350.7	72.9	788.1	1211.7	275.3	67.7	695.4	1038.4	0.86
25	96. 3	480.5	120.6	549.8	1150.9	458.4	119.3	626.2	1203.8	1.05
1	98. 3	48.8	9.0	46.6	104.4	16.1	4.3	20.1	40.4	0.39
6	97. 10	55.1	27.5	49.8	132.4	15.0	4.5	18.9	38.3	0.29
25	97. 3	107.0	26.8	55.1	188.9	118.9	32.4	144.7	296.0	1.57
2	98. 2	288.5	86.2	366.9	741.6	317.4	97.9	431.7	847.0	1.14
25	97. 3	313.3	80.3	368.5	762.1	358.1	93.0	513.2	964.2	1.26

l) 가

Fig. 3-10

20

isoflavone
 isoflavone 793 $\mu\text{g/g}$ 2 isoflavone
 가 2 가 4 1078 $\mu\text{g/g}$
 가 .

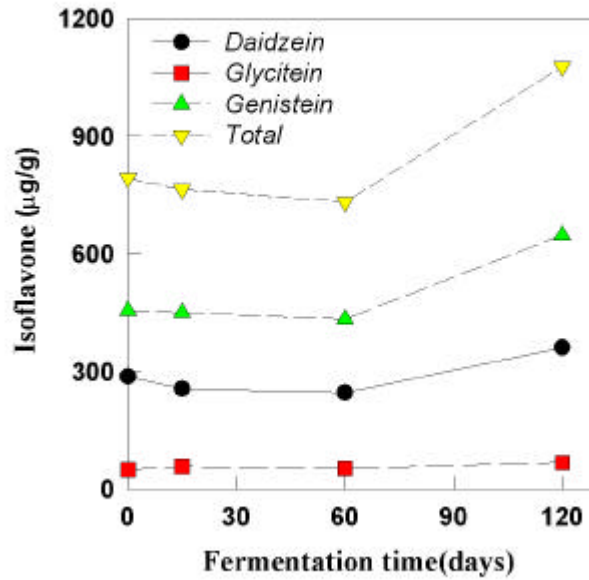


Fig. 3-9.

isoflavone

가 koji
 isoflavone 3-10
 . *A. oryzae*() 가
 , *A. sojae*() 가

3-10

isoflavone 가 .

Wuryani (1995) isoflavone 131 mg% tempe

R. oryzae 50 mg%, *R. oligosporus* 45 mg%

isoflavan equol .

koji

isoflavone ,

isoflavone 가

Table 3-6 50

90% isoflavone

isoflavone isoflavone 가

, ,

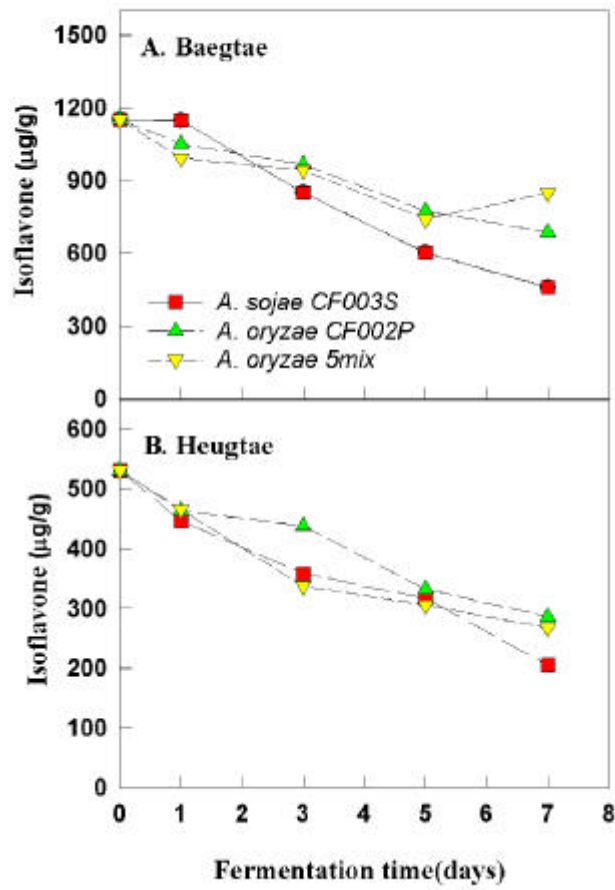


Fig. 3- 10. koji isoflavone (0.05%)

isoflavone mass balance

isoflavone

가 . Table 3-8 가

가

가 . 가

가

7% 가

가 가 isoflavone

(Table 3- 10, 3- 11).

isoflavone 가

isoflavone 37.4% , 30.6% ,

19.6% 가 가 .

isoflavone 50.7% 가 , 31.6% ,

14.6% 가 가 . Daidzein glycitein

genistein . Isoflavone

가

isoflavone

가

Table 3- 11 325mesh

isoflavone . 가

isoflavone 80.7% isoflavone ,

11.2% .

Table 3- 9. , (200g)

	가	1)	2)	3)
Yield(g)	480.0	378.2	820.0	
Moisture(%)	81.0	77.2	81.7	
Yield(g)	243.8	311.4	0	
Moisture(%)	79.8	81.4	-	
Yield(mL)	850.0	900.0	240.0	
Solid(cBrix)	3.0	2.8	4.8	

1) Traditional method,

2) Soymilk heating after filtration,

3) (325mesh) whole soybean Tofu

Table 3- 10. 가 isoflavone
(200g mass distribution)

	Isoflavone(mg/soybean200g,wet basis)				Retention %
	Daidzein	Genistein	Glycitein	Total	
200g	101.4	152.0	21.4	274.8	100.0
1700mL	0.9	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.5
가 1700mL	94.9	127.6	16.8	239.4	87.1
311.4g	19.8	29.1	4.8	53.9	19.6
900mL	49.5	26.0	8.6	84.1	30.6
378.2g	34.4	63.2	5.3	102.9	37.4

Table 3- 11. isoflavone
(200g mass distribution)

		Isoflavone(mg/soybean200g,wet basis)			Retention	
		Daidzein	Genistein	Glycitein	Total	%
가	200g	101.4	152.0	21.4	274.8	100.0
	1700mL	0.9	0.4	0.1	1.4	0.5
	1900mL	104.4	144.3	19.1	268.0	97.5
	1700mL	105.4	136.8	19.3	261.5	95.2
	243.8g	14.7	22.8	2.5	40.0	14.6
	850mL	49.9	27.5	9.4	86.8	31.6
	480.0g	46.5	84.7	8.1	139.3	50.7

Table 3- 12. isoflavone
(200g mass distribution)

		Isoflavone(mg/soybean200g,wet basis)			Retention	
		Daidzein	Genistein	Glycitein	Total	%
가	200g	116.3	146.5	31.1	293.9	100.0
	1340mL	117.8	145.1	30.0	293.0	99.7
	0	0	0	0	0	0
	240mL	15.9	13.0	4.0	33.0	11.23
	820g	88.0	127.9	21.5	237.3	80.74

4. 가 **Bowman- Birk protease inhibitor**
(BBPI)

가 BBPI 가 BBPI가
 가 BBPI가 가 BBPI
 BBPI 가 가
 가.
 BBPI Fig. 3- 11 BBPI
 BBPI 12 4 5%, 25
 10% 가 가 12 chymotrypsin
 BBPI 가 90%
 BBPI 가

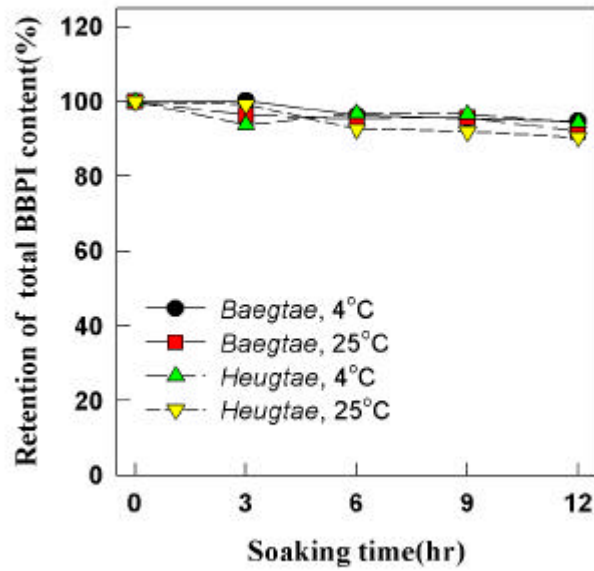


Fig. 3- 11. BBPI

4 12 95 121 0 60
 BBPI
 Fig. 3- 12
 95 15 19.4% 21.2%, 30
 4.3% 10.2% 가 121 10
 99% 가 . Chymotrypsin 95
 15 가 9280 U/g 4121 U/g 50%
 30 700 U/g 90%
 . 121 10 chymotrypsin

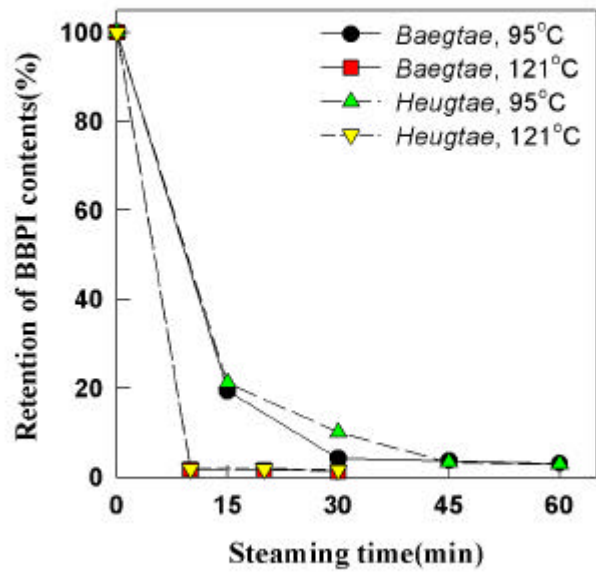


Fig. 3- 12. (95) 가 (121) BBPI

(boiling)
 (4 12)
 가 BBPI
 Fig. 3- 13 .
 BBPI chymotrypsin 509mg% ,
 10573 U/g 15 20 mg% , 696 U/g 30
 BBPI가 16 mg% , chymotrypsin .
 15 가 .

