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**Malting barley virus diagnosis and development of
resistance gene tracing techniques using molecular and
cell-biological method.**

1999

_____ .

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: 1. 10

2. 1

1999

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“ . ”

1999 . . .

:
:
:
:
:
:

가

가

6

3

3, Ragusa

0

가

가

가

0

ELISA

(- globulin)

genome

1/4- 1/5

가

viroid

가

radio-immunoassay, fluorescence immunoassay

o

extension DNA PCR DNA primer hybridization

strain strain PCR

o

800

3

Ragusa

4

2

가

가

Restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) Specific Amplification Polymorphism (SAP) Random amplified polymorphic DNA (RAPD)

mapping

가 ,
mapping

가 가

200

DNA

1.

- o
- o

2.

- o
- o
- o RFLP
- o STS marker
- o

3.

- o BaYMV

- o BaMMV
- o
- o RT-PCR

1.

o

,

,

가

.

o

2

,

m2

m2

2.

o

rym3

Ea52

,

Tokushima Kagawa Hadaka Lints

rym *rym5*

Mokusekko3

2

가

o

8 / Mokusekko3/

3:1

o RFLP

BSA(Bulked segregant analysis)

/ 8

RFLP

가 가

rym3

가 7

o STS marker

STS marker

RFLP

7

rym3

가

o

DNA marker

F3

RFLP

STS

marker

가

rym3

Pst337

23.9cM, ABC302

14.7cM

22.2%

14.3%

3.

o BaYMV

BaYMV- HN

CsCl

13nm,

250 300nm

500

650nm

2

33KDa

31KDa

26KDa

o BaMMV

BaMMV- Kor

13nm,

250

300nm

500

600nm

2

가

BaMMV- Na1

, BaMMV- Ka1,

BaMMV- M 가 . RNA 7.5Kb RNA1
3.5Kb RNA2 33KDa .

o

, 3 ELISA SbWMV

Chenopodium quinoa, *Ch. amaranticola* .

SbWMV (2). SbWMV

, , 61 , *Chonopodium quinoa*, *Ch. amaranticola*

40 ELISA .

o RT-PCR

RT-PCR

4.

(strain)

가 . Mokusekko3

rym BaYMV- III, BaMMV

(1999)

rym3, *rym4*

SUMMARY

I. Title

Malting barley virus diagnosis and development of resistance gene tracing technique using molecular and cell-biological method

II. Objectivv and Significance

o Damage caused by virus disease

The 600 kinds of vires appeared in plant is reported, the damage is very serious. It is very difficult to identify the virus because they are very similar each other.

Recently, the virus disease is widespreadly in SouthKorea and 40% of barley cultivated area is infected. Because there is no malting barley which has virus resistance genes. The damage caused by virus disease is now increasing.

o Control of virus disease

This disease is caused by soil-borne virus, so it is very difficult to control with chemical compound. The researchs about the resistance gene were carried out to breed the variety resistant to virus.

o Diagnosis technique of virus disease

It is very important to isolate and diagnose in early stage. Biological and immunological method was used to diagnose the virus.

o Immuno-serological method used in virus diagnosis

Immuno-serological method was widespreadly used to detect the virus. It can be easely detected but can not distinguish the strains.

- o Virus diagnosis technique modified by molecular biology

Recently, Molecular biological technique was used in detecting the virus. This method was useful to distinguish the strains by using PCR. PCR technique is expected to play a major role of virus diagnosis.

- o Tracing of resistance gene and selection technique of resistance variety

linkage analysis and mapping of barley about phenotypic characters and gene loci are more developed than other crops. The barley is fit to research the genetic linkage analysis.

III. Scope

1. Resistance test of barley yellow mosaic virus

- o Incidence of barley yellow mosaic virus at different locations and years.
- o Inspection of agronomic trait related in disease appearance.

2. Genetic and linkage analysis of barley yellow mosaic virus resistance gene

- o Allelism test of domestic resistance varieties carrying resistance genes
- o Genetic analysis of resistance genes
- o Linkage analysis using the RFLP markers
- o Linkage analysis using the STS markers
- o Construction of genetic linkage map of resistance gene

3. Classification of virus strains

- o Isolation and identification of BaYMV
- o Isolation and identification of BaMMV
- o Isolation and identification of SbWMV
- o Classification of virus using the RT-PCR

IV. Results and Recommendation

1. Resistance test of barley yellow mosaic virus

- o Incidence of barley yellow mosaic virus at different locations and years.

From the result of investigating domestic, recommended and introduced varieties, we can distinguish the resistant and susceptible one. The varieties which were different to locations and years were existed.

- o Inspection of agronomic trait related in disease appearance.

Heading and maturing date are not related with disease appearance, but culm length became short in infected area and varieties. Yield is lower in severely infected area than in non-infected area because of decrease of number of spikes per m² and 1000 kernel's weight.

2. Genetic and linkage analysis of barley yellow mosaic virus resistance gene

- o Allelism test of domestic resistance varieties carrying resistance genes

The allelism test between resistance genes of Korea and introduced varieties was conducted with the progenies after crossing between them. It was revealed the resistance genes of Chalbori and Chogangbori were allelic with *ym3* of Ea52, and "Tokushima Kagawa Hadaka" and Lintz were allelic with *ym1 and ym5* of Mokusekko3.

- o Genetic analysis of resistance genes

From the result of investigating the segregating ratio of progeny from crosscombination between resistant and susceptible varieties, the crosscombinations of Doosan8/Kangbori and Mokusekko3/Paekdong are inherited to single gene inheritance at ratio of 3:1.

- o Linkage analysis using the RFLP markers

Resistance gene, "*rym3*", of Kangbori was confirmed to be located in barley chromosome 5H from the linkage analysis by using RFLP markers.

o Linkage analysis using the STS markers

Resistance gene,"*rym3*", of Kangbori was confirmed to be located in barley chromosome 5H from the linkage analysis by using STS markers.

o Construction of genetic linkage map of resistance gene

The resistance gene,"*rym3*", was mapped to the genomic region between Pst337 and ABC302 with 23.9cM and 14.7cM genetic distance, respectively.

3. Classification of virus strains

o Isolation and identification of BaYMV

BaYMV-HN were purified from infected plants a filamentous viruL with 13nm in diameter and 250 300nm and 500 650nm in length. Specific antibody made by injecting the purified virus to the muscle of a rabbit. In gel-diffusion tests antibody to baYMV-HN did not make spur with two Japanese BaYMV isolates, BaYMV-II-1 or BaYMV-III. BaYMV-HN showed the symptom of yellowing and necrosis in host plants.

o Isolation and identification of BaMMV

Barley mild mosaic virus(BaMMV-Kor) was isolated from the southern part of Korea, and by mechanical inoculation onto barley cultivars, purification and production of antibody. BaMMV-Kor purified from infected plants were filamentous particle, with 13nm in diameter and 250 300nm and 500 650nm in length. Antibody of BaMMV-Kor was made by injecting the purified virus to the muscle of a rabbit. In gel-diffusion tests antibody to baMMV-Kor create spur with BaMMV-Ka1 and BaMMV-M, But did not make spur with BaMMV-Na1. BaMMV-Kor showed the symptom of mosaic and yellowing in barley plants.

o Isolation and identification of SbWMV

In view of how to diagnose a virus, there was no barley available for sap-vaccination diagnosis, but *Chenopodium amaranticola*(*Ch. quinoa*) showing

local affected parts was usable for a test plant. As a serological method, diagnosis can be made by an agar gel double diffusion test, enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay, etc., without organic interconnections. The methods of diagnosis using an electron microscope include a leaf dip method, immunoelectron microscopy, immunoprotein A-gold complex electron microscopy, etc. by which simple and multiple infections were identified.

o Classification of virus using the RT-PCR

From the result of classification of virus infected in barley with RT-PCR method, barley virus disease epidemic in South Korea was mainly caused by single infection of BaYMV or complex infection of BaYMV and BaMMV. However, there was few cases of single infection of BaMMV.

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	91

1

600

가 病徵

가

1934

(Miyamoto , 1958)

가

가 補償

가

縞萎縮病(barley yellow mosaic virus : BaYMV)

가

40% 가

感染

40 100%

(Huth , 1984). 1985

가

50%

가

가

가

가

異形接合體

가

免疫血清法 判別

가

가 가
 가 (BaYMV, BaMMV, BaYDV, SBWMV, WSSMV
) 縞萎縮病 BaYMV 가
 生理型
 同位酵素 RFLP marker 縞萎縮病
 가
 土壤傳染(Barr , 1976;
 Chen , 1991), 蟲媒傳染(Kojima , 1983; 村山大記 , 1965) 種子傳染病(羅瑢俊
 , 1979; 李淳炯, 1981)
 (Northern cereal mosaic virus, NCMV)(李淳炯, 1981), soil borne wheat mosaic
 virus(SBWMV)(李淳炯, 1981), (, barley yellow mosaic virus,
 BaYMV)(李貴宰 , 1998; 李淳炯, 1981; 蘇仁永 , 1998), barley mild mosaic virus
 (BaMMV)(李貴宰, 1998; 蘇仁永 , 1997, 1998), (barley stripe
 mosaic virus, BaSMV)(羅瑢俊 , 1979)
 BaYMV BaMMV (蘇仁永 , 1997).
Polymyxa graminis BaYMV BaMMV
 (蘇仁永 , 1991,
 1993, 1997, 1998). 가 ,
 BaYMV BaMMV
 , 圃場內 同一植物體 BaYMV BaMMV가 複合 單獨
 感染 (蘇仁永 , 1997, 1998; 高橋 , 1943).
 縞萎縮病(BaYMV) 1934 ,
 (Miyamoto, 1958; 牧野德彦, 1992),
 (Inouye , 1975), 1950 1985

가 (證田, 1993). 1978
(Huth, 1984, 1988), (Hill, 1985), (Fantakhun, 1987),
(Signoret, 1991), (Rubies, 1991) (Zhu , 1993)

가 .

