

GOVP1199814330

최 종
연구보고서

635.4
L2937

자생 산채 참나물 소득원화를 위한 재배기술 개발

Technical research of cultivation for the
make into an income from an autogenesis
edible wild plant *Pimpinella*
brachycarpa Nakai

청송군농업기술센터

농 립 부

1998

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1998. 10. 26.

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5.

가

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1.

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가.

- 1) 350 600m
- 2) 15 20%
- 3)
- 4) 4 16 5 6 17
- 19
- 5) - 15 가
- 6) 60 90%
- 7) 9,000 10,000LUX
- 8) PH 6.1 11 13%

.

1)

가)

90

0.3 3%

)

2 3

, 60

41.5%, 70

42%

가

)

)

IBA NAA

가

500ppm

) GA3

500ppm

1,000ppm

10%

65.0%

, 가

가

)

12%

33%

17.6%

45.6%

) 가

11

2

가

가

2)

가)

가 4 5

)

GA3 IBA, Rootone F

GA3 가

10%

F, IBA

13%, 11%

)

)

가

)

1)

2)

가

70%,

50%

50%가 가

3)

8

가

4)

18%

85%

가

5)

가

1

5

가

6)

가

143%

1)

가

가

가

50%

3.4

2)

()

2.

가.

7ha

(:Cryptotaenia Japonica Hasskar)

가 가

가

Summary

A. The results obtained from the studies.

Pimpinella brachycarpa Nakai has been perceived as high-quality wild plants for a long time.

We had performed the studies to development of new income crops for two years.

The followings are the results obtained from the studies for two years.

Ch 1. An investigation into environment of habitat of the *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai

1. *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai has been distributed to an area which was 300 - 600 meters above the sea level.
2. *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai has been distributed to an area with an inclination of 15 - 25% and has growed wild at the surrounding of valley which is facing the northeast or the northwest.
3. The vegetation of habitat was consist of deciduous trees which were shrubs or semi-tall trees and herbaceous plants which were a small perennial plants. And a surface of the soil was covered of fallen leaves.
4. When *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai comes into bud (April), average temperature is 16 . Temperature of a growing period for stocks and leaves (May to June) is 17 - 19 .

5. *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai stands against at a low temperature because it wasn't damaged by the cold when it was degress below zero in winter.
6. Humidity of habitat was 60 - 90%.
7. *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai was growing wild at a shaded ground of which luminous intensity was 9,000 - 10,000LUX.
8. The soil acidity was weak acid (pH 6.1) and content of organic matter was very high (11 - 13%) and air permeability of soil was very high.

B. The studies about propagative methods.

Ch 1. Seed propagation.

1. After seeds were dried in natural state for ninety days, germination rate of the seeds was low (0.3 - 3%) in spite of humidity and low temperature treatment again.
2. After being gathered, when the seeds were with low temperature treatment at 2-3 after storaging the seeds which were not dried in the natural state, the germination rate was high.
3. Germination rate was higher in the brightness condition than darkness and in the change of temperature condition than permanent.

4. Effectiveness of growth regulators on the germination rate was varied according to regulator species.

With treatment of IBA, NAA, the higher the concentration was, the lower germination rate was. When the seeds were immersed in 500ppm of IBA, NAA, the germination rate was higher than no treatment.

But immersed in 1,000ppm, the germination rate was lower than no treatment.

5. With treatment of GA3 at 1,000ppm, the germination rate was 65.0%. At 500ppm, the germination rate was 55.0%. The higher the concentration of regulators was, the longer the length of hypocotyl was.

6. The germination rate was different according to the humidity content of seed. When the seed was dried, the germination rate was very low. When humidity content of the seed was 12%, the germination rate was 28%. When the content was 33%, the rate was 45.6%.

The higher the humidity content of seed was, the higher the germination rate was.

7. On a farm easy methods for the seeds storage were that seed was stored at the end of November and picked at the beginning of February.

Ch 2. Vegetative propagation.