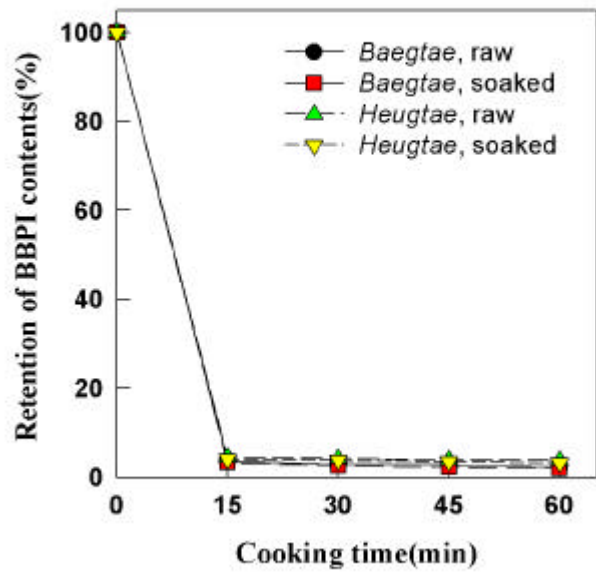


Fig. 3-12. 가 (100 boiling) BBPI

(roasting)
 150, 180, 210
 BBPI
 Fig. 3-13
 BBPI 509 mg%, 518 mg% 150
 4 292 mg%, 118 mg% 8 61
 mg%, 70 mg% 13% 150
 12 , 180 210 2 4 BBPI
 95 98% Chymotrypsin
 BBPI 210 2 , 180 4
 150 8

15 20%

12

가

BBPI chymotrypsin

가

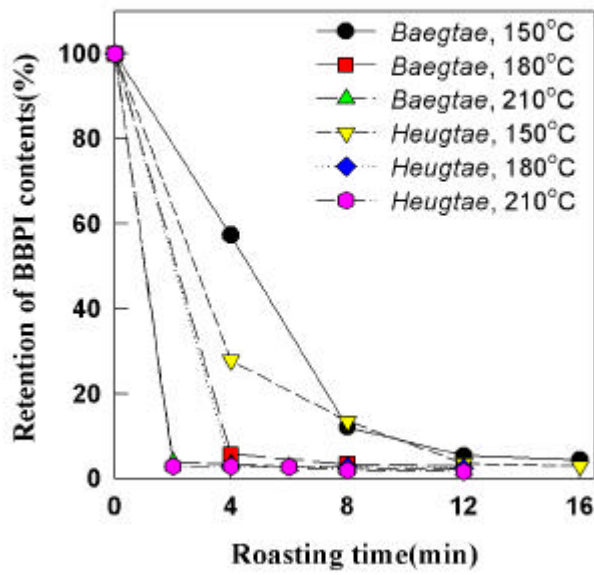


Fig. 3- 12. 가 (roasting) BBPI

25

BBPI

Fig. 3- 13

BBPI 703 mg%, 621 mg%

2 787 mg%, 628 mg% 가 4 785 mg%,

630 mg% 가 BBPI

Chymotrypsin 4 85%
 4 90%
 Bau (1997) KT I BBPI가
 가 가
 BBPI BBPI
 93.9% (510 mg%)가 4.9% (6 mg%),
 1.2% (0.3 mg%)가
 BBPI가
 BBPI
 가 가 protease inhibitor

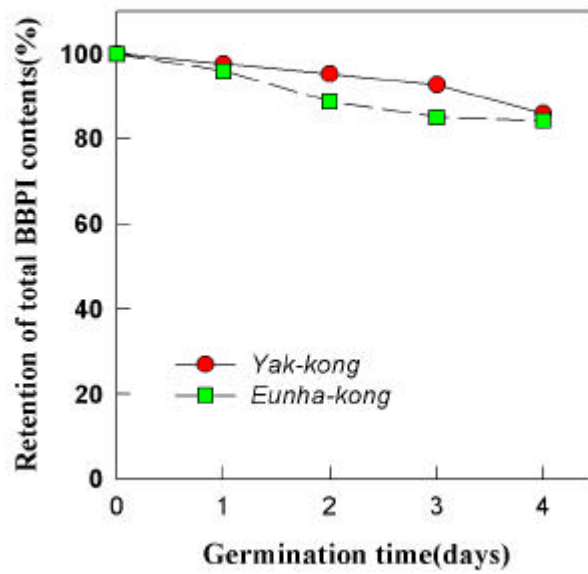


Fig. 3- 13.

BBPI

4% 7% 가 25

BBPI Fig. 3-14 . 4%

BBPI 509 mg% 4 487 mg%,

8 481 mg% , 7% 4

499 mg%, 8 482 mg%

BBPI 8

30% 가 8 77%

BBPI 가 pH 가

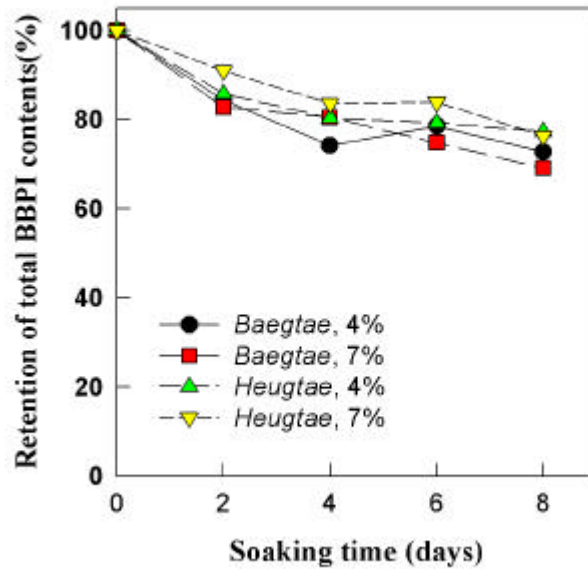


Fig. 3-14.

isoflavone

chymotrypsin 8 16 20% 가
 KTI
 trypsin 8
 40%
 KTI
 가 BBPI 70 80% 가
 BBPI 가
 3 (*A. scjajae*(), *A. oryzae*(),
A. oryzae())
 0.05% chymotrypsin
 , 가
 1 7 protease 가 protease 가
 protease가
 protease inhibitor
 chymotrypsin BBPI
 (1000 U/g)
 가 , ,
 BBPI chymotrypsin
 가

Table 3- 16 .

가
 chymotrypsin 6859 U/g 가
 1684 U/g, 1486 U/g
 protease
 6040 U/g, chymotrypsin
 BBPI 가 98%
 BBPI 280 mg%
 BBPI 가
 aglycone BBPI isoflavone
 isoflavone protease 가
 KTI BBPI 가
 isoflavone BBPI 가
 가 protease inhibiting activity
 BBPI가 isoflavone

가

가

isoflavone BBPI가

Table 3-16. BBPI chymotrypsin
(200g mass distribution)

			C.I.A.1)		BBPI2)	
			U/g	retention (%)	mg%	retention (%)
가	200g	200g	9269	100.0	453	100.0
	243.8g	50g	767	2.1	33	1.8
	850.0mL	24g	9063	11.7	N3)	N
	480.0g	92g	1571	7.8	23	2.3
	200g	200g	9269	100.0	453	100.0
	311.4g	60g	2341	7.6	150	9.9
	900mL	28g	9063	13.7	N	N
	378.2g	86g	1485	6.9	22	2.1
	200g	200g	12349	100.0	280	100.0
	240.0mL	12g	2254	1.1	N	N
	820.0g	156g	6859	43.3	123	34.3

1) C.I.A : chymotrypsin , lunit 37 10 25µg chymotrypsin protease inhibitor

2) Bowman-Birk protease Inhibitor content by competitive ELISA with anti-BBPI IgG

3)Not tested

3 가

1. 가

isoflavone BBPI , 가
 가 1 가
 가
 isoflavone BBPI 1
 phytic acid .

가. Isoflavone

가 , TVP(texturized vegetable protein)
 2 가 isoflavone

Table 4-1 가
 isoflavone . A 0.1% isoflavone
 flake 0.1% isoflavone .
 , , 0.08 0.12% isoflavone
 isoflavone .
 0.03% ,
 0.04% isoflavone
 isoflavone . B
 0.18% isoflavone C ()
 70% isoflavone
 . hexane
 isoflavone
 isoflavone .