1978

(
, 1978). (1981) 43 30
, NCMV, BaYMV SBWMV 分類 同定 BaYMV

. , 6 , 6 가 ,
, (1983)

, 香麥 Azumamugi .

(1988)

(1990,1991)

,
39.6% 가

200kg/10a

가 .

methyl bromide 가 가 ,
가 가 (Saito , 1964; Yasu , 1963).

가

가

(Adams , 1993; Miyamoto, 1958)

가

가

Mokusekko3, Mihorihadaka, Ea52 (Okamoto
, 1963; Saito , 1964).

ELISA 가 가
. PCR

Poggi Pollini (1995) BaYMV BaMMV
primer BaYMV BaMMV
Ka1 . Schenk (1995) RT-PCR BaMMV
BaYMV BaMMV가

가 가

가

Takahashi (1973) Mokusekko3 Ym
Ym 3 (K) 29.37 % 가 가 , Gouis
(1994) Mokusekko 3 ym4 가
Konish (1989) Mokusekko3 BaYMV
Esterase (Est1- Est2- Est4) 3
1.26 5.01% 가 가 . Konishi
Kaiser(1991) Mokusekko 3 Misato Golden BaYMV
3 Est
, Mokusekko3 4 3
(K) . BaYMV strain
Mokusekko3 2
. ym1 K- gl3- ym1 4 (4H) , ym5

cu-Est-ym5 3 (3H) (Konishi 1997).
 "Ragusa"
 가
 (Friedt, 1985), (*Ym*)
 가 *ym4*,
 3 (Kaiser,
 1989). Graner (1993) Igri × Franka F1 anther derived doubled haploid line
ym4 2 RFLP marker(MWG838:1.2cM, MWG010:1.2cM)
 MWG010
 . Ordon (1995) *ym4* RAPD marker OP- Z04660H
ym4 1.6cM 가
 가 . Schiemann (1996) dominant
 OP- Z04660H codominant Franka/Igri
 Weyen (1996) Marker assisted selection
 RAPD marker 가 .
 BaYMV BaMMV
 . *Ym(rym)*) 4 (4H), *Ym2* 1
 (7H), *ym3(rym3)*) 7 (5H), *ym4 rym5 rym6* 3
 (3H), *ym7* 5 (1H), *ym8 ym9 ym11* 4 (4H)
 (Saeki, 1999).
 RFLP(Restriction fragment length polymorphism) DNA
 DNA , Beckmann (1986) Kochert
 (1989) DNA DNA
 ,
 . Tansley(1983) RFLP 가
 ,
 , DNA

가

DNA marker isozyme 가 가

Tragoonrung (1992) 가 RAPD(random amplified
polymorphism detection) STS(sequence tagged site) .

STS sequence primer PCR

. STS polymorphism

, point mutation

Michelmore (1991) DNA

bulk

RFLP marker PCR marker , RT-PCR

2

1

1.

1995 1999
5 , , , , 5
Mokusekko3 60 41 ,
19 . 10
0 9 10 .
0, 1, 3
5,
7,
가 9 .
2 3 2
10 .

2.

縞萎縮病

29 344 ,
346 , , , m2 , 1 , , 10a

$$25\text{cm} \times 6\text{m} \times 6 = 9\text{m}^2 \quad 3$$

98 10 25 ,

2

1.

가

10

. 1.

			-
			-
Misato Golden	<i>rym</i>		-
Ea 52	<i>rym3</i>		-
Franka	<i>ym4</i>		-
Mokkuseko 3	<i>rym, rym5</i>	Tokushima Kagawa Hadaka	-
Sonate	<i>ym4</i>		-
Diana	<i>ym4</i>		-
			-
		Lintz	-

- :

가

Misato Golden, Ea52, Franka, Mokusekko3, Sonate, Diana 6 ,
, , , , Tokushima Kagawa
Hadaka, , , 8 가
Lintz .

2.

4

8

6

1997

F2

가 , , , 1 98

. F3 98 가 99 .

. 2. F2 .

	6	60	157	112.0	3.8	14.6	8.4	
Mokkuseko3		75	152	114.5	5.0	16.0	8.0	<i>rym, rym 5</i>
Franka		71	143	110.2	5.0	16.0	8.8	<i>ym 4</i>
8		46	148	95.3	5.2	16.2	9.0	
Mokkuseko3		70	145	122.0	4.0	12.0	7.6	<i>rym, rym 5</i>
		62	159	99.6	3.0	10.0	7.1	
		77	164	126.7	3.2	9.4	6.3	



. 1. BaYMV and BaMMV

F3 .

3.

98

F3

2

3

4. DNA marker

가. DNA

Causse (1994)

5- 10g

가

50ml cap tube

. Urea- phenol

buffer

, SDS

0.6% 가

60

20

2- 3 가

. Chloroform:Isoamylalcohol(24:1)

15ml

15

, 2000 × g

15

,

3

. Chloroform:Is oamylalcohol

2

isopropanol

- 20 30

DNA

. 5,000 × g 3

DNA 70%

15ml tube

4ml TE

60

20

DNA

. 10ug/ml RNase

4ul

37

30

7,500 × g

12

. 0.1 volume 3M sodium acetate(pH5.2)

2 volume

absolute EtOH

inverting

DNA

pasteur pippet

70%

EtOH

1.5ml eppendorf tube

EtOH

TE buffer

. DNA

DNA 100

spectrophotometer

260nm 280nm

(O.D.)

. DNA

O.D. 260/280

1.8- 2.0 DNA

5ug DNA

EcoRI

DNA 0.9% agarose gel

DNA

DNA

, 50kb

DNA

RFLP

STS

. RFLP

(1) DNA

2ug DNA 2unit ,

4mM spermidine 가 37 12-15 . 0.9% agarose gel

8ug DNA loading 30volt 15 .

(2) Southern blotting

gel 0.25N HCl 10 depurination ,

0.4M NaOH buffer capillary transfer Hybond N= membrane DNA

transfer alkaline transfer . transfer nylon membrane 0.2M

Tris- HCl(pH7.5/2X SSC buffer 15 , 가

(3) DNA marker Probe

DNA genomic DNA cDNA,

genomic DNA(ABG:barley genomic DNA, ABC:barley cDNA, CDO: oat genomic

DNA, BCD:barley cDNA) 50 USDA RFLP

Probe labelling Dakara Ladderman™ Labeling Kit - 32 PdCTP

DNA marker random hexamer labeling 0.4N NaOH

denature DNA filter probe .

(4) Southern hybridization

Hybond N+ filter genomic DNA probe hybridization 0.5M sodium

phosphate(pH7.2), 7% SDS, 1% BSA, 1mM EDTA(pH7.6) hybridization

filter 65 4 - 32 PdCTP label probe

65 20 hybridization . Hybridization filter 65

2X SSC, 0.1% SDS , 1X SSC, 0.1% SDS , 0.5X
 SSC, 0.1% SDS 20 - 70 3- 5 X-ray film

3. RFLP

	Clone name	ID number		Clone name	ID number
1	ABC158	PA515	4	ABG397	PA588
1	ABC253	PA678	4	ABG472	PA594
1	ABC465	PA720	4	ABG601	PA601
1	ABG312	PA797	4	ABG618	PA606
1	ABG320	PA576	4	ABG714	PA615
1	BCD205	PA174	5	ABC160	PA670
1	BCD512	PA274	5	ABC164	PA672
2	ABC165	PA673	5	ABC257	PA679
2	ABC454	PA683	5	ABG053	PA572
2	ABG058	PA573	5	ABG373	PA580
2	ABG072	PA659	5	ABG702	PA799
2	ABG358	PA578	6	ABG378	PA796
2	ABG602	PA602	6	ABG379	PA581
2	BCD111	PA292	6	ABG458	PA591
2	BCD175	PA254	6	ABG466	PA706
2	BCD410	PA252	6	ABG711	PA613
3	ABC166	PA674	6	BCD269	PA316
3	ABC171	PA713	7	ABC155	PA712
3	ABG389	PA584	7	ABC302	PA701
3	ABG399	PA589	7	ABC483	PA721
3	ABG453	PA733	7	ABC622	PA722
3	ABG471	PA707	7	ABC718	PA723
3	BCD131	PA263	7	ABG473	PA595
3	BCD809	PA279	7	ABG708	PA664
4	ABC321	PA681	7	ABG712	PA614

(5)STS

STS primer
 가 primer 210 . PCR 25ul
 , 10× buffer 2.5ul, 2.5mM dNTP 2ul, Taq polymerase 1U,
 template DNA 200ng, primer 20pmole . PCR
 full denaturation 94 5 , denaturation 95 1 ,
 annealing primer 55 65 2 ,
 extention 72 1 35 72 full extention .