1. In case of cutting when the stock was 4 - 5 joint, root-formation rate was high, but this method is not unsuitable for mass propagation.
2. With treatment of GA₃ root-formation rate was 13% higher than no treatment. In case of treatment of Rootone F, the rate was 10% higher and with treatment of IBA, the rate was 11% higher than no treatment.
3. In case of cutting, the root formation was good under the condition that was almost equal to habitat.
4. In case of division period, taking root rate is very high when *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai was regeneration after passing the winter.
5. Vegetative propagation was unsuitable for mass cultivation.

Ch 3. Technology of cultivation.

1. Because *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai has large quantities of root-respiration, culture soils must take high air permeability and humidity at bringing up sprouts.
2. The harvest rate of *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai was different according to shading rate, and the rate was higher in this order : 50% > 70% > no shading treatment. The quantity of harvest and quality were the best in 50% shading treatment.

3. When the seeds were gathered at the next year after planting in August, a growing point per root was large. The narrower the planting distance of the seeds was, the higher the harvesting rate was.
4. In case of direct seeding at the mountain, the germination rate was low(18%) under the condition that was almost equal to habitat. In case of transplanting, the growing-up rate was high(85%), but this method needed excess labor force. So direct seeding cultivation is profitable.
5. In the open field alternate planting with corn for shading effectiveness has effect after middle May. Because this time was ending period of first harvesting, this method was unsuitable.
6. Because *Pimpinella brachycarpa* Nakai is hardly cultured at a high temperature, utility for equipment is low in summer. So through planting a young radish during summer income was larger (143%) than single culture.

Ch 4. Analysis about nutrition of food.

1. An analysis about nutrition of wild plants and cultured plants proved that wild plants were superior in taste of consumers and prices and cultured plants were superior in nutritive value. Above all ascorbic acid in cultured plants with 50% shading treatment was three point four times as much as wild plants.
2. Wild plants were superior in color and quality.

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2.	가	35
3.	가	37
4.		38
5.		39
6.		39
4		40
1.		40
2.	가	41
6		43
7		47
8		49

1

(Pimpinella brachycarpa Nakai)

50 80cm

가

3

가

가

6

8

가

10

1

2

5

2

9

3

4mm

가

가

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, , ,

, , , , , , ,

가

가

가

가

가

가

가

가
가

2

1 :

1.

(1124m)

2.

350m, 500m, 600m

5 7

3.

3

1 :

1.

가.

96 9 90 -2 , 5 , 10 ,
15 20 , 30 , 50

97 10 20 2 3
50 , 60 , 70

97 10 12 2 3
60 15
20 , 15

97 10 -T 500 30
20 2 3 60
GA3, NAA, IBA 500ppm, 1000ppm 30
10 , 20

97 60 2 3
12%, 17%, 33% 20 , 10

97 10

11 22

- T

500

30

60cm

98 2 5 2 25

2.

Rootone F, IBA 100ppm, GA3 100ppm

3.

50

5

350m

가

4

1

1997 5

70%

50%

, , , , ,

A,

18

가

100

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5

1

1.

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(

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.

350m

600m

15 20%

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가

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70%

가

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(1)