Table 4-1.

isoflavone

	(%)	Total isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g}$)				
		Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Total	
A	flake	13.3	367.1	85.4	513.6	966.1
		11.8	399.2	66.2	640.1	1105.5
		11.2	348.9	49.3	543.9	942.1
		13.1	297.4	51.1	482.4	830.9
		13.3	481.6	101.3	697.2	1280.2
		13.7	481.9	92.1	714.5	1288.5
		10.6	151.5	98.1	99.0	348.6
		10.6	181.0	116.2	106.0	403.1
B		10.3	657.9	184.2	918.8	1760.8
C		11.0	541.6	147.6	849.8	1539.1
()		7.3	372.7	92.7	606.3	1071.7

Table 4-2

ADM 가 isoflavone 가

가 isoflavone

Table 4-3

가 isoflavone isoflavone

isoflavone 가

Table 4-2.

가

isoflavone

가	가	(%)	Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g}$)			
			Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Total
Toasted Grit	toasted to optimize flavour, nutrition, and water absorption	11.8	333.2	101.7	422.8	857.7
Nutrisoy 7B Flour	minimal heat process	8.6	475.2	76.7	716.4	1268.3
Baker's Nutrisoy Flour	moderated heat treated used in bakery and cereal application	8.7	293.2	47.8	470.6	811.6
Toasted Nitrisoy Flour	fully heat treated used in cookies, cereals, beverages, milk replacer and fermentation media	10.9	447.0	77.5	739.6	1264.1

Table 4-3.

isoflavone

가	Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g}$, wet basis)				Total Isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$, dry basis)
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Total	
(10 가)	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.9	-
A	63.9	15.6	93.6	173.0	930.1
B	60.2	10.3	93.5	164.0	812.1
A	55.0	9.5	28.9	93.4	-
B	58.7	11.0	32.4	102.1	-

Bowman-Birk Protease Inhibitor phytic acid

가

, BBPI , phytic acid

Table 4-4 .

BBPI A 261.7 mg%

flake

340.0, 290.4 mg% BBPI 84

mg% BBPI

BBPI . B

BBPI가 C ()

70% BBPI가 .

hexane roasting

가 . ADM 가

BBPI가 Nutriosoy flour

7B 290.7 mg% 가 BBPI . 가

가 BBPI toasted nuriosoy grits

2 mg% 가 BBPI .

Phytic acid A , flake 2.1

2.3% 0.2%가

phytic acid 2.0 2.9%

ADM 가 phytic acid가

phytic acid roasting

Table 4-4.

Bowman-Birk protease inhibitor phytic acid

		(dry basis)		
		Crude Protein (%)	BBPI (mg%)	phytic acid (%)
A	flake	34.2	301.7	2.1
		35.8	387.6	2.1
		35.5	327.0	2.3
		46.1	4.7	2.9
		42.5	0.9	2.9
		46.1	2.7	2.7
		12.5	90.9	0.2
		12.1	85.2	0.2
B		46.3	5.6	2.8
C ()		38.2	432.8	2.0
		51.8	313.3	2.4
ADM	Toasted Grit	NE ¹⁾	0.9	3.2
	Nutrisoy 7B Flour	NE	290.7	3.3
	Baker's Nutrisoy Flour	NE	125.0	3.3
	Toasted Nutrisoy Flour	NE	1.4	3.5

1) Not experimented, min. 53% (from company spec.)

3.

isoflavone

BBPI 33 150 mg%
 가 가 BBPI
 (1984) acetone 60
 isoflavone

Table 4-6

Table 4-6. isoflavone

		Isoflavone($\mu\text{g/g}$, d.b.)				Total	(cfu/g)
		(%)	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein		
		9.8	212.6	40.7	370.0	623.3	
		83.6	152.9	42.1	212.5	407.5	
65	20	4.8	125.6	41.5	160.0	327.1	1,000,000
121	15						
65	20	4.8	152.6	47.7	178.0	378.3	6400
		4.7	95.8	28.6	122.2	246.6	17000
121	15	7.0	88.3	24.3	101.0	213.6	2

50 kg 75 1342 L가 L
 100 mg isoflavone
 가

4 Isoflavone

isoflavone
가 isoflavone ,
isoflavone 가
isoflavone 가 가
isoflavone
isoflavone
isoflavone 가
isoflavone 가
isoflavone 가
isoflavone
isoflavone

1.

가. **isoflavone**
isoflavone
(, , 97
) 40 mesh 60% ,
60% , Tris - buffer, 0.1N NaOH 0.25%
20 (w/v) 가
3 , isoflavone

isoflavone

Table 5-1

Table 5-1. isoflavone

Solution for extraction	Isoflavone composition(mg%)			Total isoflavone contents (mg%)
	Daizein	Glycitein	Genistein	
60% Methanol	41.0	5.8	59.4	106.2
60% Ethanol	53.4	9.5	63.3	126.1
0.05M Tris- bufer(pH 8.1)	37.9	6.9	54.9	99.7
0.25% H2SO4	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.	N.D.1)
0.01N NaOH	36.3	4.1	50.8	91.2

1) N.D. : not detected

126.1mg% 가
 60% 가
 60% 106.2mg%
 Tris
 99.7 91.2mg%
 isoflavone
 isoflavone

isoflavone

0, 20, 40, 60, 80 100%
 isoflavone

Fig. 5-1

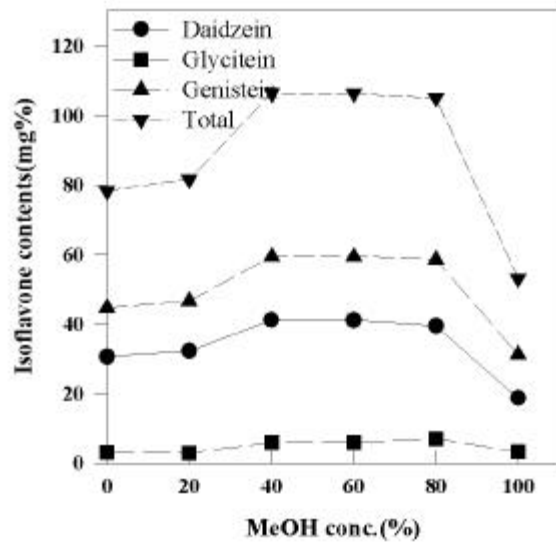


Fig. 5-1.

isoflavone

Daizein, glycitein genistein 3 isoflavone
 isoflavone 40 80%
 104.9 106.3mg%
 isoflavone isoflavone 60 80%
 isoflavone 60%

Is oflavone

60%

가

isoflavone

Fig. 5-2

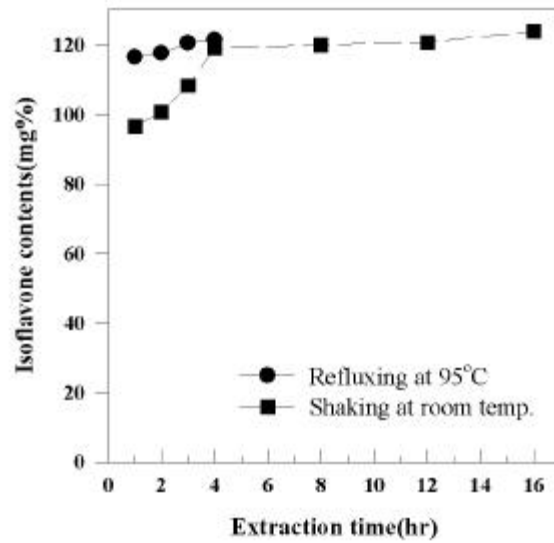


Fig. 5-2.

isoflavone

1 116.5 mg%

4 121.4 mg%

isoflavone 가 3

가 1

96.5 mg% 4 118.9 mg% isoflavone

가 16 123.8 mg%

가

isoflavone

isoflavone

60% 0.1, 0.2,

0.4% 가 0.2% 가 가

isoflavone Table 5-2

Table 5-2. 가

isoflavone

Acid	Added acid solution content(%)	Isoflavone contents(mg%)			
		Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Total
Control (60% MeOH, no acid solution)		53.3	7.8	83.3	144.3
	0.1	33.8	4.3	63.8	101.8
Acetic acid	0.2	33.2	4.5	62.3	100.0
	0.4	33.9	4.2	63.2	101.3
Sulfuric acid	0.2	37.0	4.6	63.9	105.6

가

isoflavone 0.

1 0.4% 가 29.5 30.7% isoflavone ,

0.2% 가 26.8%

가 isoflavone 가 .

, isoflavone

40 80% 9 16

가 2 4

가 20 1

10 3 2 .

1, 2 5000 × g 20

isoflavone ,

2. ,

, , size exclusion chromatography(SEC), chromatography isoflavone

가. 가

isoflavone

95 1 가

isoflavone 가

isoflavone ,

10 . 가

isoflavone

Table 5-3

Table 5-3.

isoflavone

Sample	Total isoflavone content(mg)	Isoflavone yield(%)	Isoflavone contents (%)
Soybean extract conc.	216.3	100	1.02
Soybean extract conc. after heat treatment ¹⁾	184.6	85.3	1.04
Soybean extract conc. after concentration	148.2	68.5	0.94

1) at 95 °C, 1hr

60% isoflavone 216.3 mg, 100 g
 isoflavone 1.02% 95 1 가
 가
 isoflavone 184.6 mg
 14.7%
 isoflavone 1.04% 1.02%
 가 10
 68.5%, 가 80.5%
 0.94%
 가 isoflavone 가
 isoflavone

5

pH isoflavone
 isoflavone
 pH 3 5

Table 5-4

Table 5-4. pH isoflavone

	Total isoflavone(mg)	Yield(%)	Isoflavone contents(%)
Initial	11.2	100.0	0.9
pH 5.0	9.5	84.2	0.9
pH 4.0	8.2	73.1	0.8
pH 3.0	4.9	43.5	0.6

isoflavone 11.2mg
 0.9% pH 5 9.5 mg 0.9% , pH 3
 4.9 mg 0.6% isoflavone
 pH
 isoflavone
 pH isoflavone

isoflavone

70% isoflavone 가 Table 5-5

Table 5-5. pH isoflavone

	Total isoflavone (mg)	Yield (%)	Isoflavone contents (%)
Initial	11.2	100.0	1.0
Acetone treatment	7.8	71.3	1.3

8.0 mg 11.2 mg isoflavone 71.3% 1.3% 1.0%
 40% 가 isoflavone 가
 가
 acetone

.
isoflavone
 Isoflavone aglycone 254 270 dalton, 416 432
 dalton 가
 isoflavone .
 100mL MWCO(molecular weight cut off)가
 10K
 isoflavone , isoflavone isoflavone
 Table 5-6 .