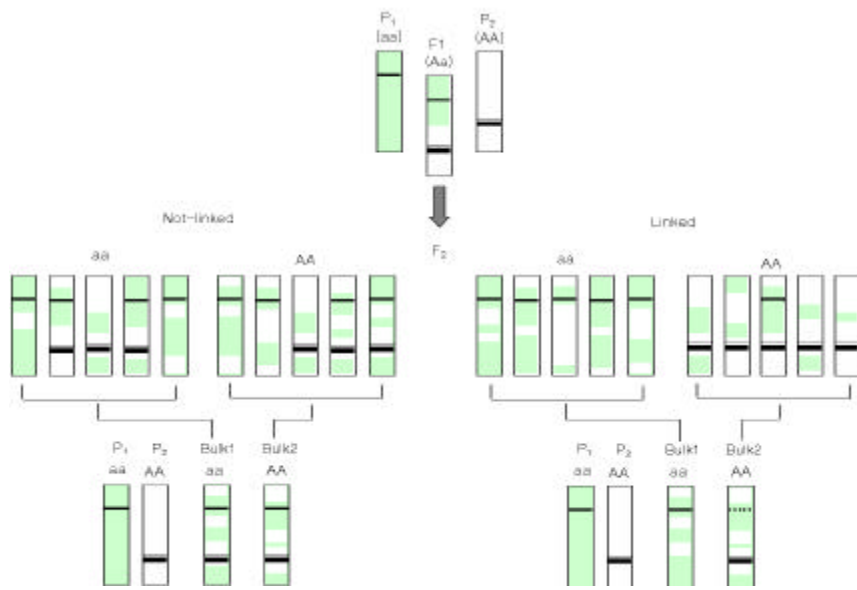
. 4. STS .

STS marker	Number of markers	Type
ABG	87	barley genomic DNA
ABC	33	barley cDNA
MST	28	
WG	21	wheat genomic DNA
CDO	11	oat genomic DNA
Pst	6	barley genomic or cDNA
BCD	5	barley cDNA
ABA	5	
Etc	14	
Total	210	

PCR 5ul DNA , DNA 5ul,
 (Hae III, Alu I) 5U, 10× buffer 2ul, 12ul , 37 4
 . PCR DNA agarose 0.9 1.4% gel
 . DNA ethidium bromide UV
 trans-illuminator , polaroid 667 film

(6) BSA(bulked segregant analysis)

BSA 5 DNA
 DNA 5 DNA bulk DNA
 DNA DNA RFLP STS



2. DNA marker segregant analysis(BSA)

Bulked

3 .

1. BaYMV

가.

BaYMV

(ELISA) BaYMV

(barely cv. New Golden)

(BaYMV- HN).

BaYMV- -

BaYMV-

(1) BaYMV
 0.1M (pH 7.0 , 1mM KCN) 1 : 4
 1.5 2
 (10 15) 3 5 ELISA
 BaYMV Usigi et al.
 (1971) 3 0.1N
 (137,500g)
 120,000g /16 CsCl (1,28g/cm³)
 BaYMV-HN freund's complete adjuvant 1 : 1
 1ml (1mg/1ml) 3 3 1 1
 1% bacto- agar
 gel BaYMV(OD₂₆₀ =1.0) ELISA
 Clark and Adams (1977) ,
 (PBS-T) 1 : 40 (W/V) ELISA 405nm
 microplate reader
 10 ul 4 ul (0.25 M tris-HCl , pH 6.8 ,
 8% SDS , 8% 2-mercaptoethanol , 40% glycerin , 0.04% bromo-phenol blue)
 100 3 Laemmli (1970)
 SDS- PAGE 5 12.5% polyacryamide gel
 18mA 6 gel 30 2 2%
 coomassie brilliant blue R 250 1

RNA (2mg/ml) 0.5% SDS proteinase K 가
 1.2% 가 TBE
 20mA 10 , 70mA 1 ethidium
 bromide polaroid

2. BaMMV

가.

BaMMV-Kor

ELISA BaMMV (BaMMV
) BaMMV-Kor, -Nal BaMMV

BaMMV-Kor 0.1M (pH 7.0 , mM
 KCN) 1 : 4(w/v) 1.5 2
 (10 15) 3 5
 ELISA 가 1 10

BaMMV-Kor Usigi and Saito (1976) Kashiwazaki(1991)

3 0.1M

(pH 6.8) CCl4
 (137,500 g) BaMMV CsCl(1,28/cm³) (120,000
 g/16)

BaMMV- Kor (1mg/ml) Freund's complete adjuvant 1 : 1
 3 3 1 1
 가 .
 BaMMV- Kor , BaMMV- Kor
 . ELISA Clark and Adams (1977) . IgG
 DEAE cellulose , Conjugate IgG
 alkaline phosphatase . IgG 400 ,
 Conjugate 800 405nm microplate
 reader .
 RNA
 RNA BaMMV- Kor 0.5% SDS Proteinase
 (1mg/ml) 가 37 2
 BaMMV- Kor
 (0.25M tris- HCl, pH 6.8 , 0.04% bromo- 2- mercaptoethanol , 40%
 glycerin , 0.04% bromo- phenol blue) 100 3 .
 Laemmli(1970) 5 12.5%
 polyacryamide gel 18mA 6 .
 coomassie brilliant blue R250 .
 SDS (10%) 1.5% 가 TBE
 20mA 10 , 70mA 1
 ethidium bromide polaroid .

3.
가.

, , , , ,
 , , 11 , , ,

, 3 ELISA SbWMV
Chenopodium quinoa, Ch. amaranticola
 SbWMV SbWMV , ,
 61 , *Chenopodium quinoa, Ch. amaranticola* 40
 ELISA
 SbWMV 13 /9,000Lux
 .
 . 3,000 10,000 rpm/15min
 . SbWMV IgG
 . Protein- A- gold complex(15nm) bovin serum albumin- PBS 20, 30,
 50 uranyl acetate 5- 10
 .
 . RT- PCR SbWMV
 . SbWMV
 61 total RNA
 . RNA Sepa Gene Kit(Sanko Junyaku
 Co.) 10mg tris- buffer(sol. , 100 μ l)
 power homogenizer guanidine thiocyanate가 (sol.
 , 100 μ l) acetate buffer(sol. , 50 μ l) 가 .
 (sol. , 700 μ l) sodium acetate(sol. , 400 μ l) 15,000
 rpm 10 glycogen 2 μ l iso- propanol 500 μ l
 - 80 20 15,000rpm 10
 . 70%
 RT- PCR
 RT- PCR RT- PCR high kit (Toyobo Co.)
 total RNA 1 μ l 5x RNase buffer, 0.1M DTT, 5mM dNTPs, dH₂O, Surper

Script RT(10U/ $\mu\ell$), RNase inhibitor(10U/ $\mu\ell$) 42 /30
 first strand cDNA 99 /5 PCR
 . First strand cDNA Ampli. Tag. DNA polymerase(2.5U/ $\mu\ell$)
 PCR . Primer SbWMV
 primer JK-2 JK-1 . PCR 94 /1 , 65 /2 72
 /3 30 cycle 72 /7 . PCR
 1.2% agarose gel ethium bromide(1mg/M ℓ)

4.

가.

27 , 32 , 9 , 13
 81 , 13 , 3 , 13 , 1
 30 111 (6. 7).
 . 1997 1998 2
 10 11 3 , 10 .
 , , , , , , , , , 11 (7).
 () 12 (2) .

(ELISA)
 2 4 30
 2 . 3
 . ELISA
 4 . ELISA Clark and Adams
 (1977) (PBST) 40
 , IgG 4 $\mu\text{g/ml}$, (Conjugate) 2.5 $\mu\text{g/ml}$,
 10% diethanolamine (pH 9.8) 1% P- nitrophenolamine
 3M NaOH
 microplate reader 405 nm . BaYMV
 BaMMV , SbWMV

5. RT-PCR

가. RNA

RT-PCR

1 20 (,
 , , ,) 50 .
 가 4-5
 -70 RNA .

. 5.