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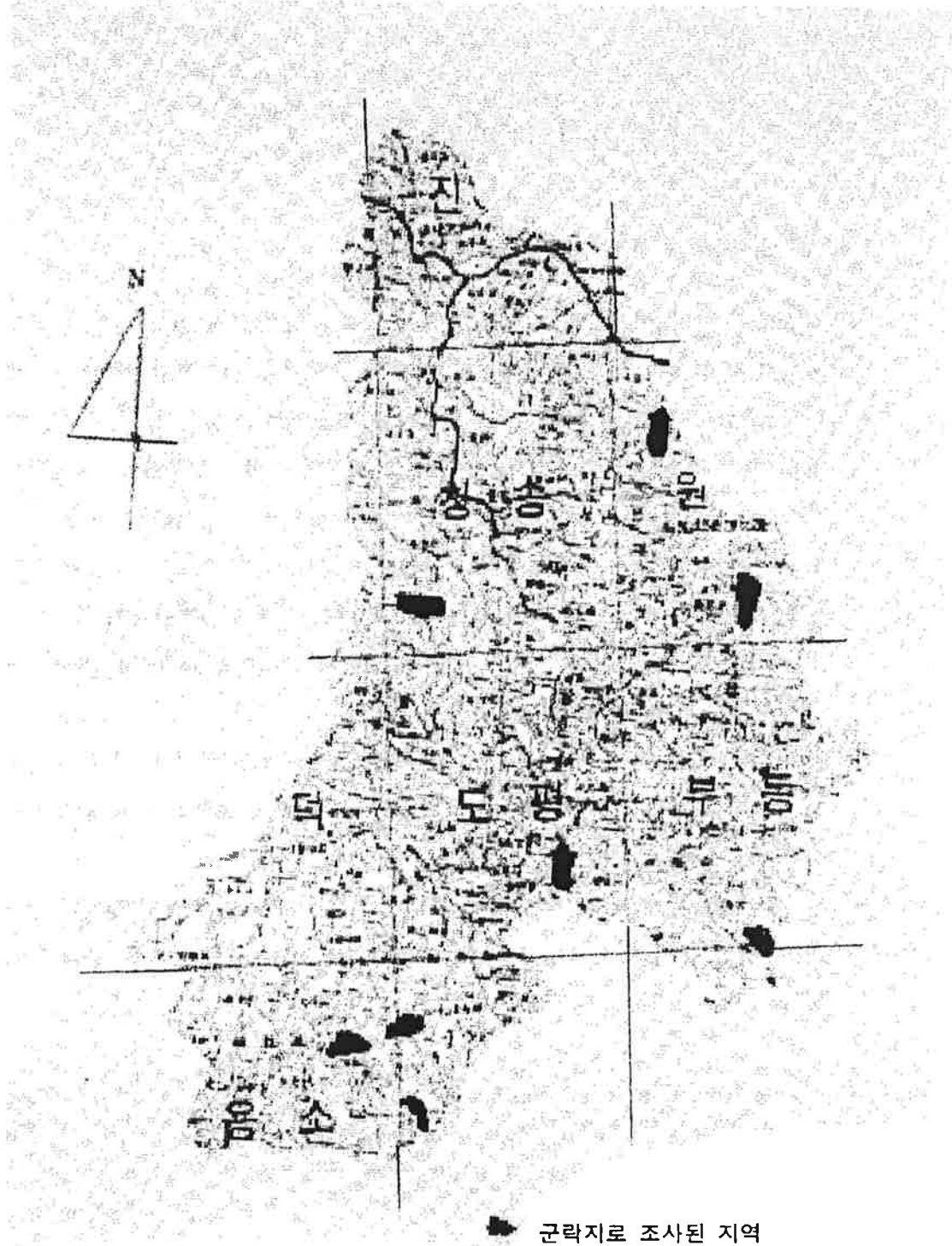
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(사진1) 청송군 참나물 군락지 현황



2.

(1) 4 8 16
 24 , 4 16 17 , 5 17 18
 7 8 23 24 .
 10 11 가
 10 가 가 - 15
 가 .

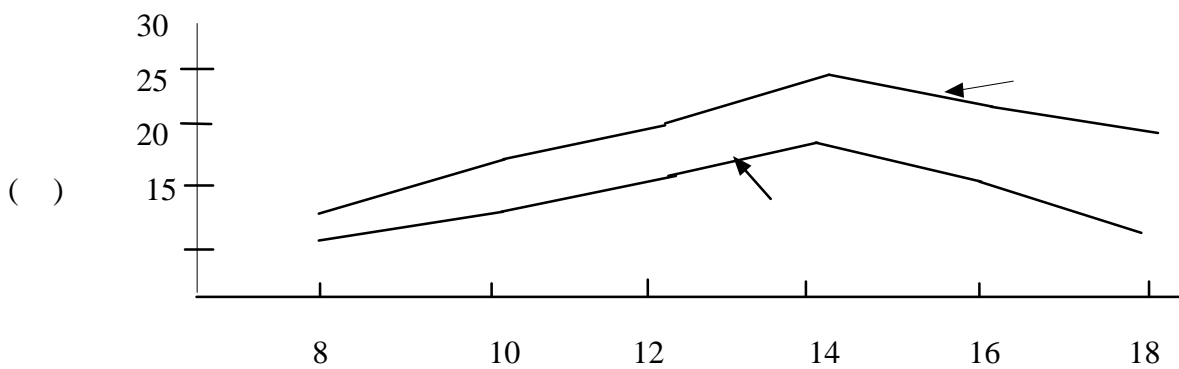
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		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
()		9	10	13	25	25	27	27	26	18	15	13	6
		- 15	- 8	- 7	0	4	11	15	15	7	3	- 6	- 3
		- 3.2	0	4.6	15.5	17.3	19.0	22.3	21.1	16	7	6.3	- 1.8
(%)		80	87	81	65	76	83	84	81	80	78	70	80

