



Lignin cloning

lignin

Development of pulp wood with low lignin content by
cloning of OMT gene

” “Lignin cloning lignin
.
2000 12 20
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
:
:

(Antisense RNA) lignin
 pulp, 가 ,
 (, , pulp 가)가
 .
 OMT (O- methyl transferase) lignin 가
 , homology가
 lignin 가 .
 가 antisense
 transgenic plant 가 .
 가
 . , xylem specific OMT
 promoter 가 consitutive
 promoter (CaMV 35S) . promoter
 .
 xylem- specific promoter antisense
 construction lignin xylem
 .

가. OMT cloning

. Tissue specific promoter

. lignin

. lignin

1) Pulp lignin

2) Cellulose 가

3) Pulp

4) Pulp

1 (1996)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lignin - OMT - OMT message - Library , OMT 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · probe · RNA · Northern blot · Message
2 (1997)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - OMT - lignin 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Tissue specific mRNA · Oligonucleotide probe · PCR cloning · Sequencing · Genomic library · cDNA, genomic DNA
3 (1998)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gene structure - Antisense RNA vector 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Isolation of genomic clones · Sequencing · Vector with 35S promoter · Vector with xylem specific promoter
4 (1999)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - vector test - Agrobacterium transformation - Poplar 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Agrobacterium · Southern, Northern
5 (2000)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - lignin 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Northern blot · Lignin (Lignin)

·

가.

1

-
- lignin OMT
- cDNA library

2

- lignin
- (PCR GUS)
- genomic library

3

- genomic library OMT clone
- subcloning
- antisense vector Agrobacterium binary vector
- OMT cDNA

4

- antisense vector Agrobacterium binary vector
-
- antisense vector Agrobacterium binary vector

5

-
- promoter

1) Pulp

- lignin 가 ligning
가 pulp pulp

2)

- lignin lignin 가
lignin

3)

- lignin

4)

- OMT

SUMMARY

O-methyltransferase (OMT) encoding gene was isolated from developing secondary xylem of *Populus nigra x maximowiczii*, cDNA clones were functionally characterized, and transgenic *P. nigra x maximowiczii* independent lines with antisense OMT gene were successfully achieved.

Three cDNA clones were isolated from direct screening and PCR screening of a cDNA library of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* containing a total of 5.0×10^6 pfu/ml with 99% recombinants and various size of insert DNA from 0.5 kb to 5.2 kb as confirmed in *in vivo* excision. The #2 clone from direct screening and A1.1 and B1.4 clones from the PCR screening were selected for sequencing analysis. The full-length sequences from 5'-untranslated region to 3'-noncoding region of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* OMT cDNA were obtained by sequence comparison with each other. The OMT cDNA was consisted of 1345 nucleotides in total and the translational start site of the open reading frame (ORF) at nucleotide 21 and the TAA stop site at nucleotide 1116. A possible polyadenylation signal, AATAAC, was located at positions 1277 to 1282. The G+C content of the coding region was 47.6% and the translation product corresponded to a 365 amino acid polypeptides. Although *P. nigra x maximowiczii* OMT cDNA was confirmed to have a full-length cDNA containing -20 to poly(A)+ tail, it was depleted 44 bp at 5'-untranslated region and 114 bp in 3'-noncoding region compared with aspen (89% sequence identity). Moreover, histidine (CAT) at the codon 97 and isoleucine (ATT) at the codon 316 were substituted for leucine (CTT) and valine (GTT), respectively. Northern analysis confirmed that the developing secondary xylem is the main tissues where the OMT gene expresses.

The genomic library containing titer of 1,000 pfu was constructed and characterized from highly purified phage clones from genomic DNA extracted from xylem of *P. nigra x maximowiczii*. The OMT genomic DNA of *P. nigra x*

maximowiczii was consisted of 4 exons and 3 introns. The first, second, third, and forth exon have been had 419, 311, 65, 511 nucleotides, respectively. The border sequences from all three introns were started at GT and terminated with AG sequences. The *P. nigra x maximowiczii* genomic OMT DNAs had 9 restriction sites; 2 internal *EcoRI* sites, *SalI*, *BamHI*, *HpaI*, *HgiAI*, *DsaI*, *BclI*, and *RsaI*.

Antisense OMT vectors were constructed and the down-regulation of internal OMT gene by expressing antisense OMT gene was tried by *Agrobacterium*-mediated transformation. The frequency of callus induction and mean number of callus per leaf segment showed to be better on the Method I. However, the condition of cultured leaf was better on the Method II. In GUS histochemical analysis, blue coloring was observed in the veins of leaf segments and on surface or whole part of callus. The plants regenerated from kanamycin resistant callus were obtained by culturing on the 1/2MS medium containing BA 1.0 mg/l. The phenotype of putative transgenic plants was visually indistinguishable with control plants and they also rooted very well. However, the putative transgenic plants showed more weaker shoot characteristic than that of control plants. To confirm that stable integration of the antisense OMT gene had occurred, PCR and southern analysis were carried out using OMT primers. A 0.7 kb DNA fragment was amplified from the PCR method and this band was strongly hybridized with OMT probe. Therefore it was confirmed that antisense OMT gene was integrated into genomic DNA of *P. nigra x maximowiczii*.

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3				99
4				130

1

1

가 , 가 93
 , 가 220kg
 130kg 가
 pulp
 65%
 (88 8% 93 62%).
 pulp, 가
 ().

Table1- 1.

(1994)

	(ton/day)	(%)
	2, 151. 18	74. 4
	370. 31	12. 8
	245. 14	8. 5
	1. 03	-
	2. 94	0. 1
	122. 55	4. 2
	2, 893. 15	100. 0

cellulose pulp lignin (lignin) pulp
 pulp 2/3
 Lignin pulp cellulose lignin
 (4000kwh/ton) (800kg NaOH/ton)
 lignin
 lignin lignin 40- 50%
 lignin 가
 Lignin (Antisense RNA)
 lignin pulp, 가
 가) , (, pulp
 가 가
 가

lignin lignin monomeric unit가
 ,
 lignin cellulose
 가 , lignin monomeric
 unit monolignol (cinnamyl alcohol) 가
 , monolignol lignin
 () .

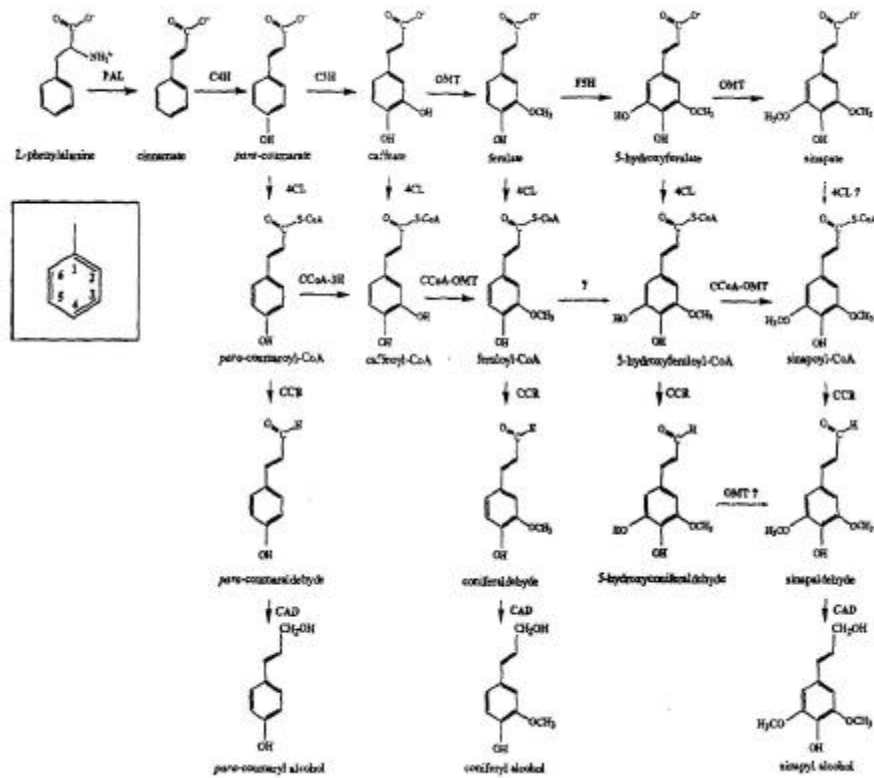


Figure 1-1. Pathway of Lignin Biosynthesis

Lignin p-coumaryl alcohol, coniferyl alcohol sinapyl alcohol
 , glucose shikimic

acid pathway, cinnamic acid pathway .
 phenylalanine ammonia
 lyase(PAL), cinnamyl alcohol dehydrogenase(CAD), O- methyltransferase(OMT)
 . Lignin hormone PAL lignin
 1970 .
 OMT , approach code
 cloning .
 OMT dihydroxy cinnamic acid methylation lignin
 . Monolignol phenylpropanoid pathway OMT caffeic
 acid ferulic acid 5- hydroxyferulic acid .
 antisense RNA lignin monolignol
 가 . lignin
 tissue- specific , xylem

lignin 15- 30% ,
 lignin 가
 가

3

Pulp 가가 93 pulp
 46 ton .
 31 ton . pulp 90%
 가 lignin 가 energy
 lignin 가
 , lignin 가

pulp 62% pulp 90% Lignin transgenic pulp , pulp

가

가

, cloning, antisense DNA lignin 가

, cloning, gene construct

lignin 4가

가 . Phenylalanine ammonia - lyase (PAL), OMT, CAD anionic peroxidase (POD)

Lignin 4가

lignin 가 가

OMT CAD lignin mutant

. 1986 Ecker Davis

CAT antisense RNA antisense technique

가

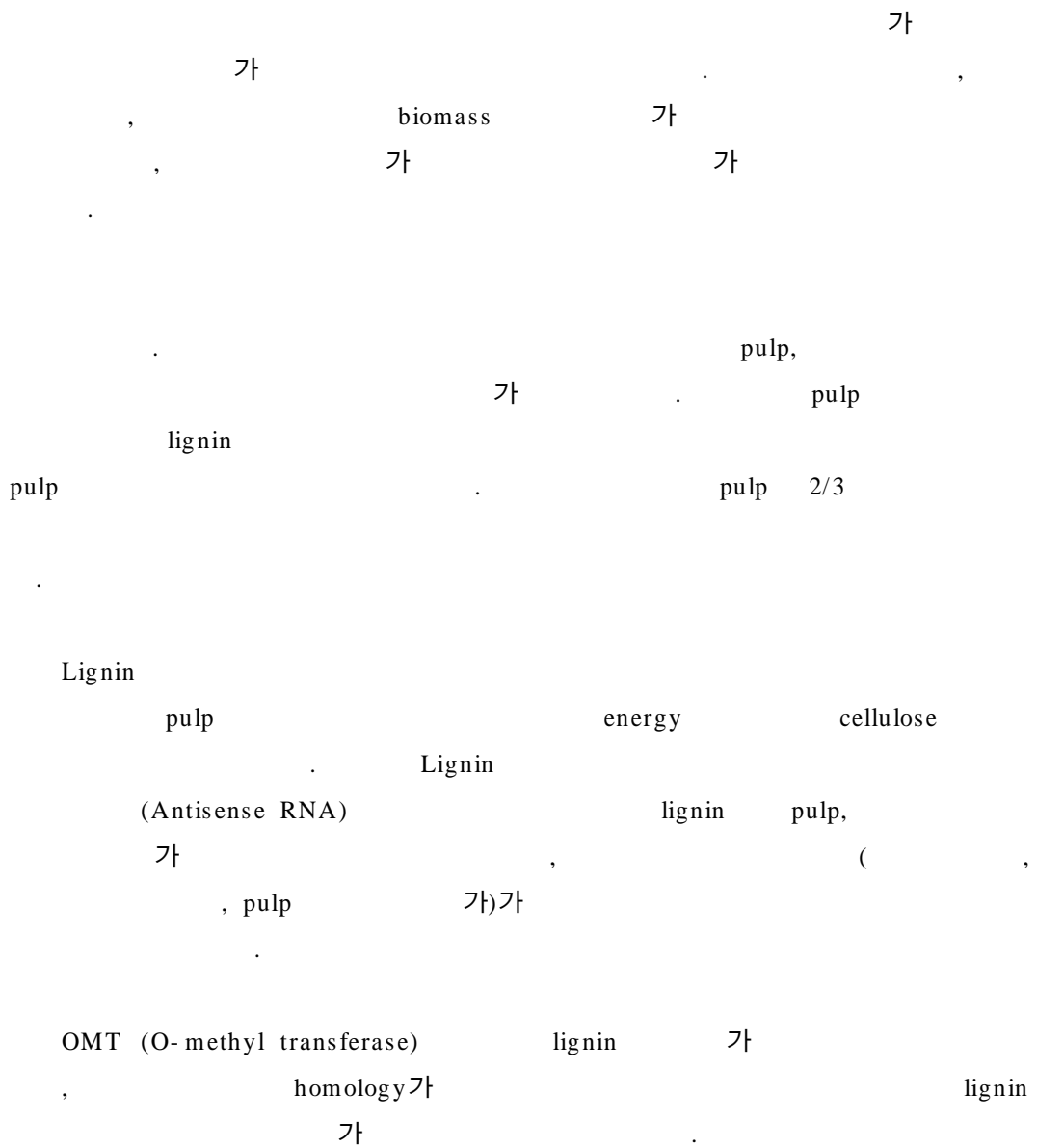
Chalcone synthase , tomato ripening

OMT lignin 가 , lignin 가
 homology가 lignin 가
 . Antisense transgenic plant 가
 .
 가
 .
 , xylem specific OMT promoter
 가 promoter(CaMV 35S) .
 promoter .
 genomic library xylem promoter
 antisense construct lignin xylem
 가 .
 pulp 가 가 pulp .
 pulp 88 가 93 62%
 . , pulp 가 poplar
 , poplar 가 (Intensive,
 Short Rotation cultivation) biomass . pulp
 pulp
 chip . pulp
 . transgenic poplar ,
 , pulp
 . clone 가
 cloning . Vector system
 . clone , vector
 ,
 transgenic plant가 pulp lignin
 pulp .

2

antisense vector

1



가
antisense OMT
Agrobacterium 가 lignin

2

1. clone

(*Populus nigra x maximowiczii*)

96 2
30 cm pot
2 , 3 가
secondary xylem
가 2 Tween 20
, 30 , 70% 1 , 3% NaClO
10 3 . 100 mg/l myo-inositol,
2% sucrose (), 0.8% agar가 가
가 1/2MS 25 ± 1cC, 가 16/8
shoot

2.

Agrobacterium strain

. *P. nigra x maximowiczii* (), *P. grandulosa* () single nodal
Agrobacterium strain (ALG-1 A281) , 가
. 3 ,

single nodal GUS substrate x- gluc
 GUS
 ALG-1 A281 strain
 OMT *Agrobacterium* binary vector lignin 가 antisense
 non- isotope
 southern
Agrobacterium tumefaciens (ALG-1 A281) pBI121, p35SGUSINT
 pZAc1 가 binary vector plasmid reporter -
 glucuronidase (GUS) selection marker Neomycin phosphotransferase II
 (NPTII) , p35SGUSINT GUS leader sequence intron
 GUS
 X- gluc staining GUS staining
 T- DNA가 RNA splicing intron

3. antisense OMT

3 antisense pBI121OMT vector *A. tumefaciens* LBA4404
 strain poplar , *A. tumefaciens* LBA4404
 single colony 3 ml LB 28cC 2 , 200
 $\mu\ell$ 100 ml LB 28cC overnight
 Cell 가 O.D.540 0.3 - 0.5 40 ml
 8,000 rpm 5 cell , 0.01M Tris HCl 25 ml
 가 8,000 rpm 5 cell
 , 1 ml LB 가 , antisense pBI121OMT plasmid DNA 1 $\mu\ell$
 LTE 24 $\mu\ell$ 가 microcentrifuge tube 100 $\mu\ell$ 가
 5 , 37cC 25 incubation LB
 1 ml 가 28cC 2 10,000
 rpm 1 900 $\mu\ell$
 kanamycin streptomycin 가 LB plating 28cC 2

colony DNA

colony

50 mg/l kanamycin LB 200 rpm 2

II , 8,000 rpm 5

cell , 가 1/2MS I

pBI121OMT vector 가 A. tumefaciens strain LBA4404

poplar 가 (I , II)

(Figure 2- 1). poplar 가 5 mm

segment , *Agrobacterium* 가 1/2MS

30 paper towel 1.0

mg/l 2,4- D, 0.1 mg/l BA가 1/2MS (callus ; CIM) 2

, 100 mg/l carbenicillin 가 CIM 1

50 mg/l kanamycin 100 mg/l carbenicillin 가 CIM

segment callus . II 가

(100 μ l/100 ml) CIM segment

50 mg/l kanamycin 가 CIM

1 ,

50 mg/l kanamycin 100 mg/l carbenicillin 가 CIM

callus . I II callus segment

1.0 mg/l BA가 가 1/2MS (; SIM)

shoot .

Kanamycin 가 가 5

antisense OMT . 10 mm,

5 mm 45 μ l ddH₂O 5 μ l 0.5 N NaOH가

microcentrifuge tube pestel , 5 가

. 12,000 rpm 3 20 μ l 4 μ l 0.25 N HCl

PCR template DNA .

GUS staining callus CTAB
total genomic DNA GUS primer 가 . GUS
primer sequence .
primer 1: 5'GGTGGGAAAGCGCGTTACAAG3'
primer 2: 5'GTTTACGCGTTGCTTCCGCCA3'

PCR (Techne) 20 ng template DNA, 1 μM NPTII primers, 25 mM MgCl₂,
10 mM dNTPs, 10X reaction buffer, 1 unit Taq DNA polymerase
25 μℓ . 94cC 1 30 denaturation ,
92cC 50 , 52cC 50 , 74cC 50 30 , 75cC
5 . DNA 1% agarose gel , ethidium
bromide UV transilluminator band .

PCR 5 PCR product southern
. Gibco BRL PhotoGene™ Nucleic Acid Detection System
southern , OMT plasmid 0.7 kb PCR
product Gibco BRL BioNick™ Labeling System probe
hybridization .

3

1. clone

가.

(*P. nigra x maximowiczii*)

1

. Clone

(Figure 2-2).

1 2 nodal segment BA 0.5 mg/l 가 MS 가

(Figure 2-3).

1 2

가 1/2MS

clone

1cm

(MS + BA 0.4 mg/l)

6

10

(Figure 2-4).

. model

model

가

MS

1

MS

2

1 cm

BA 2 mg/l

가

1cm

10

(MS + BA 4 mg/l) 3

(Figure 2-5).

2. model

Agrobacterium

(*P. nigra x*

maximowiczii) single nodal *Agrobacterium* strain (ALG-1)

LBA4404 , 가

3 , single nodal

GUS substrate x-gluc GUS

ALG-1 LBA4404 strain

callus 가

callus 가 ,

12 callus

callus kanamycin 가

Agrobacterium tumefaciens strains and binary vectors

P. nigra x maximowiczii () (1/2 MS + 0.1 m/l BA)

single nodal . pin , 2 - 3

Agrobacterium 가 . BA 0.1 mg/l 가 가 1/2MS

()

(kanamycin 100 µg/ml, carbenicillin 500 µg/ml) 가

Agrobacterium

Agrobacterium

nodal 2-3 *Agrobacterium* single
 (5- bromo- 4- chloro- 3- indolyly GUS substrate x- gluc
 - beta- D- glucuronidase) GUS
 p35SGUSINT 가 *Agrobacterium* strain
 가 staining , GUS
 (Figure 2- 6 & 2- 7). leaf disk x- gluc staining
 callus
 (Figure 8). 가
 . (Figure 2- 9).
 가

Antisense OMT 가 *A. tumefaciens* segment
 CIM 1 segment가
 가 , pin
 . 2 5 segment
 callus가 callus ,
 callus가 , callus callus가
 segment 가 callus
 segment II I
 I 191 segment 88 callus가 46.1%
 , II 200 88 가 44% (Figure
 2- 10, Table 2- 1). , segment callus가

Adventitious shoot segment callus SIM
 . SIM callus 1
 . , callus
 callus가 callus
 . 6 callus shoot가 ,
 가 callus callus
 , shoot 가 callus가 .
 callus 가 , friable callus compact
 callus 가 (Figure 2- 11)

shoot callus 가 1/2MS
 . shoot 가
 , 가 (Figure 2- 12).
 , .

