



가

Improvement of Enzymatic Activity and Establishment  
of Quality Standards for Barley Malt

“ 가 ” .

1998. 10. 31.

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:  
:  
:  
:  
:  
( )  
:  
:

**I.**

가

**II.**

○

가

가

가

○

가

**III.**

1.

가

○

○ , ,

가



IV.

1.

16

16

4

15

48

45

24

가

가가

6

가가

가

16

24, 48, 72

가

42 48

가

(2, 3, 4, 5 )

(16 )

5

94 123%

가

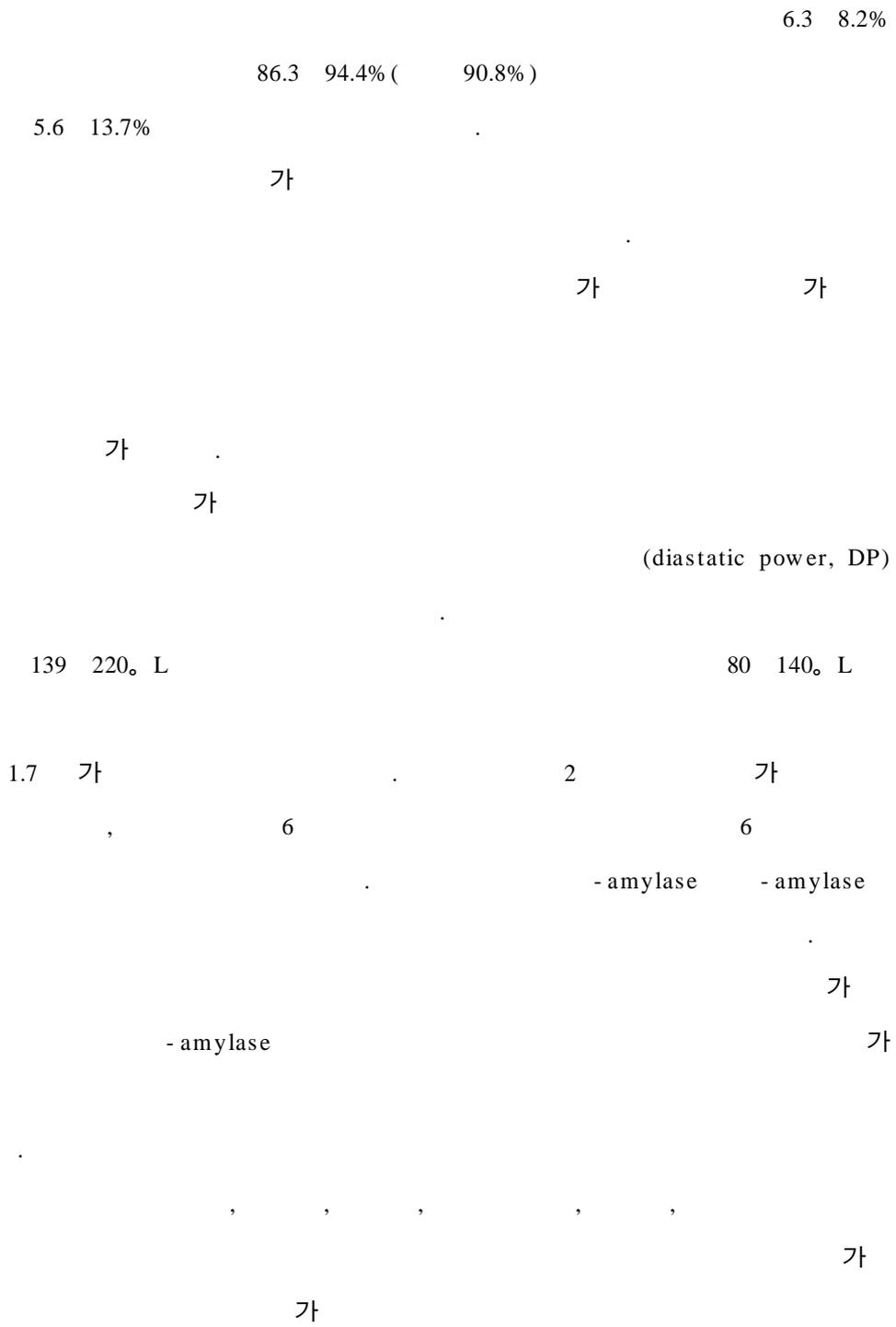
4 ( , 1 ,  
 , ) , .  
 17 48 ( : =2:1) (15, 18, 21 ),  
 (3, 4, 5, 6 )  
 가 . 가  
 가 .  
 가 가 가 .  
 가  
 (DP) 18 21 21 18  
 5 6 가 18 가  
 가 .  
 - amylase 6 가 가  
 18 5 . - Amylase  
 15 가 18 가 21 18  
 . - Amylase 가  
 가 가 . 18 21  
 4 .  
 가  
 - glucan  
 - glucanase .  
 가 - glucanase 가 15 가  
 18 가 21 . - glucanase  
 가 가 가  
 가 .  
 가(DP) 40 50

가 60 가  
 Gibberellic acid 가  
 GA3 가 가  
 DP 가 가 20% 가  
 GA3 가  
 , ,  
 2 , 18 5 , 40 50  
 가 가  
 가

2.

가 16  
 1 가  
 , , (1,000 KW), (germinative capacity), ,  
 (kernel plumpness), (kernel color), (broken kernel),  
 (damaged kernel) . 9.7 11.3%  
 ( 10.4%) , 748g/ 6  
 694 764 g/ 2 769 g/

793 g/ 가 . 22.2 g 38.0 g  
 28.0 g 2 가 38.0 g 가  
 . 2.0, 2.2, 2.5, 2.8 mm  
 (% plumpness) 5.3 75.9%  
 . 11.7 17.5% ( 15.3%)  
 2 가 14.4% 6  
 13.5% .  
 95% .  
 L, a, b L 50  
 60 가 가  
 . 가  
 .  
 (kernel assortment rate), (%)  
 plumpness) (r = 0.96)가 .  
 16 , ,  
 . 8.0 9.6%  
 86.5 92.2%  
 82.0 87.5% 12.5  
 18.0% . L 48.8 61.8(  
 57.8) 20.9 35.3 g( 24.8 g)  
 28.0 g 12% 가 . 11.5  
 17.9% (15.3%) 가 .



가가 .  
 - amylase papain  
 가 .  
 - amylase 가 (Potential DP)  
 (r=0.79)가 .

3. 가

가  
 amylases  
 Diastatic Power(DP) .  
 - amylase - amylase kit  
 . kit ,  
 가 - - amylase  
 가 Diastatic Power - amylase  
 - amylase  
 (r=0.98) - amylase  
 . - amylase  
 - amylase  
 가 . 가





가

agar plate

agar plate

halo

가

5 6

가가

10 mm

4.

가

40

. 17

가 DP 46 130. L, -amylase 334 1158 Betamyl unit,

- amylase 25 172 Ceralpha unit

가가

가

20, 40, 60, 100, 140

가 . 20

가가 가

가

가

140

가가



가  
, . 가가  
8 7.3% 가가 5  
10% 가 60 140 가  
가 가 40  
가 40 가  
가 40 가  
가 가 가 .  
가 가  
. .  
가가 가 .  
8 10 가 가  
1 2 가 가 3 10  
Brix 4 가가 .  
가 가 4  
. .  
DP 140 220. L 100. L  
가 DP 150. L

가가

가 가

8

7.2 Brix

. 4 , 6

2

가

6

가

DP

2

69, 4 124, 6

201. L

가

DP 150. L

,

5, 6

가

- amylase,

glucoamylase

가

가가

가가

maltose

가

(tea bag)

tea- bag

tea- bag

tea- bag

가

가

. Tea- bag

가

tea- bag

/

가가

# **SUMMARY**

## **I. Title**

Improvement of Enzymatic Activity and Establishment of Quality Standards for Barley Malt

## **II. Objective and Significance**

Enzymatic activity in barley malt is important for saccharifying process of starch materials. Thus it is necessary to increase the enzymatic activity for starch degradation by proper manipulation of malting process.

The objectives of this project were to develop the optimum processing condition for manufacturing barley malts, and to investigate quality parameters for good quality malt. Subsequently the quality of barley malt should be readily controlled by rapid evaluation techniques in the malt manufacturing fields.

## **III. Scope**

1. Optimum manufacturing conditions for barley malt were studied to improve the activities of starch-degrading enzymes. A number of barley varieties were tested for steeping, germination and drying conditions.

2. Quality standards for saccharifying barley malt were established. First, the quality of raw barley was evaluated for test weight(TW), 1,000 kernel weight(1,000 KW), germinative capacity, protein, % plumpness, broken and damaged kernels, and color. The quality of malt was then evaluated for 1,000 KW, protein, malt yield, malting loss, acrospire length, and hydrolyzing enzymatic activities. Relationships between barley and malt quality factors were analyzed, and the quality factors concerning enzymatic activity were selected.

3. Starch-degrading enzymes were tested by different methods, and any relationships among enzyme assays were carefully analyzed. A simple and rapid method for detecting enzymatic activity in germinating barley was developed.

4. Proper uses of barley malt were studied by testing fractionation by sieving, extraction and saccharification processing. Convenient usage for malt was also introduced by new type of packaging.

## IV. Results and Recommendation

### 1. Optimum manufacturing conditions for barley malt

Sixteen barley varieties were selected, and they were steeped, germinated and dried to produce final malts. Barleys were malted under two different systems, automatically controlled malting system and conventional system

similar to traditional preparation. Barley grew fast in automatically controlled system, and the enzymatic activity of the final malt was appeared to be higher than in conventional system. Malting barley in conventional system resulted in slow and irregular germination. In case of practicing conventional system, optimum malting conditions should be applied to improve malting capability. Some 6-row hulled barley varieties were found to be good for malting in terms of enzymatic activity.

Barley varieties were steeped up to 72 hrs, and the water absorption was recorded during the steeping. Steeping time was in the range of 42-48 hrs. Varietal differences in acrospire length of growing barley kernels were observed, and the acrospire length index of 5-day germinated barley was in the range of 94-123%.

Four selected barley varieties were malted to study the effects of germination conditions in details. Barleys were steeped at 17°C for 48 hrs and germinated at 15, 18, and 21°C for 3, 4, 5, and 6 days. Malting loss was increased during germination and elevated at increased temperature. Differences in malt quality were observed among barley varieties. Diastatic power was relatively high in malts germinated at 18°C and 21°C, and 18°C seemed to be optimum for germination temperature. -Amylase activity increased continuously during germination, in spite of a slight decrease in a variety after 5-day germination. -Amylase activity was the lowest at 15°C germination, the highest at 18°C, and intermediate at 21°C. Considerable amount of -amylase was detected in raw barley and the enzymatic activity increased during germination. -Glucanase activity also increased during 6-day germination process. Green malt was dried at different temperatures,

and appropriate drying temperature was 40–50 °C. Enzyme activity in malt decreased at drying temperature of 60 °C. As above, It could be concluded that the optimum malting conditions were 2-day steeping, 5-day germination at 18 °C, and drying at 40–50 °C.

## 2. Establishment of quality standards for saccharifying barley malt

Sixteen barley varieties were evaluated for test weight, 1,000 kernel weight, germinative capacity, protein, plumpness, broken and damaged kernels, and color. Test weight of barley varieties was in the range of 694–769 g/hl. 1,000 kernel weight was in the range of 22.2–38.0 g (average of 28.0), and a 2-row barley had the highest value. Kernel size distribution was determined by sieving barley kernels, and the % plumpness showed a wide range of 5.3–75.9%. Protein contents of barleys varied from 11.7 to 17.5%. Germinative capacity of most barleys was appeared to be above 95%. A high correlation ( $r=0.96$ ) between 1,000 kernel weight and kernel size was found.