1	4	
11	22	가
5	10	가
3	7	가
1	7	

. RNA

total RNA extraction kit(Promega)

RNA

RNA

- 70

1

0.2M sodium acetate

가

2

RNA 260nm 280nm

RT - PCR

. Primer Design

sequence data

BaYMV

BaMMV

primer 5가

1

, 2

BaYMV

primer 2가 ,

BaMMV- Na1

BaMMV- ka1

primer 3가

primer

6

7

. PCR

primer

PCR

. 48

45

Reverse transcription

94

2

Reverse transcription

denaturation

94

30 , annealing

6

0 1 , extention

68

2

40

. 68

7 final extention

4

. 6. RT - PCR

Primer	Primer (5' 3')
Poty4	GGA TCC GTN TGY GTN GAY TTY AAY AA
BaMMV7	AAC CTT TCC GGT ATA CA
BaMMV8	TTT TTT TTT TTA ACC TTT CCG
ATTTA	ATT TAC TTT CCG CCG CCC TAG CAT AAT TTA
T14	TTT TTT TTT TTT TT
Y1	GTT GAA GCG GAC CGT GTG GA
Y2	TAC GCA TGA TCC TTC GGA GT
S20	TCA TCT TAA TAG GTA GGC ATC AG
S21	GAC ATC GTC TCA ATA GAT GAT GA
S25	TTA CGA GCT GAT AGT AAT CAG CG

Poty4	1948	1965 in BaMMV RNA1(Poggi et al, 1995)
BaMMV7	3930	3946 in BaMMV RNA1(Poggi et al, 1995)
BaMMV8	3937	3956 in BaMMV RNA1(Poggi et al, 1995)
ATTTA	2847	2876 in BaYMV RNA1(Poggi et al, 1995)
T14	3' polyadenylated tail	
Y1	140	159 in BaYMV coat protein
Y2	637	656 in BaYMV coat protein
S20	BaMMV- Ka1 3' non-coding region RNA2(Kashiwazaki, 1996)	
S21	BaMMV- Na1 3' non-coding region RNA2(Kashiwazaki, 1996)	
S25	BaMMV- Na1, Ka1 3' non-coding region RNA2(")	

3 . 結果 考察

1 .

1.

縞萎縮病 被害 病徴 3- A 發病
가 .
3- B 生育 再生期 濕害
病斑 .
3- C 0 9 10
(0)
1 罹病
, 3 罹病 . 罹病 가 5가
7 罹病
9 .
가 10 가
P. graminis 가 10 가
(蘇 , 1991). 가 가
3- D 枯死
. , 罹病 가
가
(Huth, 1984).



. 3.

A : 가 .

B : BaYMV BaMMV

C : BaYMV BaMMV

D :

8 1995 1999 5 ,

縞萎縮病 . 60

2

가

22 , 8 ,

, , 6 , , , , , ,
 Haruna Nijo, Mikamo Golden, New Golden
 , Misato Golden 98 99 4
 .
 , , , , , , , , ,
 , , , , , , , , Diana,
 Ea52, Franka, Haganemugi, Ishuku Shirazu, Lintz, Mokusekko3, Sonate
 .
 Mokusekko3
 (Takahashi , 1976) 99
 가 .
 가
 . 98
 99 가

2.

9 29 344 , 346

1998 10 25 1999

346

29 가

29 가

7

40%

가

29 가

가

. 9.

	(0-9)						(cm)		(cm)	
	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ
	0	7	4.20a	4.18ab	5.24a	5.26a	72a	74c	6.1a	6.4ab
29	2	9	4.19a	4.17b	5.23a	5.25a	77a	75c	6.2a	6.8a
	0	0	4.18a	4.19a	5.23a	5.25a	77a	102a	5.9a	6.4ab
346	1	0	4.18a	4.13c	5.23a	5.22b	80b	96b	5.3b	5.7b

NJ : , JJ :
: (10.25), (10.25)

10 11

10a

11

m²

가

. 1 가 ,
가
(Huth, 1984)
11 10a
440kg 485kg
450kg 685kg
29 가 448kg 450kg, 344 346 668kg
685kg 40%
(1995) 3 50%
, 5 100kg/10a
7 9 60%
가

. 10.

	(0- 9)		m ²				1000 (g)	
	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ	NJ	JJ
	0	7	1156ab	794b	24a	25a	36.2a	41.6bc
29	2	9	1009b	938ab	23ab	25a	38.8a	38.8c
	0	0	961b	959ab	23ab	25a	38.5a	45.5a
346	1	0	1310a	1195a	22b	24a	38.6a	43.3ab

NJ : , JJ :

. 11.

		(kg/10a)		
	0	7	441a	448a
29	2	9	480a	450a
	0	0	453a	668b
346	1	0	485a	685b
R			**	
C			**	
R × C			**	

2

1.

7

,

2

1997

F1

1998

10

1999

. 12. ,

		'98			'99		
Mokuseeko3	6	0	0	0	0	1	0
Franka	6	0	0	0	0	0	0
	6	5	0	0	0	0	0
	6	0	0	0	0	1	0
	6	0	0	0	1	1	0
	6	3	0	0	0	0	0
6	2	7	9	9	7	7	7
	2	5	9	3	0	9	7
	6	9	9	7	9	9	9
8	2	7	7	7	7	9	3

12 1998 , 1999 2 , , 3

0, 9 10

Mokuseeko 3, Franka, ,

, , ,

6 , , , 8

3

. 13.

	Misato			Moku		
	Golden (<i>rym</i>)	Ea 52 (<i>rym3</i>)	Franka (<i>ym4</i>)	sekko 3 (<i>rym,rym5</i>)	Sonate (<i>ym4</i>)	Diana (<i>ym4</i>)
	+1) - 2)	- -	+ +	+ -	+ +	+ -
i	+ +	- -	+ +	+ +	+ -	+ -
	+ +	- +	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ -
	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ +	+ -	
		+ +	+ +	+ +	+ +	
Tokushima Kagawa Hadaka	+ +	+ -	+ +	- -		
	+ -	+ +	+ +	+ -		
	+ +	+ -	+ +	+ +		
	+ +	+	+ -	+ -		
Lintz	+ +	+ +	+ -	- -		

1) : , 2) :
- : , + :

13

2 (-) 2 (+)

Hadaka Lints *rym3* *rym* *rym5* Ea52 , Tokushima Kagawa Mokusekko3 . Lintz
Mokusekko3 Lintz Mokusekko3가 가

가 (9).

rym3

Haganemugi

rym3

rym3

가

rym3

Hyproly가

Hyproly

가

가

가 *rym3*

Hyproly

rym3

Haganemugi가

rym3

가

가

(1 2).

2.

14 15

F3

2

8 /

Mokusekko3/

3:1

. 14.

			$\chi^2(3:1)$	P
6 /	75	106	27.91	<0.05
Mokkuseko3/	110	184	24.16	<0.05
Franka/	71	167	4.32	<0.05
8 /	67	168	1.54	0.20- 0.30
Mokkuseko3/	27	122	2.98	0.05- 0.10
/	92	128	35.58	<0.05
/	115	181	30.29	<0.05

6 / 가 3:1

. Mokusekko3/ 가 3:1

Mokusekko3 rym rym5 2

. rym5 Misato Golden

rym

. 15.

			$\chi^2(3:1)$	P
6 /	44	139	0.09	0.70- 0.90
Mokkuseko3/	170	129	163.93	<0.05
Franka/	128	118	95.87	<0.05
8 /	52	181	0.89	0.30- 0.50
Mokkuseko3/	46	102	2.91	0.10- 0.20
/	128	88	135.20	<0.05
/	92	197	6.79	<0.05

3. RFLP

14 15 가 3:1 Mokusekko3/ , / 8
 DNA RFLP, STS marker
 Polymorphism Polymorphism .
 survey filter RFLP marker 50 (3)
 Polymorphism , Bulked segregant analysis 가
 . BSA
 가
 (Michealmore, 1991).
 , , Franka, , 5
 6 , , 3 6 (BamH I, Bgl II, Dra I,
 EcoR V, Hind III, Xba I) , DNA
 DNA가
 가 .
 probe
 probe RFLP . 16
 17 / 8 Mokusekko3/
 . 8 2
 6 가 . 8
 probe .

. 16. 6 / 8

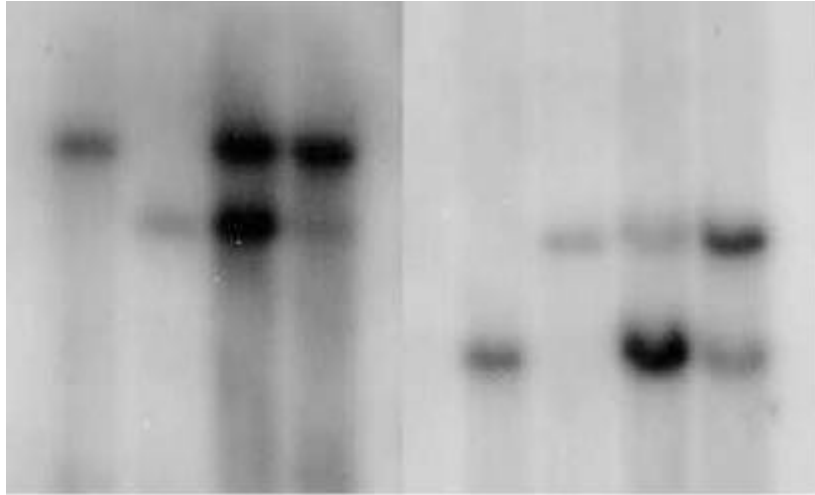
Mokusekko3/ RFLP.