Table 5- 6. Ultrafiltration ,

Sample	Total isoflavone contents(mg)	Solid contents (mg)	Isoflavone yield (%)	Isoflavone contents (%)
Soybean extract conc.(100ml)	36.4	2155.7	100.0	1.7
Ultrafiltrate 10K	21.8	1157.8	53.7	1.9

100mL isoflavone 36.4 mg 10K
 isoflavone 21.8 mg 53.7% .
 isoflavone
 1.7% 1.9% 가 .
 60%

가

chromatography **isoflavone**
1)
 isoflavone , Sigma
 Resin A- 1, A- 2 Resin B- 1, B- 2 4 (
 resin) .
 80% 1mL column
 80% .
 1mL column isoflavone
 70% isoflavone
 isoflavone isoflavone

Table 5- 7

Table 5- 7. isoflavone

Resin	Total isoflavone content(μg)	Yield (%)
Soybean ext. conc.	183.5	100.0
Resin A- 1	70.5	38.4
Resin A- 2	67.5	36.7
Resin B- 1	75.0	40.9
Resin B- 2	111.0	60.5

isoflavone

38.4 60.5%

Resin B-2가 60.5% 가 Resin

Resin A Resin A-1 Resin A-2

38.4% isoflavone

Resin B-2

1mL 111 μg , Resin A-1 70.5 μg isoflavone

isoflavone 가

isoflavone , , isoflavone

isoflavone

2)

Resin A-1 Resin B-2

Resin A-1 Resin B-2

0, 20, 40% isoflavone

isoflavone isoflavone

100%

5-3 . Fig

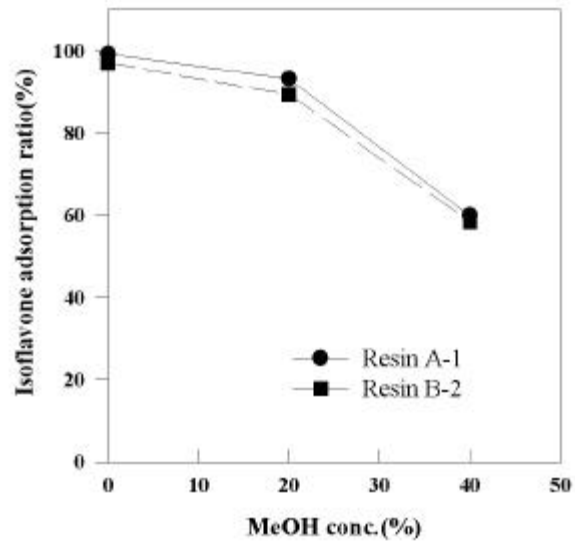


Fig 5-3. Resin A-1 Resin B-2

isoflavone .

isoflavone

100% 가 isoflavone

40% 가 .

100% isoflavone

40, 60, 80 100%

isoflavone isoflavone

Fig 5-4 .

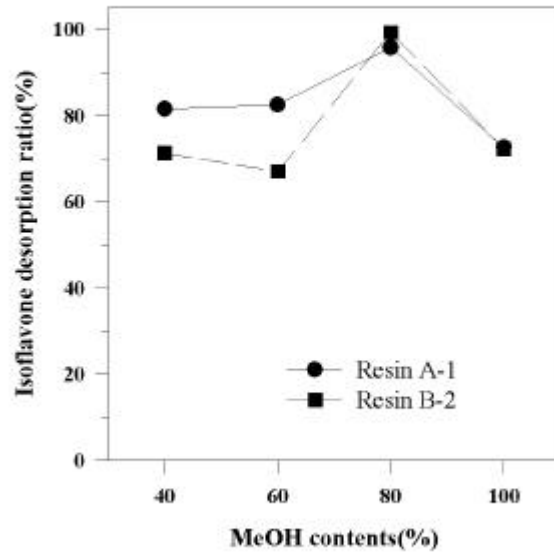


Fig. 5-4. Resin A-1 Resin B-2

isoflavone

	40	80%
가	isoflavone	81.5% 95.7%
가		100% 72.6%

100% 가
80% , isoflavone

3) **isoflavone**

isoflavone
isoflavone

Resin A-1 isoflavone 80%

isoflavone Table 5-8

Table 5-8.

isoflavone

Eluent	Total isoflavone contents(μg)	Yield(%)
Initial	113.7	100.0
80% Methanol	91.1	80.1
80% Ethanol	98.8	86.9

113.7 μg isoflavone 80%
 91.9 μg isoflavone 80.1%
 98.8 μg isoflavone 86.9%
 가
 isoflavone

4) **isoflavone**
 isoflavone
 Resin A-1 Resin B-2
 80% isoflavone
 isoflavone ,
 Table 5-9 .

Table 5-9. isoflavone ,

Resin	Total isoflavone content(mg)	Isoflavone yield (%)	Isoflavone contents (%)
Initial	1.8	100.0	0.4
Resin A- 1	1.9	104.3	8.5
Resin B- 2	1.5	79.9	3.7

isoflavone 1.9 mg
 Resin B- 2 isoflavone
 1.9 mg, Resin A- 1 1.5 mg 100% 80%
 0.4%
 Resin B- 2 8.5% , Resin A- 1
 3.8% 가 .
 isoflavone .

5)

isoflavone

Resin A-1 가 10K isoflavone ,
80% Table 5- 10 .

Table 5- 10.
isoflavone

Pretreatment	Total isoflavone contents(mg)	Isoflavone yield(%)	Isoflavone contents(%)
Initial	447.9	100.0	1.6
Non Ultrafiltration	352.5	78.7	3.9
Ultrafiltration	173.8	38.8	4.6

352.5 mg isoflavone
isoflavone 78.6% 가
173.8 mg isoflavone 38.8%
1.6%
3.9% , 4.6%
가

. Size exclusion chromatography(SEC)

isoflavone

가 Resin P SEC isoflavone , Fig. 5-5 .

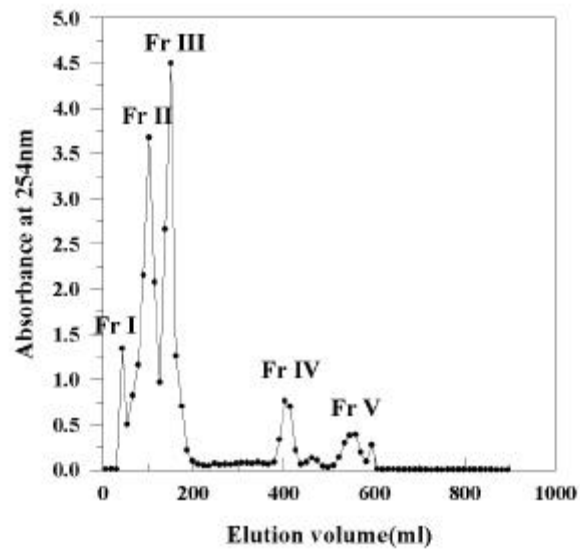


Fig. 4- 5. Resin P size exclusion chromatography.

254nm 5

isoflavone ,

Table 5- 11 .

Table 5- 11. Resin P

isoflavone ,

Fraction	Total isoflavone content(mg)	Isoflavone yield(%)	Isoflavone contents(%)
Initial	0.918	100.0	0.4
Fr.	0	0	-
Fr.	0.032	3.5	-
Fr.	0.619	67.4	10.3
Fr.	0.022	2.4	-
Fr.	0.135	14.7	-

isoflavone 0.918mg
 0.619, 0.135mg isoflavone SEC Fr
 67.4% 14.7%
 isoflavone
 isoflavone
 isoflavone aglycone 가
 isoflavone
 isoflavone Fr 10.3% 0.42%
 24

isoflavone 40 80%
 SEC 80%
 isoflavone , . SEC
 SEC Resin L bed volume 3 80%
 . 10
 isoflavone ,
 Table 5-12 . Resin L SEC glycitein

Table 5-12. Resin L size exclusion chromatography
 isoflavone ,

Fraction	Isoflavone conc.($\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$)				Yield (%)	Isoflavone contents (%)
	Daidzein	Glycitein	Genistein	Total		
Initial				2.859	100.0	
1	-	-	-	-	-	-
2	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	20.3	5.0	-	0.254	8.9	-
4	62.5	6.5	65.8	1.348	47.1	11.6
5	2.9	0.4	33.4	0.368	12.9	-
6	14.1	0.3	5.5	0.222	7.8	-
7	3.1	-	3.0	0.062	2.1	-
8	1.3	-	8.4	0.096	3.3	-
9	1.3	-	0.3	0.015	0.5	-
10	-	-	-	-	0.7	-

가 Resin L SEC ,
 4 가 isoflavone . isoflavone
 daidzein 3 4, 6
 genistein 4 5 8 .
 glycitein 3 4 . Resin P
 SEC 가 daidzein genistein
 aglycone 가
 Resin L Raecin P
 isoflavone , isoflavone ,
 가 . 가 isoflavone
 4 isoflavone 11.6% Resin P
 10.3%
 가 .