(Figure 2- 13 & 2- 14).

primer PCR genomic DNA NPTII
 가 antisense OMT NPTII
 가
 (Figure 15).
 northern .

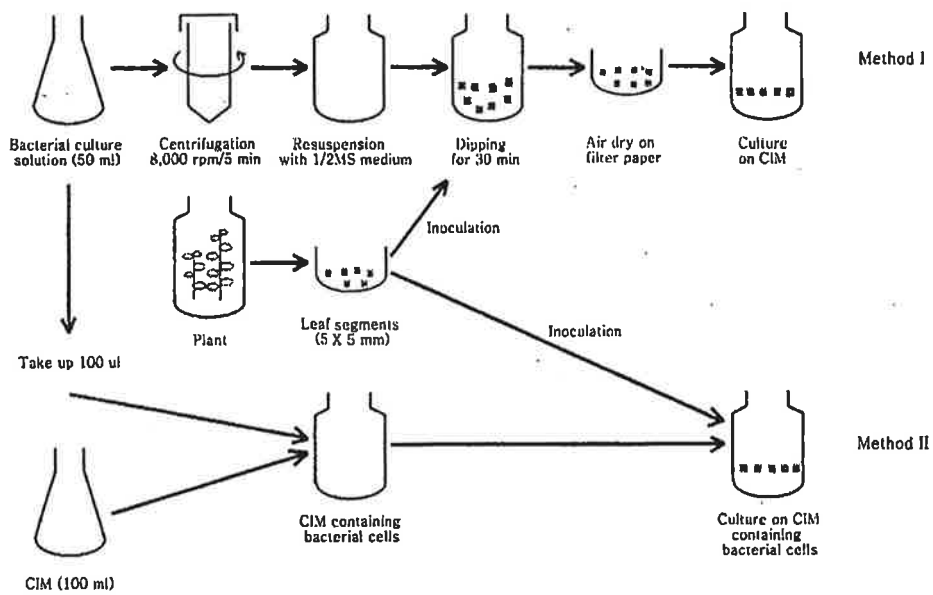


Figure 2-1. Schematic drawing of transformation methods (Method I and Method II).

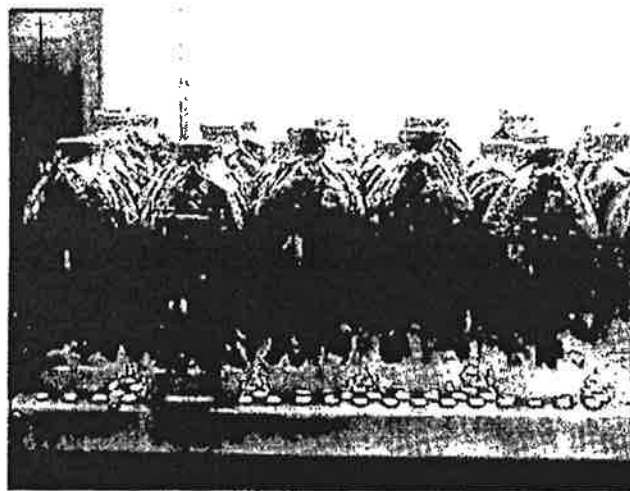
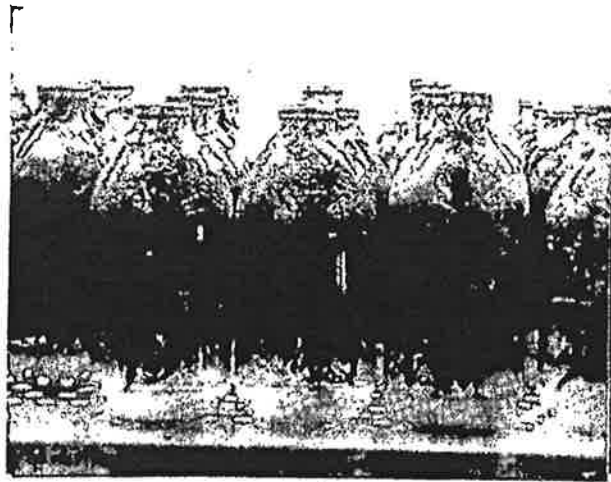


Figure 2-2. Multiple shoot proliferation and shoot elongation of *Populus* species in the culture room

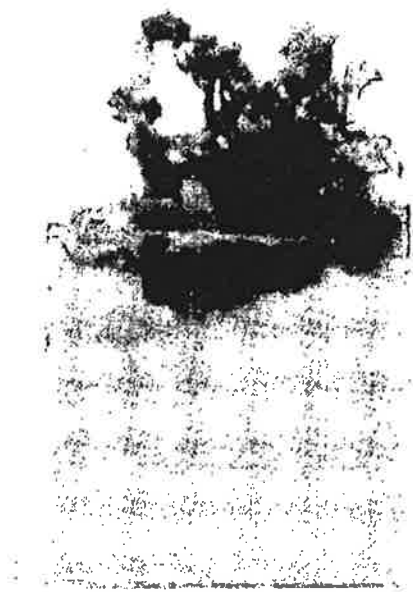


Figure 2-3. Mass micropropagation of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* derived from proliferating axillary shoots from nodal segments.

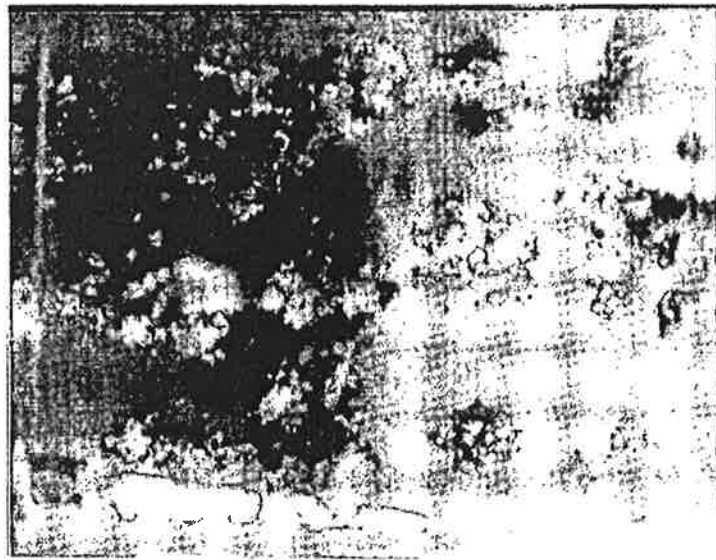


Figure 2-4. High frequency of regeneration from leaf tissues of *P. glandulosa* and *P. nigra x maximowiczii*

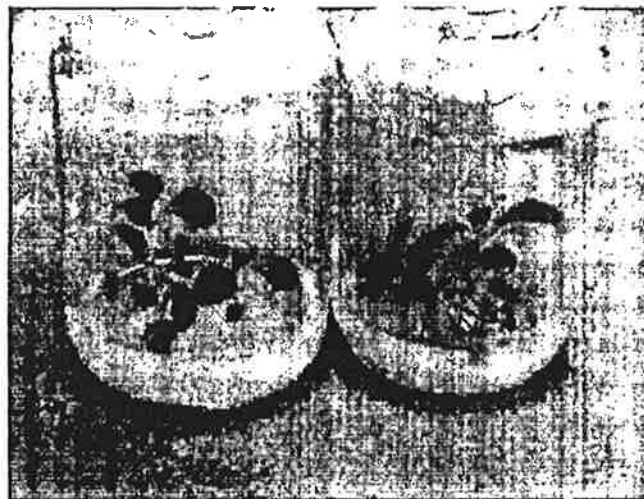
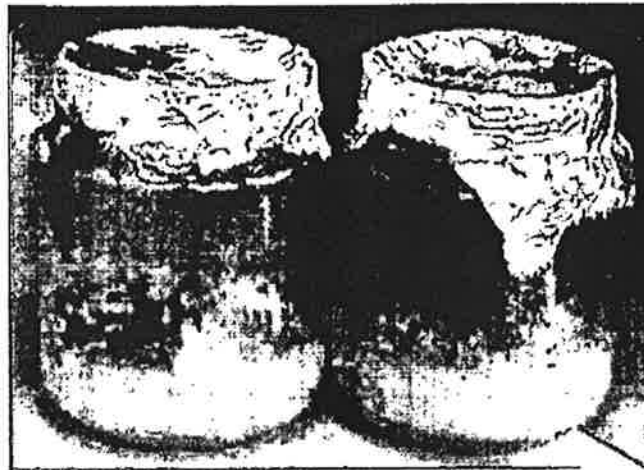


Figure 2-5. Multiple shoot induction from model plant (tobacco) and subsequent shoot elongation in vitro.

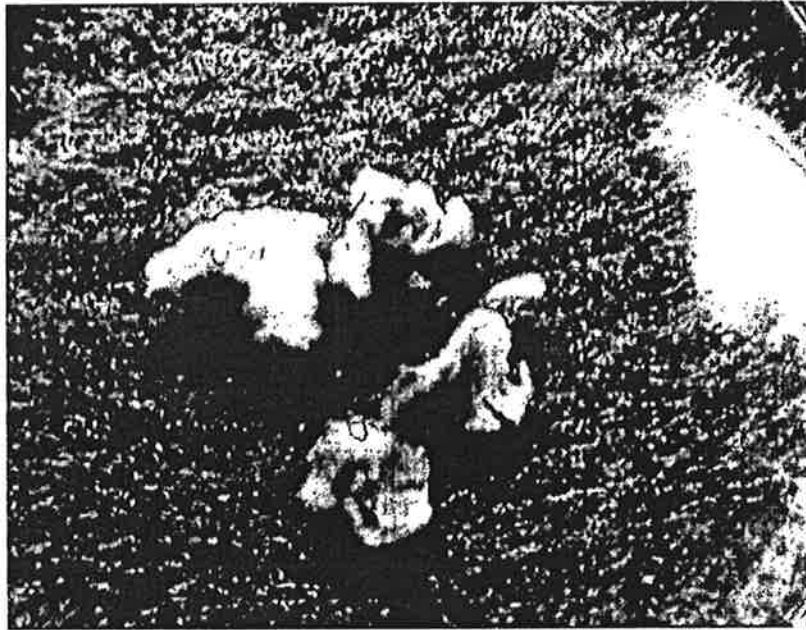


Figure 2-6. Gus expression of transgenic tobacco plants showing blue-staining whole plant.

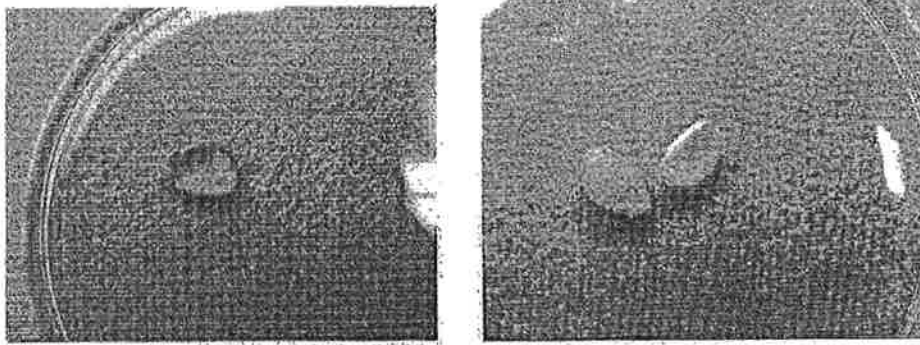


Figure 2-7. Gus expression of developing callus from leaf tissues cultured on the MS medium supplemented with BA 0.5 mg/l and kanamycin 50 ug/ml

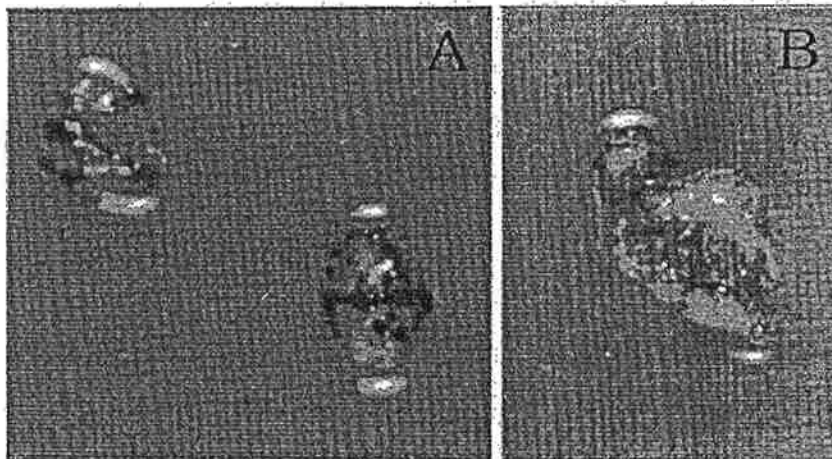


Figure 2-8. GUS histochemical assay after 2 month induction.
 A, intact status of callus before excising from leaf segments;
 B, samples from callus mass.

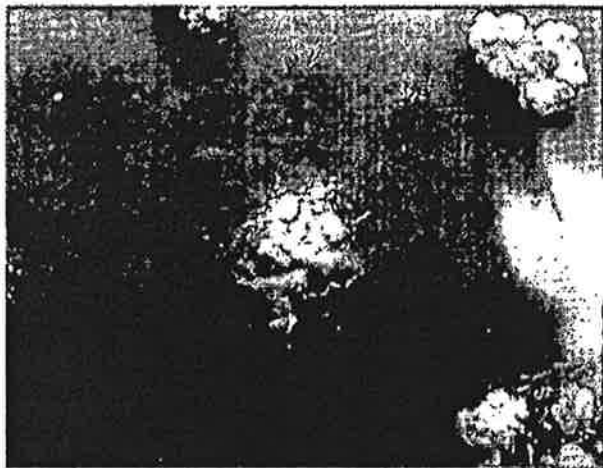
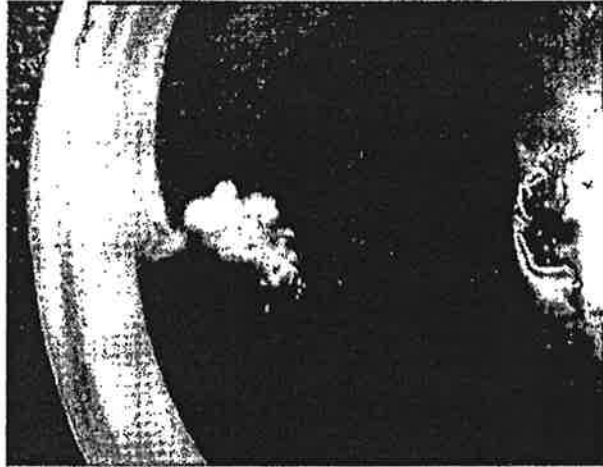


Figure 2-9. Induction of putative transgenic calli and transgenic adventitious shoots from leaf segments of *Populus nigra x maximowiczii*

	Control 1	Control 2	Method I	Method II
Total leaf no.	50	25	191	200
Leaf no. with callus	49	8	88	88
Mean	0.98	0.32	0.46	0.44
%	98	32	46.1	44

Table 2-1. Frequency analysis of callus induction after *Agrobacterium* transformation.

Control 1 is uninfected leaf segments cultured on CIM without kanamycin and

Control 2 is uninfected leaf segments cultured on CIM with kanamycin.

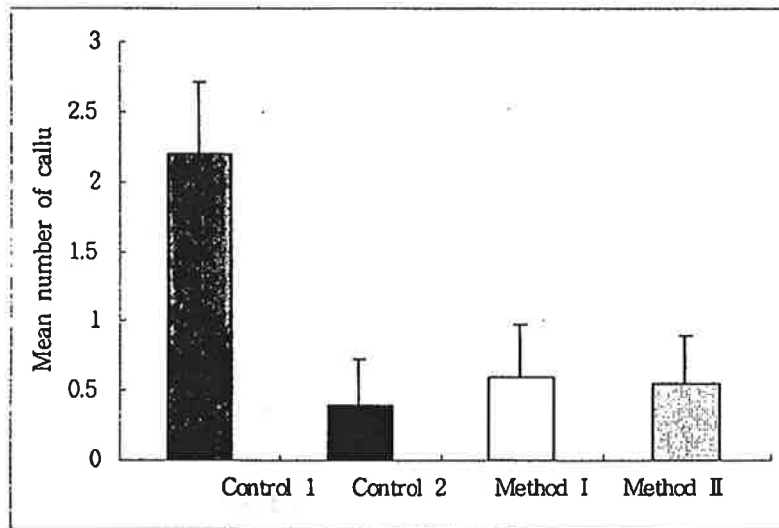


Figure 2-10. Induction of callus from poplar leaf segments.
 Mean numbers of callus induced from leaf segments on CIM with 50 mg/l kanamycin. Bars indicate standard error.

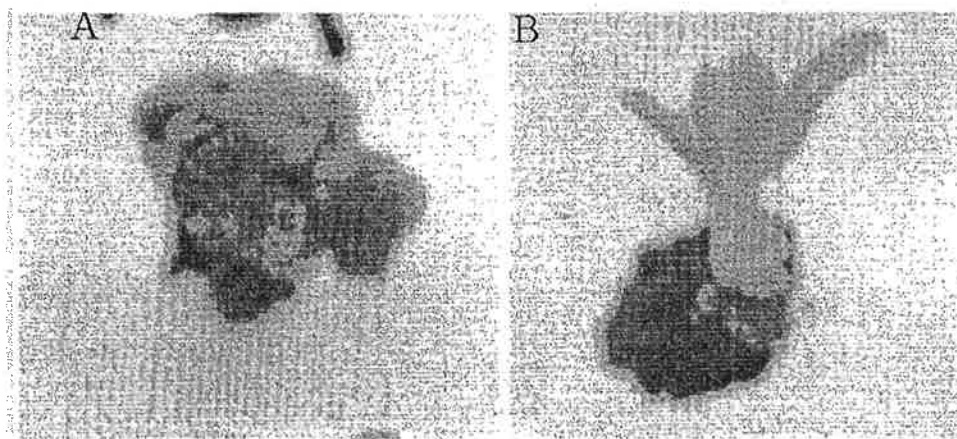


Figure 2-11. Induction of callus and putative transgenic plant.

A, callus induced from leaf segment;

B, induction of adventitious shoot from callus.