Moisture contents of malt samples were in the range of 8.0–9.0% and were lower than those of raw barleys. Malting loss was 12.5–18.0%. L values of malt samples were 48.8–61.8 which were similar to values of raw samples. 1,000 kernel weight of malts was in the range of 20.9–35.3 g (average of 24.8 g) which was about 12% reduction in weight from the original kernel. Protein contents of malt were almost similar to those of raw barley, ranging from 11.5 to 7.9%.

Diastatic power, measure of starch-saccharifying enzyme in malt, had a wide variation among the barley varieties. Diastatic power of malt prepared from automated malting system was 139–220, L and malt from conventional

malting system was 80–140 L, indicating that malt from automated system produced 1.7 times higher in diastatic power. While 2-row barley had the lowest DP, some 6-row barleys demonstrated significantly high DP values.

- and -amylase activities were also high in malts prepared from the automated system.

Barley quality factors relating to enzymatic activity in malt were analyzed, and barley varieties with low kernel weight and less plumper kernels tended to produce higher enzymatic activity. Potential diastatic power, an estimate of bound -amylase in raw barley, was associated with diastatic power in the final malt. Potential diastatic power turned out to be a significant factor for predicting good malting barley.

### 3. Comparative assays and development of rapid detection for starch-degrading enzymes in malt

Activities of starch-degrading enzymes were analyzed, based on AACC, ASBC, and EBC methods. - and -amylase activities were also analyzed by using commercial assay kits, which provided simple, convenient and reliable analytical procedures. Diastatic power was highly correlated with -amylase activity, suggesting that -amylase activity was an important factor determining saccharifying action in malt. Amylograph was used to indirectly estimate starch-degrading enzymatic activity, and the reduction in amylograph viscosity was associated with -amylase activity.

Rapid estimation of enzymatic activity was required in the malt-producing small business factories. An easy way to estimate the enzymatic activity was to measure acrospire length of germinating barley kernels. Diastatic

power as well as acrospire length was measured during germination, and the optimum diastatic activity was turned out to be 120-180% of acrospire length index.

Gel diffusion assay was adopted to estimate the starch-degrading enzymatic activity in barley malts. Measured volumes of malt extracts were allowed to diffuse from 1 cm paper discs into agar impregnated with starch. After suitable incubation, the starch-agar gel plate was flooded with a dilute iodine solution to stain the remaining substrate blue. The diameter of resulting clear zones was related to enzyme activity. The extent of enzyme diffusion was affected by incubation time, temperature, the depth of agar gel, substrate concentration, etc. The optimum conditions for gel diffusion were as follows; agar concentration 0.5-1.0%, agar volume 10-30 ml, starch concentration 0.05-0.1%, extract volume 20  $\mu$ l. The optimum incubation temperature was observed to be 40-55 °C. Differences in gel diffusion diameter were observed among various malt varieties. The enzymatic activity of malt was the highest at 16-18 and 5-6 day germination, and the gel diffusion diameter was appeared to be 15-17 mm at 38 °C and 3 hr incubation.

Halved grains were applied directly to the starch-agar gel surface thus eliminating the need for enzyme extraction and removing one of the principal time-consuming parts of most enzyme assays. Enzymatic activity of growing barley kernels was high at 5-6 day germination periods, and the gel diffusion was observed to be more than 10 mm.

#### 4. Improvement of usage for barley malt

Commercially available malt samples were collected and the quality of malt

products were analyzed. In most of malt products, coarse particles over 40 mesh accounted for more than 50% of all the particles. Diastatic power,  $\alpha$ -amylase and  $\beta$ -amylase activities of 17 commercial malt samples were 46 130. L, 334 1158 Betamyl unit, and 25 172 Ceralpha unit, respectively. Commercial samples were generally low in enzyme activity and showed a wide variation in enzymatic activity. Malt particles were fractionated by sieving, and the fractions with particle size between 60 and 140 mesh showed reasonably good quality in terms of saccharifying enzyme activity. Enzymatic activity could be easily enhanced by reducing coarse particles more than 20 mesh and removing fine particles less than 140 mesh. Enzymatic activity could be easily increased approximately 40% by further grinding of the coarse particles in commercial malt products.

Diastatic power in water extracts of barley malt was related to extraction temperature and time. At 20 40 for 4 hr period, as extraction time and temperature increased, diastatic power increased. Sugar contents were measured during saccharifying process of malt extracts. Malt containing high diastatic power yielded high sugar content at the initial stage of sacchrification process, and thus sacchrification processing could be terminated within 4 hrs. It was suggested that the minimum requirement of malt in terms of diastatic power was 150. L

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2. ....	40
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.	.....	40
3.	.....	41
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.	.....	51
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3	.....	53
1	.....	53
1.	.....	53
2.	.....	54

가.	.....	54
.	.....	54
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4) - Amylase	.....	70
5) - Glucanase	.....	73
.	.....	78
.	가 .....	79
2	.....	80
1.	가 .....	80
가.	.....	80
.	.....	85
.	.....	86
2.	가 .....	87
가.	.....	87
.	가 .....	93
.	가 .....	96
3	가 .....	99
1.	가 .....	99
가.	가 .....	99
.	가 .....	101
2.	가 .....	105
가.	.....	105

. Gel- diffusion	106
4	119
1. 가	119
2.	125
가.	125
.	126
3.	133
	137

# 1

amylase , , ,  
70 가  
80 가  
가  
65 82 7 ha 77 51 6 ha 95 8 8 ha  
1 65 36.8 kg 95  
1.5 kg 1).  
2 (two- rowed) 6 (six- rowed)  
(floral parts) (hulled barley)  
(hulless barley)가 .  
64%, 11%, -glucan 5%  
20% , , , ,  
2).  
가 , ,  
가 , ,  
가 가  
가 3). 6 가  
가

2

4

가

가

가

가

가

5

maltose

가 가

가

가

- glucan

arabinoxylan

- glucanase

xylanase

- amylase

- amylase

가가

가

가

가

가

6

가

가

가

가

## 2

### 1

6 13 , 2  
1 , 2 16 . 1996  
: (2 ); , , ,  
, (6 ); , ( ).  
0.5 mm  
screen Cyclotec Sample Mill(US Corporation, U.S.A.)

### 2

1.

가.

g/ 13.5%

Air- oven 6) %

AACC(American Association of Cereal Chemists) 6

Tecator Kjeltec Auto 1030 Analyzer(Tecator, Sweden)

6.25 %

ASBC(American Society of Brewing Chemists)

7)Barley- 2D 1,000

EBC(European Brewery Convention) 83.8

100 g 2.0, 2.2, 2.5, 2.8 mm KM Barley Sieving

Grader(KIYA SEISAKUSHO, Ltd., Japan) 5

% % Plump 2.5 mm

ASBC hydrogen peroxide (Barley- 3,B)

100 0.75% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 100 MØ 48 (chitted

barley kernel) %

ASBC Barley- 2F 25 g

1/3

%

sample cup Color and color difference  
 meter(Minilta CR- 200, Japan)

. Potential Diastatic Power

Potential Diastatic Power AACC 6)

. - Glucan

- glucan McCleary Glennie- Holms 9)

0.5 g polypropylene ( 50 Mℓ 가

50%(v/v) ethanol 1 Mℓ 가 5 Mℓ

(20 mM sodium phosphate, pH 6.5) 가

2 가

3 가 40

lichenase(50U/Mℓ in 20 mM , pH 6.5) 0.2 Mℓ 가

40 1 24 Mℓ

가 30 Mℓ가

(3000 rpm, 10 ) 0.1 Mℓ 3

1 (50 mM, pH 4.0) 0.1 Mℓ 가

- glucosidase(2U/Mℓ in 50 mM sodium acetate buffer, pH 4.0)

가 40 15 3.0 Mℓ glucose

oxidase/oxidase (Megazyme, glucose kit) 가 40 20

510 nm . - Glucan

.  
 - Glucan (%) =  $E \times F / W \times 27$  [ E = ,  
 F = 100/ 100  $\mu$ g( ) , W = (mg) ]



3.

가.

Air- oven

%

AACC (6)

Tecator Kjeltec Auto 1030

Analyzer(Tecator, Sweden)

- Glucan

- glucan

가

McCleary

Glennie- Holms

9)

가

1.0 g 50% (v/v) ethanol

5 Mℓ

가

5

가

10

3000 rpm

10 Mℓ 50% ethanol

5.0 Mℓ

(20 mM, pH 6.5)

가

- glucan

ASBC

7) Malt-2C

500

2

(Length of acrospire)

ASBC

7) Malt-2F

(green malt) 10 15 g

100 150 Mℓ

20 30

100

0

1/4, 1/4 1/2, 1/2 3/4, 3/4 1, 1 1 1/4

100% (%)

(d.b.) × 100 / (d.b.)

(malting loss) [

(d.b.) - (d.b.)] × 100 / (d.b.)

4.

#### ㄱ. Diastatic Power(DP)

AACC ⑥

5 g(±0.01 g) 200 Mℓ E- flask 100 Mℓ

20 2

20

2 30

20 cm funnel 18 32 cm

50 Mℓ funnel 30

watch- glass

100 Mℓ (2%, w/v) 200 Mℓ 20

20 2 Mℓ (malt infusion)

pipette

30 10 ml 0.5 N NaOH  
 diastatic power가 135 ° L  
 2 ml 1 ml  
 5 ml 125 ml E- flask  
 10 ml alkaline ferricyanide 가

가 20  
 25 ml acetic acid 1 ml - KI  
 가 0.05 N sodium thiosulfate  
 0.01 ml  
 blank 200 ml 100 ml buffered 10 ml  
 0.5 N NaOH 가 200 ml  
 diastatic power

Diastatic Power ( ° L) = (B- A) × 18 (2 ml )  
 × 36 (1 ml )

B = blank sodium thiosulfate ml  
 A = sodium thiosulfate ml

- Amylase  
 - Amylase Betamyl - Amylase assay kit(Megazyme, Ireland)  
 10. 0.5 mm Cyclotec  
 mill(Tecator Co., Sweden) 0.5 g 가 5.0  
 ml buffer 가 20 1 가

1,000 g 10  
 0.2 Mℓ buffer 10.0 Mℓ 0.2  
 Mℓ buffer 5.0 Mℓ  
 0.2 Mℓ Betamyl - Amylase  
 5 40  
 5 40 . Betamyl  
 ( ) 0.2 Mℓ 가 40  
 10 . 10 3.0 Mℓ  
 410 nm  
 reaction blank 410 nm  
 - Amylase 1 .  
 - amylase :  
 Units/g 가 = E410 x 1194  
 1 Unit - glucosidase  
 1 PGPN5 p- nitrophenol 1 micromole  
 Betamyl Unit .