3. isoflavone ,

가
 ,
 가 isoflavone
 .
 가.
 ,
 isoflavone
 isoflavone

Table 5-13 .

Table 5-13.
isoflavone

Sample	Extraction and pretreatment	Isoflavone contents (%)
Defatted soybean grits	extraction concentration centrifugation or filtration	0.5 1.0
Soybean whey	freeze dry extraction centrifugation or filtration	0.5 1.0
Separated soybean hypocotyl	extraction concentration centrifugation or filtration	1.5 3.6

80%

SEC

isoflavone

isoflavone 0.5 1.0%

isoflavone 1.5 1.8%

1.5 3.6

80% isoflavone

isoflavone 0.4 0.6 mg%

isoflavone , 가
 isoflavone , 가
 Fig. 5-6 .

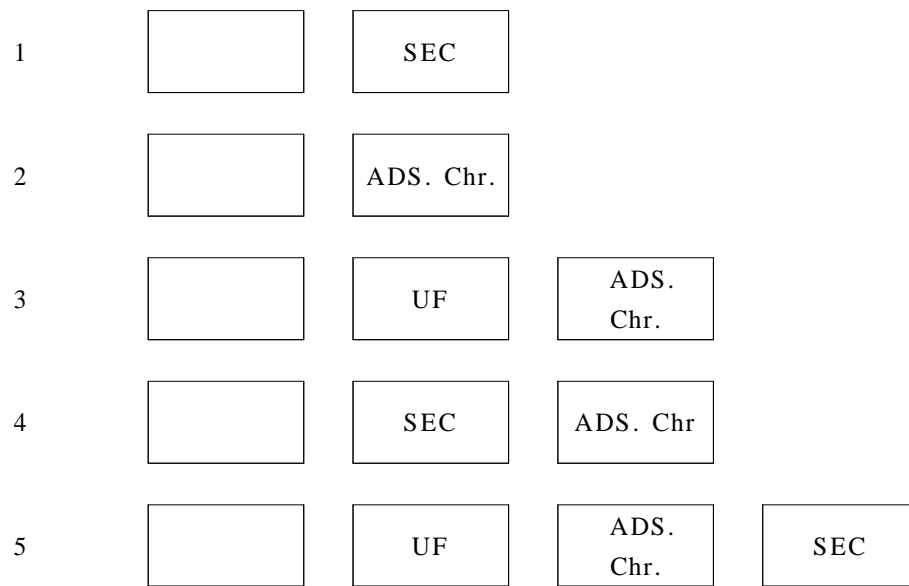


Fig. 5-6. isoflavone , .

1 SEC
 isoflavone , .
 10% , 5%
 isoflavone . Resin L
 isoflavone
 가 가 .

2 SEC 가

SEC 가 3.5 4.0% 2.5 3.0% , isoflavone isoflavone

3 isoflavone 30 35% 가 isoflavone aglycone 45 60% isoflavone isoflavone 3 가

4 SEC isoflavone 10 13% , 12 15% isoflavone 가

5 3 isoflavone isoflavone 가

4. isoflavone

isoflavone

3 isoflavone 10 20%
 cyclodextrin 1:1 (Buchi, 190
 Mini Spray Dryer,) inlet temp.
 150 , outlet temp. 100

Table 5- 14 . Maltodextrin cyclodextrin 가
 가 isoflavone
 isoflavone

isoflavone isoflavone , 가
 isoflavone . Maltodextrin cyclodextrin
 가 ,
 가 가 .

Table 5- 14. 가 isoflavone

	Isoflavone conc. (%)	(WSI) (%)	(9)		
1 (+ Maltodextrin A)	30.4 %	93.0	2.3	6.2	2.7
2 (+ Maltodextrin B)	29.6 %	93.4	6.7	4.3	4.9
3 (+ Cyclodextrin)	31.6 %	92.9	6.6	6.1	3.7
Isoflavone (U.S.A)	34.7 %	75.5	1.1	8.7	1.7

5

1.

가.

free radical ,
 , Angiotensin (ACE)
 Table 6-1 .
 80
 isoflavone isoflavone 80%
 가 isoflavone (Sigma)

Table 6-1.

	80% Ethanol extract	100% methanol extract	Hot water extract
Isoflavone (mg/g)	5.5	8.2	0.9
Extraction yields (%)	23.2	12.7	92.4
Isoflavone yields (%)	65.4	53.0	42.7
Antiradical activities of potent antioxidants by DPPH(EC50,μg/mL)	598.1	395.1	4198.5
Nitrite scavenging (%)	61.1	95.1	24.7
ACE inhibition (%)	6.8	14.6	26.6

1) Free radical

isoflavone radical DPPH(, - diphenyl-
 - picrylhydrazyl) DPPH
 (EC50) (4198.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$), 80% (598.1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$),
 100% (395.1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$) free
 radical 가 가 EC50 isoflavone
 DPPH isoflavone radical
 300
 Williams (1995) 207가 DPPH
 kinetic behavior 1 6 steady state
 “slow kinetic type” isoflavone
 DPPH Fig. 6-1 .

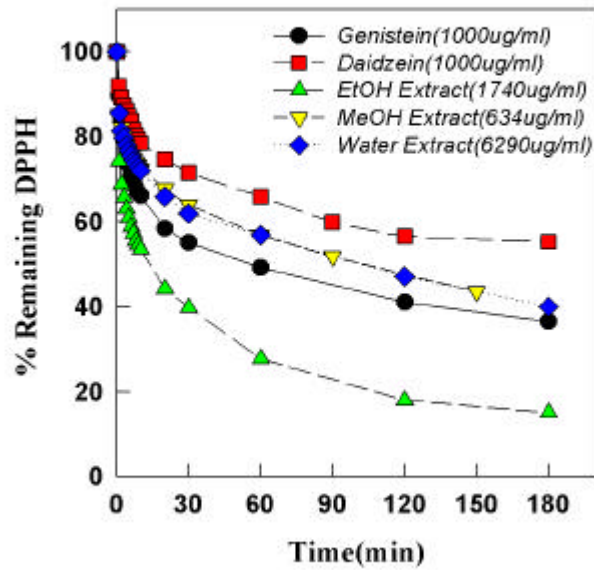


Fig. 6-1. Isoflavone

DPPH

2)

가 , 가 가 가

Fig. 6-2

pH가 pH 1.2 가
pH가
pH

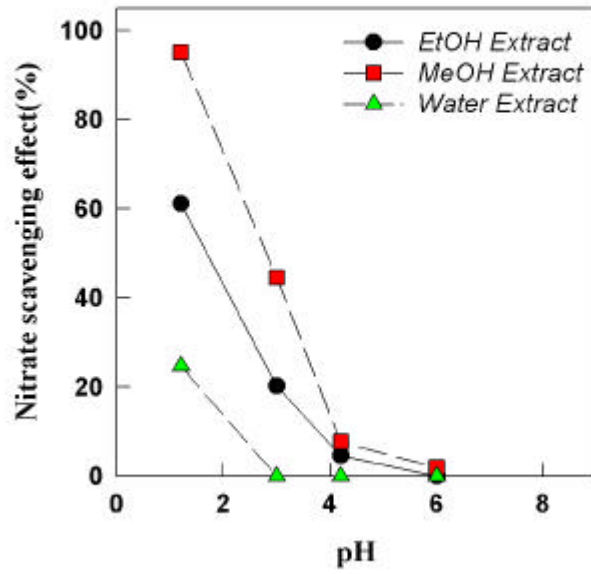


Fig. 6-2. pH

가 ascorbic acid(10mg)
 , pH 1.2 95%
 가 가
3) Angiotensin (ACE)
 ACE Table 6-1 ACE
 (Angiotensin - converting enzyme) angiotensin
 angiotensin ,
 bradykinin
 Table 6-1 가
 isoflavone isoflavone
 가
 ACE isoflavone 河村(1990)

3 isoflavone aglycone DPPH (methanol (hexane ether , chloroform , ethylacetate , butanol , water)

Table 6-2 isoflavone aglycone glycitein DPPH
 가 가 , daidzein genistein
 Table 6-3 isoflavone saponine
 ethylacetate , butanol ethylacetate
 가

Table 6-2. DPPH isoflavone aglycone

Isoflavone	Antioxidative Activity ¹⁾ (EC ₅₀ , $\mu\text{g/mL}$)
Genistein	278
Daidzein	300 ²⁾
Glycitein	180

1) Concentration required for 50% reduction of 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) after 30min.

2) 300 $\mu\text{g/mL}$

Table 6-2. DPPH methanol

Variety	Antioxidative Activity ¹⁾ (EC ₅₀ , $\mu\text{g/mL}$)	
	EtOAc Fraction	Water Fraction
Hwanggumkong	300 ²⁾	300
Baekchukong	252.3	300
Sinpaldal 2	249.8	300
Suwon 174	54.2	300
Geomjongkong 1	51.8	300
Kyungdong3	50.7	300
Suwon 182	12.2	250.2

1) Concentration required for 50% reduction of 1,1-diphenyl-2-picrylhydrazyl (DPPH) after 30min.