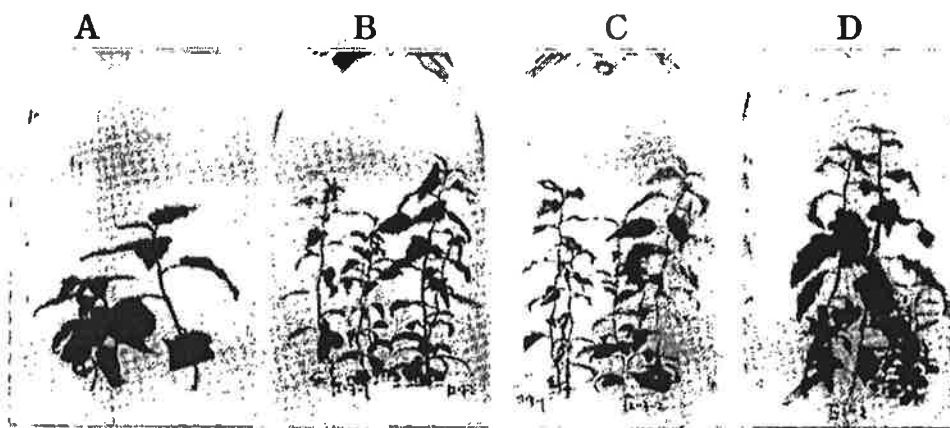


Figure 2-12. Development of putative transgenic poplar in *in vitro*.
Putative transgenic poplars were screened from kanamycin resistant calli.
A, untransformed control plant; B, to D, transgenic plants



Figure 2-13 . Acclimatization of selected transgenic poplars in the growth chamber.

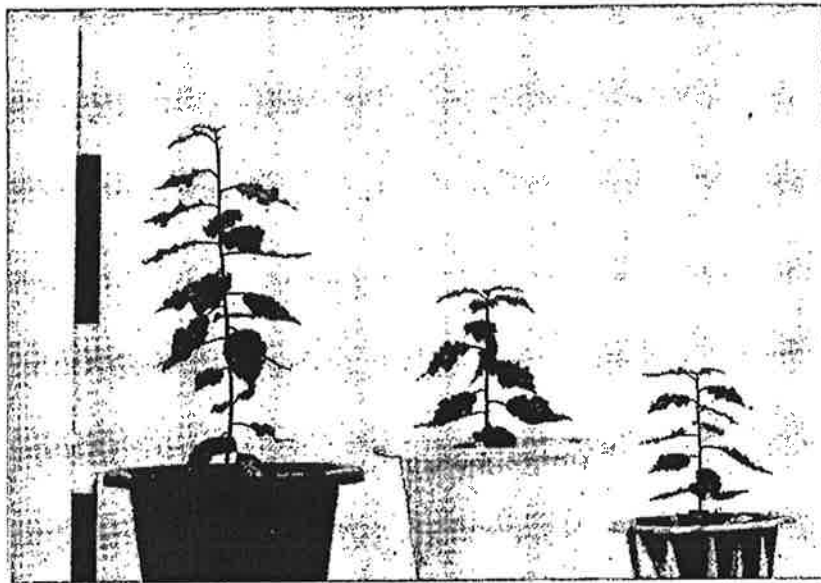


Figure 2-14. Further growth of transgenic populus in greenhouse to analyze OMT lignin contents.



Figure 2-15. PCR amplification with OMT primer.
Template DNAs were isolated from putative calli

4

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phenylpropanoid pathway 가 가 가 phenylpropanoid pathway phenylalanine ammonia lyase (PAL), methylation O-methyltransferase (OMT), monolignol cinnamyl alcohol dehydrogenase (CAD)가 가 .

PAL phenylalanine deamination cinnamic acid . Multiple gene encoding PAL subunit kinetic 가 isoform phenylpropanoid .

Cinnamyl alcohol dehydrogenase (CAD) aldehyde 가 alcohol (p-coumaryl alcohol, coniferyl alcohol, sinapyl alcohol) . CAD가 . isoform , , Salix, Eucalyptus , 가 . CAD activity coniferaldehyde coniferaldehyde sinapaldehyde activity 가 . , CAD 가 lignification CAD , stress , elicitor .

O-methyltransferase (OMT) S-adenosyl-L-methionine methyl group caffeic acid ferulic acid , 5-hydroxyferulate sinapate methylation . 3-hydroxyl group methylation site monolignol . CAD OMT monomer . OMT가 ferulate sinapate conversion bifunctional (Bugos *et al.*, 1992) , OMT ferulate conversion monofunctional (Shimada *et al.*, 1972; kuroda *et al.*, 1975) . OMT lignin precursor (Jaeck *et al.*, 1992; Schmitt *et al.*, 1991) phytoalexin antimicrobial (Hauffe *et al.*, 1986; Dalkin *et al.*, 1990). OMT elicitor 가 , fungal-elicitor Jact pine cell culture monolignol guaiacyl

, OMT 가
(Campbell and Ellis, 1992ab). , caffeic acid methyl- 14C- SAM in
vitro OMT basal medium induction medium 가
lignification , in vitro tracheary element
lignification (Ye *et al.*, 1994).



(PCR southern analysis)



2

1.

가. DNA

가
5
OMT
PCR Southern
5 genomic
DNA . 1cm 5 $\mu\ell$ 0.5N NaOH
45 $\mu\ell$ ddH₂O가
microcentrifuge tube pestle
tube 5 가 12,000 rpm
20 $\mu\ell$ 5 $\mu\ell$ 0.25N HCl
microcentrifuge tube tapping mix
template DNA .

. Polymerase Chain Reaction

genomic DNA PCR
template DNA 1 ul 10X
PCR buffer, 25 mM MgCl₂, 25 pmole primer, 10 mM dNTPs, 1 unit DNA
polymerase , 25 $\mu\ell$ volume PCR .
kanamycin , PCR
callus
primer kanamycin NPT II
sequence PCR primer .

pr 1: 5'GAGGCT ATTCGGCT ATGACTG3'

pr 2: 5'ATCGGGAGCGGCGATACCGTA3'

PCR 94 °C 30 s, 52 °C 30 s, 72 °C 30 s
25 cycle 1% agarose gel

. Southern analysis

PCR DNA band OMT
PCR product southern . Southern
Gibco BRL PhotoGene™ Nucleic Acid Detection System
, OMT plasmid 0.7 kb PCR product Gibco BRL
BioNick™ Labeling System probe hybridization .

2.

, , , .
(生材) (bark) (pith) 가
dry oven 24 homogenizer
mesh (425µm, 212µm) 2 .
. Mesh 3 4
dry oven 12

, (g - g)/ g × 100% = (%).

0.5g , 10mL 72% H₂SO₄ 가 4
 (가 가
 가) 382.5mL 가 3% H₂SO₄
 (1.5 , 121) 120 가 .
 가 1G4 glass filter suction pump
 . glass filter lignin glass
 filter 가 lignin UV-photometer .
 1G4 glass filter dry oven overnight .

3

antisense vector
 가 . Antisense OMT RNA
 (, PCR, southern ,
) .
 가
 . kanamycin (10 μg/l)

(Figure 3-1).

가
 . 6
 가 . 4 antisense가
 가 . antisense OMT
 가 cellulase 가
 가 가 100%

genomic DNA NPTII OMT primer CTAB PCR genomic DNA
 (callus) PCR
 template DNA 가
 NPTII primer PCR DNA
 가 (Figure 3-2). gel NPTII DNA
 Bionick translation kit probe southern
 hybridization
 NPTII 가 (Figure 3-3).

(Figure 3-4).

data ,
 8.61cm 6.98cm
 가 12.46cm, 8.90cm 가
 control (Table 2).
 5.39cm, control 4.79 가
 가 8.94cm, control 5.80cm 가
 / 가 1.65, control 1.47 가
 (Table 3-1). 가 1.8, control
 1.88 control 가
 가 2.5, control 1.1 가
 control 가
 control
 control

dry oven

(g - g)/ g × 100% = (%) ,

(9.430g), (8.970g) OMT ;

2.33g ; 2.235g . control 5.128% OMT

4.251% 가 .

glass filter control 30.7030g, 30.8067g . OMT

39.7428g, 39.6430g .

lignin

(glass filter g - glass filter g)/ × 100% = Lignin % ,

21.860% OMT 20.846%

(H₂SO₄) 가 lignin UV-photometer (205nm) detection

가 lignin

$$AL(\%) = DV(A_s - A_b)/aW \times 100\%$$

D: , V: (L)

a: lignin (/g · cm, 205 210nm a 113 /g · cm

W:

glass filter control 395mL,

OMT 가 386mL , 5 × 가 lignin

control 2.5324% , OMT 가 2.2422% .

Lignin (Lignin + 가 Lignin) control
24.3924%, OMT 가 23.0882% . Antisense OMT 가
1.3% lignin .

가 (幼苗)
가 .

가

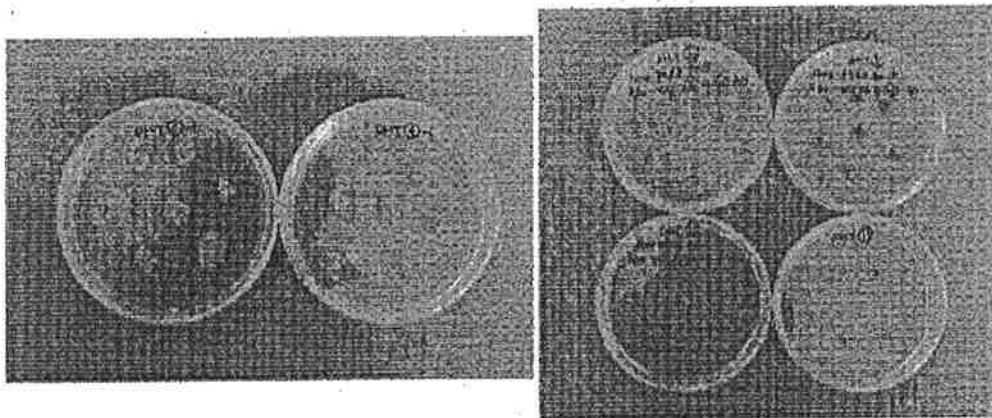


Figure 3-1. Induction of transgenic calli after cocultivation with *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* harboring antisense OMT gene.

개 체	엽 형 특 성					수 고 (지상부)
	엽 장 (cm)	엽 폭 (cm)	엽장/엽폭	거치정도	엽모밀도	
OMTA1(1)	8.10	5.10	1.59	2	3	44.0
OMTA1(2)	7.90	4.80	1.65	2	2	24.0
OMTA-2	6.68	3.78	1.78	2	3	19.5
OMT2	7.02	4.24	1.68	2	3	28.0
OMT2-a	8.04	4.52	1.78	2	2	31.5
OMT3(1)	7.84	4.82	1.64	2	2	46.0
OMT3(2)	7.86	4.18	1.89	1	2	22.5
OMT3-a	7.88	4.66	1.70	2	2	27.5
OMT7	12.46	8.86	1.41	1	3	68.0
OMT7	12.28	8.94	1.37	2	3	79.0
OMT평균	8.61	5.39	1.65	1.8	2.5	
control평균	6.98	4.79	1.47	1.88	1.1	

* 거치정도 : 1(多), 2(中), 3(少), 엽모밀도 : 1(多), 2(中), 3(少)

Table 3-1. OMT antisense 유전자가 삽입된 양황철 형질전환체와 대조구의 엽형태특성 조사

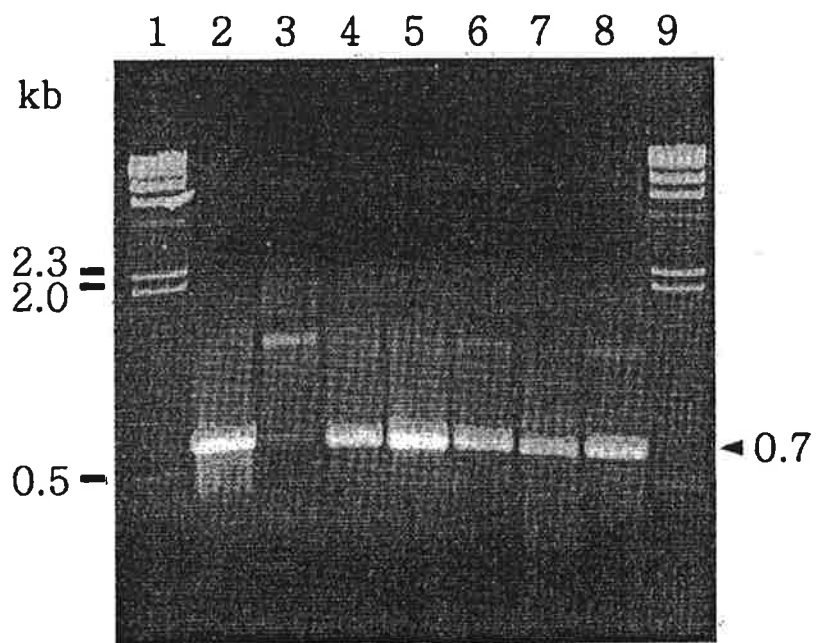


Figure 3-2. Gel electrophoresis of PCR products using NPTII primers
 lane 1 and 9, λ /*Hind*III markers;
 lane 2, positive control (amplification of plasmid);
 lane 3, negative control (untransformed plant);
 lane 4 to 8, transformants.

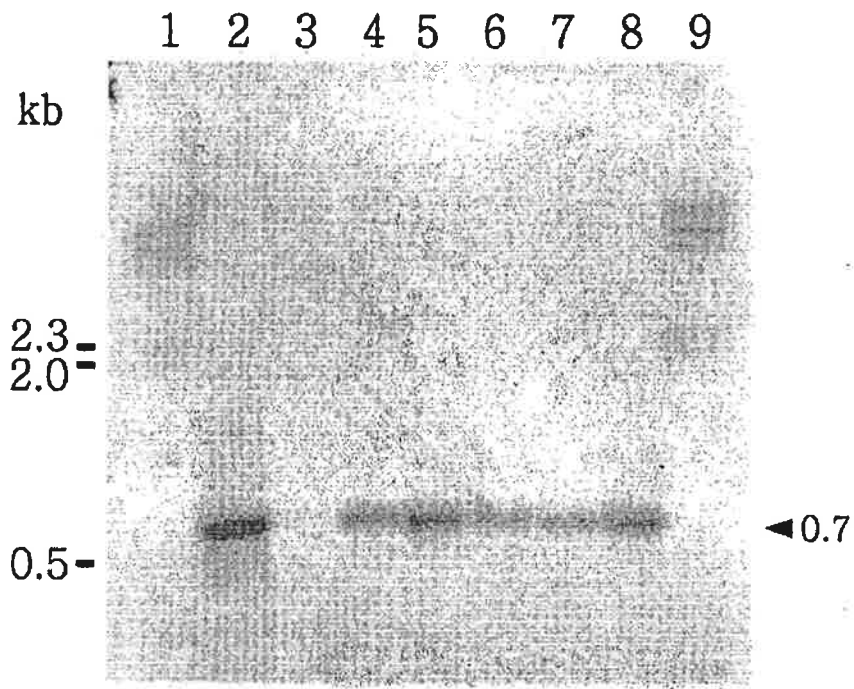


Figure 3-3. Southern analysis of PCR products using NPTII probe
 lane 1 and 9, λ /*Hind*III markers;
 lane 2, positive control (amplification of plasmid);
 lane 3, negative control (untransformed plant);
 lane 4 to 8, transformants.



Figure 3-4. Actively growing transgenic poplar with antisense OMT gene in greenhouse.

4

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4

OMT vector

antisense

1

(,)
 가 가 . ,
 , 가 ,
 (Tzfira et al., 1998).

F1
 가 . ,
 가 가
 가 가 가 , 가 가 가
 .
 .
 (Naik et al., 1999; Thorpe et al., 1991),
 (DeVerno et al., 1994; Eastman et
 al., 1991; Charest & Michel, 1991),
 가 .

가
 .
 가
 , microprojectile bombardment (Biswas
 et al., 1998; Schulze et al., 1995; Southgate et al., 1995), electroporation (Akella &
 Lurquin, 1993; Asano et al., 1991) DNA
Agrobacterium (Mohanty et al., 1999; Boase et al.,

1998; Puite & Schaart, 1996) 가 ,
 가 ,
Agrobacterium .
Agrobacterium T - DNA
 chromosome non-homologous recombination DNA
 . *Populus* ,
Agrobacterium
 가 (Tzfira et al., 1997).
 OMT vector
 antisense
Agrobacteria .

2

1. Total RNA poly(A+) RNA

total RNA Draper (1988) phenol- SDS
 ethanol pellet , DEPC (diethylpyrocarbonate)
 poly(A+) RNA .
 1 mg total RNA oligo(dT) cellulose
 Molecular cloning protocol (Maniatis *et al*, Cold Spring Harbor, New York)
 polyadenylated cytoplasmic RNA . , oligo(dT) powder
 (Collaborative Biomedical Products) 150 mg loading buffer (0.5 M NaCl, 20 mM
 Tris- HCl, pH 7.4, 10 mM EDTA, 0.2% SDS) 10 equilibration
 , (1,500 rpm) pellet 5 ml buffer
 . Sample RNA가 5 M NaCl 가 0.5

M oligo(dT)가 buffer 2 shaking
 incubation . pellet loading buffer
 1 washing buffer Econo column (Bio-Rad) packing
 . Nonpolyadenylated RNA washing buffer (0.1 M NaCl, 10
 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 1 mM EDTA, 0.2% SDS) 260 nm OD 가
 washing elution buffer (1 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4, 1 mM EDTA, 0.2%
 SDS) 가 ethanol poly(A+)RNA .
 DEPC (diethylpyrocarbonate) RNA spectrophotometer
 260 nm 280 nm OD total RNA 1
 mg 150 μg poly(A+) RNA 260 nm 280 nm OD
 1.7 poly(A+)RNA .

2. Northern blot analysis

OMT mRNA transcript
 xylem leaf poly(A+)RNA 1% formaldehyde agarose gel
 , cDNA DNA probe northern blot
 . , xylem leaf poly(A+)RNA 4 μg 100% formamide 12.5 μl ,
 30% formaldehyde 5 μl , 10 x MOPS (Morpholinoprane sulfonic acid, 400 mM
 MOPS, 100 mM sodium acetate, 10 mM EDTA) 1.5 μl , 60 10
 . 10 x RNA loading buffer (5
 ml glycerol, 20 μl 0.5 M EDTA, 40 mg bromphenol blue, 40 mg xylene cyanol in
 10 ml DW) 가 sample formaldehyde MOPS buffer
 가 1% agarose gel sample loading fractionation .
 Blotting, prehybridization, hybridization, washing Molecular Cloning
 (Sambrook *et al.*, 1989) .

3. pBI121 vector antisense vector

가. Cloning

3 cloning full-length cDNA가 cloning
 pBlueKS- A1.1 pBlueKS- B1.4 LB/amp
 alkaline lysis DNA ,
 vector . Figure 4-17 pBlueKS- B1.4
SalI elution DNA polymerase I large fragment (Klenow)
 protruding filling in Cauliflower
 mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter vector pBI121 plasmid
*Bam*HI 가 Klenow fragment filling pBlu KS- B1.4
 cDNA blunt end ligation . Ligate
 kanamycin intact pBI121 clone
 agarose gel PCR
 orientation . sense antisense vector poplar
 cDNA가 antisense lignin

Figure 4-5 ligate *E. coli* HB101

plasmid DNA pBI121 intact DNA control
 agarose gel fractionation pBI121 plasmid clone
 (Figure 4-18). clone cDNA 168 174
 coding OMT- F2 primer
 (5'GGGGATCCAAGATTCAACAAG3')
 OMT- R1 primer (5'GGGGTCGACGGCCTTCTTGCGGAA3') 3'- noncoding
 region OMT- R2 (5'GGGGTCGACTCACTTAATGCTTAG3') primer
 PCR . PCR plasmid DNA 200 ng
 primer 2 pmole 가 *Taq* polymerase 2 unit

, 95 - 5 min, 40 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 1 cycle, 95 - 1 min, 40 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 30 cycle, 72 - 10 min 1 cycle

Figure 4-4 OMT-F2 OMT-R1 primer

0.6 kb DNA fragment가 OMT-F2 OMT-R2 primer 0.9 kb가 primer set 0.6 kb 0.9 kb가 clone orientation

4. PCR Promoter region Cloning

가. Cloning

genomic DNA promoter
 DNA Aspen (*Populus tremuloides*) genomic DNA
 0.5 kb promoter 가 primer set
 genomic DNA genomic library genomic library screening
 polymerase chain reaction PCR product
 T-cloning vector promoter
 . promoter (*HindIII* & *BamHI*)
 GUS (- glucuronidase)
 vector (pBI101 or pBI121) fusion vector
 GUS activity promoter .