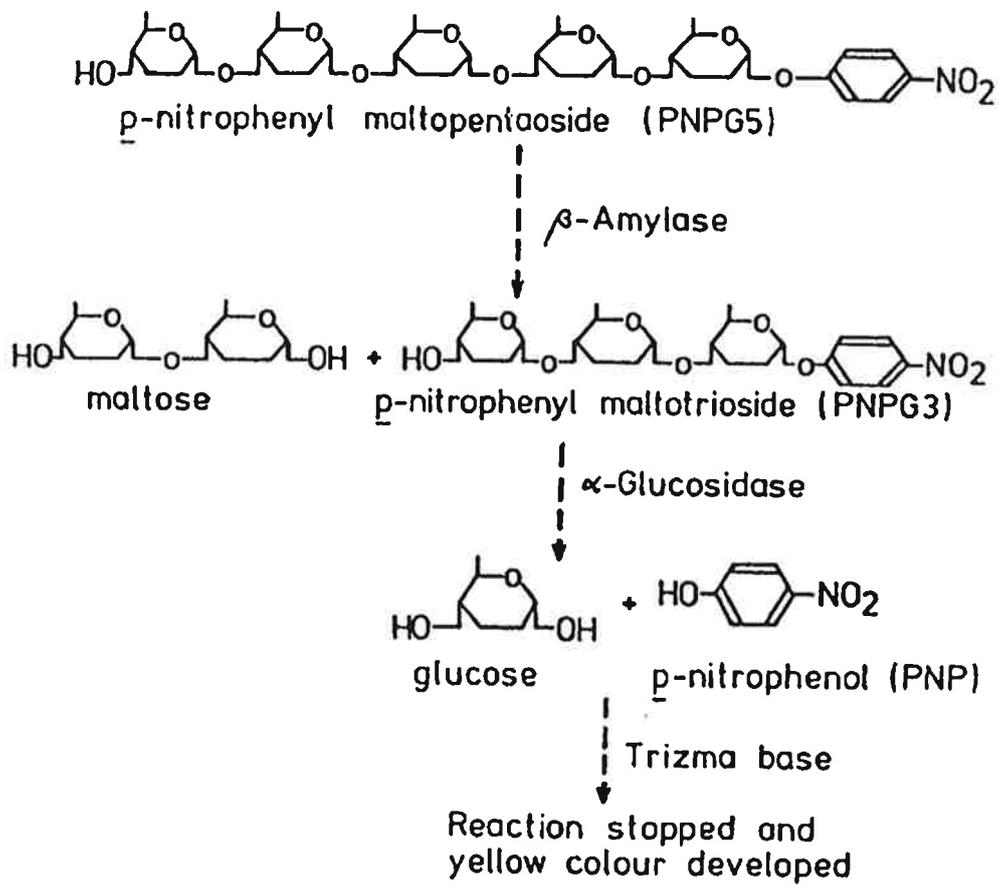


그림 1.  $\beta$ -Amylase 분석 절차

. - Amylase  
 - Amylase Ceralpha - Amylase assay kit(Megazyme, Ireland)  
 1). , 0.5 mm Cyclotec  
 mill(Tecator Co., Sweden) . 가  
 0.5 g 가 12 Mℓ 5.0 Mℓ buffer  
 (pH 5.2) 가 20 5  
 . (1000 g, 10 ) 2  
 . 가 0.5 g 가 100 Mℓ  
 1% sodium chloride + 0.02% calcium chloride + 0.02% sodium  
 azide . 20 15 가  
 1000 g 10 . 0.5 Mℓ 9.5  
 Mℓ buffer 2 가 .  
 0.2 Mℓ Ceralpha - amylase 40  
 5 , , 40 5  
 . Ceralpha (0.2 Mℓ) 0.2 Mℓ  
 ( ) 가 가 40  
 10 . 10 3.0 Mℓ  
 410 nm  
 . reagent blank . - Amylase  
 2 .  
 - amylase .  
 Units/g 가 = E410 x 0.955 ( 가 ), Units/g 가 = E410 x 382 ( 가 )  
 1 Unit  
 - glucosidase glucoamylase 1 PGPN7 p- nitrophenol 1

micromole을 생성하는데 필요로 하는 효소의 양으로 정의되며 Ceralpha Unit으로 표시되었다.

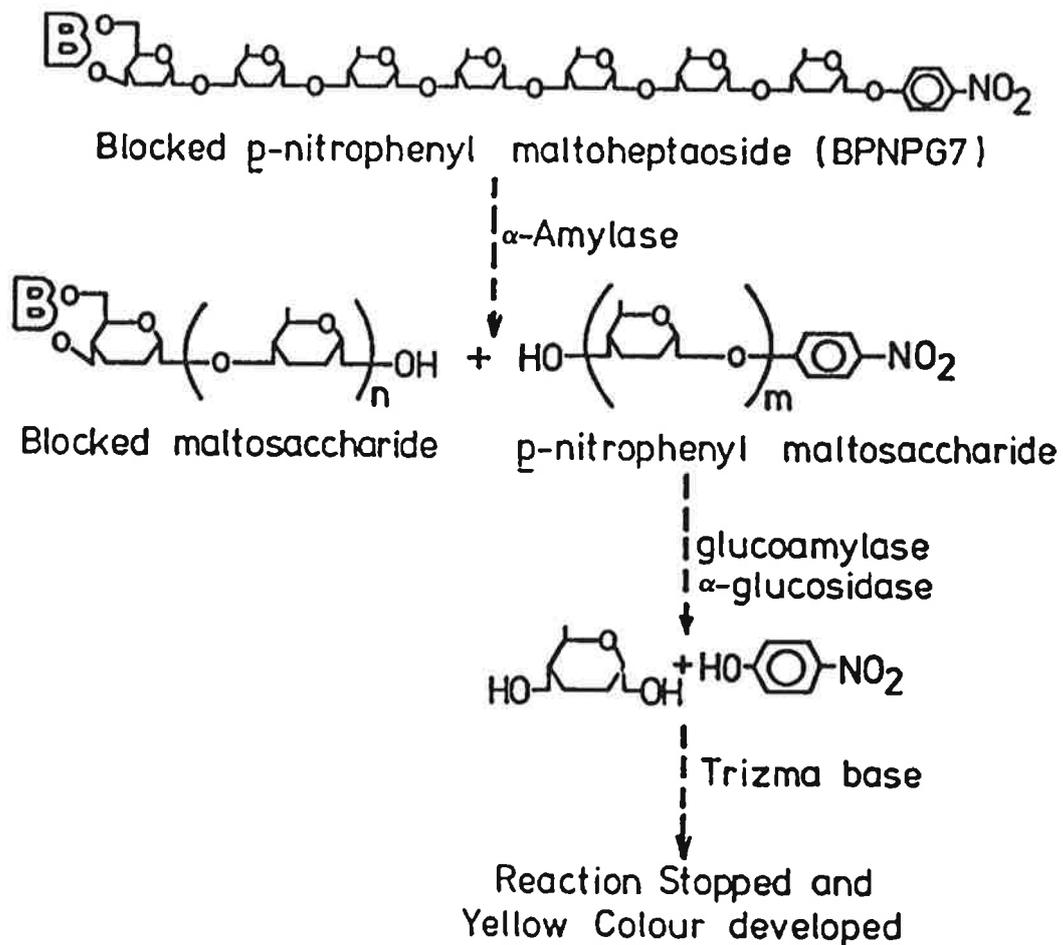


그림 2.  $\alpha$ -Amylase 분석 절차

. - Glucanase 12)

Tecator Cyclotec mill 0.5 mm

. 0.5 g 가 (14 × 120 mm, 17 Mℓ )

8.0 Mℓ buffer (40 mM acetate/phosphate, pH 4.6) 가

. (30 ) 15

1000 g 10 .

30 0.5 Mℓ Azo- Barley glucan

30 5 30 5

. 0.5 Mℓ Azo- Barley glucan 0.5 Mℓ

30 10

. 10 3.0 Mℓ Precipitant

5 .

(1000 g, 10 ) 590 nm

reaction blank . - Glucanase U/kg

1 U 30 , pH 4.6 1 glucose

1 micromole . - Glucanase

3 (McCleary and Shameer 1987).

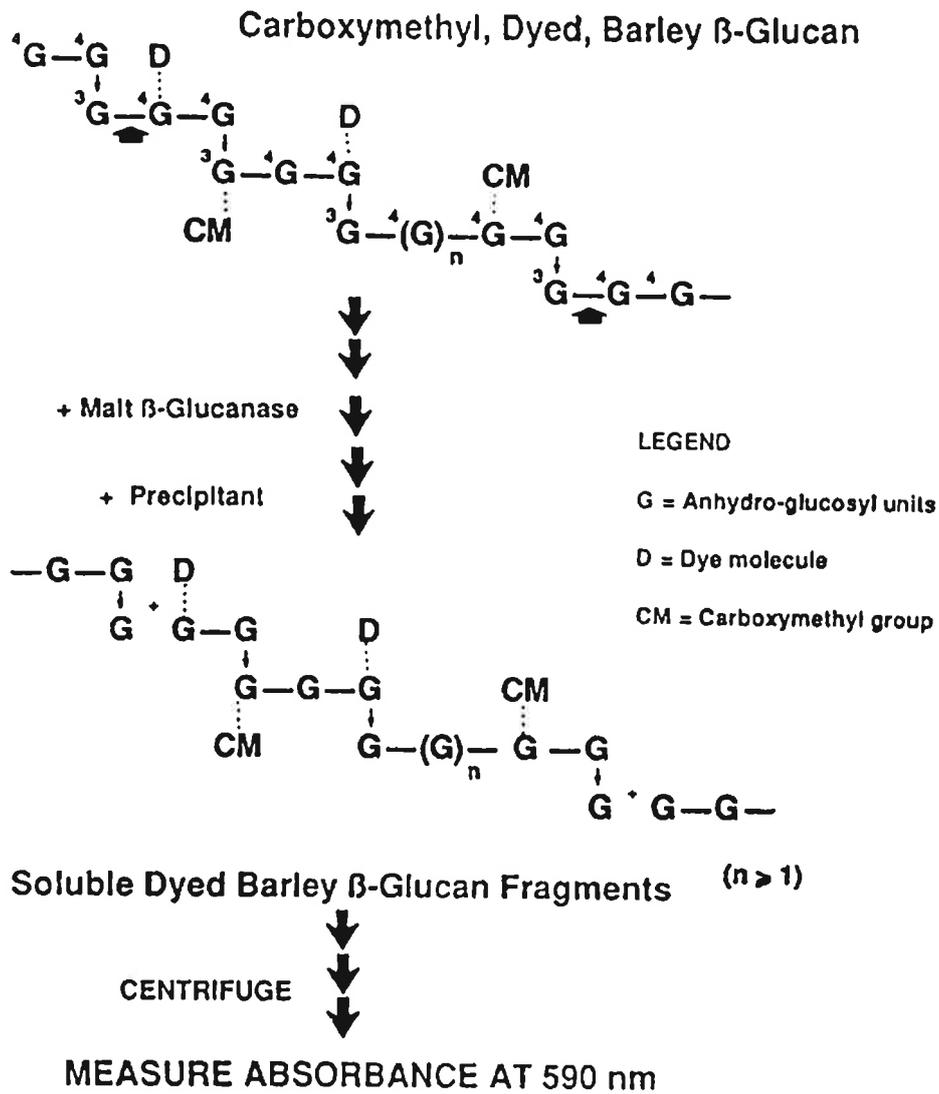


그림 3. 맥아  $\beta$ -glucanase의 분석 절차

. Amylograph

Brabender Amylograph(C.E. Brabender Instruments,  
 Inc.) . 0.45 g  
 45 g 450 MØ slurry  
 amylograph bowl 30 96 1.5 /min 가  
 가 (peak viscosity) .

. Gel- Diffusion

가 Gothard B) . 9  
 cm petri- dish agar plate agar 1.0 cm filter  
 paper disc  
 (mm) .  
 agar  
 agar plate  
 agar 10  
 MØ (0.65 g + 1.95 g / )  
 20 30 agar  
 halo halo 2  
 (mm) .

5.

가.

100 g 가 20, 40, 60, 100, 120, 140, 200, 270, 325mesh

Ro-Tap sieve shaker(W. S. Tyler Co. USA) 20

mesh 가

5 g 200 Mℓ

E- flask 100 Mℓ 20 , 30 ,

40 1 4

20

AACC 6)

1 1.4 가

20 750 g 가

1,500 Mℓ 40 2

1,000 Mℓ

60

1000 Mℓ (100, 200, 300g)

tea- bag

, tea- bag

### 3

1

1.

16

(Nordon Co., France)

15

(steeping cabinet)

48

16

(germination cabinet)

4

(kilning cabinet)

45

24

petri dish

16

4

가

가가

6

가가

가

가

2.

가.

(16 ) 16 ± 1 24, 48, 72

1 .

14).

가 24 37.5

43.3%, 48

41.8 49.3%, 72

45.8 52.7%

43.7%

(steeping time)

42 48

가

45% 가

25 46

15).