2) 300 $\mu\text{g/mL}$

Isoflavone

가
 cancer cell line
 (SNU- 1) (SNU- C4) MTT
 Table 6- 4 . Glycitein
 methanol . daidzein

Table 6- 4. isoflavone methanol

	Anticarcinogenicity (IC ₅₀ , $\mu\text{g/mL}$)	
	SNU- 1a)	SNU- C4b)
Genistein	251	300
Daidzein	271	300
Glycitein	116	246
Methanol extract of soybean	87	251

1) human cell line of stomach cancer

2) human cell line of colon cancer

, , crude BBPI
 (SNU- 1) (SNU- C4)
 Table 6- 5 . crude BBPI

가
 crude BBPI 가 가

Table 6-5. Bowman-Birk protease inhibitor

	Anticarcinogenicity (IC ₅₀ , $\mu\text{g/mL}$)	
	SNU- 1a)	SNU- C4b)
Crude BBPI of defatted Huktae	167	214
Crude BBPI of defatted Seuritae	257	300
Crude BBPI of defatted Yakkong	300	300

1) human cell line of stomach cancer

2) human cell line of colon cancer

2. 가 isoflavone

isoflavone 가 , 가 가
 isoflavone
 (20 40%), 99% isoflavone , isoflavone ,
 pH, isoflavone . isoflavone
 , isoflavone 가가
 , , isoflavone
 .

가. isoflavone , pH,
 isoflavone 가 , 가 가
 , isoflavone
 (20 40%), 99% isoflavone , isoflavone ,
 pH, Fig. 6-3 .

Fig. 6-3 isoflavone pH 1
 pH 3 pH 8 pH
 . Isoflavone pH

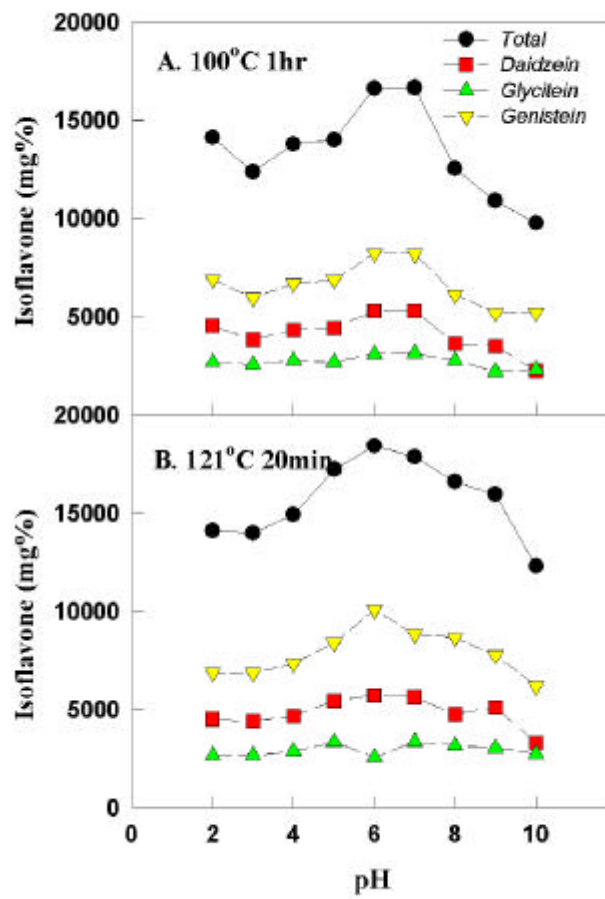


Fig. 6-3. pH 가 isoflavone isoflavone

isoflavone
 Fig. 6-4 pH 가
 isoflavone

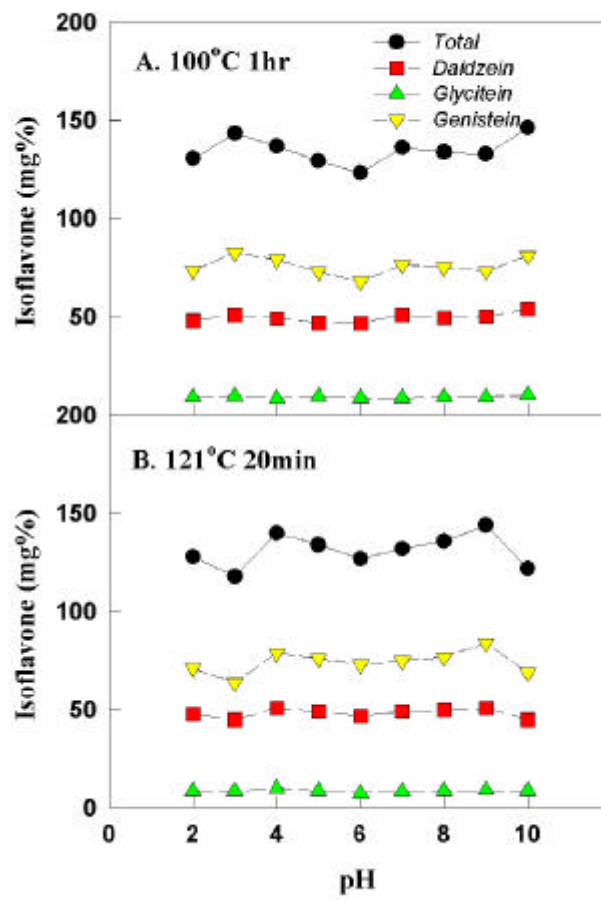


Fig. 6-4. pH 가 isoflavone

99% isoflavone
 Fig. 6-5
 genistein daidzein
 pH 3 pH 3 pH 8 pH
 isoflavone pH
 가
 가
 가

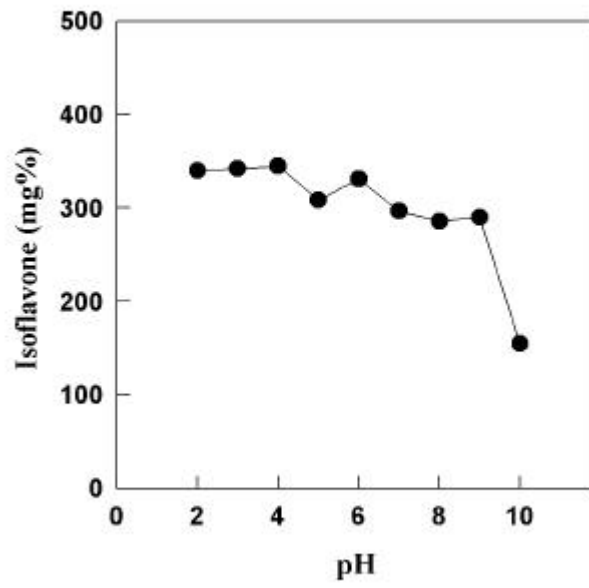


Fig. 6-5. pH 가 (121 , 20)
 genistein(99%)

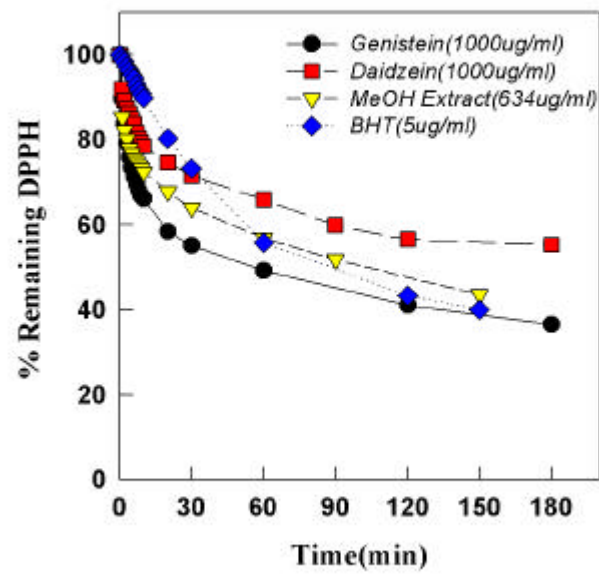


Fig. 6- 6. Isoflavone, , BHT DPPH

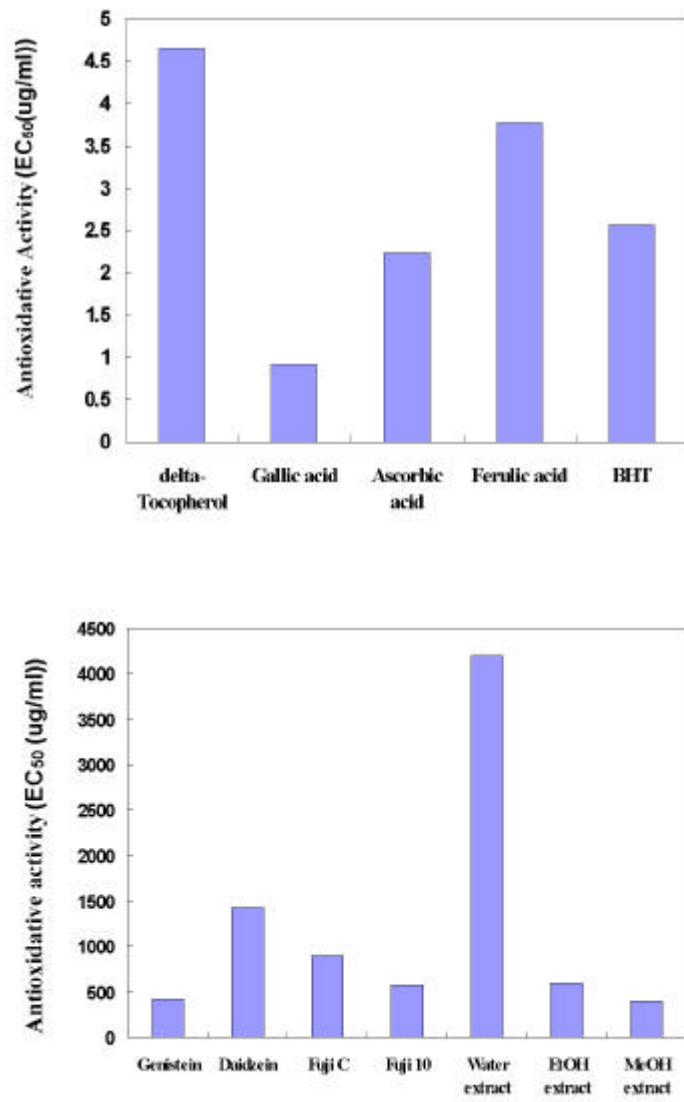


Fig. 6-7. Isoflavone,

3) Isoflavone

Isoflavone 가

. Isoflavone

50 mg

(Setchell, 1995)

isoflavone 가

가 200 g 0.1, 0.5, 1.0 g isoflavone (

40%) 가

가

. Isoflavone

가

isoflavone

가

가

isoflavone

Fig. 6-8

가

. 0.1 g 가

2.2% 가

, 0.1 g 가

4.8% 가, 1.0

g

가

4.9% 가

.