. PCR amplification of OMT promoter region

PCR primer OMT DNA (Aspen)
 promoter nucleotide 682-686 (Figure 4-8) CAT
 box (CCAATA) nucleotide 856-861 TATA signal (TATATA)
 primer OMT-ProF1 (5'GGGAAGCTTATACAATACATACAAT3'),
 OMT-ProF2 (5'GGGAAGCTTATCGGGTGAATATCTC) OMT-ProR1

(5'GGGGGATCCCTTGATCGAGATTGAA3') primer set . OMT - ProF1
 OMT - ProR1 978 bp DNA ,
 OMT - ProF2 OMT - ProR1 547 bp DNA
 . Primer set *Hind*III *Bam*HI site
 subcloning . PCR genomic DNA
 template 200, 400, 600, 800 ng , genomic library
 4 x 10⁵ pfu/ μ l titer 1-20 μ l
 phage . Primer 2 pmole 가 *Taq*
 polymerase 2 unit , 95 - 5 min, 40 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min
 1 cycle, 95 - 1 min, 40 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 30 cycle, 72 - 10 min
 1 cycle 0.5 kb PCR product ,
 promoter region primer set flanking size .
 PCR product A 가 protruding 가
 cloning pGEM- T vector system subcloning
 . 3.0 kb T-vector 1 μ l (50 ng, 0.025 pmole) 0.5 kb insert DNA
 50 ng 12 overnight ligation *E. coli* JM109
 . -galactosidase - complementation insert DNA
 LB/amp X-gal IPTG colony
 white colony rapid plasmid DNA
*Hind*III *Bam*HI digestion 0.5 kb DNA가 cloning
 (Figure 4-9). plasmid DNA
 가 OMT promoter
 QIAGEN kit Sanger-dideoxy sequencing

3

xylem total RNA
 RNA , RNA cDNA library
 ribosomal RNA band RNA
 integrity RNA
 1st cDNA template (Figure 4-1).

RNA OMT probe Northern
 , OMT leaf xylem xylem
 xylem OMT
 lignification (Figure 4-2). Alfalfa
 OMT mRNA (Gowri *et al.*, 1991),
 (Jaeck *et al.*, 1992).

1.7 kb band
 OMT (Figure 4-2).
 OMT 6 7
 (Bugos *et al.*, 1991) 4 9

hybrid (*Populus nigra x maximowiczii*)
 OMT band
 poly(A+)RNA integrity가 xylem
 poly(A+)RNA cDNA library .
 3 cloning cDNA antisense vector
 (pBI121) salI blunt
 pBI121 vector ligation E. coli .
 plasmid
 (Figure 4-3). OMT clone OMT primer
 PCR , 0.6 kb DNA

OMT-F2 OMT-R2 primer 0.9 kb가 (Figure 4-4).
primer set 0.6 kb 0.9 kb가 clone
orientation

. Plasmid pBI121 cDNA
*Eco*RI site clone
, Figure 4-6 lane 4 10 2.43 kb 0.63
kb 2.55 kb 0.63 kb DNA
*Bam*HI site
*Hind*III *Bam*HI (1.4 kb, lane 6) (1.6
kb, lane 12) 가 (Figure 4-6).
(pBI-B1.4 IV-5) (pBI-B1.4 d-12) plasmid

OMT cloning (Figure 4-6).
Cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter, -glucuronidase ,
nopaline synthase terminator pBI121 (or pBI101) vector
*Hind*III *Bam*HI 0.8 kb 35S promoter , 12.2 kb
agarose gel elution . xylem ()
genomic DNA (genomic library) Aspen
(*Populus tremuloides*) genomic DNA CAT box (CCAATA)
TATA signal primer 0.5 kb promoter
. DNA fragment T-cloning vector ligation
0.5 kb DNA fragment가 clone
sequencing DNA clone *Hind*III *Bam*HI 0.5 kb
, 35S promoter 가 pBI121 vector ligation
clone
promoter agarose gel (Figure 4-6).
promoter plasmid *Hind*III *Bam*HI 0.5 kb
insert DNA P2 M13 forward and reverse sequencing
primer sequencing (Figure 4-7). Aspen (*Populus*

tremuloides) promoter CAT box (CCAATA) TATA
 signal (TATATA) 가
 가 . promoter GUS activity
 vector promoter cloning Cauliflower
 mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter, -glucuronidase , nopaline synthase
 terminator pBI121 vector *Hind*III *Bam*HI 0.8
 kb 35S promoter , 12.2 kb agarose gel
 elution , P2 (*Hind*III *Bam*HI)
 0.5 kb DNA vector ligation 12.7 kb
 pBI-ProY (Figure 4-8), *Agrobacterium*
tumefaciens strain LBA4404 poplar .

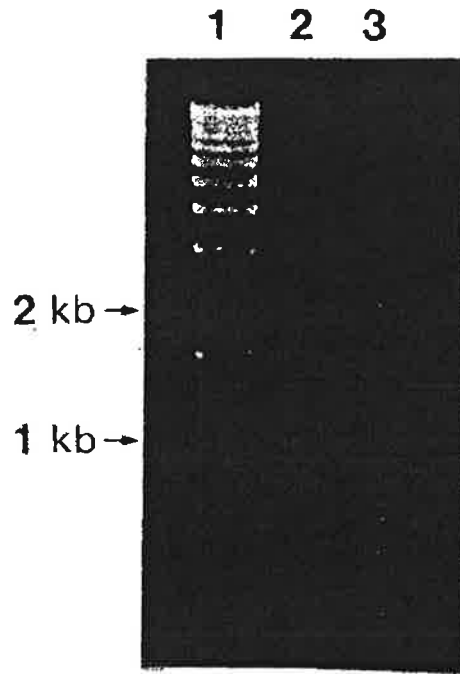


Figure 4-1. Agarose gel pattern of Yanghwangchul poly(A') RNA

lane 1: 1 kb ladder

lane 2: Poly(A') RNA(2 μ l)

lane 3: Poly(A') RNA(1 μ l)

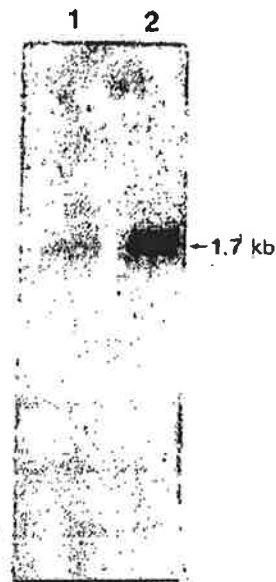


Figure 4-2. Northern blot analysis of Poly(A⁺) RNA extracted from xylem and leaf of *P. nigra x maximowiczii*

lane 1; Poly(A⁺)RNA (4 μ g) of leaf

lane 2; Poly(A⁺)RNA (4 μ g) of xylem

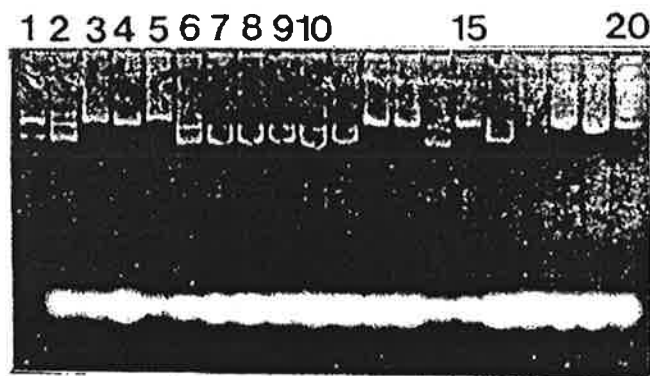
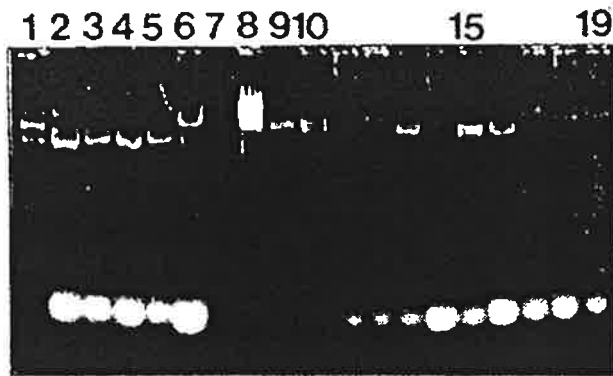


Figure 4-3. Size selection of transformants by agarose gel electrophoresis
 lane 1: pBI121 (control, PEG prep.)
 lane 2: pBI121 (control, rapid prep.)
 lane 3- 20 : plasmid DNA from transformants

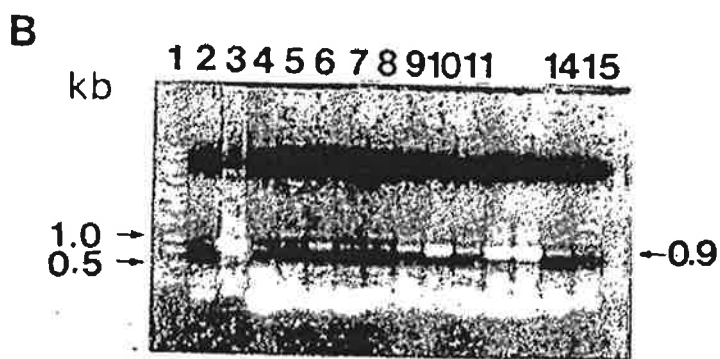
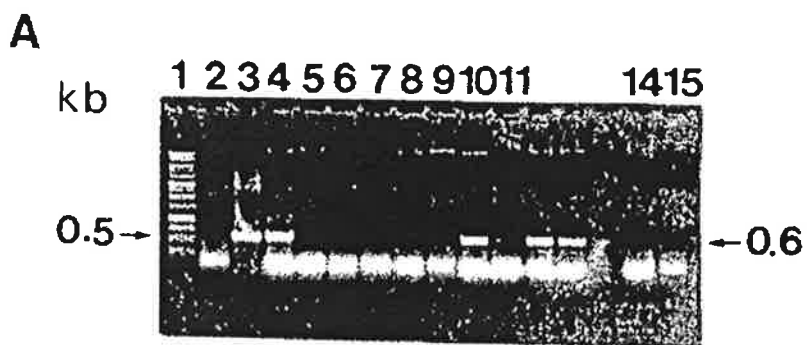


Figure 4-4. Polymerase chain reaction of putative clones using OMT-F2/ R1 (A) and OMT-F2/R2 (B) primer set.

lane 1: 1 kb ladder lane 2: negative control
lane 3: positive control lane 4-15: putative clones

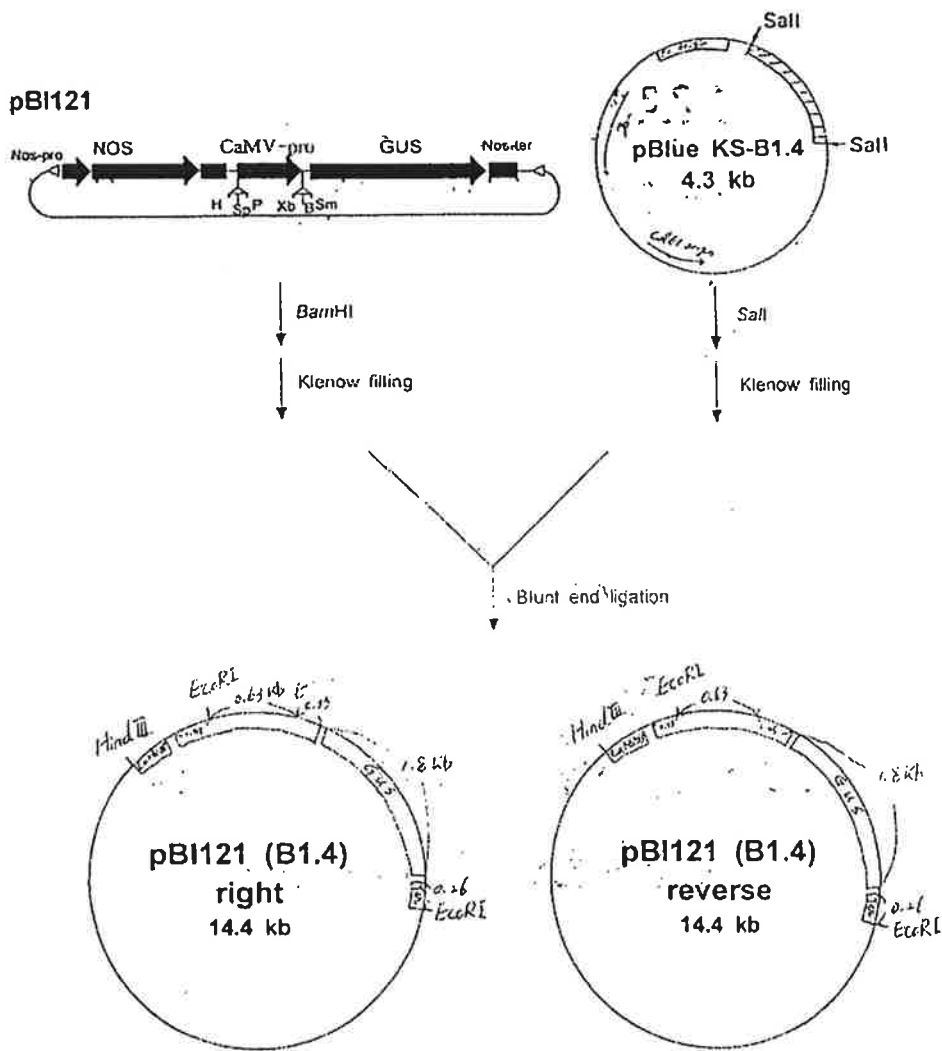


Figure 14-5. Cloning strategy of plant antisense vector containing *P. nigrà x maximowiczii* full-length cDNA.

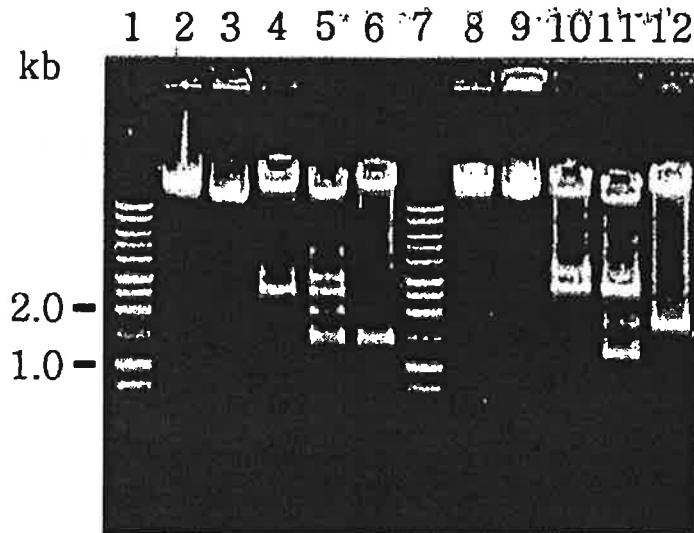


Figure 4-6. Restriction enzyme analysis of antisense vector containing *P. nigra x maximowiczii* full-length cDNA

- lane 1: 1 kb ladder
- lane 2: pBI121 intact DNA
- lane 3: pBI-B1.4 (IV-5 clone) (sense) intact
- lane 4: pBI-B1.4 (IV-5 clone) (sense)/EcoRI
- lane 5: pBI-B1.4 (IV-5 clone) (sense)/EcoRI & HindIII
- lane 6: pBI-B1.4 (IV-5 clone) (sense)/HindIII & BamHI
- lane 7: 1 kb ladder
- lane 8: pBI121 intact DNA
- lane 9: pBI-B1.4 (d-12 clone) (antisense) intact
- lane 10: pBI-B1.4 (d-12 clone) (antisense)/EcoRI
- lane 11: pBI-B1.4 (d-12 clone) (antisense)/EcoRI & HindIII
- lane 12: pBI-B1.4 (d-12 clone) (antisense)/HindIII & BamHI

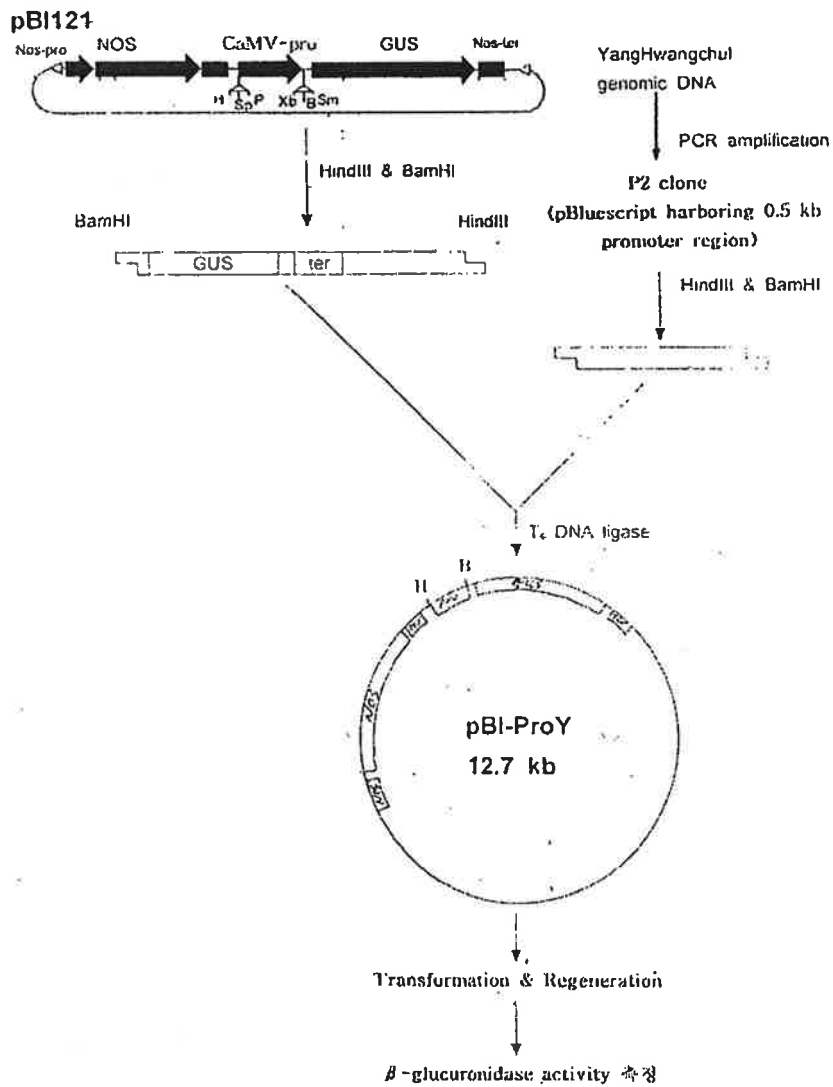


Figure 4-7. Cloning strategy of plant expression vector containing *P. nigra x maximowiczii* promoter region