2

4 ( ,

1 , , )

(Nordon

Co., France)

17 48 ( : =2:1)

(15, 18, 21 ),

(3, 4, 5, 6 )

45

가

가

1.

(%)			
24	48	72	*
			( )
38.94	43.55	46.13	43
38.32	43.13	45.77	42
39.69	44.72	48.25	44
40.09	43.93	46.43	43
41.97	45.73	48.34	45
40.90	45.00	48.06	45
39.61	43.88	47.05	43
39.54	45.57	48.00	44
39.36	43.37	46.90	43
37.50	41.81	45.95	42
41.09	44.99	48.04	46
40.42	45.10	49.10	45
40.86	44.88	47.90	44
40.15	46.01	49.49	45
41.61	46.63	50.34	46
43.30	49.27	52.65	48
40.21	44.85	48.03	44

\* 43.7%

가

가

( 2).

6.6 8.0%

3



3.

(g)

\	( )		
	15	18	21
0	42.55		
3	39.10	36.90	35.17
4	38.02	35.82	34.98
5	37.50	35.37	34.83
6	37.45	35.67	33.48
0	37.73		
3	34.45	30.75	30.05
4	33.20	30.35	29.25
5	33.05	27.30	28.80
6	32.20	27.70	28.10
0	32.93		
3	30.73	28.80	27.70
4	29.88	27.08	26.00
5	28.93	26.78	26.93
6	29.63	25.45	26.05
1			
0	35.33		
3	34.18	31.53	29.70
4	32.20	27.58	28.15
5	31.58	28.63	28.40
6	31.35	26.45	27.28

1)

가 가

가

가

- glucan arabinoxylan

- glucanase

xylanase

- amylase

- amylase

가

- glucan

endo- (1 3)- glucanase, endo- (1 4)- glucanase endo- (1 3),(1

4)- D- glucanase가 . Endo- (1 4)- glucanase(cellulase)

cellulose

(husk)

. Endo-

- (1 3)- glucanase - glucan

가

- glucan 가

가

(1 3)- (1 4)-

가

mixed-linked - glucan

glucanase endo-(1 3),(1 4)- -D- glucanase .  
- glucanase 가 isoenzyme 27 kD  
33 kD, 8.5 10.8 . Isoenzyme

glucose oligosaccharide glucose  
- glucosidase가 .

. - Glucanase  
gibberellic acid가

가

.  
- glucanase  
16) - glucan - glucanase  
가 .  
- glucan - glucan  
- glucanase

.  
esterase carboxypeptidase 가  
- glucan solubilase endo- glucanase  
- glucan solubilase - glucan  
14). - glucan solubilase

18).

85% arabinoxylan - (1  
4)- xylose backbone xylose residue 2, 3  
arabinofuranosyl group 19).

cellulose(8%) (6%)

2).

가 arabinoxylan

gibberellic acid ethylene

2). 가 GA3 arabinoxylan xylose

arabinose free sugar oligosaccharide . Xylose

5 60%, arabinose 40% free

sugar, glucose, fructose . GA3 sucrose

가 60

pentose 2/3가 .

Arabinoxylan endo- xylanase, arabinosidase,

xylosidase GA3 가 가

endo- xylanase intact polymer . Xylan

D- oligoxyloses D- xylose D- oligoxylose . In vitro

arabinoxylan endoxylanase

oligosaccharide glycosidase .

GA3 14 16 endoxylanase

20 24 2) endoxylanase 가

. Endoxylanase

acid phosphatase, peroxidase

esterase GA3

. endoxylanase가 -

가 9 13 .

xylanase , , pH fungal xylanase

223). pH 5.5 29 kD

20). Endoxylanase glycoprotein  
sulfhydryl potassium bromate, Hg, Cu  
. xylanase가 catalytic activity conformation thiol group

pentosan , 가 .  
Arabinose, xylose, pentosan , arabinose:xylose, pentosan: - glucan  
24). pentosan 4.4%  
7.8% - glucan 3.4 5.7% . Pentosan, - glucan  
가 . 2 6 가

25) 6 pentosan 2 .  
Xylanase regulation gibberellic  
acid Ca xylanase 26).  
- amylase "De novo"  
. GA3 6 8 - amylase가  
- amylase가 가

27). Gibberellic acid - amylase polypeptide  
- amylase encoding gene  
transcription 28).  
abscissic acid(ABA) transcription  
translation .  
- Amylase - amylase 1 - amylase 2, 가  
isoenzyme 41,500 가 .  
가 isoenzyme - amylase 1  
가 .

isoenzyme chromosome gene

- amylase cDNA nucleotide sequence isoenzyme 1

28).

- Amylase - (1 4)- glucosidic linkage 가

endo- enzyme Ca - amylase 26).

- Amylase

pitting .

- amylase

23).

2) Diastatic Power

(DP) 4 . 3 6 DP

64 96. L 가 92 180. L

가 1.4 1.9 . 15

64. L 93. L 가 18

가 3 86. L 4 , 5 , 6 93,

96, 91. L 가 . 21 18 가 3

86. L 4 91 93. L 가

. 15 가 6

18 21 가

가 ( 4).

15 3 6 DP가 92. L 151. L

가 . 18 3 , 4 138, 175. L 가

가 . 21 3 , 4 144, 166

。 L 가 18 가 .  
15 18 21 가  
. 6 가 2  
가 가  
( 5). 1  
가 가  
. 6 18 , 21  
5 6 가  
18 5 가 가

4. Diastatic Power (DP)

\	( )		
	15	18	21
0			
3	63.98	86.09	87.12
4	82.95	93.96	90.84
5	87.67	95.81	93.12
6	92.78	91.22	92.76
0			
3	91.62	138.06	144.18
4	123.66	174.60	165.78
5	144.36	176.40	164.52
6	151.20	179.46	168.12
0			
3	68.76	142.56	145.08
4	115.20	160.56	163.80
5	129.60	169.20	180.00
6	148.68	182.16	185.48
1			
0			
3	75.64	127.08	149.40
4	97.02	154.98	173.16
5	128.11	150.12	168.56
6	133.45	165.42	158.40

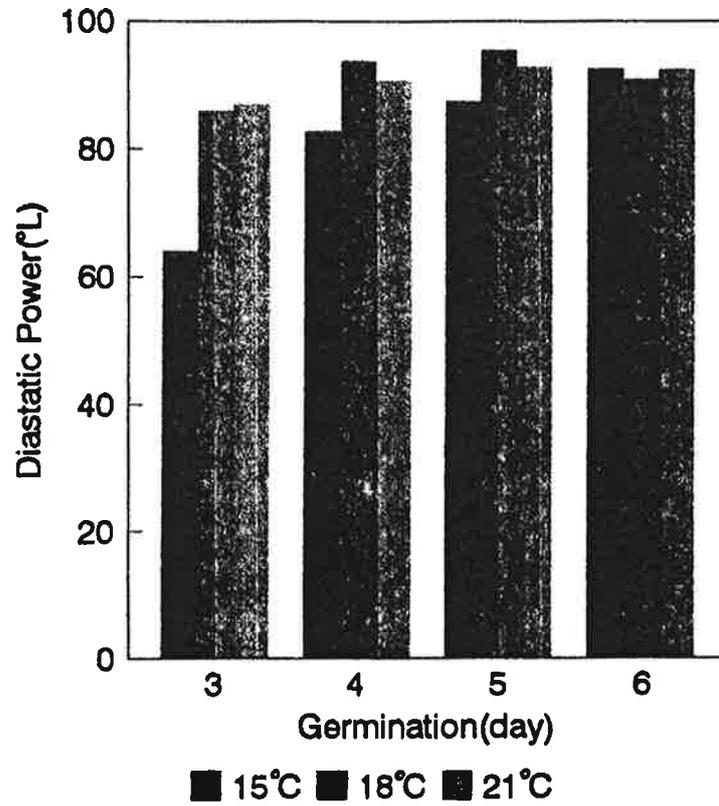


그림 4. 발아조건에 따른 보리의 Diastatic Power 변화(진양보리)

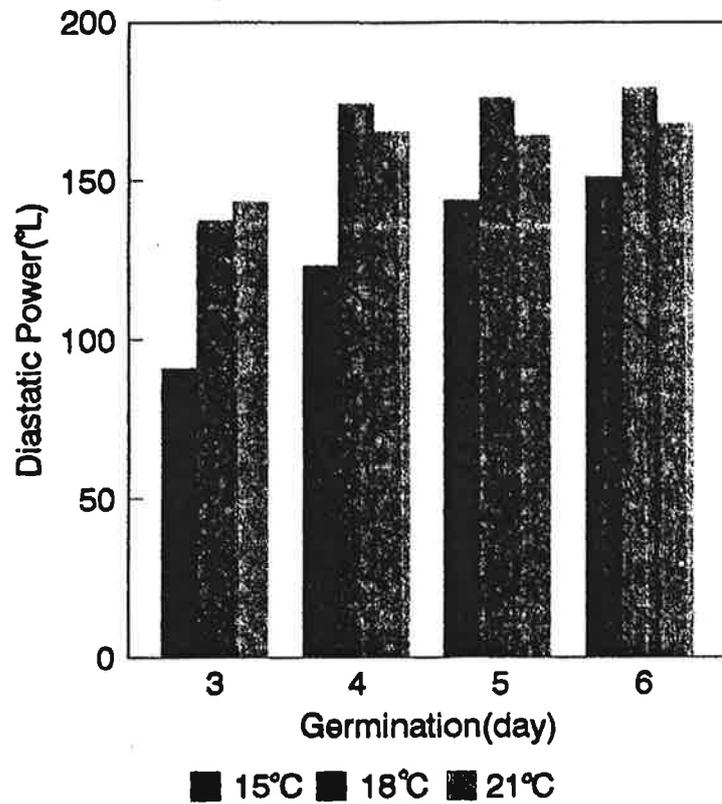


그림 5. 발아조건에 따른 보리의 Diastatic Power 변화(올보리)

3) - Amylase

- amylase 6, 7  
가  
가  
18 가 21  
15 - amylase  
6 가 가 18  
가 가 4 가  
5 . 21 18 5  
가 5  
18 ( 6).  
6 가  
15 18 , 21 가  
18 21 3, 4 가  
가 . 18 , 21 4 6  
2 ( 7).  
29) - amylase 18 가 3  
가 5 가 가  
- amylase 가  
29).