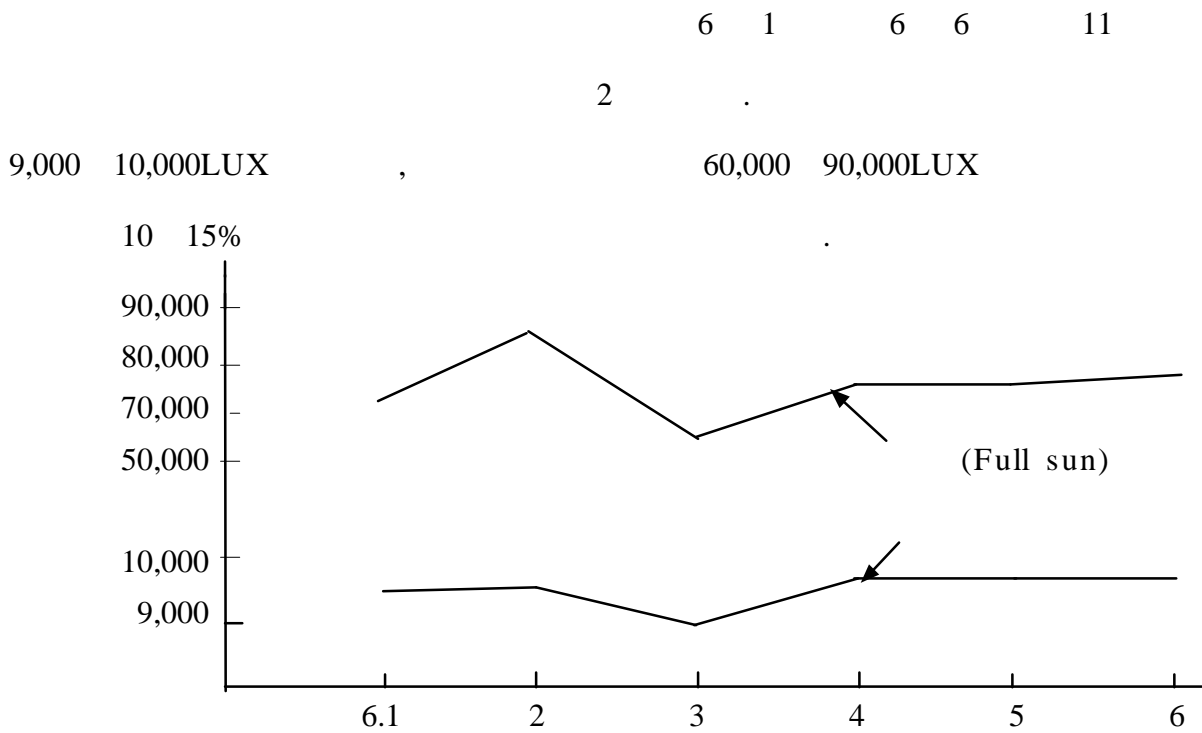
3 4 65 80% ,

80% .

6 2 . 16 24
 2 가 5 .