Y: 1 ATCGGGTGAA CATCTCATCA TGTATTTAAA TATCTTAATC TCGATTATTT
 P: 1 ATCGGGTGAA TATCTCATCA TGTAAATAAA TATCTTAATC TCCATTATTT

 Y: 51 CTTAACTTTT TTTATTCCTT TGTTAGTTAT TGATAATGAT TTTTTTTATT
 P: 51 CTTAATTTTT TTTATTTTTT TGTTAGTTAT TGTTAATGAT TTTTTTTATT

 Y: 101 TATATACATT ATTATCGATT TATATAATTA GATATTTGTA TAAATTTTAA
 P: 101 TATATAAATT ATTATTGATT TATTTAATTA GATATTTGTA TAAATTTTTA

 Y: 151 CTTTAAATTT TTTTATCTAC CTGATATATA TTTTATTTAA ATGTAACCCA
 P: 151 CTTTAAATTT TTTTATATAC CTGATATATA TTTTTTTTAA ATATAACCCA

 Y: 201 TGATAAGGAA GTTCTATAAA CCTTTAGCTG CTTGACATAG TACATCCTGT
 P: 201 TGATAAGGAA GTTTTATAAA CCTTTACCTG CTTGACATAG TACATCCTGT

 Y: 251 CCACATAGTGC TCACGTGAA CAGGTTTTTT TATTTATTTT TTAATACAAT
 P: 251 TCCAATAGTGC TCACCTGAA CAGGTTTTTT TTTTTTTTTT TTAATAAAAA

 Y: 301 GAGTTTAGCA ACTAAGAAGA GGAAGAATAT ATAGAAGAAA AGGTAGGGAG
 P: 301 GAGTTTAGCA AATAAGAAGA GGAAAAATAT ATAGAAGAAA AGGTAGGGAG

 Y: 351 TCACGTCACG GAAGAAGCCA TCTGTGCATC AAATAGAGAG TTAGACGAAC
 P: 351 TCAGGTCTCG GAAGAAGCCA TTTGTGCATC AATTAGAGAG TTAGACCAAC

 Y: 401 CACAACGTGG ATGAGCACTT CACGATATTA TTCACCGACT TTCCATCACC
 P: 401 CACAAGGTGG TTGAGCACTT CACCATATAT ATCACCCACT TTCCAACACC

 Y: 451 CTAGTCAGTC TTCTCATATC CTCCGAGAGC CTTATCACTT CCTTTCGTC
 P: 451 CTTTTTCAGTC TTCTCATATC CTCCGAAAGC CTTTTCACTT CCTTTCCTTA

 Y: 501 CACGTTCTAC AAAGTCTTGT TTCGTTGTAG TATTCACTCT CCATCAAG
 Y: 501 CACCTTCTTC AACGTTTTGT TTCCTTGTAG AATTCAATCT CGATCAAG

Figure 4-8. Nucleotide sequence of the promoter region of *Populus nigra* x *maximowiczii*. The sequence was compared with that of *Populus tremuloides*. Underline means CAT signal and the box indicates TATA sequence

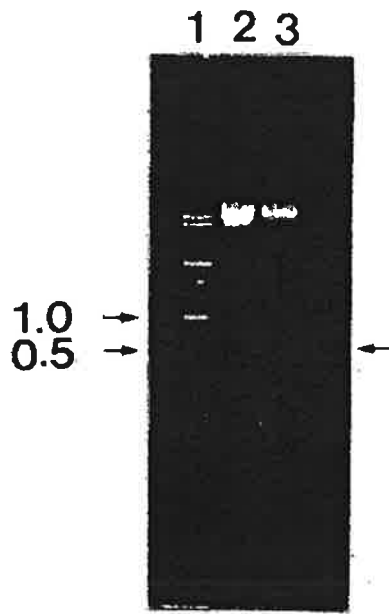


Figure 4-9. Agarose gel pattern of the recombinant plant vector containing promoter region of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* digested with *Hind*III & *Bam*HI

lane 1: 1 kb ladder lane 2: pBI-ProY intact
 lane 3: pBI-ProY/*Hind*III & *Bam*HI

4

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5 OMT

1

(, , pulp) . ()
 , , , ,)
가 . , 가 가
 , 가 . 가
 . 가
 .
가 poly-phenyl
propanoid .
cellulose
가 , p-coumaryl, coniferyl,
sinapyl alcohol 가 phenylpropane alcohol ,
p-hydroxyphenyl, guaiacyl, syringyl .
 , impermeabilization ,
 , .
Pulp 가 ,
 .
 , .
가 가 가
hydroxylated monomeric precursor methylation
 , S-adenosyl-L-methionine methyl group
caffeic acid ferulic acid , 5-hydroxyferulate sinapate methylation

O-methyltransferase (OMT)가

Antisense RNA

down-regulation

가

Populus
Populus

OMT (Populus nigra x maximowiczii) genomic DNA
cDNA antisense OMT
vector poplar

2

1. cDNA library OMT cDNA screening

가. cDNA library

poly(A+)RNA cDNA library ZAP-cDNA
Synthesis Kit(Startagene, La Jolla, Calif.)

1) First cDNA

First cDNA 10 μg poly(A+)RNA oligo(dT) tail *Xho*I
oligo(dT) primer-adapter 50 μl reaction volume
, 2.8 μg linker-primer, DEPC-treated , 5 μl
1st strand buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 8 mM MgCl₂, 50 mM KCl, 1 mM
DTT, 50 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ of RNase free-BSA), 5-methyl dCTP 10 mM dNTPs 3
 μl , RNase Block Ribonuclease inhibitor 1 μl (40 u/ μl) 가 , 10 μg

poly(A+)RNA 10 annealing .
 Molony murine leukemia virus 1.5 $\mu\ell$ (50 u/ $\mu\ell$) 37°C 1
 First cDNA 0.5 $\mu\ell$ - γ -³²P- dATP
 (800 Ci/mmol)가 tube mixture 5 $\mu\ell$
 glass microfiber
 filter TCA counting
 12% (1.2 μg 1st cDNA/10 μg polyA+RNA) first
 cDNA가 alkaline agarose gel .

2) Second cDNA size fractionation

Second strand cDNA first cDNA mixture
 second strand buffer (20 mM Tris-HCl, pH 6.9, 90 mM KCl, 4.5 mM MgCl₂,
 0.15 mM β -NAD, 10 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄), 10 mM dNTPs, - γ -³²P- dATP, RNase H (3
 unit), DNA polymerase (100 unit) 가 volume 400 $\mu\ell$
 16°C 2.5 . second cDNA
 TCA 2.46 μg cDNA가
 mixture cDNA 5'- *pfu* polymerase
 72°C 30 blunting cDNA phenol- chloroform ethanol
 . cDNA *EcoRI*
 adaptor 가 cDNA blunt-end ligation
 polynucleotide kinase 5'- . 3'- linker *XhoI*
 sticky end 120 unit *XhoI* phage
 vector cloning cDNA size fractionation column (GIBCO
 BRL, Bethesda, MD) cDNA
 TAE buffer agarose gel cDNA . 0.5
 kb cDNA phenol- chloroform ethanol
 cDNA EtBr agarose plate 100 ng 1 μg
 Uni-ZAP vector 12°C overnight ligation packaging .

3) Phage vector ligation packaging

phage vector packaging Gigapack Gold III packaging kit
 (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) . , ligation mixture 1 $\mu\ell$ kit
 packaging extract 22cC 2
 SM buffer (5.8 g NaCl, 2 g MgSO₄, 50 ml of 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 5 ml of 2%
 gelatin/liter) 500 $\mu\ell$ 20 $\mu\ell$ chloroform 가
 pellet host cell infection
 . cDNA XL1-Blue MRF' host cell
 packaged phage 0.1 $\mu\ell$ 1 $\mu\ell$ 가 IPTG X-Gal top
 agarose plating plaques (white color) 99% cloning
 . titering cDNA library size size 8
 x 10⁶ pfu/ μg of cDNA size library .

4) Amplification *in vivo* excision

Packaging extract phage titer
 library packaged phage plate (150 mm) 50,000 plaques
 가 host cell infection NZY bottom agar 150 mm
 plate top agarose 1 amplification . Confluent lysis가
 plate SM buffer 10 ml 2 shaking phage
 SM buffer chloroform 5% 가 가
 bacteria . cDNA library 7% DMSO (dimethylsulfoxide)
 가 -80cC . library
 phage titer 1 x 10⁸ pfu/ $\mu\ell$ phage titer
 cDNA library가 . Phage library insert DNA size
 phage stock 250 $\mu\ell$. XL1-Blue MRF (OD=1.0) 200 $\mu\ell$, ExAssist
 helper phage (1 x 10⁶ pfu/ $\mu\ell$) 1 $\mu\ell$ 37cC 15 LB 3
 ml 가 37cC 2.5 . 70cC 20
 filamentous phage particle packaging pBluescript phagemid
 . 100 $\mu\ell$ SOLR cell (OD=1.0) 200 $\mu\ell$ 37cC 15

colony, ampicillin colony LB phagemid bacteria
 colony 18 LB
EcoRI XhoI agarose gel

. Total Phage DNA partial OMT cDNA

1) Total phage DNA

cDNA library phage total DNA Molecular Cloning
 (Sambrook *et al.*, 1989) . , confluent lysis가
 plate diluent (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM MgSO₄) phage
 , 4000g 10 bacterial debris
 . RNaseA (1 mg/ml) 1 μ l DNase I (1 mg/ml)
 1 μ l 37 15 , PEG (20% PEG8000 &
 2 M NaCl) 가 1 . Phage
 (10,000g, 10 , 4) , pellet
 TE buffer (pH 8.0) 0.5 ml 10% SDS 5 μ l 가 68
 5 . 5 M NaCl 10 μ l phenol:chloroform chloroform
 isopropanol DNA pellet TE buffer PCR
 . DNA insert DNA
 pBluescript phagemid *in vivo* excision
 filamentous phage particle 100 μ l 200 μ l SOLR
 eppendorf tube 37 15 ampicillin (50 μ g/ml)
 500 ml overnight .
 alkaline lysis solution I, II, III (Birnboim &
 Doly, 1979) PEG (Sambrook *et al.*, 1989) plasmid DNA
 PCR template .

2) PCR

OMT cDNA library screening
 OMT DNA (Aspen)
 2 set primer oligonucleotide .

OMT F2 (5'GGGGGATCCAAGATTCAACAAG3')

R1 (5'GGGGTTCGACGGCCTTCTTGCGGAA3')

PCR total cDNA template 가 100 ng
 primer 2 pmole 가 *Taq* polymerase
 2 unit 95 - 5 min, 44 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 1 cycle, 95 - 1
 min, 44 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 30 cycle, 72 - 10 min 1 cycle
 . PCR 0.59 kb 0.9 kb elution DNA
 25 ng 50 µCi - P³²-dCTP polymerization Klenow
 Prime- a- Gene Labelling System (Promega) DNA labelling
 OMT cDNA screening probe DNA .

full-length OMT cDNA screening

OMT cDNA screening .

1) cDNA library

7% DMSO - 80 cDNA library titer 150
 mm NZY agar plate 60,000 plaques titer plating
 . 0.2% maltose 10 mM MgSO₄ LB XL1- Blue
 MRF (*recA*-, *mcrA*-, *mcrCB*-, *mrr*-) 0.5 , 600 µl
 SM buffer phage stock titer phage 37
 15 . 48 NZY top agarose 8 ml
 150 mm NZY plate 37 confluent lysis가 .

2) Blotting filter

Plaque hybridization Grunstein and Hogness
 . Lysis가 plate 4 1 , 137
 mm plaque screen membrane disc (NEN, Du Pont) agar plate 2-3
 needle . False positive plaque
 duplicate filter 4 agar plate blotting , 1
 screening 2 filter . master agar plate
 autoradiography positive plaque picking 4 ,
 filter 1.5 M NaCl 0.5 M NaOH denaturation
 2-3 phage DNA DNA
 1.5 M NaCl 0.5 M Tris-Cl (pH 8.0) neutralization 5
 , 3 MM paper . membrane DNA
 binding UV crosslinker (120,000 μ J of UV
 energy) 30 crosslink .

3) Probe DNA hybridization

membrane prehybridization buffer (2 x PIPES, 50% deionized
 formamide, 0.5% SDS, 100 μ g/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA) (3
 ml/membrane) glass dish 42 2 . Probe DNA
 (*Populus tremuloides*) primer
 0.59 kb 0.9 kb DNA agarose gel fractionation
 DNA elution . DNA 25 ng , 50 μ Ci
 - P^{32} -dCTP, dNTPs, 10x buffer, BSA, Klenow 가 1
 , 95 .
 EDTA 20 mM 가 Sephadex G-50 gel packing spun column
 loading fraction 1 2
 - P^{32} -dCTP . probe DNA 100 5 heating
 , single strand hybridization 1 ml
 1 x 10⁶ cpm probe DNA 가 , 42 8

hybridization 2 x SSC and 0.5% SDS
 10 , 2 washing , 0.5 x SSC and 0.5% SDS 30 55
 - 60 2 . 0.1 x SSC and 0.1% SDS
 background high stringency washing filter saran
 wrap intensifying screen cassette folder - 80
 X-ray film overnight .

. Total cDNA PCR full length OMT cDNA

OMT DNA (Aspen) 5'- 3'-

Figure 5-4A 2 set primer
 oligonucleotide . OMT F1 (5'GGGGTCGACAAGATGGGTTCAACA3') R1
 (5'GGGGTCGACGGCCTTCTTGCGGAA3') primer set start codon stop codon
 amplification design *SalI* site
 subcloning . set primer F1 R2
 (5'GGGGTCGACTCACTTAATGCTTAG3') 3'-noncoding region 324 bp가
 가 primer set 가 *SalI* site가
 . PCR total cDNA template 가
 100 ng primer 2 pmole, dNTPs 0.5 mM, MgSO4
 1 mM 가 , vent DNA polymerase (NEB) 2 unit 95
 - 5 min, 44 - 30 sec, 72 - 2 min 1 cycle, 95 - 1 min, 44 - 30 sec, 72
 - 2 min 30 cycle, 72 - 10 min 1 cycle .

1) Cloning of PCR product using pGEM-T vector system

PCR product pGEM-T vector system subcloning . 3.0 kb
 T-vector 1 $\mu\ell$ (50 ng, 0.025 pmole) 1.1 kb insert DNA 50 ng
 (0.075 pmole), 1.4 kb 70 ng 4 overnight ligation
 , 1 $\mu\ell$ *E. coli* JM109 . - galactosidase
 - complementation insert DNA LB/amp X- gal

IPTG colony white colony rapid plasmid
 DNA *SalI* digestion insert .

2) Subcloning of OMT cDNAs into pBluescript- KS vector

Vector pGEM- T cloning OMT cDNA (A'10 & B'1)
SalI 1.1 kb 1.4 kb elution T3
 T7 primer 가 pBluescript- KS vector subcloning
 clone (pOMTA1.1 & pOMTB1.4) Sanger- dideoxy sequencing 5'-
 3'- cDNA T3
 T7primer F1 (ACCAAGAACGAGGAC) R1
 (GGCATATCCACTTCA) primer . library
 screening #2 clone cDNA

1) Sequencing reaction

OMT 가 cloning plasmid DNA (pOMTA1.1,
 pOMTB1.4, and #2) , QIAGEN plasmid
 extraction kit DNA Sanger- dideoxy
 double strand DNA template sequencing
 sequenase kit (United States Biochemical) . , clone
 DNA 5 µg 0.2 N NaOH and 0.2 mM EDTA 37 30
 3 M sodium acetate 0.1 volume 가 2 volume ethanol
 가 DNA . DNA 7 µl
 primer (0.5 pmole/3 ng/µl) 1 µl 5 x sequenase buffer (200 mM
 Tris- HCl, pH 7.5, 100 mM MgCl₂, 250 mM NaCl) 2 µl 가 37 30
 annealing . Annealing DNA 10 µl 5 x Labeling Mix (7.5 µM dGTP, 7.5
 µM dCTP, 7.5 µM dTTP) 5 mixture 2 µl, 0.1 M DTT 1 µl,

[32 S] dATP (1,000 Ci/mmol) 0.5 μ l, enzyme dilution buffer (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 5 mM DTT, 0.5 mg/ml BSA) 9 μ l, sequenase 2 μ l 가
 , 2-3 . dNTP termination
 nucleotide (ddGTP, ddTTP, ddCTP, ddATP) termination mixture 4
 E-tube 2.5 μ l 3.5 μ l tube(A, C, G, T
 reaction) 37 5 stop solution (95% formamide,
 20 mM EDTA, 0.05% bromphenol blue, 0.05% xylene cyanol) 4 μ l 가
 . A, C, G, T 80 2
 urea 6% denatured polyacrylamide gel 3 tracks loading
 fractionation . Running gel urea fixing
 solution (300 ml methanol, 100 ml Acetic acid, 1600 ml DW) 30 8
 0 setting gel dryer gel X-ray film expose
 clone .

2. genomic DNA library OMT genomic DNA screening

가. Genomic DNA

xylem () genomic DNA Murray and Thompson
 (1980) .
 가 가 20
 mM 2-mercaptoethanol 가 CTAB extraction buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH
 8.0, 70 mM NaCl, 10 mM EDTA, 1% CTAB) tube ,
 55 20 . chloroform/isoamylalcohol
 (24 : 1) 가 (1,300 x g, 10 min)
 tube CTAB precipitation buffer (50 mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 10
 mM EDTA, 1% CTAB) 20 , 2,000 x g 15
 1 M NaCl 2 volume ethanol 가
 -20 2 . 1,300 x g 5

DNA pellet 70% ethanol
genomic library .

. Southern blot analysis

Murray and Thompson (1980)
genomic DNA 20 μ g 가 (*Bam*HI, *Eco*RI, *Hind*III)
37 , 0.8% agarose gel fractionation
. gel DNA 0.25
N HCl 15 depurination , denaturation (0.5 N NaOH &
1.5 M NaCl) 20 DNA , neutralizing (0.5 M Tris-HCl, pH
7.5 & 1.5 M NaCl) 20 DNA , DNA
capillary reaction gene screen plus membrane . Probe
DNA pOMTB1.4 *Sal*I 1.4 kb elution , 60
 μ Ci - P^{32} -dCTP, dNTPs, 10x buffer, BSA, Klenow 가
1 , EDTA 20 mM 가
. - P^{32} -dCTP Sephadex G-50 gel packing
spun column , probe DNA 100 5 heating
, single strand 2 x PIPES (0.8 M NaCl & 20
mM PIPES, pH 6.5) hybridization (2 x PIPES, 50% deionized formamide,
0.5% SDS, 100 μ g/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA) 1 ml 1 x 10⁶ cpm
probe DNA 가 , 42 8 .
hybridization 2 x SSC and 0.5% SDS 10 , 2
washing , 0.5 x SSC and 0.5% SDS 30 55 - 60 2
. 0.1 x SSC and 0.1% SDS background
high stringency washing filter saran wrap
intensifying screen cassette folder - 80 X-ray film
overnight .

. Genomic DNA library

1) Insert DNA

genomic DNA library 9 kb
 23 kb replacement가 가 Lambda FIX II vector system (Stratagene)
in vitro packaging Gigapack Gold III Packaging Extracts (Stratagene)
 1 amplification genomic library . TC가
 Lambda FIX vector compatible end (*Xho*I digested, filled in with
 dCTP and dTTP) GATC sticky end genomic
 DNA dATP dGTP klenow TC
 filling GA 가 vector TC 가
 . Phenol/chloroform ethanol
 genomic DNA , 가 vector DNA 1 μ g
 genomic DNA 1 μ g T4 DNA ligase 2 weiss unit 가
 16 overnight ligation . Ligation
 agarose gel ligation efficiency 1 μ l ligate *in vitro*
 packaging .