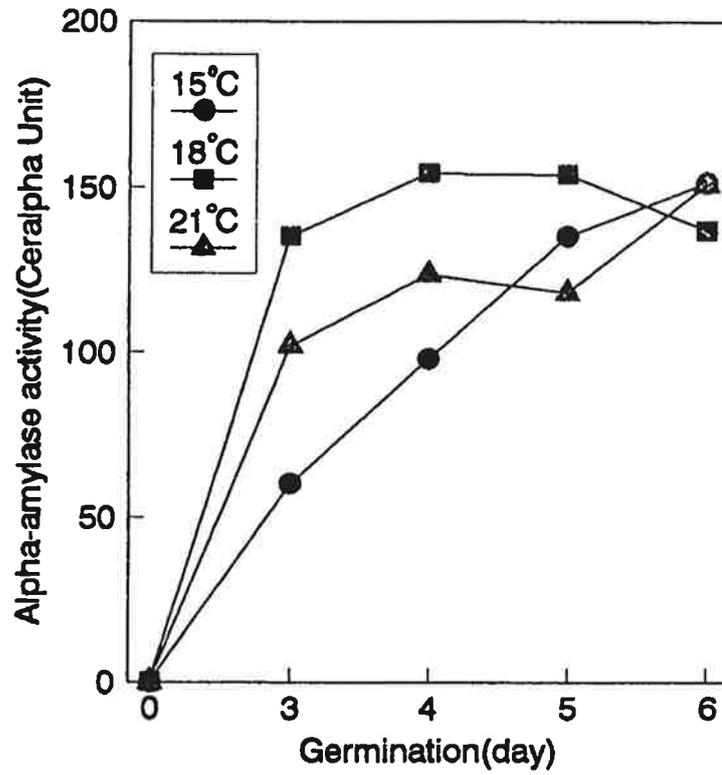


그림 6. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\alpha$ -amylase 활성 변화(진양보리)

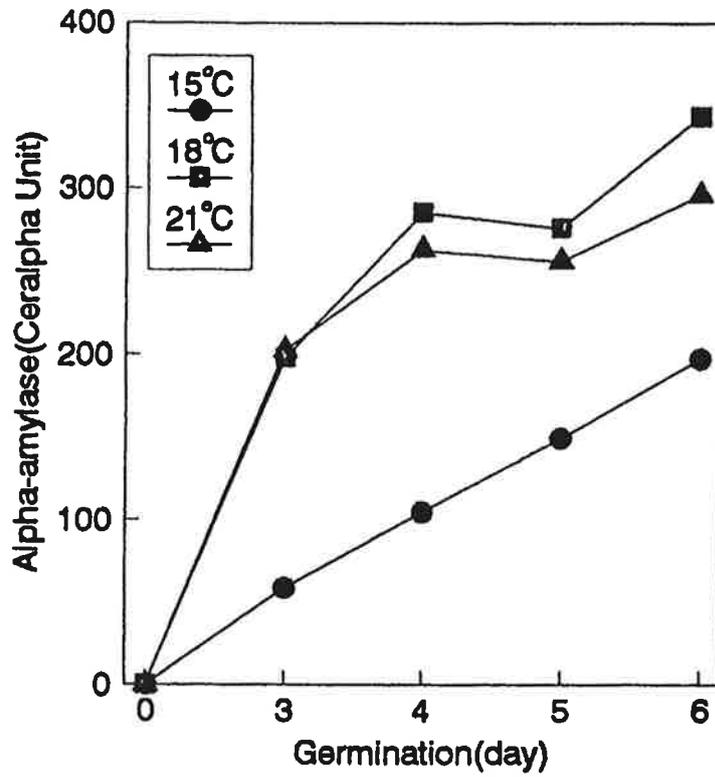


그림 7. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\alpha$ -amylase 활성 변화(올보리)

4) - Amylase

- amylase

- amylase amylolytic

. - amylase

가 437 Betamyl unit,

가 512 Betamyl

unit

가

가

. 15

가

(3 6 )

645 771

Betamyl unit

가

859 1131 Betamyl unit

가

1.7 2.2

( 8).

18 21

4

820 Betamyl unit

가

.

18 21

5

1356, 1435 Betamyl unit

가

( 9). - amylase

가

18 21

4 6

가

.

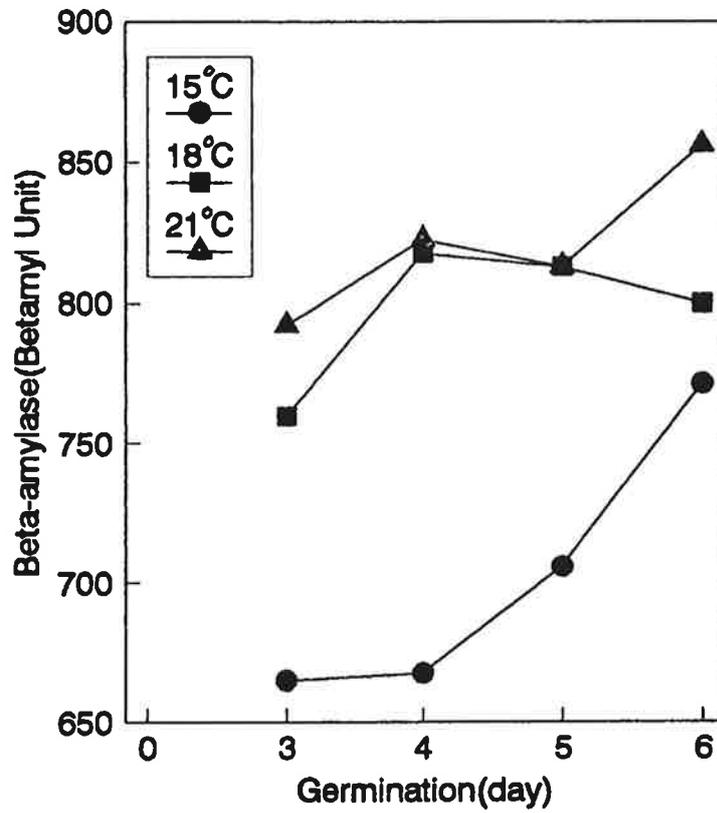


그림 8. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\beta$ -amylase 활성 변화(진양보리)

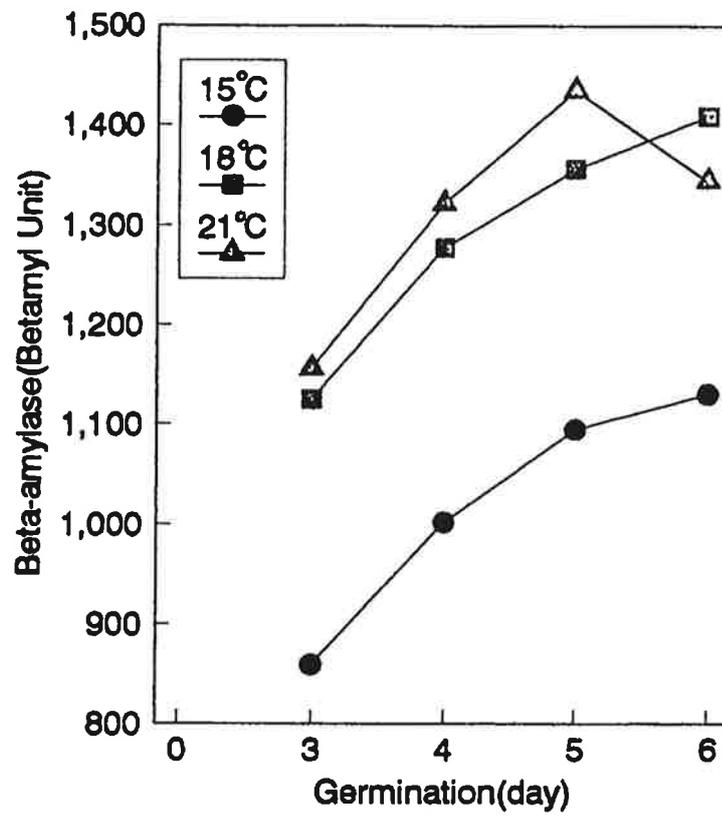


그림 9. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\beta$ -amylase 활성 변화(올보리)

5) - Glucanase

가 - glucanase 가 가  
가 가 . 15  
3 가 187 5 가  
5, 6 410 가 . 18 가  
3 398 가  
가가 . 21 18  
3 358 가 .  
6 가 가  
. 가 가  
- glucanase 가 가  
가 6 가  
( 11). 15 3 255 6 638  
가 18 3 543 6 728  
가 . 21 18 6  
838 가 .  
- glucanase - glucan endohydrolase  
, (embryo)  
scutellum 3) . - Glucanase  
5 3)  
3) 2 가 6

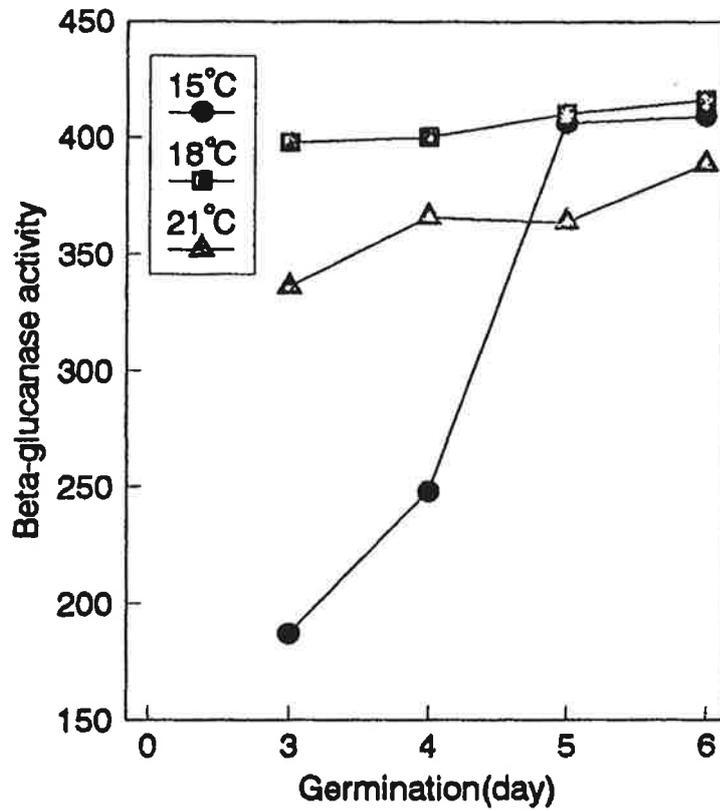


그림 10. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\beta$ -glucanase 활성 변화(진양보리)

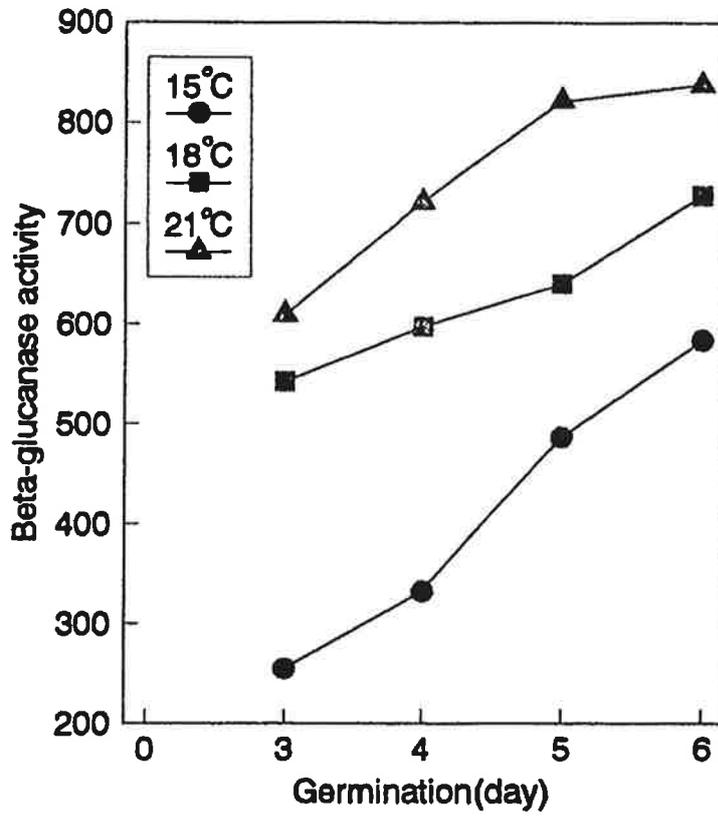


그림 11. 발아조건에 따른 보리의  $\beta$ -glucanase 활성 변화(올보리)

- glucan 5

- glucan 5.10%

15 , 18 , 21 가 . 15

3 6 3.3 1.3% 18 21 1.5 0.3% , 1.0

0.2% - glucan 가 .

- Glucan - glucanase

6 - glucan - glucanase

- glucan - glucanase

32) . - glucan

4.0% 0.5% 17) 3.54%

0.75% 33) .