< 1>



< 2 >

9,000 10,431LUX 100%
 2 24%
 8 6 23%, 14% 12 2
 9.1%

< 2 >

(LUX)

	8	10	12	14	16	18
	9,100	10,029	10,125	10,431	10,100	9,430
	39,130	83,570	111,260	114,626	91,810	67,360
	23.2%	12.0%	9.1%	9.1%	11.0%	14%

가

가 70,000LUX, 가 가 40,000LUX,

80,000LUX

20,000LUX

가

3.

3

< 3 >

	pH (1:5)	O.M (%)	Av- P205 (mg/kg)	Exch- cation(Cmol+/kg)			LR (kg/10a)
				K	Ca	Mg	
	5.2	0.98	336	0.57	4.2	2.24	194
	6.1	13.68	19	0.75	9.4	1.69	98
	5.6	2.5	471	1.0	5.25	1.87	290

pH 6.1

13.68%

P2O5 19ppm

K, Ca, Mg

가

가

2

1.

가.

96 9

90

- 2 , 5 , 10 , 15

20 , 30 , 50

20 , 10

4 .

< 4 >

			(%)	
	- 2	20	3.0	1997. 1. 25.
		30	1.3	
		50	0.7	
			1.8	
	5	20	2.6	
		30	2.3	
		50	1.3	
			2.1	
	10	20	1.3	
		30	1.0	
		50	0.6	
			1.0	
15	20	0.6		
	30	0.3		
	50	0.6		
		0.5		
	- 2	20	3.7	
		30	2.3	
		50	1.3	
			2.4	
	5	20	2.3	
		30	2.3	
		50	1.0	
			1.9	
	10	20	1.0	
		30	0.6	
		50	0.3	
			0.7	
15	20	0.3		
	30	.		
	50	0.3		
		0.2		

가 가

2 97 10
 20 2 3 50 , 60 , 70
 20 , 10 5 .

< 5 >

			(%)								
			5	7	9	13	15	17	20	22	25
	90	9	.	.	1	.	.	2	.	.	2
(2 3)	50	3	11.7	20.5	24.2	25.7	33.7	33.7	35.7	36.0	37.2
(2 3)	60	3	14.7	16.7	26.2	34.7	37.2	37.7	41.0	41.0	41.5
(2 3)	70	3	15.0	20.7	27.5	35.2	38.7	40.2	41.7	42.0	42.0

, 2%
 50 37.2% 60 41.5%
 70 42% 60 70 가 60

12 - T 500 30
 2 3 60
 15 (20 , 15) 6 .

< 6 >

		(%)								
		5	7	9	13	15	17	20	22	25
	15	5.0	7.5	10.7	12.0	12.5	13.0	13.5	13.5	13.5
	20 15	7.0	15.2	19.2	21.0	23.2	24.5	25.6	25.6	12.1
	15	8.0	17.5	25.6	28.0	33.0	34.0	34.0	34.0	20.5
	20 15	13.7	15.7	25.5	33.2	35.7	36.2	36.7	36.7	11.6

11.6% 20.5%

3.2% 12.1%

가

97 10

20

(2 3)

60

7

< 7 >

가

	(%)								
	5	7	9	13	15	17	20	22	25
	6.0	12.5	16.0	25.0	28.5	30.5	35.0	35.5	35.5
GA3 1000ppm	28.0	52.0	59.0	61.0	63.0	63.0	63.5	65.0	65.0
GA3 500ppm	26.5	35.5	45.5	49.5	51.0	54.0	54.0	55.0	55.0
IBA 1000ppm	2.5	8.0	15.5	25.5	27.5	27.5	31.0	31.0	31.0
IBA 500ppm	6.5	13.0	19.0	28.5	30.0	33.0	38.0	38.5	38.0
NAA 1000ppm	5.0	9.5	15.5	15.5	16.0	16.0	16.5	16.5	16.5
NAA 500ppm	7.0	9.5	14.5	17.5	19.0	19.0	22.5	23.0	23.0

GA3 가 IBA, NAA
 IBA 가 500ppm IBA, NAA 1000ppm
 NAA 500, 1000ppm
 가 IBA, NAA
 GA3 500ppm 1000ppm 10%
 가 가
 가

97 (2 3) 60
 12%, 17%, 33% 20 , 10 ,
 17% GA3 500ppm, 1000ppm 8 .