2) *In vitro* packaging titering

In vitro packaging Gigapack III Gold Packaging Extract Stratagene, #200203)
 . Deep freezer packaging extract
 ligate 1 μ l (200 ng) 가 1.5 , 500 μ l
 SM buffer 20 μ l chloroform 가 debris
 titering 4 . Maltose (0.2%) 10 mM MgSO₄
 LB XL1- Blue MRF(P2) (OD₆₀₀) 10 mM
 MgSO₄ 0.5가 200 μ l final packaging extract
 37 15 . 48 NZY top
 agarose 4 ml 100 mm NZY agar plate 37
 10 , titer .

3) Genomic DNA library

Genomic library high titer stock lambda
 vector cloning genomic DNA phage 1 .
 600 $\mu\ell$ 150 mm plate 1 x 10⁵ plaques(15 $\mu\ell$ of final packaging
 extract) phage 37 15 , 10 ml top agarose
 150 mm plate 37 confluent lysis가
 . lysis가 plate SM buffer 10 ml 가 phage가
 shaking 4 overnight , plate
 SM buffer chloroform 5% 15
 debris , DMSO가 7% 가 - 80
 stock chloroform 0.3% OMT
 genomic DNA screening .

. OMT genomic DNA screening

1) Plating, Blotting filter

4 genomic DNA library titer 150 mm NZY agar
 plate 80,000 plaques titer plating .
 XL1- Blue MRF (P2) 600
 (A=600) 0.5 600 $\mu\ell$ SM buffer phage stock
 titer phage 37 15 , 48 NZY
 top agarose 8 ml 150 mm NZY plate 37
 confluent lysis가 . Plaque hybridization
 OMT cDNA screening 가 Grunstein and Hogness (1975)
 , lysis가 plate 4 1 ,
 137 mm plaque screen membrane disc(NEN , Du Pont) agar plate 2- 3
 needle . False positive plaque
 duplicate filter 4 agar plate blotting
 master agar plate autoradiography positive plaque

picking 4 . filter denaturation 2- 3
 phage DNA DNA
 neutralization 5 , 3 MM paper

2) Probe DNA hybridization

membrane prehybridization buffer (2 x PIPES, 50% deionized formamide, 0.5% SDS, 100 µg/ml denatured salmon sperm DNA) (3 ml/membrane) glass dish 42 2 . Probe DNA
 OMT full length cDNA pOMTB1.4 plasmid *SalI* agarose gel fractionation 1.4 kb DNA elution . DNA 25 ng
 50 µCi - P³²- dCTP polymerization Klenow
 Prime- a- Gene Labelling System (Promega) DNA labelling
 genomic DNA screening probe DNA . probe
 DNA 100 5 heating single strand
 hybridization 1 ml 1 x 10⁶ cpm 가 42 8
 . hybridization 2 x SSC
 and 0.5% SDS 10 , 2 washing 0.5 x SSC and 0.5% SDS
 30 55- 60 2 0.1 x SSC and 0.1% SDS
 background high stringency washing filter
 intensifying screen cassette folder , - 80 X- ray film
 overnight .

3) Lambda phage DNA

Confluent lysis가 plate diluent (10 mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 10 mM MgSO₄) 10 ml phage , 4000g 10
 bacterial debris . RNaseA
 (1 mg/ml) 1 µl DNase I (1 mg/ml) 1 µl 37 15
 , PEG (20% PEG8000 & 2 M NaCl) 가 1

. Phage (10,000g, 10 , 4)
 , pellet TE buffer (pH 8.0) 0.5 ml
 10% SDS 5 $\mu\ell$ 가 , 68 5 . 5 M NaCl 10 $\mu\ell$
 phenol:chloroform chloroform isopropanol DNA
 pellet TE buffer restriction enzyme
 pattern .

4) PCR amplification of OMT genomic DNA

Library	screening	genomic DNA	
	genomic DNA	template	cDNA amplification
primer	OMT-F1 OMT-R1		2.5 kb genomic DNA가
	polymerase chain reaction		. , genomic DNA 100
ng, 200 ng, 400 ng		primer	2 pmole 가
size가 DNA		Ex- <i>Taq</i> polymerase (TAKARA)	2 unit
95 -5 min, 45 -30 sec, 72 -2 min		1 cycle, 95 -1 min, 45 -30	
sec, 72 -2 min	30 cycle, 72 -10 min	1 cycle	.

3

cDNA library polyA RNA
 1st cDNA 2nd cDNA . second strand
 alkaline agarose gel cDNA
(Figure 5- 1). ds cDNA *EcoRI* adaptor
 가 3'- linker *XhoI* sticky end
 cDNA size fractionation column (GIBCO BRL, Bethesda, MD)
 cDNA TAE buffer
 agarose gel cDNA **(Figure 5- 2).** ds
 cDNA library . cDNA library lamda ZAP DNA
 18 LB

EcoRI *XhoI* agarose gel 0.5 kb 5.2 kb
insert DNA가 (Figure 5-3).

OMT cDNA library screening OMT
DNA (Aspen)
2 set primer oligonucleotide (Figure 5-4A & 4B).
primer set 169 coding stop codon
amplification design *Bam*HI *Sal*I site
subcloning . set primer F2
R2(5'GGGGTCGACTCACTTAATGCTTAG3') 3'-noncoding region 324 bp가
가 R2 primer set 가 *Sal*I site가
. PCR primer F2& R1 (lane 3) 0.59 kb
OMT primer F2 & R2 (lane 4) 3'- 324 bp
가 가 0.9 kb PCR product (Figure 5-4B).

xylem poly(A+)RNA ZAP cDNA
library (1 x 10⁸ pfu/ μ l) lignin-specific O-methyltransferase (OMT)
DNA (*Populus tremuloides*)
primer DNA probe
plaque hybridization , 1 screening 15 putative
2 , 3 screening 5 positive clone .
(*Eco*RI) , DNA pattern
full-length OMT PCR
, OMT
. autoradiography plate duplicate film (total 10
films/5 plates, 300,000 plaques) plaque master
plate pasteur pipette plaque picking SM
buffer agarose bacteriophage particle 4 overnight
(Figure 5-5). screening phage titer 150
mm plate 300-500 plaques titer bacteria
infection . hybridization

autoradiography film (Figure 5-6) positive
 plaque 5 picking . Picking single plaque
 plaque spot agar plate 20- 100
 plaques titer bacteria infection
 hybridization . Tertiary screening plaque OMT
 probe DNA hybridization (Figure 5-7), picking
 OMT cDNA phage stock . 5 putative
 full length 2 , *EcoRI*
 insert DNA #2 clone cDNA sanger- dideoxy
 chain termination PCR
 OMT .
 cDNA library OMT full-length cDNA PCR
 DNA *Aspen(Populus tremuloides)* OMT
 5'- 3'- PCR primer
 cDNA library total DNA rescue template
 OMT library screening
 clone DNA cDNA . PCR product
 UV primer F1& R1 (lane 3) 1.1 kb
 full-length OMT cDNA primer F1 & R2 (lane 4) 3'- 324
 bp가 가 1.44 kb PCR product . DNA
 primer set flanking size (Figure 5-8). PCR
 product A 가 protruding 가
 cloning pGEM- T vector system subcloning
 . plasmid DNA *SalI* digestion 1.1
 kb (A'10) 1.4 kb (B'1)가 cloning . (Figure
 5-9). plasmid subcloning
 (Figure 5-10).

clone (A1.1, B1.4, #2) sequencing
 (Figure 5-11) A1.1 ATG initiation codon TAA termination codon

가 , B1.4 ATG codon 3'-noncoding region
 , library screening #2 clone 5'-untranslated region
 3'-noncoding region 가 . 3 clone
 clone 가
 5'-untranslated region 3'-noncoding region full-length
 cDNA 가 (Figure 5-12). OMT
 cDNA 1503 nucleotide 1098 nucleotide reading
 frame 365 . OMT
 39,800 dalton (Isoelectric point) 5.57
 . 5'-untranslated region 64 , 3'-noncoding region
 322 nucleotide 19 nucleotide poly(A+) tail polyadenylation

cDNA DNA
Populus tremuloides (Bugos *et al.*, 1991) (Figure
 5-13 & 14). Open reading frame (AUG) termination codon (TAA)
 coding region 365 가
Populus tremuloides codon usage . , codon 97
 leucine (CTT) histidine (CAT) , codon 191 isoleucine (ATT)
 leucine (CTT) , codon 216 asparagine (AAC) serine (AGC) , codon
 316 valine (GTT) isoleucine (ATT) .
 codon usage codon 81 leucine (CTG TTG), 91
 threonine (ACC ACT), 101 lysine (AAG AAA), 202 threonine (ACG
 ACA), 213 alanine (GCC GCT), 225 isoleucine (ATC ATT), 230
 phenylalanine (TTC TTT), 244 glycine (GGA GGT), 274 alanine (GCC
 GCA), 286 alanine (GCG GCC), 318 valine (GTC GTT), 332
 glutamic acid (GAG GAA), 344 phenylalanine (TTC TTT) .
 3'-noncoding region 10
 . *Populus tremuloides* DNA
 98.2%, 98.9% .
 cDNA OMT cDNA nucleotide

sequence

genomic DNA OMT cDNA
southern OMT cDNA
*Bam*HI genomic DNA 2.8 kb 5.8 kb band
, *Eco*RI OMT 3 *Eco*RI site
2 DNA (1.6 kb 0.9 kb) OMT genomic DNA
*Hind*III 6 kb band
pattern hybrid poplar OMT genomic DNA single
copy gene (Figure 5- 15).

genomic library genomic DNA 50 μ g *Bam*HI
partial digestion 0.6% agarose gel (Figure 5- 16A,16B), 2
kb 6 kb band gel elution Gigapack
III Gold Packaging Extract genomic library titer
1 μ l 3,500 plaques genomic library
average size 1.75 x 10⁶ library가

OMT probe 1 screening 320.000 plaques
hybridization 11 putative plaque (Figure 5- 17), blue tip
film master plate plaque picking
0.5 ml SM buffer phage , signal
4 plaque single plaque 150 mm plate 300- 500
plaques titer . 2 screening

1 screening 가 Figure 5- 18
plate OMT genomic DNA 가 single plaque 2
picking , plaque OMT genomic DNA 가
XL1- Blue MRF (P2) , lambda phage DNA
OMT genomic DNA *Eco*RI
DNA , OMT 169 coding

*Bam*HI site upstream Lambda FIX II vector
*Eco*RI 1.57 kb DNA , **Figure 5-19**
4 (1-3-1, 2-4-1, 2-1-2, 2-4-2) band
pattern insert DNA (*Sal*I,
*Xba*I, *Sac*I) digestion **Figure 5-20**
insert DNA가
pattern 1-3-1 2-4-1 DNA pBluescript subcloning
PCR cDNA
amplification primer OMT-F1 OMT-R1
2.5 kb genomic DNA가 polymerase chain reaction
Figure 5-21 2.5 kb PCR product
DNA band elution pGEM-T vector system subcloning
genomic DNA Sanger-dideoxy chain termination
. OMT-genomic DNA 4 exon 3 intron
exon 419 , exon 311 , exon 65 ,
exon 617 (**Figure 5-22**). Intron GT
AG intron 1102 가
intron . Plasmid pGEM-T cloning 2.7 kb
genomic DNA 2 internal *Eco*RI *Sal*I,
*Bam*HI, *Hpa*I, *Hgi*AI, *Dsa*I, *Bcl*II, *Rsa*I 1

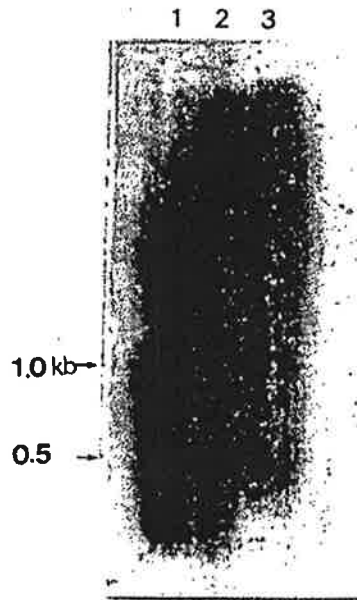


Figure 5-1. Alkaline agarose gel electrophoresis of first & second strand cDNA

lane 1: γ - 32 P-labelled ϕ x174 DNA

lane 2: 1st cDNA from popula poly(A⁺)RNA

lane 3: 2nd cDNA

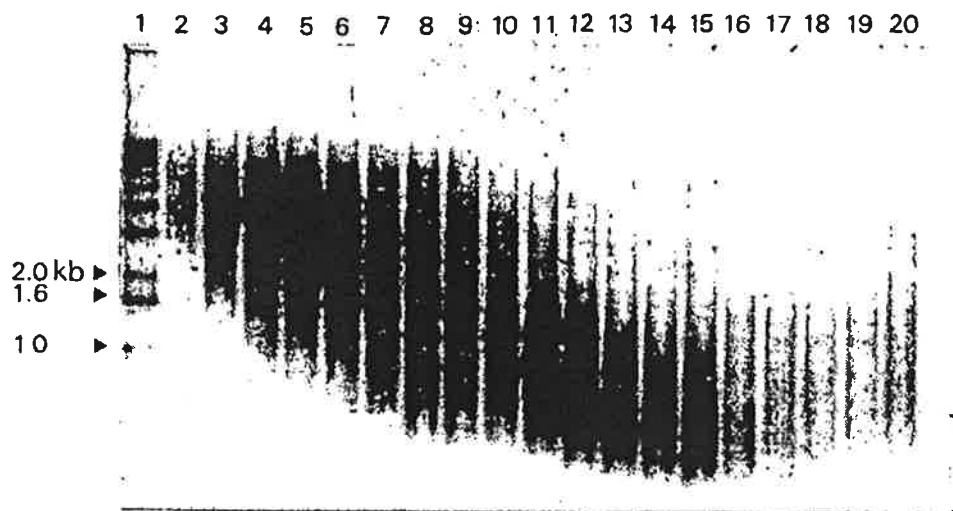


Figure 5-2. Electrophoretic analysis of size-fractionated cDNA

lane 1: γ - ^{32}P -labelled 1kb ladder

lane 2 - 20: fractionated tube number

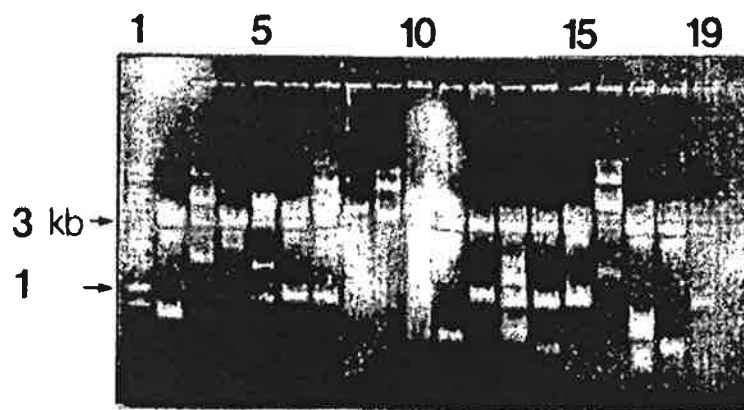


Figure 5-3. Size distribution of cDNA insert of recombinant λ -ZAP phage DNA
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder, lane 2-19: phagemid/*EcoRI* & *XhoI*

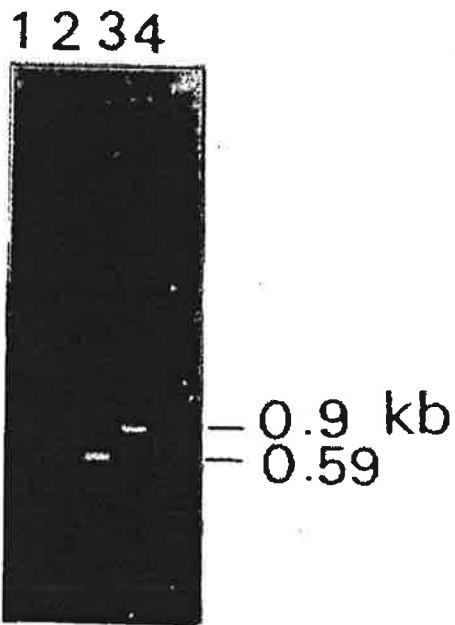
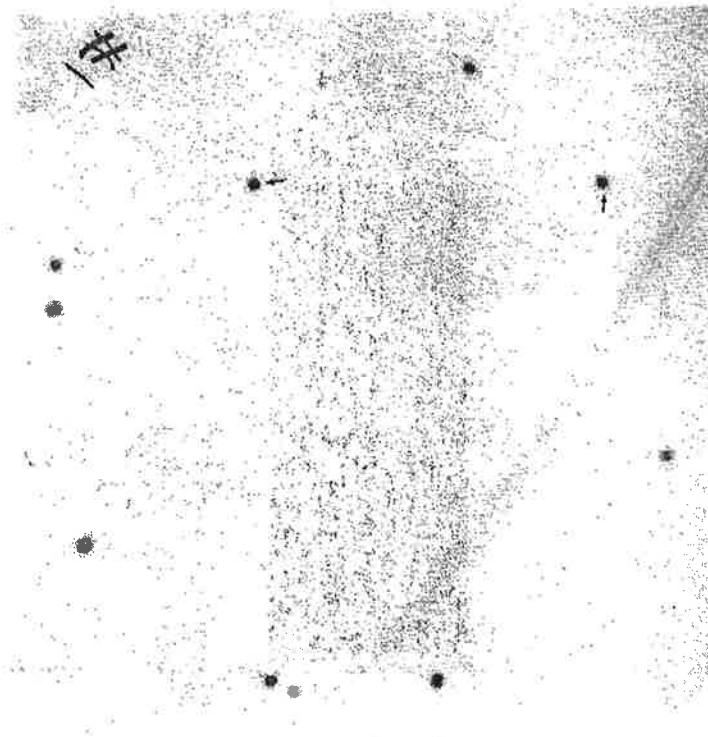


Figure 5-4B. Agarose gel pattern of the amplified DNA using polymerase chain reaction
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder lane 2: negative control (no template)
 lane 3: 0.59 kb DNA by OMT F2 & R1 primer
 lane 4: 0.9 kb DNA by OMT F2 & R2 primer