- glucan

- glucan , , haze

- glucan

가가 - glucan

5. \* - glucan (%)

---

\	( )		
	15	18	21
	5.10	5.10	5.10
3	3.30	1.49	0.96
4	2.14	0.62	0.36
5	1.66	0.37	0.30
6	1.27	0.31	0.22

---

\*

가(DP) 40 50  
 가 60 가

6. 가(DP)

	( )				
	30	40	50	60	70
DP(, L)	125	123	121	108	96

가

, , 2  
 , 18 5 , 40 50 가  
 가

가  
 Gibberellic acid 가  
 7 . GA3 가 가  
 DP 가 가 20% 가  
 GA3 가 1.3 1.4  
 3) GA3  
 1.5 ppm 가  
 - Amylase GA3 가 가 (0.5 1.5 ppm) 15 40%  
 가 가 가 가 5 30% 가  
 - amylase 25% 가  
 - amylase 10% 가 GA - amylase

7. GA3 가(DP)

	( )				
	0	2	4	6	8
	112	117	139	188	220
GA3(1.5 ppm)	110	134	170	208	225

2

1. 가

가.

(1,000 KW),  
(kernel plumpness), (kernel color), (broken kernel),  
(damaged kernel) 8 10 .  
748g/ 6 694 764 g/  
2 769 g/ 793 g/  
가 ( 8).

(kernel assortment rate) 가  
. 22.2 g 38.0 g 28.03 g  
가 37.95 g 가 .  
35.3 46.3 g 43.0 g ,  
6 27 28 g 15.35)  
Barley Sieving Grader 9  
. 2.5 mm  
(plump kernel) (% plumpness)  
5.3  
75.9% . 2  
가 가 2  
(central kernel) . 6 ,  
, 가 , ,

8.

---

	(%)	(g/ )	(g)	(%)
	10.26	764	27.68	17.04
	10.17	694	30.22	11.69
	9.95	724	26.88	13.97
	10.79	754	27.48	14.27
	9.73	712	25.83	15.55
	10.41	753	26.25	13.38
	10.22	740	27.25	17.47
	10.41	738	30.42	13.91
	10.85	748	29.32	15.32
	10.53	762	28.40	17.54
	11.10	769	37.95	14.43
	9.79	739	24.82	17.39
	10.75	761	31.34	14.15
	10.06	716	22.24	15.90
	11.34	797	25.39	15.70
	9.90	789	27.03	17.33
	10.39	748	28.03	15.31

---

9.

---

(mm)						
2.8	2.5	2.2	2.0	<2.0	% plump	(%)
1.1	15.4	63.9	15.0	4.6	16.5	97
6.8	34.8	39.9	12.3	6.2	41.6	93
0.6	5.9	45.8	25.3	22.4	6.5	95
1.0	16.9	50.1	20.1	11.9	17.9	95
2.3	7.6	35.1	32.8	22.2	9.9	98
1.9	17.8	49.4	19.3	11.6	19.7	95
1.8	13.3	46.6	23.6	14.7	15.1	95
4.5	25.7	47.5	16.1	6.2	30.2	98
3.6	26.4	42.5	15.7	11.8	30.0	98
6.7	30.7	39.8	12.7	10.1	37.4	91
32.4	43.5	19.2	3.6	1.3	75.9	97
3.0	11.7	48.3	27.3	9.7	14.7	99
1.9	28.2	53.5	11.9	4.5	30.1	94
1.4	8.2	33.9	31.3	25.2	9.6	100
0.8	4.5	27.5	28.0	39.2	5.3	90
2.2	12.1	53.2	22.4	10.1	14.3	94

---

(kernel size distribution)

가 . 가  
 가 가  
 가 (kernel  
 assortment rate), (% plumpness) (r =  
 0.96)

10

. L a (+) (redness), (-)  
 (greenness) , b (+) (yellowness), (-)  
 (blueness)

39. L 50 60

. L 가

. +a +b

. + , -

a +3.5 +5.5 가

가 b +14.0

+19.2 가 ( , ) melanin

(carotenoids, xanthophylls, anthocyanins) 39

가

weathering, , , ,

10.

---

			(%)	(%)	
	L	a	b		
	57.10	5.51	8.07	0.44	0.34
	57.65	4.85	18.43	0.26	-
	59.91	5.41	19.24	-	1.25
	57.31	3.48	16.23	1.64	-
	60.30	4.27	18.35	0.78	-
	58.95	3.71	18.13	1.52	0.26
	58.70	4.27	16.78	0.17	-
	58.58	3.91	16.57	0.44	0.50
	59.97	4.75	19.02	0.54	1.38
	58.37	4.80	18.59	-	-
	56.63	4.26	16.59	0.41	0.52
	58.86	4.48	18.18	-	-
	56.01	4.54	17.27	-	-
	59.73	4.50	18.03	0.30	0.14
	49.66	5.70	14.03	-	3.77
	56.10	6.21	7.74	-	0.65

---

8

9.7 11.3% ( 10.39%)

13.5%  
가 15)

가

Kjeldahl

가

가

6.25

11.7

17.5% ( 15.31%)

2

가 14.4%

6

13.5%

15)

11.8 14.2%

9.7 15.5%

가

13.5%

haze

, diastatic power

38).

paper(filter paper blotting paper)

가

germinative capacity

(Hydrogen peroxide)

가

9

0.75%

48

(germinative

capacity)

95%

96%

가

39)

2. 가

가.

16 (Nordon Co., France), ,

11 .

8.0 9.6%

86.5 92.2%

82.0 87.5%

12.5 18.0%

(malting loss) . 3)

(8.9 16.6%) ,

가

(rootlet) (acrospire)

20.9 35.3 g( 24.8 g)

22.2 38.0 g( 28.0 g) 12% 가 .

% 14.5% 가

12 .

L 49 62( 57.8) 가

L 가 . 가

+a +b a +3.2 +6.3, b +15.5 +19.4

가 가 .

11.

			————— (%)			
	(%)	(%)	(g)	—————	(%)	
	8.45	13.64	25.07	91.09	86.36	16.59
	7.98	12.60	26.25	91.18	87.40	11.46
	9.29	15.01	24.15	90.24	84.99	13.80
	8.29	13.59	23.98	91.42	86.41	14.27
	9.63	14.66	23.15	90.48	85.34	15.83
	8.86	14.80	24.12	90.83	85.20	13.32
	8.35	13.84	23.07	90.76	86.16	17.55
	8.30	15.51	24.77	90.68	84.49	13.81
	9.26	14.25	26.80	90.81	85.75	15.63
	8.70	18.01	25.15	86.52	81.99	17.11
	8.66	13.21	35.34	91.93	86.79	14.22
	8.38	15.56	20.57	89.86	84.44	16.74
	8.10	12.49	27.01	92.22	87.51	14.99
	8.15	14.45	20.88	90.80	85.55	15.78
	8.35	13.29	24.34	91.67	86.71	15.36
	7.99	17.20	21.44	88.30	82.80	17.85
	8.55	14.51	24.76	90.55	85.49	15.27

\*

\*16 4 , 45 24

11.5 17.9%

15.27%

15.31%

r=0.952

가

3)

12.

---

L	a	b
58.58	4.61	17.52
60.08	4.04	18.92
56.53	5.02	17.17
56.89	3.40	15.79
61.82	4.00	17.95
58.80	3.19	15.45
59.08	4.23	16.67
55.64	3.85	15.41
60.46	4.34	19.38
59.79	4.17	17.53
58.33	4.12	16.51
57.14	4.61	17.52
59.31	4.54	18.06
58.98	4.76	17.32
48.79	6.29	14.85
54.70	4.72	15.80

---

13  
 6.3 8.2% 86.3 94.4% (  
 90.8% ) 5.6 13.7%  
 91.3 95.9%  
 86.3 94.5%  
 4 5%  
 가  
 가  
 가 가  
 가  
 (acrospire celeoptile)  
 가  
 (Mean  
 acrospire length) 100%  
 ( 14).  
 3 33 61% 4 68 109% 가  
 가 5 94 123%  
 가



14.

(%)\*

---

( )

---

2	3	4	5
28.25	37.75	103.00	116.00
23.75	40.00	67.50	93.75
28.25	49.00	81.50	108.50
26.00	44.25	96.75	117.50
27.75	37.50	77.75	114.00
26.50	37.75	106.25	122.75
27.25	33.25	81.25	114.5
28.75	61.00	109.00	117.25
27.25	37.50	99.00	123.25
23.25	38.75	86.00	108.75
28.25	48.75	98.75	117.5
27.75	41.00	106.25	122.75
25.75	33.75	66.50	120.25
29.50	36.25	93.25	122.00
24.50	54.25	105.75	107.50
25.25	53.75	107.00	108.50
26.75	42.78	92.84	114.67

---

\* ASBC(American Society of Brewing Chemists)

가  
가  
(diastatic power)  
- amylase - amylase  
diastatic power (DP) ( 15, 16).  
139 220. L  
80 140. L  
1.7 가  
2 가 , 6  
6  
- amylase - amylase  
가  
- amylase 가

15.

가

DP (. L)	- amylase* (Betamyl unit)	- amylase** (Ceralpha unit)	- glucanase***
179	1623	186	772
150	1254	186	670
154	1307	210	773
181	1585	223	1183
182	1548	197	731
178	1591	237	839
151	1272	240	596
190	1662	253	963
220	1927	181	704
182	1542	229	642
139	1126	204	460
159	1386	202	861
148	1314	198	783
199	1752	188	657
155	1309	249	852
154	1374	125	387
170	1473	218	742

\*Beta- amylase assay procedure (Megazyme assay kit), Betamyl Unit.

\*\*Alpha- amylase assay procedure (Megazyme assay kit), Ceralpha Unit.

\*\*\*Beta- glucanase assay procedure (Megazyme assay kit), U/kg

16.

가

DP (. L)	- amylase* (Betamyl unit)	- amylase** (Ceralpha unit)
123	920	123
89	1102	67
79	1031	22
109	1205	50
117	1371	44
131	1497	218
80	739	78
129	1556	119
113	1508	55
92	1171	55
85	915	95
115	1728	151
83	1007	53
140	1626	88
115	1595	121
82	1769	69
105	1296	92

\*Beta- amylase assay procedure (Megazyme assay kit), Betamyl Unit.

\*\*Alpha- amylase assay procedure (Megazyme assay kit), Ceralpha Unit.

3. 가

, , , , ,

가

가

가가

( 17).

17. 가

	DP					
가(DP)	- 0.20	- 0.39	0.11	- 0.23	0.79	0.45

\* n=16

22.2 g 38.0 g( 28.03 g),

5 76%

(r =

0.96)가

11.7 17.5%

diastatic power

38)

(Potential DP)

가

- amylase

- amylase

가 . - amylase proteolytic enzyme  
papain (ASBC )

potential diastatic power . - amylase  
(Potential DP)

(r=0.79)가 ( 12) potential diastatic  
power가 .

potential diastatic power  
가 .

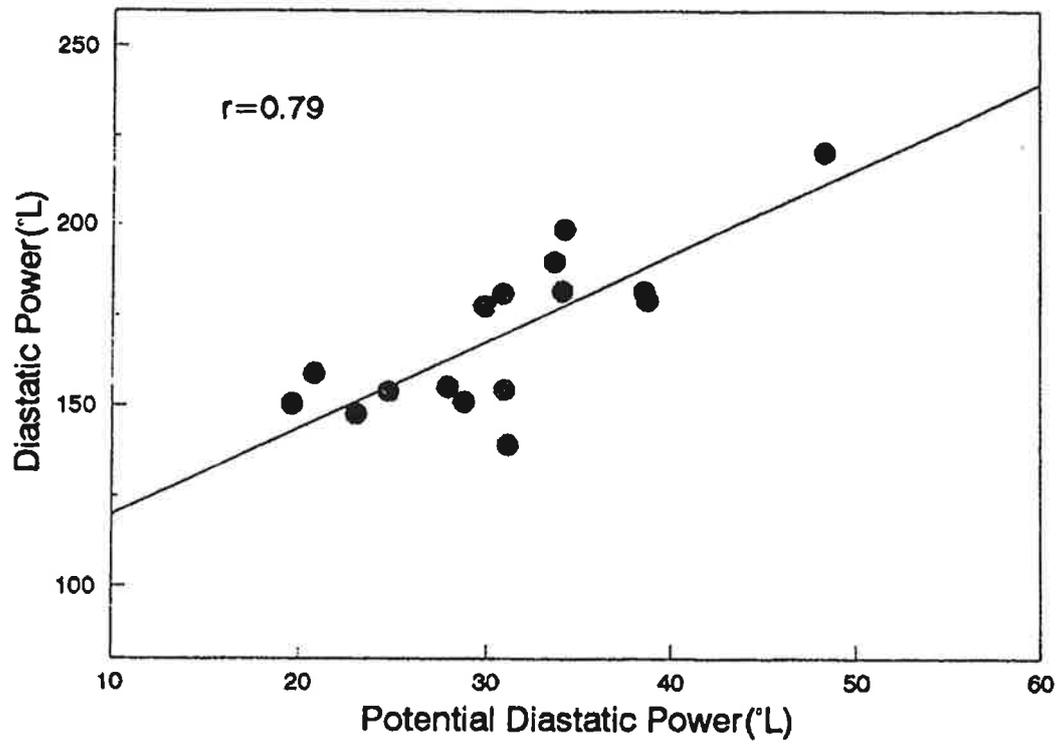


그림 12. 엿기름의 당화력(DP)에 대한 원맥의 잠재적 당화력(Potential DP)의 관계

### 3 가

1. 가

가. 가

- amylase - amylase .

