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최 종
연구보고서

환경농업의 현장애로 기술개발

Development of Technology for Environmental
Agriculture

연구기관

서울대학교 농업생명과학대학

농 립 부

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1997. 11. 30

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- :
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- :

GR(Green Round)

가 ,

가 , (Farm Bill)

가

3 (1994- 1996)

4가

가 , , 가

1. /

가.

(LISA)

3 . 50%,

1/3

1995 1997 3

1400

3 30

‘ , ’

4 15

5 20

30 x 15cm

가 ()

(LISA)

. LISA

가 가

가 94

가 95

가 가

가

가

가

가

, ,
,
MVP, chitomate 가 ,
, MVP,
chitomate 가 , MVP,
MVP, chitomate 가 , MVP,
chitomate 가 .

. Biomass
(,)
,
,
Biomass ,
. ,
, , ,
, , ,
.

2.

가.

pH, , CEC, , ,

가

(2)

가 ,

가 .

, , : , ,
, :
, - , :
,
• , :
, ,
, :
AGNPS ,
가: 가
.
가 , 가
,
가 , T-N, T-P
(,), ,
, 가 BOD, COD, SS, Nitrogen,
Phosphorus , , TC/FC FC/FS .

, , pH ,
, , ,
, , , .

1. /

가.

(LISA)

3 . 50%,

1/3

LISA

LISA 가

2-4

LISA 가 5-19%

LISA 가

가

가

1995

LISA

453.4() 447.2kg/10a(LISA) , 1996 15kg/10a,1997

50kg/10a

LISA 가

. LISA

2

, 3

가

500Kg/10a

LISA 28.2%가

가

300 22,270 , 60,000

가

가

가

2

가

가

가

가

가 . 가

가 ,

1)

가 .

2)

가

3)

4)

가

5)

6)

가

가

가

가

7)

가

가

가

8)

가

9)

가

10)

가

- pot 2, 4, 8ton/10a
- 1) 8ton
4ton
 - 2) 가 가
 - 3) MVP
가 가
 - 4) 가 가 MVP
가 가
 - 5) Plot 4, 8ton/10a
 - 6) pH 6.96
T-N, P₂O₅, K₂O, Ca, Mg
 - 7) Pot 8ton/10a 가
MVP

- 8ton/10a 가 가
가
- 8) Plot T - N
P2O5 , 2ton/10a
K2O, Ca
- 9) Plot NH4 N
NO3 N
- 10)
- 11) MVP chitomate ,
가
- 12)
, chitomate MVP 가
- Biomass
가
- 1) 10a 7,669kg, 1,984kg ,
46%, 54%
- 2)
, ,
, 480kg, 436kg, 405kg
- 3) 11 20 가

- 가 가 .
- 4) , 11 30
가 가 .
- 5) 가 ,
가 .
- 6) ,
- 7) , 가
- 8) 가 40kg/10a
60 66cm, 33cm 가 .
- 9) 88 11 23 ,
229kg/10a 20kg 40kg 508kg/10a 122% 가 가
180kg/10a 40kg/10a 576kg/10a 320% 가 가
. 가 가
- 10) 가 가
, 32 28 , 40kg/10a 57 53
가 .
- 11) 가 , 45
52 가 가 . 가
1.2% 1.3%,
40kg/10a 3.9% 3.1% .
- 12) ,
가 . 가

- 5kg/10a 98% 93% , 40gk/10a
 46% 41% .
- 13) 가
 , 10kg/10a 가 ,
 20kg/10a 가 .
- 14) 가 , 40
 가 .
- 15) ,
 30 32 , 40kg/10a 40 .
- 16) ,
 , .
- 17) 1786 2147kg/10 , 1751 1954kg/10a .
 ,

2.

가.

1)

6 가 가
 Mg
 K Ca

2)

A : 가,
 가 ,
 , 가 ,
 .
 B : 가 ,
 가 가 가 가
 , 가가 .
 C : 가 가 ,
 가 , .

3)

,
 (, ,)

4)

0- 25cm
 가 20cm
 100cm 가

가 5 6 20cm 100cm 30%
가 9 20cm 30% , 100cm
20% . 100cm
가 가
가 130cm
200cm .

,
 ,
 가 ,
 , 가

- 1) ,
- 2)
- 3) 가
- 4) GIS
- 가
- 5)

- 가
- 가 가
- 가
- 1) 가
- 2) 가
- 가
- 3) BOD 360g/ /day, COD 2,974g/ /day, T-N 92g/ /day, T-P 199g/ /day
- 4) BOD 103g/ /day, COD 413g/ /day, T-N 10.5g/ /day, T-P 3.15g/ /day
- 5) BOD 36g/ /day, COD 69g/ /day, T-N 33g/ /day, T-P 0.5g/ /day
- 6) BOD 3.15g/ /day, COD 8.35g/ /day, T-N 1.25g/ /day, T-P 0.25g/ /day
- 7) 가 가 가
- 8) TC, FC FS 50%, 가
- 9) FC/FS , 가 (人糞)
- 10) 가 가 가

3.

가.