< 8 >

	(%)							
	5	8	10	12	13	16	19	21
12%	4.0	12.6	17.3	19.6	25.3	26.6	28.0	28.0
17%	5.3	23.3	32.3	35.3	39.0	41.0	43.6	43.6
33%	18.0	26.6	30.6	31.3	39.6	44.3	45.6	45.6
17% GA3 500ppm	5.6	31.6	35.3	36.6	45.6	48.0	48.0	48.0
17% GA3 1000ppm	6.3	36.3	36.3	42.6	51.0	53.3	53.6	53.6

33% 45.6% 17% 2%
 43.6%, 12% 28% 33% 17.6%

12%

12%

97 10 - T 500 30
 11 22 600m 98
 2 5 10
 9

< 9 >

		(%)	(mm)			
						(%)
1997. 11. 22.	1998. 2. 5.	30	0.1	2. 5.	3. 6.	32
	1998. 2. 15.	37	1	2. 15.	3. 8.	38
	1998. 2. 25.	46	3.3	2. 25.	3. 8.	39

75 (1998. 2. 5.)

(0.1mm) 30%
 10 30 20
 2% 32%
 2 15 (85) (1998. 2. 15.) 가 1mm
 37% 38% 1% 95
 (1998. 2. 15.) 가 3mm
 46% 7% 39%

가 가

2.

가.

98 4

6 20

3 4

Rootone F

IBA 100ppm

GA3 100ppm

30

60%

10

< 10>

가

	F	IBA 100ppm	GA3 100ppm	
(%)	75	76	78	: 60%

GA3

78% 가

IBA, Rootone F

가

11

< 11>

	6 20	7 10	7 20	
(%)	65	60	53	: 60%

6 20

가

가

97

4 10 ,

4 20 , 5 10

12 .

< 12 >

	4 10	4 20	5 10	
(%)	95	85	74	
(cm)	25	20	10	
()	15	12	7	

1 가 4 10

95% 4 20 , 5 10 .

4 20 5 10 가 10cm 25cm가

3.

가.

가

3 3

55

4 8

2.5

108

50%+

,

30%+

< 13 >

	5 20		6 10		6 30	
	(%)		(%)		(%)	
50%+	1	3.5	1	4.1	2	4.7
	1	3.1	2	3.8	4	4.1
30%+	2	2.5	3	3.0	7	3.5

가 가 50%+ ,
30%+ .

가 가

()

가

가

97,640LUX

70,300LUX

72% , 50%

33,198LUX

34%

70%

29,292LUX

30%

44,250LUX

28,762LUX

65% , 50%

13,275LUX

30% , 70%

11,062LUX

25%

50%

70%

가

1

14

	30.5cm	38.7	7.8cm	8.0cm
50%	31.4	26.4	8.9	9.3
70%	33.7	25.8	9.3	9.9

8 가 8
 10 10 가 38.7 가
 가 . 20
 .
 1 가 .
 1 9 98 3 4 30 ,
 5 25 , 6 15 3 ,
 15 .

	(%)	(cm)	()	(kg/10a)	
	99	37.6	15.4	2,426	
50%	95.3	45.4	23.2	2,932	
70%	93.7	41.3	19.7	2,450	

99% 가
 50% 45.4cm 가 70% 가
 50% 23.2 가 70% , .
 10a 50% 2,932kg/10a 가 70% ,
 .
 가
 50% 70% .

50%

가 가

33,198LUX()

가

가

가

16

< 16>

(6 30)

()	(cm)	(cm)	(/)	(cm)	(cm)	(/)	
8	10 × 10	29.7	11.7	11.9	15.4	3.2	1,056
	10 × 15	25.7	12.0	11.1	13.5	3.5	770
	10 × 20	23.6	11.9	10.8	13.1	3.5	577
	15 × 15	25.4	12.9	13.4	15.8	3.7	540
8	10 × 10	25.1	8.2	9.3	10.0	3.2	1,056
	10 × 15	22.2	8.4	7.9	8.6	3.1	682
	10 × 20	22.3	7.6	7.8	9.8	3.2	528
	15 × 15	21.3	7.9	7.9	8.8	3.1	452
8	10 × 10	20.4	6.7	6.0	7.0	3.0	990
	10 × 15	20.7	6.1	6.2	7.2	3.0	660
	10 × 20	21.3	6.4	6.5	7.9	3.0	495
	15 × 15	21.4	6.0	5.9	7.7	3.0	438

8 , , , 가 가
가 8 가

가

10cm × 10cm

가 1,056 .