**Figure 5-5. Autoradiography of primary screening for OMT cDNA.
The arrow indicates the putative OMT cDNA**

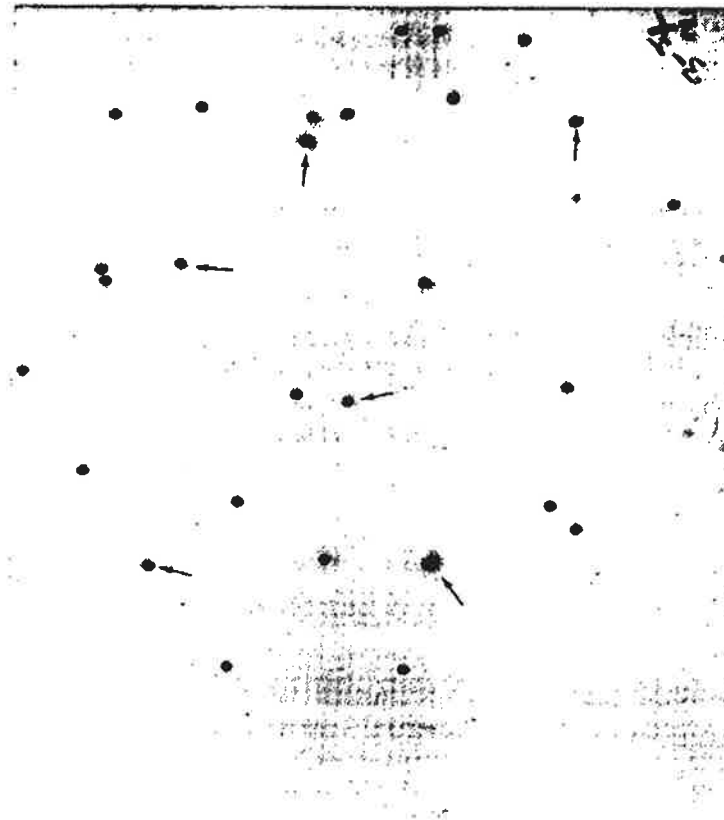
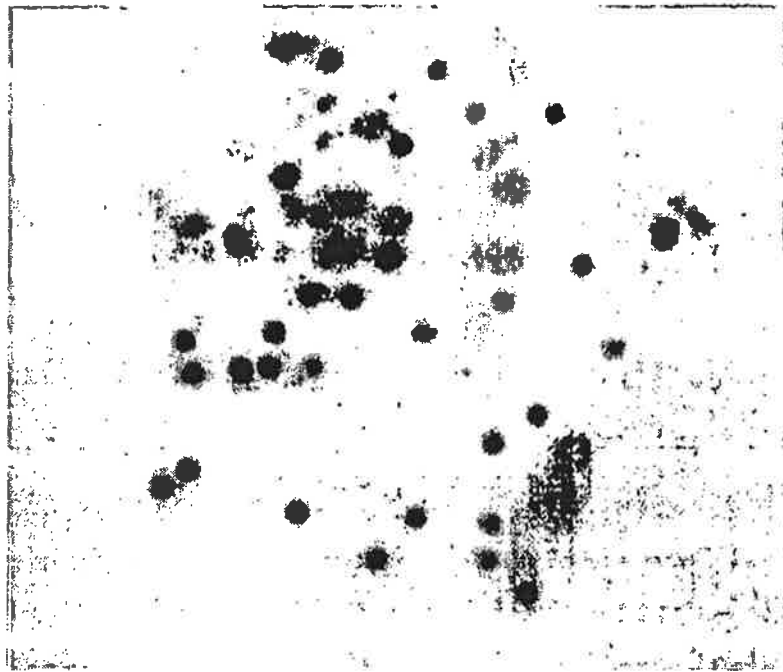


Figure 5-6. Autoradiography of secondary screening for OMT cDNA
The arrow indicates the putative OMT cDNA



**Figure 5-7. Autoradiography of tertiary screening for OMT cDNA
All plaques were hybridized with OMT cDNA probe**

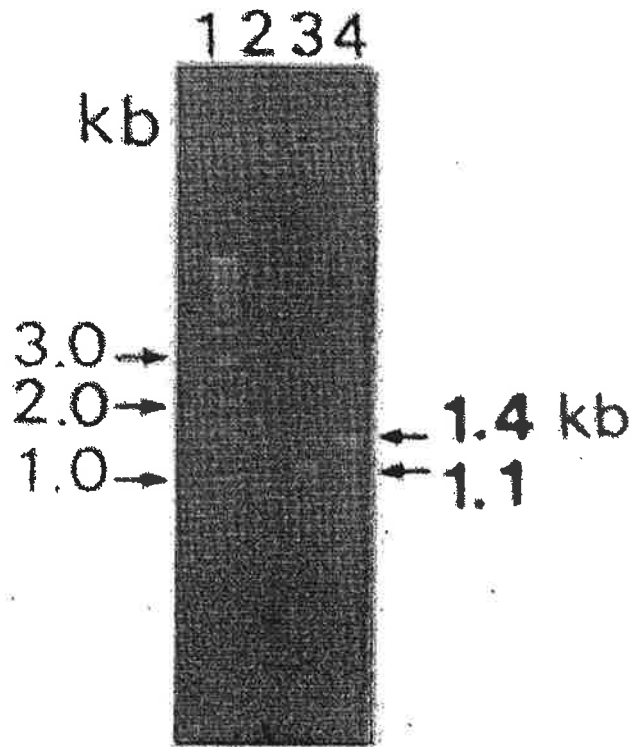


Figure 5-8. Agarose gel pattern of the amplified *P. nigra x maximowiczii* cDNA using polymerase chain reaction
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder
 lane 2: negative control (no template)
 lane 3: 1.1 kb of the amplified cDNA (OMT F1 & R1 primer)
 lane 4: 1.4 kb of the amplified cDNA (OMT F1 & R2 primer)

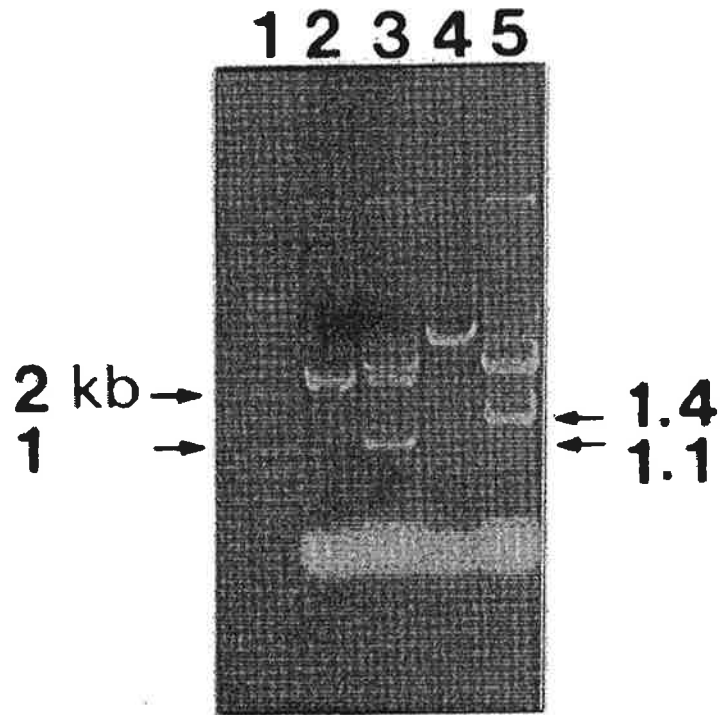


Figure 5-9. Restriction pattern of pGEM-T vector containing the PCR amplified OMT cDNA, A'10-6 and B'1

lane 1: 1 Kb ladder

lane 2: A'10-6 intact

lane 3: A'10-6/SalI

lane 4: B'1 intact

lane 5: B'1/SalI

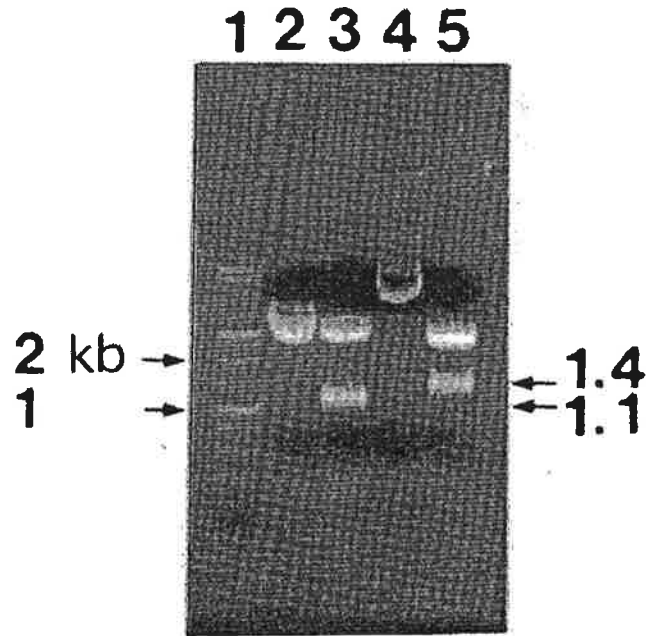


Figure 5-10. Restriction pattern of pBluescript-KS vector containing the amplified OMT cDNA, pOMTA1.1 and pOMTB1.4.

lane 1: 1 kb ladder

lane 2: pOMTA1.1 intact

lane 3: pOMTA1.1/*SalI*

lane 4: pOMTB1.4 intact

lane 5: pOMTB1.4/*SalI*

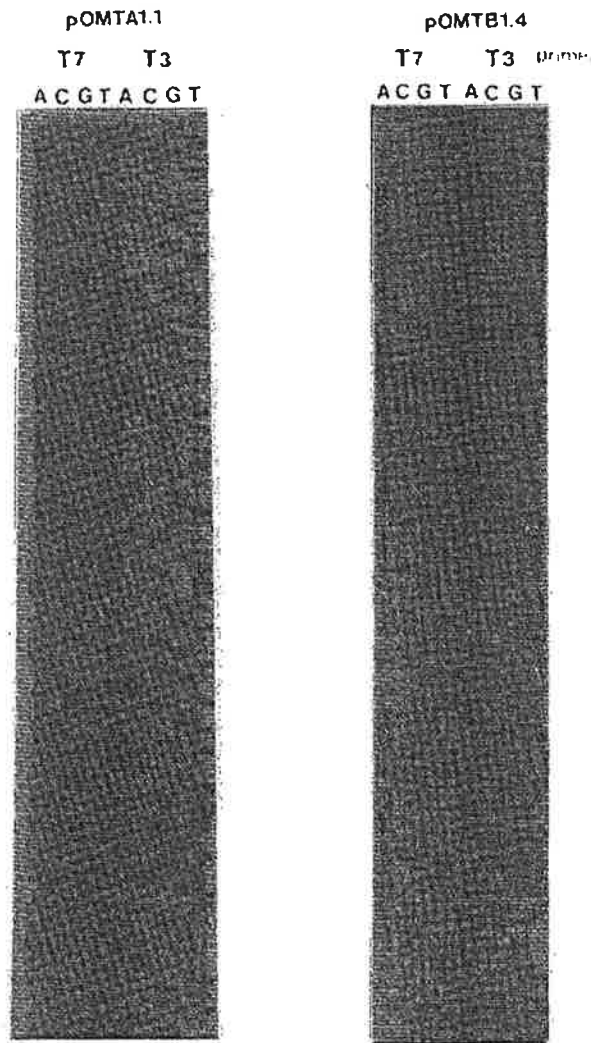


Figure 5-11. Nucleotide sequence of full-length *P. nigra x maximowiczii* OMT cDNA. Sequencing of the OMT cDNA was performed by the dideoxy chain termination method on double-stranded template and the reaction mixtures were applied to a 6% polyacrylamide gel containing 8 M urea

1 TCACCTTCCTTTCCCTTACACCTTCTTCAACCTTTTGTTCCTTGTAGAATTCARTCTCGAT

61 CAAGATGGGTTCAACAGGTGAACTCAGATGACTCCAACCTCAGGTATCAGATGAAGAGGC
M G S T G E T Q M T P T Q V S D E E A

121 ACACCTCTTTGCCATGCAACTAGCCAGTGCTTCAGTTCTACCAATGATCCTCAAAACAGC
H L F A M Q L A S A S V L P M I L K T A

181 CATTGAACTCGACCTTCTTGAATCATGGCTAAAGCTGGCCCTGGTCTTCTTGTCCAC
I E L D L L E I M A K A G P G A F L S T

241 ATCTGAGATAGCTTCTCACCTCCCTACCAAAAACCTGATGCGCCTGTCATGTTAGACCG
S E I A S H L P T K N P D A P V M L D R

301 TATCTGGCCCTCCTGGCTAGCTACTCCATTCTTACTTGTCTCTGAAAAGATCATCTGCTC
I L R L L A S Y S I L T C S L K D H P A

361 TGGGAAAGTTGAGAGACTGTATGGCCTCGCTCCTGTTTGTAAATCTTGACCAAGAACGA
G K V E R L Y G L A P V C K F L T K N E

421 GGACGGTGTCTCTGTACGCCCTCTCTGTCTCATGAACCAGGACAAGTCCCTCATGGAAG
D G V S V S P L C L M N Q D K V L M E S

481 CTGGTATTATTTGAAAGATGCAATCTTGATGGAGGAATCCATTTAACAAGGCCTATGG
W Y Y L K D A I L D G G I P F N K A Y G

541 GATGACTGCATTGAATATCATGGCACGGATCCAAGATTCAACAAGGTCTTCAACAAGGG
M T A F E Y H G T D P R F N K V F N K G

601 AATGTCTGACCACCTACCATTACCATGAAGAAGCTTCTTGAGACCTACAAAGGCCTTGA
M S D H S T I T M K K L L E T Y K G F E

661 AGGCCTCACATCCTTGGTGGATGTTGGTGGTGGGACTGGAGCTGTGCGTTAGCACCATCGT
G L T S L V D V G G G T G A V V S T I V

721 CTCTAAATACCCTTCAATTAAGGGCATTAACTTTGATCTGCCCCACGTCATTGAGGATGC
S K Y P S I K G I N F D L P H V I E D A

781 CCCCTCTTATCCCGGTGGAGCATGTTGGTGGCGACATGTTTGTAGTGTGCCCAAGC
P S Y P G V E H V G G D M F V S V P K A

841 AGATGCCGTTTTTCATGAAGTGGATATGCCATGATTGGAGCGACGCACACTGCTTAA AAT
D A V F M K W I C H D W S D A H C L K F

901 CTTGAAGAATTGCTATGACGCCCTTGGCGGAAAACGGCAAGGTGATACTTGTGAGTGCAT
L K N C Y D A L P E N G K V I L V E C I

961 TCTTCCCGTGGCTCCTGACACAAGCCTTGCCACCAAGGGAGTCCGTGCACATTGATGTTAT
L P V A P D T S L A T K G V V H I D V I

1021 CATGCTGGCGCAACCCCGTGGGAAAACAGAGGACCGAAAAGGAATTTGAGGGCTTAGC
M L A H N P G G K E R T E K E F E G L A

1081 TAAGGGAGCTGGCTTCAAGTTTGAAGTAATGTGCTGTGCATTCAACACACATGTCAT
K G A G F Q G F E V M C C A F N T H V I

1141 TGAATCCGCAAGAAGGCCCTAAGGCCATGTCCAAGCTCCAAGTTACTTGGGGTTTTGCA
E F R K K A

1201 TACAACGTTGCTGCTGTCTCTGCGITTTGATGTTTGTGATTGCTTTTTTTTATACGAGTAG
1261 CAGCTATCTCTATGAAACATTTAAGGTTAAGGTTGCGTTTTTGTATGCTGATTTTCTCA
1321 AATAACTTCACTGCCTCCCTCAAAATCTTAATACATGTGAAAAGATTTCTTATTGGCCT
1381 TCTGCTTCAAACAGTAAAGACTTCTGTAACGGAAAAGAAAGCAATTCATGATGTATGTAT
1441 CTTGCAAGATTATGAGTATTGTTCTAAGCATTAAAGTATTGTTCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
1501 AAA