/ 8						Mokusekko3/					
BH	Bg	Dr	EV	HIII	XI	BH	Bg	Dr	EV	HIII	XI
5	4	6	4	4	8	2	4	5	5	6	5
21	21	21	21	21	21	40	40	41	41	41	40

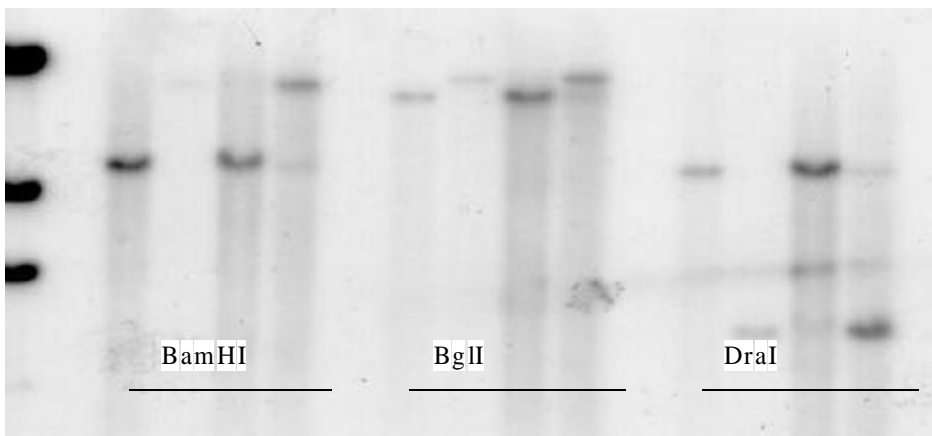
BH:BamHI, Bg:BglII, Dr:DraI, EV:EcoRV, HIII:HindIII, XI:XbaI

. 17.

	/ 8	Mokusekko3/
0	8	20
1	3	4
2	2	2
3	3	2
4	4	2
5	0	1
6	0	0
	21	41



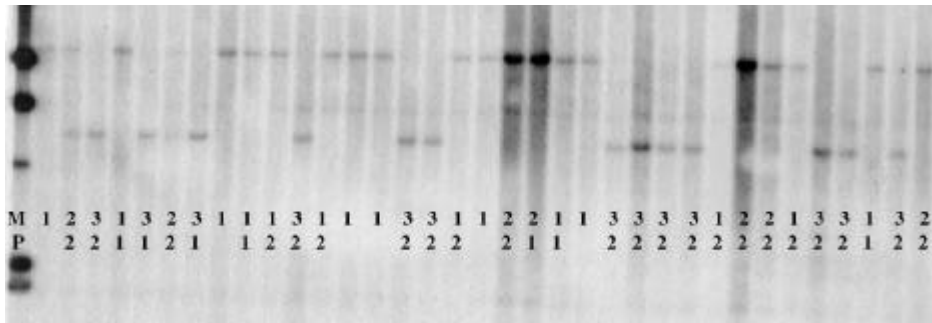
4. / 8 RFLP probes ABG253(7H)
BCD111(2H) bulked segregant analysis.
ABG253(7H) BCD111(2H)
: Xba I



5. / 8 RFLP probes ABC302(5H) Bulked
segregant analysis. ABC302(5H)
: BamH I, Bgl II, Dra I

4 BSA(Bulked segregant analysis) / 8

. RFLP probe ABG253(7H) BCD111(2H)
 가 bulk
 , 5 ABC302(5H)
 가 bulk 7
 (5H) Saeki(1999) *rym3*
 Ishuku Shirazu Ko A
rym3 7 (5H)
 , 가 가 *rym3* 가 7
 (5H) 6 / 8 F3
 ABC302 *rym3*



. 6. / 8 F3 ABC302 *rym3* .
 M : marker, P : phenotype

4. STS marker

STS marker 210
 polymorphism . Mokusekko3
 polymorphism 26 , 8 31 가
 polymorphism . polymorphism
 PCR PCR PCR
 polymorphism primer 4 cut restriction enzyme

HaeII AluI polymorphism

BSA

7 8 / 8

RFLP 7 (5H) ABA1 Pst337

bulk

Saeki(1999) ABA1

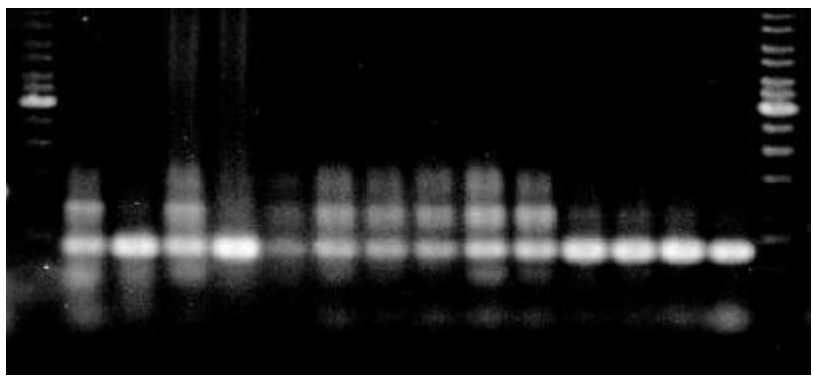
bulk

primer

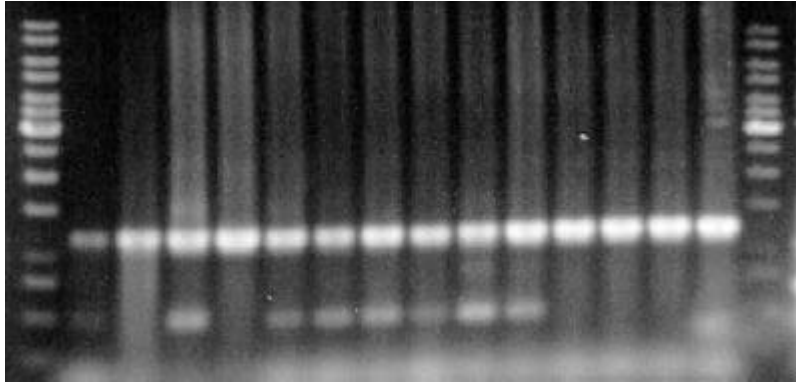
primer가 3- prime sequence GC

Pst337

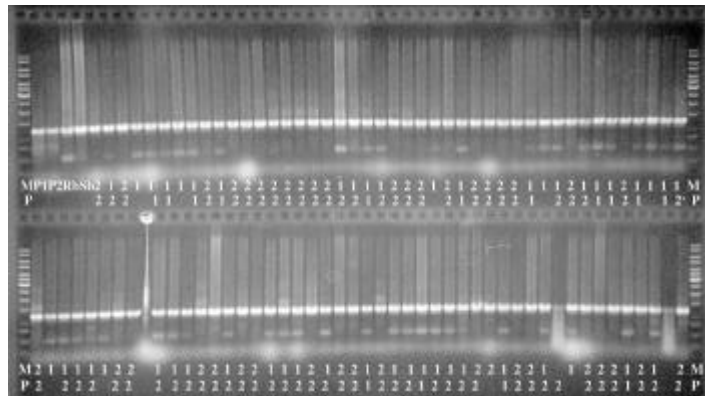
(9).



7. / 8 STS primer ABA1(5H)
 Bulked segregant analysis.
 ABA1(5H)



8. / 8 STS primer Pst337(5H)
 Bulked segregant analysis.
 Pst337(5H)



9. / 8 F3 STS
 Pst337 *rym3*

5.
 18 가 *rym3* RFLP marker ABC302
 STS marker Pst337
 Mapmaker program
rym3 STS marker Pst337 22.2%

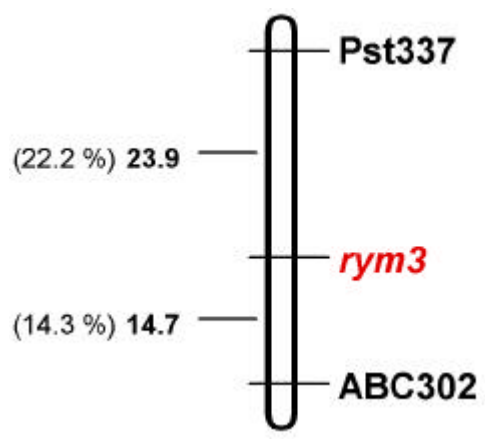
, RFLP marker ABC302 14.3%
 . Pst337 22.2% STS marker
 가

3:1 가
 . RFLP marker ABC302 Saeki(1999)
 35.6cM 가
 가 .

. 18.7 (5H) *rym3*
 RFLP STS .

	F3				가 (%)	
	P1/P1	P1/P2	P2/P2	Total		
Pst337	28	:	35	63	31.36	22.2
<i>rym3</i>	14	:	49	63	0.26	
ABC302	15	:	48	63	0.05	14.7

DNA marker F3 RFLP STS marker
 가 rym3 Pst337 23.9cM,
 ABC302 14.7cM , 22.2% 14.3% .



. 10. *rym3*
7 (5H)

3 .

1. (BaYMV)

가.

BaYMV- HN

BaYMV- - 1 .
 가 2 가 6 가 73
 . BaYMV (Ym 1), (ym3),
 3 (ym 1) 2 , 2 , 가 , 가
 , (2). BaYMV- HN

BaYMV- -

BaYMV- HN

BaYMV- HN

BaYMV - -

BaYMV- HN

가

BaYMV- HN

CsCl

13nm , 120 1.750nm

250 300nm 500 650nm 2 (

1.2) CsCl 1,33g/cm³ 가

, 260nm , 246nm

Bymovirus BaYMV BaMMV(Huth et al., 1984) , Wheat spindle
 streak mosaic virus (Shi et al., 1995), Wheat yellow mosaic virus (Inouye,
 1969), Rice necrosis mosaic virus (Inoite and Saito , 1977) , Oat mosaic virus
 (Herbert and Panizo, 1975) 13 × 250 300nm 500 650nm

CsCl

Usigi and Saito (1976) BaYMV

BaYMV- HN BaYMV- BaYMV- HN ,
 BaYMV- - , BaYMV-
 BaYMV- HN - BaYMVK- HN, - - , -
 가 (13).