가

가

가

17 .

< 17 >

	(cm)	()	(cm)	(cm)	(%)
	25.4	19.7	7.6	8.1	18%
	22.5	15.4	5.9	6.2	85%

, 18%

85%

가

10 15 가

15 가 .

< 19>

(10a)

		가			
	2,932kg	1,200	3,518,400	1,232,500	2,285,900
	2,520kg	1,200	3,024,000	1,025,000	1,999,000
+					
(2)	3,200kg	500	1,600,000	323,000	1,277,000
			4,624,000	1,348,000	3,276,000

가 + (2) 3,276,000 143%

가 가

가 2 1

3
1.

가 가 20

< 20>

(가 100g)

	kcal	%	g	g			g	mg	mg	mg	mg	mg	mg	A R.E	mg	mg	mg	mg
					g	g												
	33	86.7	3.5	0.4	5.9	1.7	1.8	102.2	70.9	2.0	3.5	954.5	0.52	1284	0.09	0.32	0.8	15.1
50%	40	84.6	4.1	0.7	6.9	1.7	2.0	114.9	57.9	3.2	2.9	968.3	0.50	1280	0.12	0.41	0.8	51.9
70%	31	86.4	4.0	0.2	5.4	2.0	2.0	107.5	65.0	3.2	3.8	935.6	0.55	1373	0.12	0.46	0.9	23.5
	18	93.0	1.2	0.3	3.5	0.8	1.2	56	36.0	2.1	5.0	238		365	0.07	0.08	0.4	19

50% , 70% 가

50% 3.4 , 70% 2.2 ,

가 .

20 가

가

2. 가

50%, 70% 가

21 .

< 21> 가

	6.7a	6.3	6.2a	6.2	6.5
50%	5.8b	5.9	5.5b	5.8	5.8
70%	5.6b	6.2	5.7b	5.9	5.9

9 : 9- , 7- , 5- , 3- , 1- .

p<0.05 .

， ， ，

.

가

.

가

.

6

1

1.

가

15 20%

2.

4

8

16 24

23 24

- 15

3 4

65 80%

80%

2

5

9,000 10,000LUX

9.1 23.2%

3.

, pH

P2O5

1.

가

가

40%

60

가

가

GA3가 가

, NAA

IBA

500ppm

1000ppm

GA3

가

2.

가

가

가

가 3 4 , 4 5
 가 5 가 가 ,

3.

1 2 3
 가 가 50%+ 50% ,
 30%+ 70% .
 50% 30% ,
 가 70% ,
 50% 50% .

9,000 13,000LUX

10,000 33,000LUX

가

10 × 10cm

가

가

가

, 가 ,

가

가

7 8

가

143%

3

가

가

, , ,

,

1. 350m 600m, 15 20%
2. 16 17 , 17 18 ,
23 24 . 5
3. 9.1 23.2% 8 6
9,000 10,431LUX .
4. pH6.1
- 5.
6. GA3 가
NAA, IBA 가 .
7. 가 .
8. .

9. .
10. 50% 가 , 70%
11. 가 8
12. 가 .
13. , .
14. 2
143% .
15. .
16. , 가 .
가 .

1. . 1994 .
(P. 233 238)
2. . 1997 .
3. 1996 .
4. 1996
(P. 142 143)
5. .
6. , , , . 1984 .
. (P. 358 375)
7. , , , , , , .
. (P. 168 170)
8. .
9. . 1991.
(P. 181 188)
10. . (Pimpinella) .
11. , .

1.

2.

3. 가