Figure 5-12. Nucleotide and deduced amino acid sequence of full-length *P. nigra x maximowiczii* OMT cDNA


```

Y A : NGSTGETQMTPTQVSDDEAHLFANQLASASVLPNIIKTAIELDLLBIMAKAGPG---FLS 57
P T : NGSTGETQMTPTQVSDDEAHLFANQLASASVLPNIIKTAIELDLLBIMAKAGPG---FLS 57
P D : NGSTGETQMTPTQVSDDEAHLFANQLASASVLPNIIKTAIELDLLBIMAKAGPG---FLS 57
T A : MESSTKSQI-PTQSEERNCTYAMQLSSVLEFVLMHSTIQLEVFELAKS---NDTKLS 56

Y A : TSETASHLPT-KNPD---APVMLDRIIRLLASYSILTCSL--KDHPDGKVERLYGLAPVC 111
P T : TSETASHLPT-KNPD---APVMLDRIIRLLASYSILTCSL--KDHPDGKVERLYGLAPVC 111
P D : TSETASHLPT-KNPD---APVMLDRIIRLLASYSILTCSL--KDHPDGKVERLYGLAPVC 111
T A : ASQIVSQIPNCKNPC---AATMLDMQYVLAASYSLFTCSIVEDEENGGQKRIVYGLSQVG 112

Y A : KFLTRNEDGVSVSPLCLMNDKVLNESWYVYIKDAIIDGGIPFNKAYGMT-APFYHGTDP 170
P T : KFLTRNEDGVSVSPLCLMNDKVLNESWYVYIKDAIIDGGIPFNKAYGMT-APFYHGTDP 170
P D : KFLTRNEDGVSVSPLCLMNDKVLNESWYVYIKDAIIDGGIPFNKAYGMT-APFYHGTDP 170
T A : KFFVRDEEDGASMGPLLALLQDKVFINSWFELKDAVLEGGVPEEDRVHGQVVAEYVPKSDPK 172

Y A : FNKVFENKCMSDHSITMKKILETYKGFEGGLTSLYVDVGGGTSAVVSTIVSKYPSIKGINFD 230
P T : FNKVFENKCMSDHSITMKKILETYKGFEGGLTSLYVDVGGGTSAVVNTIVSKYPSIKGINFD 230
P D : FNKVFENKCMSDHSITMKKILETYKGFEGGLTSLYVDVGGGTSAVVSTIVSKYPSIKGINFD 230
T A : FNDVFNKAMINHTTVVMKKILENYKGFENLRTLYVDVGGGLGVNLKMITSKYPTIKGTNFD 232

Y A : LPHVIEDAPSYEGVEHVGGDMESVVRKADAVFMKWI CHWSDAHCLKFLKNCYDALBENG 290
P T : LPHVIEDAPSYEGVEHVGGDMESVVRKADAVFMKWI CHWSDAHCLKFLKNCYDALBENG 290
P D : LPHVIEDAPSYEGVEHVGGDMESVVRKADAVFMKWI CHWSDAHCLKFLKNCYDALBENG 290
T A : LPHVVQHPASVYEGVEHVGGDMESVVEGDAIFMKSITLHWSDSHNLKLLKNCYKALBENG 292

Y A : KVILVECLLVPAPDTSLATKGVVHIDVIMLAHNRGGKERTKETEGLAKGAGFQGFVEMC 350
P T : KVILVECLLVPAPDTSLATKGVVHIDVIMLAHNRGGKERTKETEGLAKGAGFQGFVEMC 350
P D : KVILVECLLVPAPDTSLATKGVVHIDVIMLAHNRGGKERTKETEGLAKGAGFQGFVEMC 349
T A : KVIVVEALLVVKPDI DTAVVGSQCLIMMIONPGGKESSEEFRAATEAGFKGVNLIC 352

Y A : CAFNTHVIEFRKKA 364
P T : CAFNTHVIEFRKKA 364
P D : CAFNTHVIEFRKKA 363
T A : CVCFVWVMECK-- 364

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Figure 5-14. Comparison of the amino acid sequence of *P. nigra* x *maximowiczii* OMT cDNA to *Populus tremuloides* and *Populus deltoides* x *trichocarpa*
YA : YangHwangchul (*Populus nigra* x *maximowiczii*)
PT : *Populus tremuloides*
PD : *Populus deltoides* x *trichocarpa*
TA : *Nicotiana tabacum*

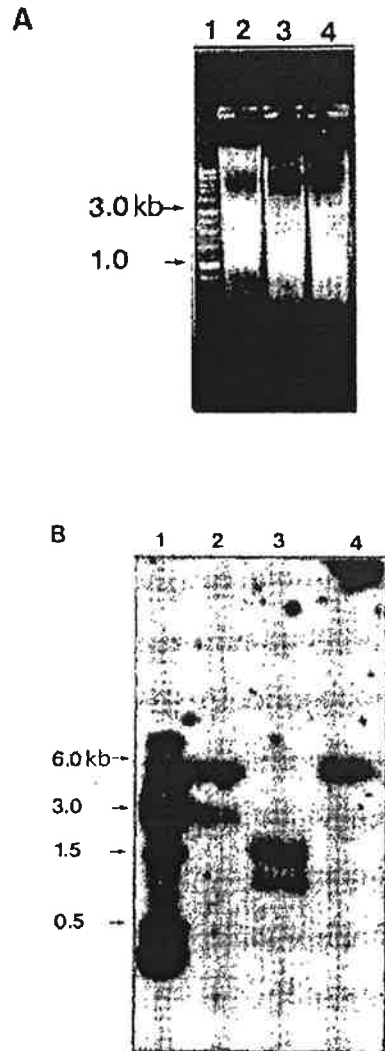


Figure 5-15. Southern blot analysis of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* genomic DNA digested with *Bam*HI, *Eco*RI, and *Hin*dIII, respectively
 Panel A: Agarose gel pattern Panel B: Autoradiography film
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder lane 2: genomic DNA/*Bam*HI
 lane 3: genomic DNA/*Eco*RI lane 4: genomic DNA/*Hin*dIII

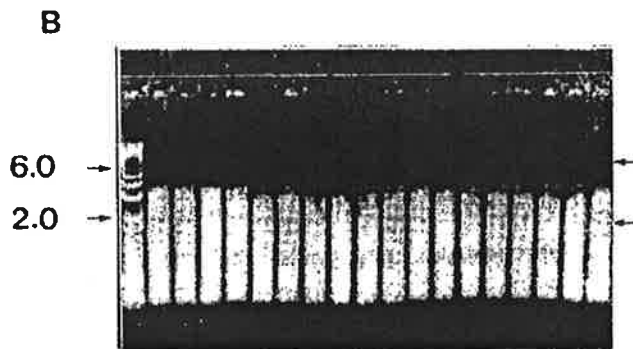
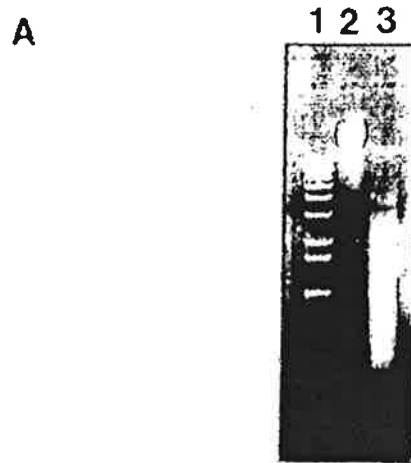


Figure 5-16. Agarose gel electrophoresis of genomic DNA from *P. nigra x maximowiczii* (Panel A) and Size fractionation of Yanghwangchul genomic DNA after partially digesting with *Bam*HI (Panel B)
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder DNA
 lane 2: Intact genomic DNA
 lane 3: Genomic DNA partially digested with *Bam*HI

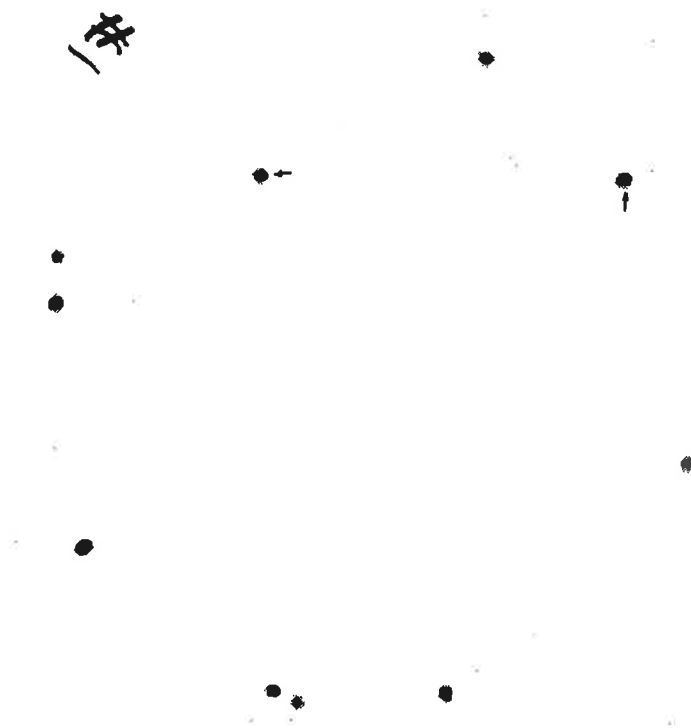


Figure 5-17. Autoradiography of primary screening for OMT genomic DNA.
The arrows indicate the putative plaques harboring OMT genomic DNA

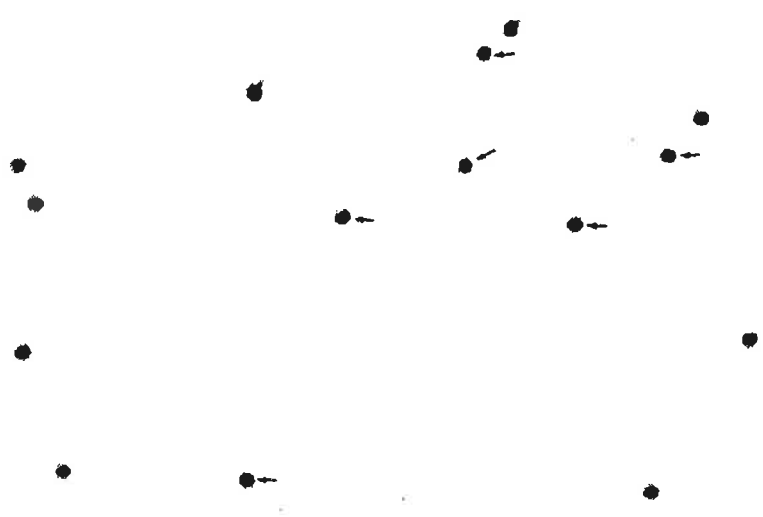


Figure 5-18. Autoradiography of secondary screening for OMT genomic DNA.
The arrows indicate the putative plaques harboring OMT genomic DNA

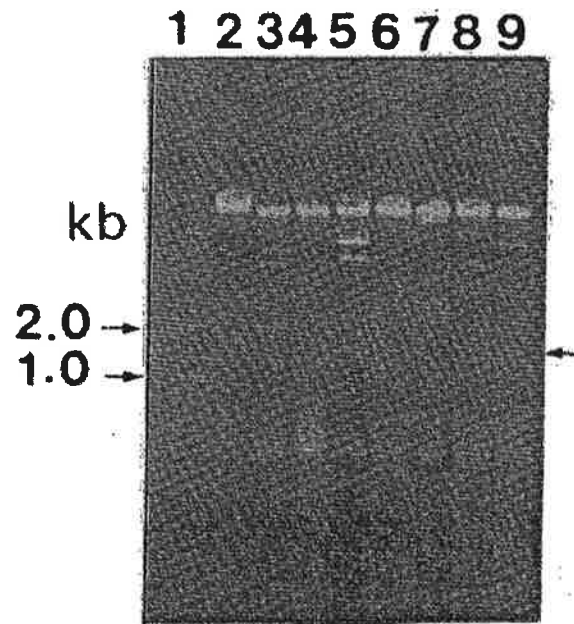


Figure 5-19. Restriction enzyme pattern of the putative clones digested with *EcoRI*

lane 1: 1 kb ladder, lane 2: 1-3-1/*EcoRI*, lane 3: 1-4-1/*EcoRI*
 lane 4: 2-1-1/*EcoRI*, lane 5: 2-4-1/*EcoRI*, lane 6: 1-3-2/*EcoRI*
 lane 7: 1-4-2/*EcoRI*, lane 8: 2-1-2/*EcoRI*, lane 9: 2-4-2/*EcoRI*

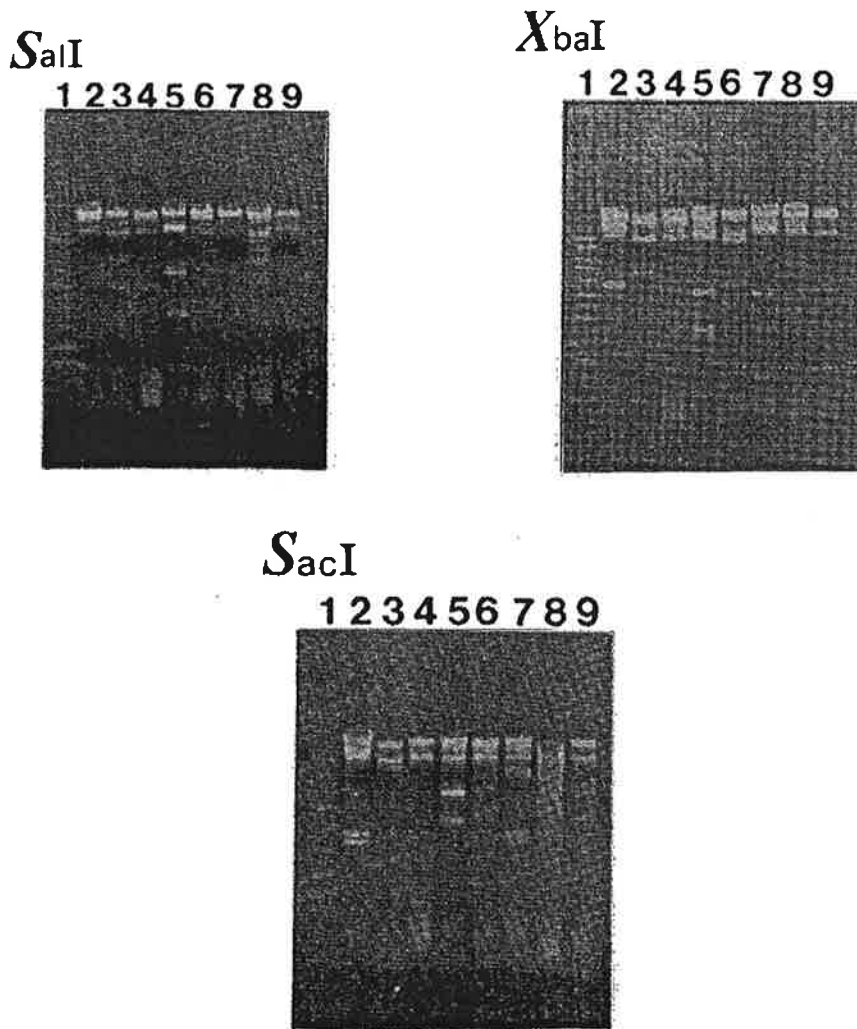


Figure 5-20. Restriction enzyme pattern of the putative clones digested with *SalI*, *XbaI*, and *SacI*, respectively
 lane 1: 1 kb ladder, lane 2: 1-3-1/RE, lane 3: 1-4-1/RE
 lane 4: 2-1-1/RE, lane 5: 2-4-1/RE, lane 6: 1-3-2/RE
 lane 7: 1-4-2/RE, lane 8: 2-1-2/RE, lane 9: 2-4-2/RE
 RE means each restriction enzyme

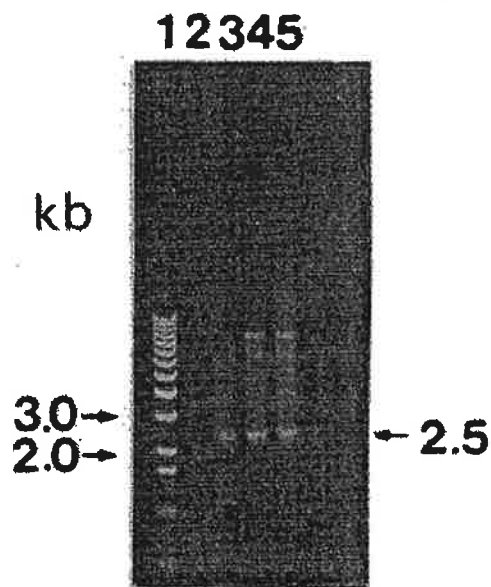


Figure 5-21. Agarose gel electrophoresis of PCR products for *P. nigra x maximowiczii* genomic DNA using OMT-F1 and OMT-R1 primer set

lane 1; 1kb ladder, lane 2; negative control (no template)

lane 3; 100 ng of genomic DNA, lane 4; 200 ng of genomic DNA

lane 5; 400 ng of genomic DNA

The arrow indicate the position of the amplified OMT genomic DNA

1 aagATGggtt caacagggtga aactcagatg aetceaactc aggtatcaga tgaagaggca caectetttg
 71 ocatgcaact agccagtgtc tcagttctac caatgatoct caaaacagoc attgaaetcg acctttctga
 141 aatcatggct aaagetggcc ctggtgcttt ettgtccaca totgagatag ettctccact cctaccaaa
 211 aacctgatg cgcctgctat gttagacogt atcttgcgoc tottggetag ctactccatt cttacttget
 281 ctctgaaaga tcatctgat gggaaagtgt agagactgta tggootcgtc cctgtttgta aattcttgac
 351 caagaacgag gacggtgtct ctgtcagccc totctgtctc atgaaccagg acaaggtoot catggaagc
 421 tggctagrat cergctctca ccaactctag aatcctgat ttacatattg aatttgatta taagtggtc
 491 tacaactctt ccaatgagat ttargttgrr gcaacttgc tctgtttctc aatcttatta tctatagaa
 561 aagcaatcca aagtgaacca attgagggat cggcaaccaca gacttctctc tcaactagaga ccattagaga
 631 tgggtgaatt aggttcccac caatttgaca attgcaagcc accaotttcc ctgcccataaa ggttttgcct
 701 gcccgcnaat ttgctgacca gtccaatgg gcatecccta aagttctagt ttaagagag agatctgatt

SallI AccI

771 aqaatctctt tctacatatt taagttact tatggttaat gtccgcaaaa ataaaaaant gaaacatct
 841 tcttattgaa tttttataac catcaaacct acctctctag gttagaastt tcttttccag ctaaaagaaa
 911 tcttatttct caatggtgat attaatggtt atctaaaata aagtcgaatt aataggttca attattgctg
 981 tctatgcttt atttctcaaa tatgaacctt cgcgcaagc atcacttttt tctctctctc tcaatttga
 1051 gtcataagga ttaatggata ggtcaattgc caagaattaa ttaactagt taaatcgact tcttgaatt
 1121 gctatggcca tatagtgttt gtcattaatt aagtggaagg cagtasaat atctttgcat tctttttct
 1191 ttactcaaat taaaactact tcaattgat gatgtgttt ttttaactg actaaaaac atttagataa
 1261 tatttgaatt ctgtctcagg atataaaga caaaaacaac atataaat aaaaatctat aatccattc
 1331 taabactgct caaaaactt tttttattt atatttatct ctccaattaa atatgttatg ttttttcta
 1401 ttaactcttt tttgtcgtga aacactatac aaacgcaatg ttaaatatac attaatctat tgtttttagt
 1471 atcgggtgca tttttgaaag cataatgga tcatgattct gtttaattgt gcaggtatta tttgaagat

BclI

1541 gcaattcttg atggaggaat tccatttaac aaggoctatg ggatgactgc atttgaatat oatggeacgg

EcoRI

BamHI

1611 atcgaagatt caacaaggtc ttcaataaag gaatgtctga ccactctacc attaacatga agaagcttct

1681 **tgagaectac aaaggctttg aaggcctcac atccttggtg gatggtggtg gtgggaactgg agctgtcgtt**
HpaI

1751 **aggaccatcg tctctaaata cccttcaatt aaggcatta actttgatct gccccacgtc attgaggatg**
1821 **ccccctotta tcccgttact caqgaacttt tctcatgtct attgccagca tttagattat cttggtggat**
RsaI

1891 **atattgagta atgctcactt gcttgtccag aactgcttat gattttggac tgaatttgat ggataatgat**
1961 **tgcagggtgtg gagcatgttg gtggcgacat gtttgtagt gtgcccaaag cagatgccgt tttcatgaag**
2031 **gtgagrtttt tccatccatc ggaaccactg tgcaccctac tcccttccat ccattagctt tttactagga**
2101 **ccctactcctt gaataaacac ccaagagagt ctatctcctt cgattttggt actgatgtgg tgttaattat**
2171 **qcttttacag tggatatgcc atgattggag cgacgcacac tctttaaact tcttgaagaa ttgatatgac**
2241 **gcottgcogt aaaaaggca: ggtgatactt gttgagtga tttctccgtt ggtcctctgc acaagccttg**
DsaI

2311 **ccaccaaggy agtctgtccac attgatgta: tcatgtgtgc gcacaacccc ggtgggaaag agaggaccga**
HgiAI

2381 **aaaggaattt gagggcttag ctaagggagc tggtttcaa ggttttgaag taatgtgctg tgcattcaac**
2451 **acacatgtca ttgaattccg caagaaggcc TAAggccat gtccaagctc caagttactt ggggttttgc**
EcoRI

2521 **atacaaagtt gctgctgtct ctgcttttga tgtttgtgat tgcctttttt tatacgagta gcagctatct**
2591 **cttatgaaac atttaaggtt aaggttgcgt tttgtatgcc tgattttctc aataacttc actgctctcc**
2661 **tcaaaattct taatacatgt gaaaagattt ctatttgccc ttctgcttca aacagtaaag actctgttaa**
2731 **cggaaaagaa agcaattcat gatgtatgta tcttgcaaga ttatgagtat tgttotaagc attaagt**

Figure 5-22. Nucleotide sequence of *P. nigra x maximowiczii* OMT genomic DNA amplified by PCR using OMT-F1 & OMT-R1 primer set.

Bold characters indicate exon region of genomic DNA

4

Birnboim, H.C. and Doly, J. 1979. A rapid alkaline extraction procedure for screening recombinant plasmid DNA. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **7**, 1513-1515

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Grunstein, M. and Hogness, D.S. 1975. Colony hybridization: a method for the isolation of cloned DNAs that contain a specific gene. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* **72**, 3961-3965

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Murray, M.G and Thompson, W.F. 1980. Rapid isolation of high molecular weight plant DNA. *Nucl. Acids Res.* **8**, 4321-4325

Sambrook, J., Fritsch, E.F., and Maniatis, T. 1989. In *Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press

1.

2.

3. 가

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	x			
	Lignin	cloning	lignin	
	· ·	()		
		1996 - 2000		5
()		350,000		60,000

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x

3.

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5. 5-1 :
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x
x •
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1

5-4 x 4
x 1

5-5 x :

5-6 PR x

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	() Lignin cloning lignin			
	() Development of pulp wood with low lignin content by cloning of OMT gene			
				()
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		350,000		1996 - 2000
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		350,000	()	(5)

Lignin Cellulose Pulp	가 Pulp	Pulp	lingnin
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○ lignin OMT			
○ cDNA library PCR cloning			
2			
○ lignin			
○ (PCR GUS)			
○ genomoc library			
3			
○ genomic library OMT clone			
○ subcloning			
○ antisense vector Agrobacterium binary vector			
○ OMT cDNA			
4			
○ OMT promoter			
○ OMT cDNA , sense antisense vector			
○ Agrobacteria vector			
○			
5			
○ OMT promoter			
○ ()			
○ (DNA , lignin ,)			
()			
Pulp lignin ligning 가 pulp			
○ lignin lignin lignin 가			
○ lignin			