BaYMV- HN , - ,- 3 RNA 가 RNA 1
 7.6 Kb , RNA2 3.5 Kb 2 (14).
 BaYMV- HN , - ,- 3 1
 가 (15).

33KDa

31KDa 26KDa Ehler and
 Paul (1986) Kashiwazaki et al.(1990) BaYMV

19. BaYMV

()	a)	
	BaYMV - HN	BaYMV - -
2	+ (b)	+
가 2	+	+
2	-	-
2	-	-
(Ym1)a)	-	-
(ym3)	-	-
6		
가 73	+	+
가	-	-
가	-	-
	-	-

a) . ()

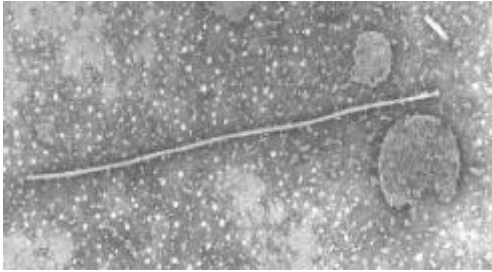
b) . + :

c) BaYMV- HN : , BaYMV- - :

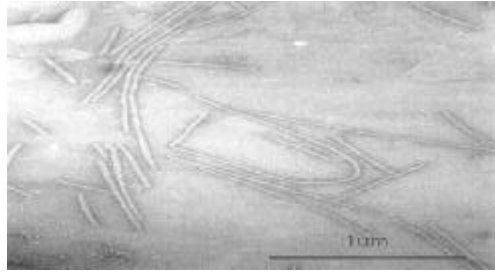
20. BaYMV

()	b)	
	BaYMV- HN	BaYMV- -
1	8/42	0/31
2	6/34	2/28
	1/34	0/32
	3/41	0/32
	2/30	2/36
	1/31	1/29
	4/37	10/39
	0/32	0/32
	2/32	1/30
	3/39	1/30
	11/36	10/35
	0/33	0/31
	0/32	—
	1/35	0/37
	2/37	—
	2/32	0/37
	2/37	1/31
	0/34	0/39
22	6/17	4/28
	1/25	2/23
	4/23	1/21

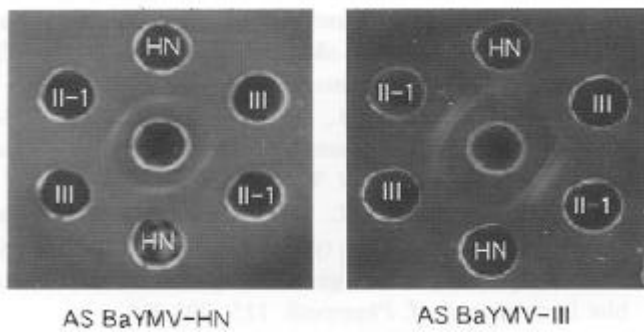
a) / .
 b)Ba YMV- HN , BaYMV- -



11. Dip BaYMV

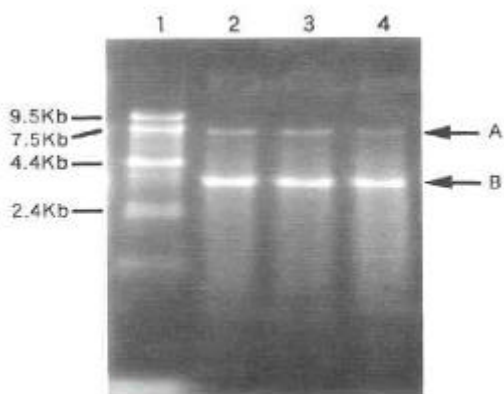


12. BaYMV

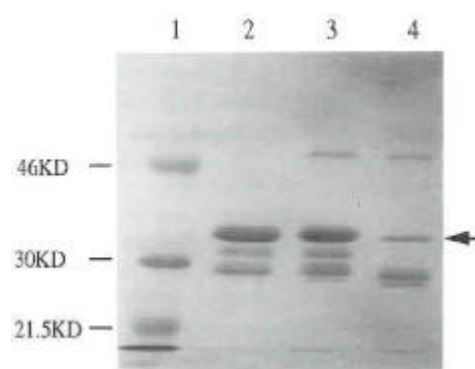


13. BaYMV

HN: BaYMV-Haenam, II-1: BaYMV-II-1(), III:BaYMV-III()



14. BaYMV RNA



15. BaYMV CP

2. BaMMV

가.

BaMMV-Kor 가
 BaMMV (Ym 1) (ym 3)
 1, 가 (Ym 1)
 (21). BaMMV-Kor
 Norura(1996)가 BaMMV-Nal .

(22).

BaMMV-Kor 13nm, 120
 1,750nm 가 , 250 300nm 500
 600nm 2 (16.17).

Adams et al.(1998) Huth et al.(1990) BaMMV
 CsCl 1.33g/cm³ CsCl
 가 , 260nm , 246nm
 bymovirus

Usigi and Saito(1976), Kashiwazaki (1991) Nomura(1996)

BaMMV .

가

BaMMV-Kor 가 680

. BaMMV

BaMMV-Kor BaMMV-Nal , -Kor, -M

BaMMV-Kor -M BaMMV-Kor 가

BaMMV-Nal BaMMV-Kor 가

(18). BaMMV-Kor BaMMV-Nal

가

BaMMV- Kor RNA 260nm
 RNA RNA 1 7.5Kb , RNA 2
 3.5Kb 2 (19). RNA 1 BaMMV- Kor , -Nal, - Kal,
 - M 4 가 RNA 2 Kashiwazaki(1991), Foulds et
 al.(1993), Schlichter et al.(1993), Denssens and Mayer(1995)
 , Jacobi et al.(1995), Timpe and Kuhne
 (1995) BaMMV deletion

RNA 2 P2 가 가
 BaMMV- Kor
 33KDa 가 (20).
 BaMMV- Kor , -Nal , -Kal - M 4 가 ,
 Kashiwazaki(1991)가 33KDa .
 21. BaMMV- Kor

()		1	2	3	(%)
2		0/15(-)	3/15(+)	1/12(+)	4/42(9.5)
가 2	(Ym1)	5/19(+)	5/14(+)	4/14(+)	14/47(28.5)
2		0/18(-)	2/15(+)	3/7(+)	5/40(12.5)
2	(ym3)	3/14(+)	2/13(+)	3/16(+)	8/43(18.6)
2		7/27(+)	7/15(+)	10/13(+)	24/55(43.6)
2		14/18(+)	5/15(+)	12/16(+)	31/45(68.8)
6		0/18(-)	0/15(-)	0/15(-)	0/48(0)
가		14/16(+)	7/15(+)	12/14(+)	3/45(90.6)
가 25		13/16(+)	7/16(+)	11/14(+)	31/46(67.3)
가 73		0/19(-)	1/13(+)	1/16(+)	2/48(4.1)
가 81		0/18(-)	0/16(-)	2/14(+)	2/48(4.1)
3(Ym1)		2/16(+)	1/15(+)	1/16(+)	4/47(8.5)
가		0/30(-)	0/15(-)	0/14(-)	0/59(0)
가		16/16(+)	9/13(+)	14/14(+)	39/43(90.6)
가 1		2/20(+)	2/10(+)	1/14(+)	5/44(11.3)
가		0/31(-)	0/15(-)	0/14(-)	0/60(0)
가		2/29(+)	2/13(+)	4/15(+)	15/57(26.3)
61		0/15(-)	0/16(-)	0/31(-)	0/62(0)

(a)
 ELISA

3

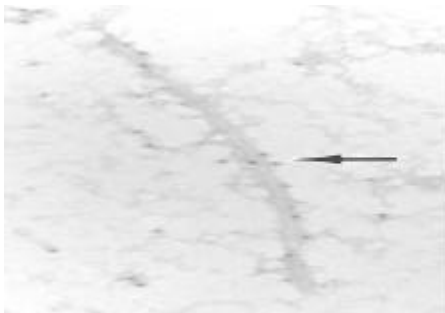
+

-

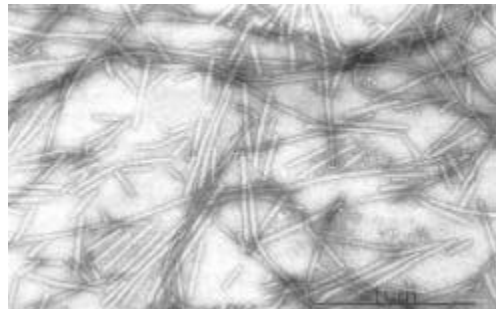
22. BaMMV- Kor

()		
	20/98	N.M
	0/68	-
	28/53	N.M.Y
	8/50	M.Y
	6/36	M.Y
	11/43	M.Y
	16/42	N.M.Y
	16/62	M.Y
	0/48	-
	0/67	-
8	7/76	M.Y
22	8/40	M.Y
	14/74	M.Y
	19/67	M.Y

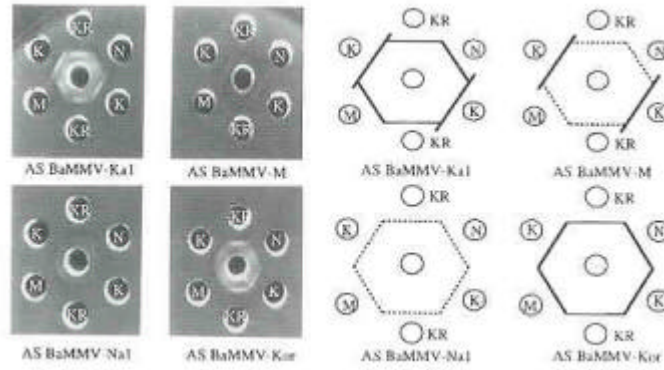
N : 3 , M : / . , Y : .