isoflavone

5%

93%

가

가

가

,

가

isoflavone

가

(65.4%,

)

40%

isoflavone

0.05, 0.1, 0.15, 0.2%

가

가

0.2%

30%

isoflavone

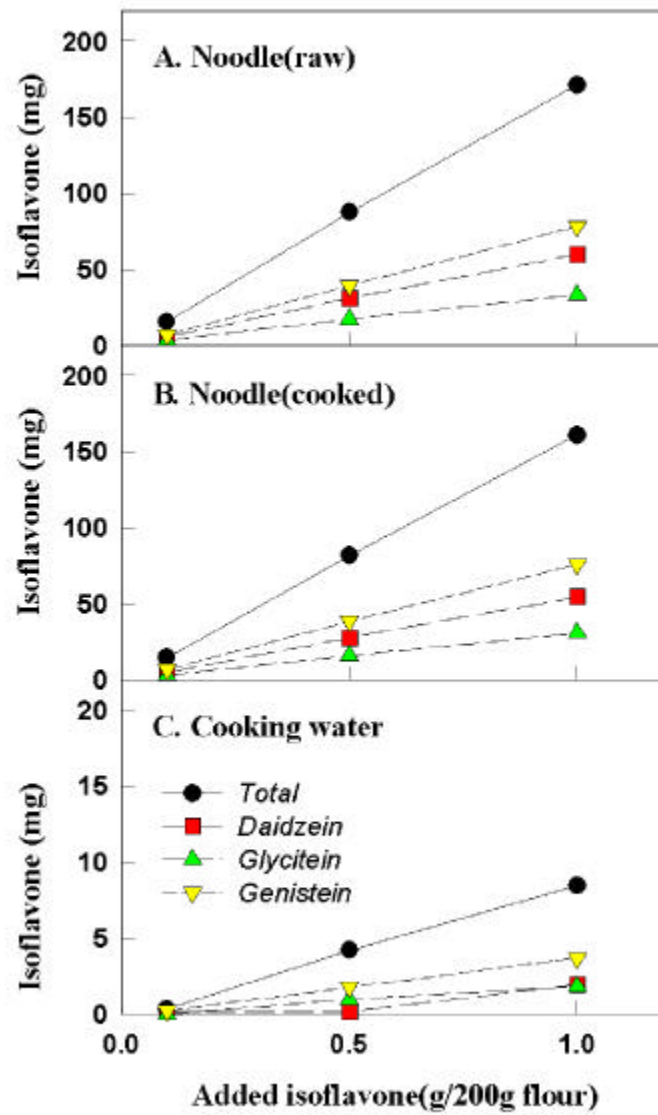


Fig. 6- 8. Isoflavone

isoflavone

6 가

g/day 50 mg isoflavone 1 25 가
가
isoflavone 30 mg .
isoflavone 5 10 μ M ,

(1998)

가 가 가
isoflavone

가

가

1.

isoflavone glycitein ,
soyasaponin A1 A4 .
가 ,
7.9% 가 가
가
가

가.

15 (, hypocotyl) (cotyledon)
 (100 25 g)
) 1.6 2.1%, (100 12 25 g) 1.8 2.9%, (100
 12 g) 2.6 3.4% . 가
 19.2%() 18.2%() 8.9() 9.9%(),
 1/2 .
 isoflavone
 6120 14745 µg/g 375 2393 µg/g 5 16
 . Isoflavone 가
 glycitein . isoflavone

phytic acid , 1.0 1.8%
 2.4 3.0% . Competitive ELISA

Bowman-Birk Protease Inhibitor

4.7 14.0 mg/g, 3.6 10.4 mg/g

가 puffing roasting
 puffing
 roasting roasting

가

(Roaster, Probat Co. Germany) 95rpm

150 210

isoflavone, phytic acid, BBPI . Fig. 7-1 15

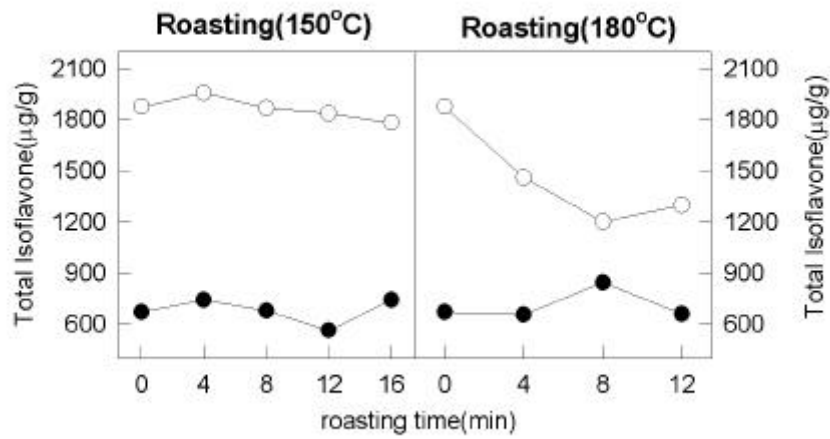


Fig. 7-1.

isoflavone

(○-○), (●-●)

protease

Trypsin

inhibitor

150

12

, 180

4

chymotrypsin inhibitor

150

12

, 180

8

90%

BBPI

210

2

, 180

4

, 150

12

protease

roasting

phytic acid

150

12

가 210

2

2.85%

2.44%

isoflavone

150

12

isoflavone

가

. Table 7-1

가

2 :

1

가

가

가

豆芽茶

, 豆芽茶

Table 7-1

Table 7-1.

isoflavone

	I	II	III	IV	V
	1: 0.5	1: 0.34 : 0.16	1: 0.5	1: 0.34 : 0.16	1: 1
	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	9g/600mL
	4.6b	6.3ab	5.8ab	5.4b	7.3a
	5.8a	6.5a	6.6a	6.9a	4.0b
	5.9a	6.5a	6.8a	6.9a	4.0b
	5.4ab	6.1a	6.9a	6.8a	4.1b
isoflavone ($\mu\text{g/g}$)	3505.0	2991.1	3739.8	3794.5	5141.5
Isoflavone (%)	76.4	65.2	81.5	82.7	-

Table 7-2

Table 7-2.

	I	II	III	IV	V
	1: 0.5	1: 0.34 : 0.16	1: 0.5	1: 0.34 : 0.16	1: 1
	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	1.5g/100mL	9g/600mL
2	0.1b	0.1b	0.0b	0.0b	1.5a
	5.3b	6.9a	7.4a	6.5a	4.5b
	5.0b	6.8a	6.8a	6.3a	3.9b
	5.0b	6.8a	6.9a	6.3a	4.1b
3	0.2b	0.2b	0.2b	0.2b	2.1a
	5.6c	7.7a	6.8ab	6.2tc	4.0d
	5.0b	6.8a	6.3ab	5.6tc	3.2d
	5.3c	7.4a	6.8ab	6.0tc	3.7d

2.

가.

가 20 가 10%
 (%) 3.8, 18.0,
 25.0 가 5.0, 0.1, 4, 44.1
 가

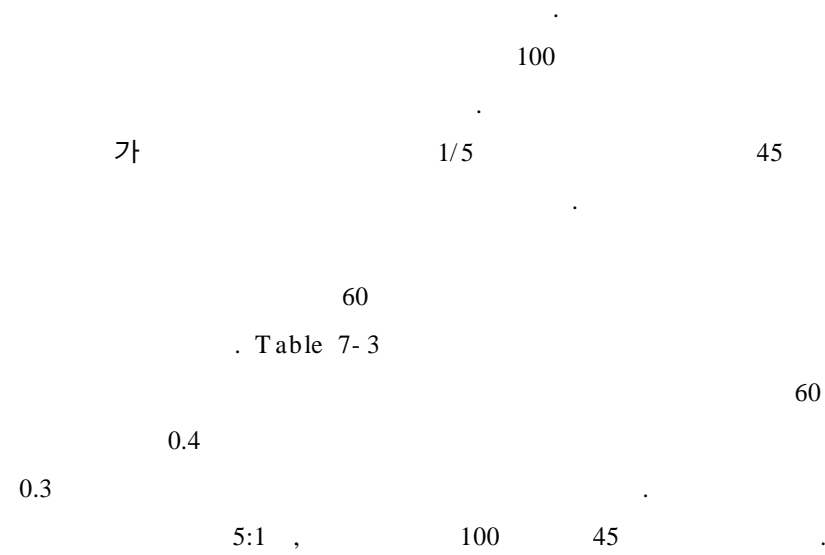


Table 7-3

()	1)	2)
0	0.50	0.56
30	0.35	0.42
45	0.28	0.41
60	0.22	0.40

- 1) : (1/5)
 2) : (1/10)

Table 7-4

가
 가
 가
 가

Table 7-4. (%)

	3.8	3.8	3.8	6.8
	18	18	18	18
	25	25	30	30
가	5	5	5	5
	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
	4	8	8	8
	44.1	40.1	35	32

(SOYNUT)

0.05% NaHCO₃
 NaHCO₃

가
 (frying) (toasting)
 가
 가 가 Table 7-5

Table 7-5.