가

ASBC(American Society of Brewing Chemists) ,

EBC(European Brewing Chemist) AACC(American Association of

Cereal Chemists) Diastatic power(DP) . Diastatic power

amylases

amylases( -, -), - amylase

가 - amylase maltose

- Amylase , malting, sprouting

가 . 가

- amylase

amylase 가 ,

- limit dextrin , 가 (AACC),

chromogenic substrate (40-42)

. - amylase

, - amylase

(nonspecificity), ,

- Amylase Nephelometric(turbididometric) - amylase  
- limit dextrin  
(nepheles)

43-45). Nephelometric liquefaction number45), falling  
number46), 47) 가  
48).

- Amylase  
Cibacron- blue amylose(CBA)  
- amylase - amylase  
40) . - amylase  
- limit dextrin - amylase

- Amylase - amylase kit(Megazyme assay  
kit, Australia) , .

maltose - amylase  
Megazyme Betamyl - amylase  
p- nitrophenyl maltopentaoside(PNPG5) - amylase  
maltose p- nitrophenyl maltotriose(PNPG3) 가  
p- nitrophenyl maltotriose - glucosidase  
glucose p- nitrophenol(PNP) . p- Nitrophenol  
- amylase maltose  
phenolate .

Megazyme - amylase kit BPNPG7  
amyloglucosidase - glucosidase endo- acting - amylase

가 amyloglucosidase - glucosidase가  
p- nitrophenyl maltosaccharide glucose p- nitrophenol 가  
kit

- - amylase

가

Diastic Power - amylase

가 - amylase (r=0.98)

( 13) - amylase

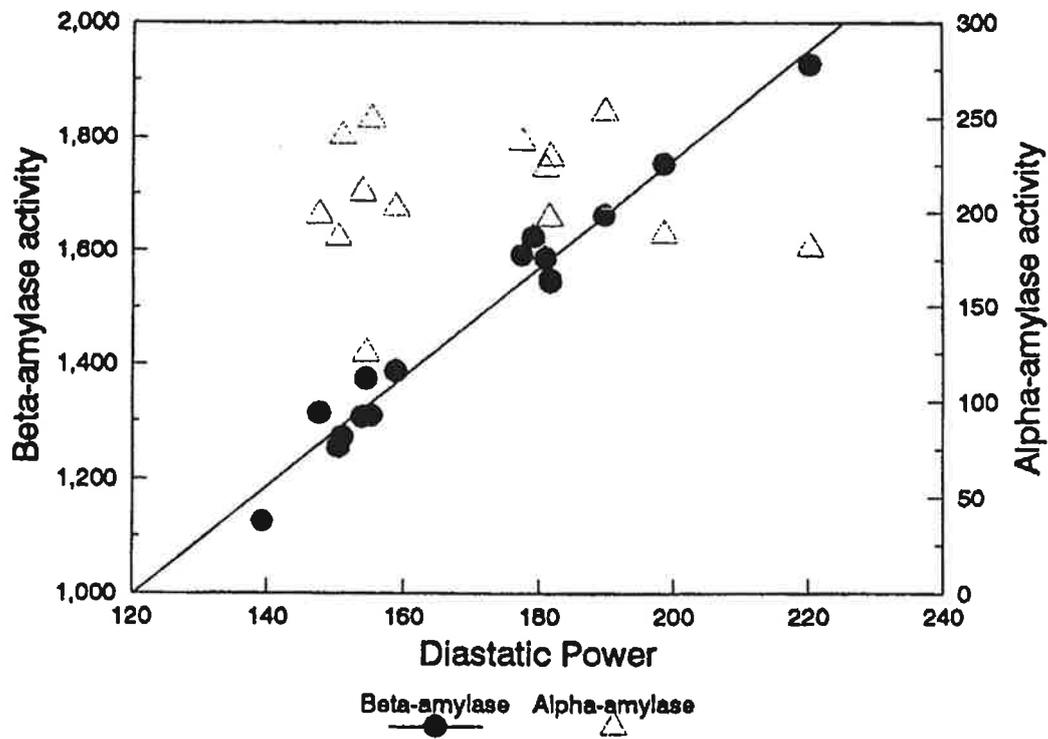


그림 13. 엿기름의 Diastatic Power와 관련한  $\beta$ - 및  $\alpha$ -amylose 효소활성

가

Amylograph

diastatic power

,

Amylograph

가 amylograph

DP

Amylograph

- amylase

- amylase

( $r=0.83$ )

( 14)

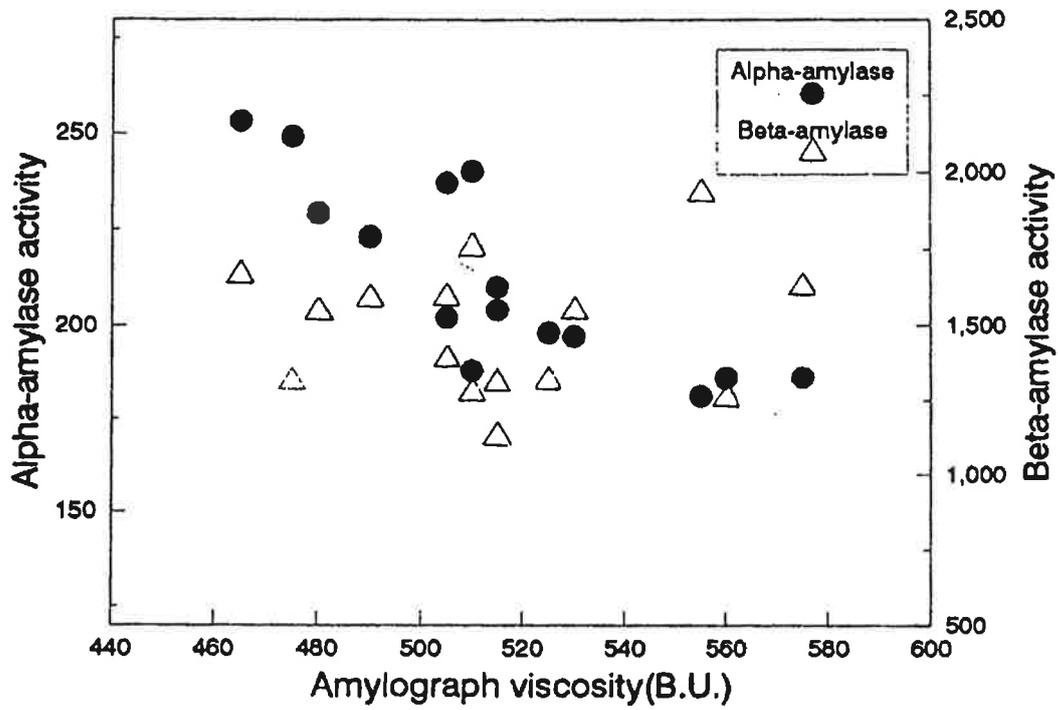


그림 14. 엿기름의 amylase 활성이 Amylograph 점도에 미치는 영향

2. 가

가.

Diastatic Power

가

가

가가

DP

가

가

가

가

18

2 30%

가

5

7

180%

가(DP)

120 180

( 18).

18.

가

\ ( )	0	2	3	4	5	6	7
(%) -		30.0	32.6	50.4	94.0	123.3	180.5
가(DP)	93.6	95.0	122.4	142.6	179.8	211.1	215.5

. Gel- diffusion

agar plate

가

가

- agar

petri- dish

( )

가

diastatic power

- amylase

가

- limit dextrin

agar

1.0 cm

filter paper disc

, , agar gel ,

- limit dextrin

- amylase

- amylase

13)

paper disc

agar

agar

. Halo

가

halo

가

(Starch Azure,

Cibichrone Blue Amylose )

가

가

가

4

( : =1:20)

agar- plate 1cm filter paper

clear zone 가

19 agar plate agar

- agar plate . Agar

가 가 (0.3 1%)

agar 가 0.3%

plate agar 10 30 MØ

19. Agar gel diffusion (mm)

	Agar (%)*			Agar (MØ)**		
	0.3	0.5	1.0	10	20	30
(mm)	28.8	28.5	28.0	37.3	36.5	38.0

\* 1%

\*\* 0.1%, agar 0.5%

\*\*\*38 , 20 incubation

agar  
 gel 20 .  
 가 가 0.05% clear zone  
 가 .  
 가 .  
 20. gel diffusion (mm)

	(%)*			**	
	0.05	0.1	0.2		
(mm)	39.5	37.0	34.0	38.0	39.0

\*Agar 0.5%, 20 Ml

\*\*Agar 0.5%, 20 ml; 0.05%

\*\*38 , 20 incubation

6.7 33.3% paper disc  
 21 .  
 20% 가 가 33.3%  
 가  
 5 10μl clear zone 20 μl  
 paper disc ,  
 가  
 10 μl가 1 cm paper disc 가



22.

gel diffusion (mm)

( )					
	3	6	9	12	24
	13.5	17.5	19.0	23.0	29.5
	15.5	18.5	19.5	23.0	28.5
	10.0	16.5	19.0	22.0	29.0
	16.0	17.5	19.5	23.0	30.0
	15.0	18.0	19.5	21.5	29.0
	15.0	18.5	21.0	22.5	29.0
	16.5	18.0	20.0	24.0	30.5
	16.5	18.5	19.5	24.0	29.5
	13.0	18.0	19.0	23.5	28.5
	15.0	19.0	22.0	23.0	30.0
	17.0	18.0	20.5	25.5	29.5
	18.0	19.5	22.0	23.5	32.5
	15.0	18.5	21.5	22.5	30.5
	13.5	18.0	20.5	22.5	29.0
	15.0	18.5	19.5	23.0	28.5
	13.5	18.5	20.0	20.5	27.0

\*Agar 0.5%, 0.05%

- agar 가 ( 23). 가 50 halo 가 30 70 가 40 가

23.

gel diffusion (mm)

	( )				
	30	40	50	60	70
(mm)	15.6	16.5	17.4	18.5	18.5

24 . 2 가 0  
 11.6 mm 가 6 17.5 mm  
 7 15.9 mm .  
 - amylase 6 가  
 .  
 - amylase 가 - amylase 가  
 - amylase 5 6 가  
 . 가 16 18 5 6  
 가  
 - amylase 38  
 3 15 17mm . 15  
 gel- diffusion plate .