16. Dip BaMMV

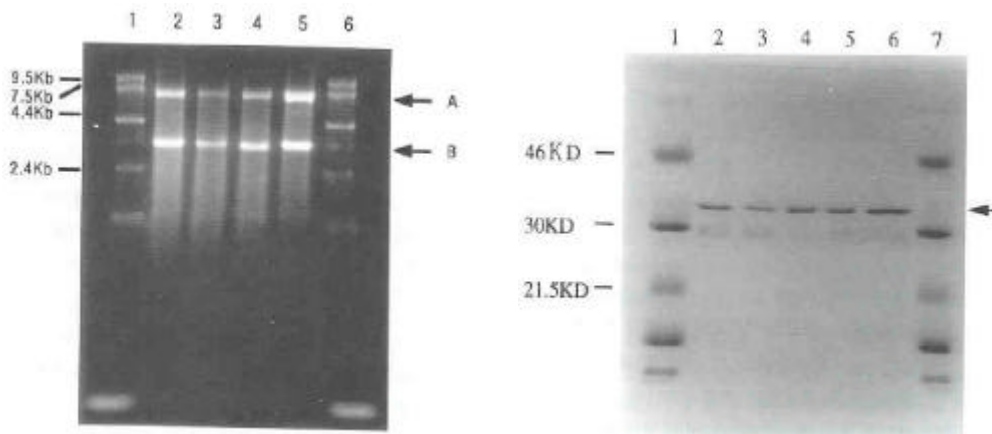


17. BaMMV



18. BaMMV

KR:BaMMV- KOR, K:BaMMV- Ka1, N:BaMMV- Na1, M:BaMMV- Germany.



19. BaMMV RNA

1,6:Marker, 2:BaMMV- Ka1, 3:BaMMV- M (), 4:BaMMV- Na1, 5:BaMMV- Kor

20. BaMMV CP

1,7:Marker, 2,6:BaMMV- Ka1, 3:BaMMV- M (), 4:BaMMV- Na1, 5:BaMMV- Kor

3. (SBWMV)

가. , ,

10 3 30

ELISA 1 2 .

1999 2 4 2 .

1 33%

(45.64%) (43.00%) , (12.83%)

(2.08%), (3.80%), (5.94%),

(9.84%), 가 (9.13%) .

(6.40%), (4.78%), (4.41%)

3 (5.99%)

107

SbWMV,

BaYMV BaMMV ELISA 2 .

SbWMV가

BaYMV, BaMMV ELISA

SbWMV, BaYMV BaMMV

SbWMV ELISA .

BaYMV SbWMV BaMMV ELISA

SbWMV .

. SbWMV

3 ELISA SbWMV

Chenopodium quinoa, *Ch. amaranticola* .

SbWMV (2). SbWMV
 , 61 , *Chenopodium quinoa*, *Ch. amaranticola* 40
 ELISA
 SbWMV 13 /3,000Lux
 61 15
 SbWMV J-A, J-B, J-C, J-D US-A,
 US-B, US-C,
 SbWMV
 23 .

23. SbWMV

61	1/19 2/26 8/23 1/20		2/10 7/15 0/15 5/7 3/5 0/10 0/10 3/8 4/7 3/7
61	1/31 0/30 15/7524/83 1/3 0/3 0/4 0/3 0/5		3/3 2/6 0/8 0/10 0/5 0/6 0/5 0/6

. SbWMV

SbWMV

61 () .

. ELISA Kit

SbWMV DEAE cellulose column IgG
 , alkaline phosphate ELISA
 ELISA IgG 1mg/ml 800 1,600
 가 . SbWMV 1:40 (W/V) PBST
 ELISA 가 (25).

protein- A- gold particles SbWMV
 가 (23).

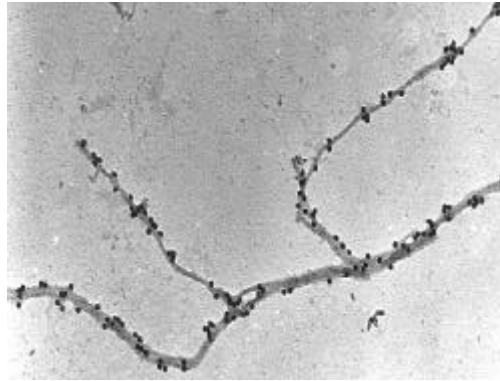
RT - PCR
 RT - PCR SbWMV
 61 RNA
 SbWMV 5
 0.6kb PCR RT - PCR
 cloning sequecing



21.
 (,)



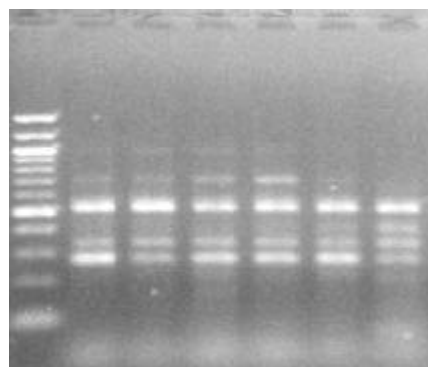
22. 가



23. Immunogold method

SbWMV

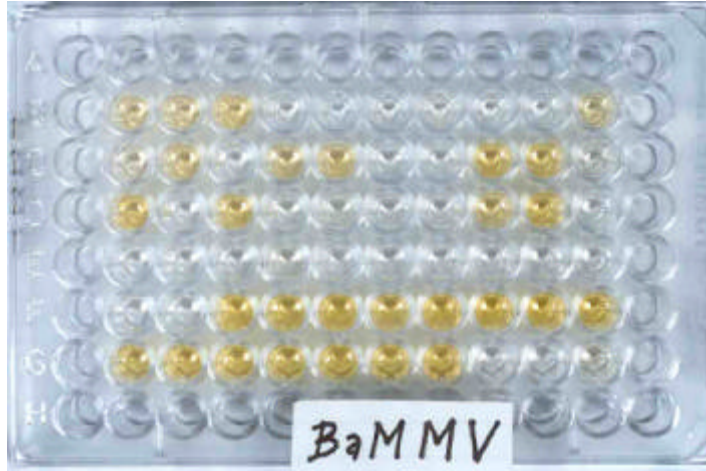
M 1 2 3 4 5 6



600bp

24. RT-PCR

SbWMV



25.

ELISA- test

4.

가.

10 ELISA
 BaYMV , BaMMV, SbWMV 가 , , , ,
 , BaYMV, BaMMV , , ,
 (6). (42 51%), (41
 47%) (10 12%), (23 28%), (26 27%)
 10 32.37 33.53% (7. 8).
 BaYMV가 BaMMV
 가 SbWMV .

가 10

30%

가 .

10 111 3

24. 25 . (32.37%) (

33.53%) (57.71%) 가 , (32.40

%) (33.61%) 가 4.64%

35

(82.17%), (82.17%), 6

(80.25%) (24, 25).

(25). (21.33%)가 (46.95%)

(46.68%)

33.53% 32.37%

(ym 3)

Kashiwazaki et al.,(1989) BaYMV

BaYMV BaMMV . 2 , 2 ,

(ym1) BaYMV- -

BaYMV . 가 BaMMV ,

가 BaMMV (Kashiwazaki et al., 1988)

BaYMV BaMMV가 .

BaYMV- ,-

(Ym 1)

BaYMV, BaMMV, SbWMV 가 .

BaYMV, BaMMV, SbWMV

가 . BaYMV
 BaMMV 가
 가 (Yili et al., 1984, Adams, 1991).
 가
 가 .

24.

	가		
			가
	9		
	,		
	408,		

1997, 1998 2 .

25.