		NaHCO ₃ (%)	0	0.05	0.05	0.05
(g/ 100g)	가		2	2	0	2
			0	0	2	0
(%)			6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
			46	46	46	46
			0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
			6	6	6	4
			6	6	6	4
			35	35	35	39
			6.1b	6.9ab	7.7a	6.4b
1)			7.0a	7.1a	6.1b	6.9ab
			6.3a	7.0a	6.1a	6.7a
			6.6a	7.0a	6.1a	6.6a

1) 9

5:1

가

가 10 : 1

가

가

가

Table 7-5

가

Table 7-6

100

15

Table 7-6.

		15min.	30min.	45min.	60min.
(Aw)	0.38	0.26	0.25	0.22	0.20

3.

가 . 35 g
가 (丹波)
가
60 80 g 가

가.
12
(100 , boiling), (95 , steaming), 가
(121 , retorting) .
50
. 가
. 가
30
18 1 가 가 . 가
가 가
25 7 , 50 4
가
가
가 가
가 가
20 , 60. Brix 24 20. Brix 6 , 40. Brix

(Puffing) , 3
 20. Brix 24 , 40. Brix 48 , 60
 . Brix 72 . Table 7-7
 10.4%, 12.2%
 가 가
 가 .

Table 7-7.

1)			
(cBx)	27	30	30
(hr)	50	74	144
	5.1ab	4.3b	5.6ab
	6.3a	6.0a	6.0a
	6.1a	6.1a	5.8a
1)	6.1a	6.6a	5.6a
	6.1a	6.6a	5.6a

1) 9

가 (4.5 kg/cm²)
 가 . 40. Bx
 가 가 4

20. Bx 가
 30. Bx가 40. Bx 4
 60. Bx 가
 가 Table 7- 8
 가 가 가 50
 가 가
 가 , 가
 가
 가
 가
 121 30 , 1 가
 10 12% 15 20. Brix
 6 , 40. Brix 24 , 60. Brix 24

Table 7- 8. (° Bx)

	(° Bx)
20 30. Bx	16.6
30 60. Bx	24.6
40 60. Bx	20.0
20 40 60. Bx	30.0
20 40. Bx, 가	20.0
20 40 60. Bx, 가	28.0

50 ,

가 (sugar bloom)

50

가

가

30

가

70

,

0.8

가

50

6

20%,

0.8

16%

50

6

25 30. Brix

(20 40 60. Brix)

가

가

10 20%

가 26.7.

Brix,

()가 30.0. Brix

가

가

가

가

4.

가. Isoflavone

isoflavone ()
 7%) 가 65 124 $\mu\text{g/mL}$
 , 28.8 26.8 $\mu\text{g/g}$.
 isoflavone aglycone 1 5%
 Isoflavone
 , , estrogen 50 mg
 isoflavone 200 mL 1 mL 250 μg
 . Table 7-9 isoflavone
 Isoflavone 2 3 3
 . Isoflavone
 가
 3 .

Table 7-9. Isoflavone

	isoflavone			
	Isoflavone 200 $\mu\text{g/mL}$	Isoflavone 300 $\mu\text{g/mL}$	Isoflavone 200 $\mu\text{g/mL}$	Isoflavone 300 $\mu\text{g/mL}$
	6.4a	4.0b	7.0a	6.0a
()	6.0a	3.7c	6.4a	5.4b
	6.4a	3.7c	6.7a	5.4b

isoflavone ,
Soy Protein Concentrate,
Isolated Soy Protein(ADM Co.) Vit A(Vitamin A-acetate 325, GFP), Vit
B1(Thiamin Hydrochloride), Vit B2(Riboflavin), Vit C(L- ascorbic acid
crystalline), Vit E(Vit E-acetate SD50) BASF Co. 가 .
200 mL RDA 30% 가 , , ,
가 .
Isoflavone
가 , isoflavone aglycone 2%
aglycone
가 가 .
.
Isoflavone 50 mg
isoflavone
.
Isoflavone , Ca- lactate , Vit.C
가 12 cBrix, 가 pH 3.5 가 가
Table 7- 10 가, , isoflavone
(65 cBrix),
(72 cBrix) (48 cBrix) 가 ,
(2 cBrix) 가 . Table 7- 9
가 ()
가 ()가 가 .

Table 7- 10. Isoflavone

(%)

10% Isoflavone	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ca- lactate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vit. C	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
	9.7	10.04	9.6	11.0	10.93
	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.1	3.5
	87.55	87.21	87.65	88.15	84.82

Table 7- 11

가 가 ,
 가 가
 가 가 가 가

Table 7- 12 A B

10 cBrix

가

A

12 cBrix, B

12 cBrix

10cBrix

Brix 10 cBrix

Table 7- 11. Isoflavone

(%)

	A	B	C
10% Isoflavone	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ca-lactate	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vit. C	0.1	0.1	0.1
	0.05	0.05	0.05
	10.93	10.93	10.93
	3.5	3.5	3.5
	0.02	0.02	0.02
	84.8	84.8	84.8

Table 7- 12 C, D, E 10 cBrix
가 ,

가 가 가 .

Table 7- 12 E

가 가

Table 7- 13 .

가 Vit. C 0.1% 0.05% 가
, Vit. C 0.1% 0.05%, 0.05% 가
가
0.05% 가 B

Table 7-12 . Isoflavone

(%)

	A	B	C	D	E
10% Isoflavone	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ca- lactate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vit. C	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
	11.0	9.0	4.0	2.0	1.6
	-	-	6.0	8.0	8.0
	-	-	-	-	0.04
	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
	84.73	86.73	85.73	85.73	85.73

Table 7-13.

isoflavone

(%)

	()		()		
	A	B	C	D	E
10% Isoflavone	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Ca- lactate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Vit. C	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.06
	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	-
	-	0.05	-	-	-
	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6
	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
	2.0	2.0	3.5	3.5	3.5
	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
	87.23	87.18	85.73	85.68	85.64

가 가 C
 가 E D Vit. C
 가 pH 0.06%
 Table 7- 14
 A B
 가 A B 가

Table 7- 14. Isoflavone

	A	B
10% Isoflavone	0.5	0.5
Ca- lactate	0.1	0.1
Vit. C	0.1	0.06
	0.05	-
	0.05	-
	1.6	1.6
	8.0	8.0
(%)	0.4	0.4
	2.0	3.5
	0.02	0.02
	87.18	85.64
	5.0b	7.1a
	5.9a	5.4a
	5.9a	5.1a
	6.1a	6.0a

5.

가. (isoflavone)

3 5 (Table 6- 1) 80% 30
 cBrix 3 4 isoflavone

가 Table

7- 13

10.08% isoflavone

1.2% ,

C 1.8% , 2.0% 가 . Table 7- 15

가 10% (15.64%)

가 , 가 12% (17.82%)

가 가 14% (

19.19%)

12 : 83

2 (40 g) isoflavone 50 mg

가 가

Table 7- 15. isoflavone 가

(%)

Isoflavone	8	10	12	14	16
	87	85	83	81	79
1)	5	5	5	5	5
(%)	14.18	15.64	17.82	19.19	21.48

1) : 1.2% , C 1.8% , 2.0%

Isoflavone 40%
 8.4 mL isoflavone
 30%
 . Isoflavone 40%
 0.59 g Table 7- 15
 가 1 (20 g) isoflavone 50 mg
 가 가 .
 Isoflavone , , C
 가 , ,
 . Table 7- 16 isoflavone 가가 12%
 , B2

Table 7- 16. Isoflavone
 (%)

	A	B	C	D	E
Isoflavone	12	12	12	12	12
	82.5	83.3	83.3	82.8	83.1
	1.5	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75
Vit. C	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
	2	2	2	2.5	2
Vit. B2	0.008	0.008	-	0.008	0.008
()	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.30

Table 7- 16 Table 7- 17 B2 가 가
 가 .

7- 16 B가 가

Table 7- 17.

	A	B	C	D	E
	7.3a	7.0a	4.6b	6.7a	7.0a
	5.3a	6.3a	5.1a	5.6a	5.4a
	5.3a	6.4a	6.7a	5.9a	5.7a
	4.3a	3.9a	3.6a	3.9a	3.3a
	5.3a	6.4a	5.6a	5.9a	5.1a

. Tablet

Isoflavone

· , , , (ADM isoflavone, 40%), , , P, D3가 1 25 40 mg isoflavone 가 가

(,)

가

가 (4% 7%)

isoflavone 가 pH가 2.7

57.8%

1%



Fig. 7-2. Isoflavone 음료 제품



Fig. 7-3 스넥형 조미콩과 당침콩 제품



Fig. 7-4. 대두 배아 침출차와 isoflavone 과립 제품

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