24.

gel diffusion(mm)

---

( )

---

	0	2	3	4	5	6	7
(mm)	11.6	13.3	13.8	15.5	15.9	17.5	15.9

---

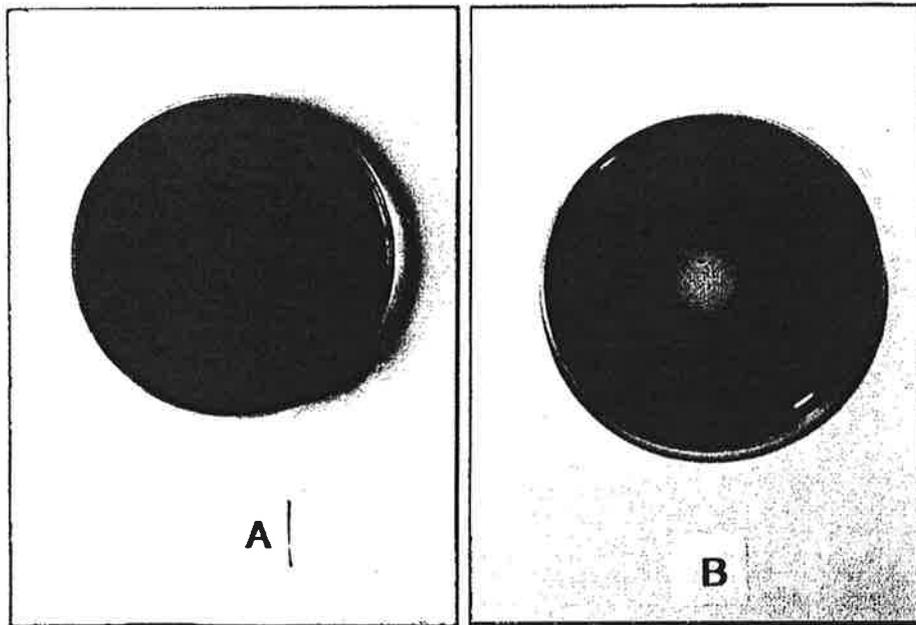


그림 15. 옛기름 추출물의 gel-diffusion 비교

A: 저 효소력가에 의한 겔 확산, B: 적정 효소력가에 의한 겔 확산

가 agar plate

agar plate

halo

가 5.7 mm

가 1 6.4 mm 7

11.4 mm 가 ( 25). 5 6

가가 10

mm 16 gel diffusion

plate

25. gel diffusion (mm)

---

( )

---

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
(mm)	5.7	6.4	6.4	7.3	7.0	8.3	9.6	11.0	11.4

---

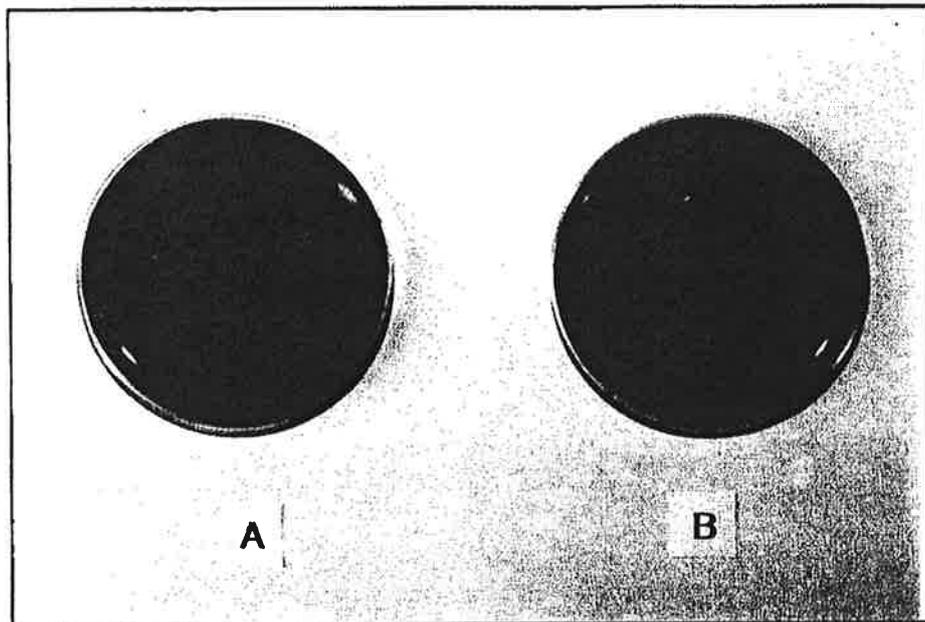


그림 16. 발아곡립의 gel-diffusion 비교

A: 저 효소력가에 의한 겔 확산, B: 적정 효소력가에 의한 겔 확산

4

1. 가

가  
가

가

49)

26

40

26.

(%)

---

(mesh)

---

	+20	+40	+60	+100	+120	+140	- 140
A	77.9	10.6	4.5	2.2	0.5	1.0	3.0
B	24.4	32.3	17.1	7.1	1.2	3.4	12.4
C	60.4	14.9	6.8	3.3	0.7	1.8	11.2
D	62.7	18.2	6.3	1.8	0.3	1.9	8.0

---

17 가 DP 46 130. L, - amylase 334  
 1158 Betamyl unit, - amylase 25 172 Ceralpha unit 가가

( 27).

27. 가

	DP(。 L)	- amylase (Betamyl unit)	- amylase (Ceralpha unit)
A	102	635	26
B	92	432	26
C	130	1158	165
D	89	831	89
E	64	669	97
F	69	530	34
G	95	726	118
H	40	334	39
I	57	568	70
J	66	392	79
K	57	487	79
L	92	728	100
M	66	461	37
N	80	812	172
O	55	458	25
P	46	384	43
Q	55	552	110
	74	597	77

\* (n=17)



가 가 가

가 (20 40 ) 20 29 .

20 40 40% 가 가

가 140

가 가가 . Cyclotec sample mill

가 30 . Cyclotec mill

60% 200 가

75  $\mu\text{m}$  가 가가

20 140

가

가 - amylase - amylase

( 31). 가

가 (20 60 ) 가

- amylase - amylase 가 .

- amylase ( 32) 20 가

40 140 가 140

29.	가							(%)	가
	(mesh)							DP(。 L)	
( )	+20	+40	+60	+100	+120	+140	- 140		
0	62.7	18.2	6.3	1.8	0.3	1.9	8.0	61.02	
20	20.3	29.3	16.8	6.3	2.7	5.2	18.5	87.48	
40	11.7	26.0	18.9	7.7	3.6	6.9	24.6	86.76	
60	7.2	22.0	19.3	8.6	4.2	7.8	29.7	86.70	

30. Cyclotec sample mill								(%)	DP
(mesh)								DP	
+60	+100	+120	+140	+200	+270	+325	- 325	(。 L)	
9.4	12.2	3.8	9.2	18.7	40.0	2.3	2.5	83.7	

31. ( ) (%) amylase

( )	(mesh)							Amylase	
	+20	+40	+60	+100	+120	+140	- 140	-	-
20	35.32	38.45	11.70	4.65	0.90	1.94	4.94	1648	207
40	11.09	43.26	18.06	7.71	1.95	2.50	11.88	1842	238
60	3.33	41.96	20.77	9.17	2.24	2.81	15.75	1885	238

32. - amylase

	(mesh)						
	+20	+40	+60	+100	+120	+140	- 140
- amylase	1525	1958	1832	1995	2305	2426	2375

2.

가.

18, 30, 40

pH 가

가

pH 가

5).

33

DP

20, 30, 40

1 4

DP

가

DP

가

DP 20

30 40

가

가

pH가

가

50.

33.

DP(° L)

(hr)

( )	1	2	3	4
20	53.46	66.06	64.62	71.46
30	73.80	79.92	83.34	86.22
40	71.28	79.38	84.60	100.44

\* : = 1: 20

amylase가

가

가

가

가

가

51)

40

60

가

가 12 18%

amylase

30 70

amylase

가

50 60

amylase

가

52).

가

55 60

가

가

가

40 50

가

pH가

pH

가

가

pH

5253)

가

54).

54)

:

1:1.2

20%

55 60

3

50

:

:

1:8:1

2:12:1

140

170

14 17%

,

,

가

40

2

A, B, C

(%)

( 34).

가

가

가

가

1:3.3

가

1:10 1:20

1:20

:

1:3.3

:

34.

(%)

:	(hr)											
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	24
<b>A</b>												
1:10	1.5	1.6	2.5	2.5	3.7	4.1	4.5	4.9	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.1
1:5	1.5	1.8	2.4	2.9	4.5	4.8	5.3	5.8	6.0	6.8	8.4	8.5
1:3.3	1.5	2.3	4.0	4.8	6.8	7.6	8.0	8.6	9.0	9.4	10.8	11.0
<b>B</b>												
1:10	0.9	1.2	1.9	1.9	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.3	4.5	4.6
1:5	0.9	1.6	2.0	2.2	3.0	3.4	4.4	4.4	5.2	5.4	7.1	7.8
1:3.3	0.9	2.1	3.2	3.7	6.2	6.5	7.0	7.6	8.2	8.9	10.0	10.1
<b>C</b>												
1:10		1.0	1.6	1.9	2.4	2.8	3.2	3.3	3.5	3.9	4.1	4.0
1:5		1.0	2.3	3.2	4.2	5.0	5.2	6.0	6.2	6.8	7.1	7.4
1:3.3		2.0	3.0	3.7	5.6	6.5	6.8	8.3	8.6	9.1	9.8	10.0

(A, : = 1:10 B, : = 1:15 C, : = 1:20)

가 가  
 , ( 35). 가가 A  
 4 5.3%, 8 7.3%  
 . 가가 B



36.

(%)

		(hr)							
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
60		1.9	2.6	2.7	5.2	6.3	6.5	7.9	8.2
		3.3	3.8	4.8	6.6	7.5	8.2	8.5	8.9
		2.4	3.8	5.0	6.8	7.6	8.2	8.5	9.0

( 37).

가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가

가 ( 35) 8 10 가

가 가 3 10% 4 가

가 가 2 3 가 가

4 가

DP 140 220. L

100. L 가

DP 150. L

37. (%)

		(hr)								
		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		1.8	6.5	9.0	10.4	11.0	11.3	11.4	11.4	11.4
		1.9	6.9	9.2	10.5	11.1	11.4	11.6	11.7	11.7
		1.9	6.8	9.4	10.6	11.1	11.4	11.5	11.6	11.6
		1.8	6.4	9.3	10.5	11.1	11.5	11.6	11.6	11.6
		2.6	7.6	9.7	11.0	11.9	12.2	12.3	12.3	12.5

38 . 2 가가  
 4 6.5%, 8 7.2% .  
 가가  
 가 가 . 가 4, 6  
 2 가 4 10%  
 가 . 6 가  
 1 3 .  
 DP 2, 4, 6 69, 124, 201. L 37  
 가 DP 150. L  
 5, 6 가가  
 가 .

38.

	(hr)							
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
2	1.3	3.1	3.7	6.5	6.3	6.7	7.0	7.2
4	2.8	2.9	8.7	10.7	8.7	9.5	9.7	10.0
6	5.8	8.4	9.6	10.2	10.6	10.7	10.9	10.9

( , , )

5) 1.8 2.4% 3 7.8 9.2%

가 가 , 4 가

6 10.4 11.3% .

가 가 11 16% 5)

가 11%

가 .

가

8 17.5 18.4% , 8.9 15.0%

, , .

glucose, maltose, maltotriose

가 가 maltose

glucose maltotriose 5) 50%

10% , 40%

5) . 5) maltose



Tea-bag

(C)

1 4

가

( 39). Tea-bag

tea-bag

/

가가

- amylase,

glucoamylase 가

5)

- amylase, glucoamylase 가

glucose isomerase 가 glucose fructose

39.

(%)

---

	(hr)						
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	1.1	5.3	7.6	8.4	9.3	9.6	9.8
B	0.6	4.6	7.1	7.7	8.5	8.6	9.4
C	-	3.7	5.0	6.5	8.8	9.3	9.6

---

A,

B, tea-bag

C, tea-bag

/

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