(1998, 1999 2)

ELISA

	Y M S						
		Y	M	Y	M	Y	M
	Y M S	38	2	15	3	53	5
	Y M	24	19	8	8	32	27
	Y M S	34	0	20	0	54	0
	Y M S	32	7	10	0	42	7
	Y M	40	4	14	1	54	5
	Y M S	12	5	7	1	19	6
	M Y	20	26	10	9	30	35
	Y M S	27	4	11	0	38	4
	Y M S	25	1	19	1	44	2
	Y M	41	2	20	0	61	2
		293	70	134	23	427	93

Y: BaYMV , M: BaMMV , S: SbWMV

가

가

pH 7.0

(0.1mM KCN) 1 : 4 (w/v)

1.5 2

(400 mesh)

10 15

30 40

ELISA

1) BaYMV

BaYMV

BaYMV

BaYMV +

BaMMV -

() BaYMV +
 3 () BaYMV , BaMMV -

2) BaMMV

(ym 3)가 BaMMV BaYMV

6 BaMMV +
 BaMMV +
 () BaMMV +
 () BaYMV, BaMMV -

3) SbWMV

(*Chenopodium* spp.)

20 25 7 10
 3, 61

(*Chenopodium amaranticola*) +
 (*Ch. quinoa*) +
 (4/10) +,
 61 (4/10) + ,
 3 (3/10) +

가

가 ELISA (Clark and Adams, 1977)
 (Lee et al., 1998)

1) (Agar gel double diffusion test)
 (agar gel plate) - 0.8 1%
 Bacto-agar gel 2mm (well) 1
 , (2cm) 가
 가 1 2 가
 ()
 , (20ug/ml)
 (0.2 0.3ml) 30 37
 가
 , 24 48 가
 가
 (Super)가
 가 BaYMV , BaMMV , SbWMV
 가 3

2) (ELISA)
 ELISA
 가 ELISA
 IgG (r- globulin G) IgG (Phospho
 test) (Conjugate) ELISA IgG
 . IgG 가
 가
 IgG
 IgG (Protein A colum)
 10ml Running buffer

(Polyclonal antibody) : Running buffer (0.5 ml : 0.5ml) 1: 1

20ml Running buffer

2ml Elution buffer

1ml Elution buffer (1ml)

6 10 1ml

1ml 2., 3, 4 7, 8, 9, 10

UV Spectrophotometer IgG (ODE $n=1.4$)

Running buffer

Tris- HCl 0.05 M

NaCl 0.15M

Sodiumazid 0.0% (w/v)

0.1N HCl pH 8.0

Elution buffer

Glycine - HCl 0.1 M

Thiomerosal bacterastat 0.01% (w/v)

0.1N HCl pH 3.0

(Conjugate)

1 mg / ml IgG 1ml 2mg Phosphotase alkaline 가

Phosphate buffer salin (PBS) 12 4

(PBS 1) glutaraldehyde 0.05% (v/v) 가 22 4

() PBS 24 4 . Phosphatase 가
 IgG-phosphatase 1% bovineserum albumin (w/v)
 sodium azid 0.02%(w/v) 가 4 .

ELISA

1) 1 IgG (400)
 (96 well microplate) IgG 2ug /ml
 Coating buffer (0.05M Sodium Carbonate buffer, pH 9,6)
 200ul 37 2 4 PBST 3

2) ()
 (40 PBST) well 200ul (IgG
) 37 1 4 (6
) PBST 3

3) 2 (Conjugate)
 Conjugate 800 PBST well 200ul 37
 3 4 () PBST 3 .

4) (Substrate)
 P-Nitropheyle phosphate 0.8 1mg/ml Diethanol amine buffer
 (Diethanol amine 97ml , Sodium azaid 0.2g , D · W 700ml , 1N HCl pH 9.8
) well / / 0.5 2

5)
 12% (3M) NaOH well 50ul . 405nm
 microplate reader .

. 가
 1 :40(w/v) PBST . IgG
 2 ug/ ml , Conjugate 1.2ug/ml .

2 well , well 100ul

4CE 6CE

. IgG Coating plate PBST

가

(Protein A gold complex)

가

()

1) (Dipping method)

2% PTA (phospho-tangustin acid)

() 1 2mm 2

10

30 40

2)

(5% Uranil acetate) 5 8

3)

(Immuno-electron microscopy)

3,000 10,000 rpm / 15min

IgG

40ug/ml

가

IgG

가

가) (IgG 40 ug/ml)
 5 10 PBST
 (PBST 5 10)
) ()
 5 10 , . PBST
) . (1)
 10 15 PBST
) 2%PTA 5% 5

4) (Immuno-protein A gold complex electron
 mocriscopy)

가 (Protein A gold complex)
 (Protein A gold complex 가
 15 가
 IgG

가) (10,000
 rpm)
 5 10 . PBST
) 0.1 02% Boric serum albumin (BSA-PBST) 1 가
 /37 /15 30min . 0.1% BSA-PBST

) IgG (40ug/ml) PBST
 /37 / 30min 1 hr 0.1% BSA-PBST
) Conjugate gold particle complex (anti-rabbit serum) , /37 /1hr
 0.1% BSA-PBST
 5) 5% Lead acetate 5 8

가

Shikata and Kojima
 (1978), , Chen et al., (1991), So (1993) Protein A
 gold complex

polyacryl amide gel

가

(Usigi et al., 1989, Shi et al., 1995). Hybridization (
) (cDNA)
 probe probe Hybridetide
 (Batista et al.1989).

가

1)
 10ul (0.25M Tris-HCl, pH 6.8, 8%
 2-mercaptoethanol, 40% glycine, 0.04% bromo-phenol blue) 4 ul 10
 0 3 SDS- PAGE . 5% 12.5%
 polyacryamide gel 18 mA 6 , gel

30 2 0.2% Coomassie brilliant blue R250 1 12

BaYMV BaMMV 33KDa
31KDa 26KDa 가

2)

1mg/ml 5% SDS Proteinase(1mg/ml) 37
20 TE , pH 7.0 2 ,
. 70%

(Free RNase) 1.5%

가 TEB (89mM Tris, 89mM boric acid, 2mM EDTA, 0.1%
SDS)43 20mA 10 , 70mA 1 gel 20

2 Ethium bromide Polaroid

BaYMV 2 RNA 1 7.6Kb , RNA 2
3.5Kb . BaMMV RNA RNA1 7.5Kb , RNA2 3.5Kb

BaYMV

Ehlers and Paul(1986), Kashiwazaki et al.(1989), Foulds et al.(1993), Dessens
and Mayer(1995)

BaYMV BaMMV 가

BaYMV, BaMMV, SbWMV 가

가

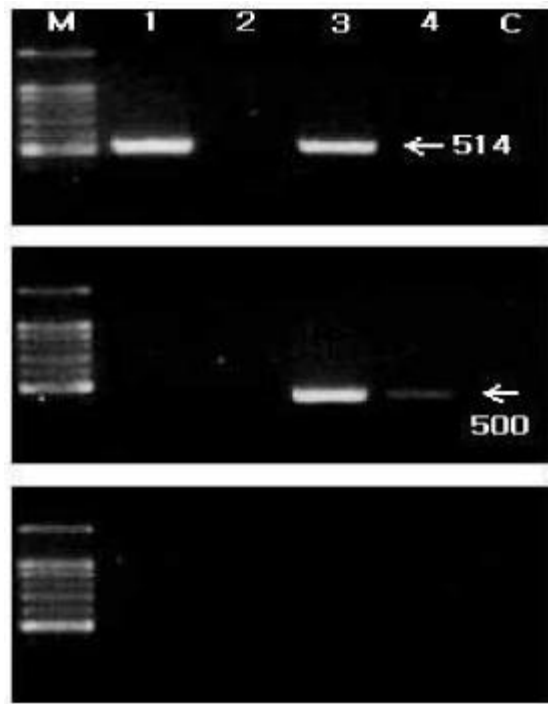
가

. 26. ATTTA, T14, Poty4, BaMMV7 BaMMV8 5
RT-PCR

		RT-PCR
		?
		Y,M
		Y
	-	Y
	-	Y
	-	Y
	-	?
	-	Y
		Y
	6	Y
		?
	6	Y
	6	Y
	6	Y
		Y
	29	Y
		Y
	-	Y
	-	Y
		Y
		?
		?
		Y
		Y

Y : BaYMV, M : BaMMV

2 primer PCR product BaYMV 514bp
, BaMMV- Na1 500bp BaMMV- Ka1 500bp 가
27 band가 gel
(BaYMV,BaMMV- Na1). BaMMV- Ka1 PCR
BaMMV- Ka1 (27).



. 27. (Lane1- 4)
(control:C) RT- PCR .

. RT - PCR ELISA

. 28.	RT - PCR		ELISA
	RT - PCR		ELISA
	1	2	
	?	?	Y, M
	Y, M	?	Y, M
	Y	Y	Y, M
-	Y	Y, M1	Y, M
-	Y	Y, M1	M
-	Y	Y	Y, M
	Y	Y	Y
6	Y	Y	Y
	?	Y	Y
6	Y	Y	M
6	Y	?	Y
6	Y	Y	Y
	Y	?	Y
29	Y	Y	Y
	Y	Y	Y
-	Y	Y	Y
-	Y	Y	Y

Y: BaYMV, M: BaMMV M1: BaMMV-Na1

28

1 BaYMV(ATTTA, T14)
 BaMMV(Poty4, BaMMV7, BaMMV8) primer 2
 BaYMV(Y1, Y2) BaMMV-Na1(S20, S25) BaMMV-Ka1(S21, S25)
 primer RT - PCR 가
 ELISA . RT - PCR BaYMV BaMMV가

4

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