)가

1)

가

2)

(Aphids), (Delphacidae), (Cicadelidae),

(*L. oryzae*), (Araneae),

(Collembola), (Chironomidae), (Diptera)

3)

)

4)

5)

,

가

,

가

,

가

6)

7) 1 3-4 가 , 가
가 , .

8) 1 가 , ,
가 .

1) 20kV 10cm
1 20 2 , 8
12 15

2) 30kV 10cm
1 20 2 , 5
6 , 11

3) 40kV 10cm
1 20 2 , 5
8 13

4) 30kV
10cm, 20cm, 30cm, 40cm 1 20 2
10cm 5
, 20cm 10

, 30cm

15

5) 30% 가

6)

7)

가

8)

4.

가

1) 32 , 17 , 29

2) 3 가 0- 5cm 22.6 ± 3.8%, 5- 10cm
22.7 ± 3.2%

3) 3 가 0- 5cm 12.28 ± 1.89%, 5- 10cm
11.14 ± 1.77%

4) pH 4.56 , 5.6
가 74% , pH 4.15
가

5) 가 Ca²⁺ 가
Na+

- 6) 8 5.0- 5.5 ,
- 10 6.0- 6.5 .
- 7) 0.05ppm 0.09ppm .
- 8) NO, NOx .
- 9) 가 pH
- (pH : 5.57) 5.38 가 ,
- pH 4.30 .
- 10) 가 .

S U M M A R Y

()

. Title of the Research

Development of Technology for Environmental Agriculture

. Objectives and Significance of the Research

There are mounting concerns on agricultural environment and productions. The agricultural environment has been polluted in many instances in our country. Waste by-products formed domestic, livestock, and agricultural practices are applied to agricultural soils and watersheds for one of several activities including disposal, nutrient recycling, and improvement of soil characteristics and so on. In addition, many agrochemicals such as fertilizers, herbicides, insecticides, and fungicides are applied to agricultural environment for pest control and crop production improvement. And these intensive farming activities worsen the agricultural environment and productions. Therefore, it justifies the development of technology for the sustainable agricultural system. Implementation of this system will realize environmental agriculture. Our research methods achieving our goals are as follows:

Part . Development of Farming/ Crop Production technology

- 1) Development of Sustainable Rice Production Technology
- 2) Studies on the causes of poor seedling stands in rice direct seeding
- 3) Effects of Fermented Animal Manures on Growth of Crops and
Studies on Tolerance to Environmental Stress in Crops Cultivated with
Organic Farming
- 4) Biomass Productivity and Nitrogen Efficiency in Cropping Systems of
Forage Crops

Part . Development of Environment Conservation technology

- 1) Development of Soil Pollution Management Systems
- 2) Hydrologic and Water Quality Monitoring at Agricultural Watersheds
- 3) The Impact of livestock wastewater to the quality of Galchi-reservoir

Part . Development of Integrated Pest Management technology

- 1) Development of Environmentally Harmonized IPM Systems and Strategy
- 2) Studies on Development of Electrical Methods of Weed Control

Part . Development of Forest Management technology

- 1) New Approach to the Forest Management Techniques based on
Establishment of Healthy Forest

. Contents and Scope of the Research

Part . Development of Farming/ Crop Production technology

1) Development of Sustainable Rice Production Technology

In this research, we are going to develop a low-input sustainable farming system for Korean rice production. It includes direct seeding technique for eliminating transplanting and low input farming system for efficient use of fertilizer and pesticide.

2) Studies on the causes of poor seedling stands in rice direct seeding

In rice direct seeding system, the crop establishment requires proper soil physical environments, particularly soil moisture, and soils must be managed accordingly. An inquiry into the possibilities of improving seedling stands was conducted by checking the emergence responses in different soil moisture conditons, and the effects of seed treatments including hydration and pre-rooting on emergence.

3) Effects of Fermentd Animal Manures on Growth of Crops and Studies on Tolerance to Environmental Stress in Crops Cultivated with Organic Farming

We are going to develop effects of organic matter application on reduction of plant injury to acid rain and ozone. And we investigate effects of microbial formulation and natural things on reduction of plant injury to acid rain and ozone.

4) Biomass Productivity and Nitrogen Efficiency in Cropping Systems

of Forage Crops

We will examine biomass productivity in cropping system of forage crops, and also nitrogen efficiency and nitrogen utilization in forage cropping system and its relationship with biomass production.

Part . Development of Environment Conservation technology

1) Development of Soil Pollution Management Systems

(1) Analysis of pH, organic content, cation exchange capacity, exchangeable cations, available phosphorus, total nitrogen of cropland soil in research areas.

(2) Investigation of the status of soil pollution according to soil series.

(3) Analysis of nitrate, total nitrogen, total phosphorus of surface water near cropland.

(4) Elucidation of nutrient cycling mechanisms in soils.

(5) Collection of soil water profile data for soil management model.

2) Hydrologic and Water Quality Monitoring at Agricultural Watersheds

This study will attempt to quantify daily loadings from forested and farm lands using hydrologic and water quality monitoring. Agricultural Nonpoint Source Pollution model, AGNPS will be calibrated and validated satisfactorily with field data from the watersheds. And it will be used to analyze how effective management practices on agricultural lands are at a watershed and plot scale.

3) The Impact of livestock wastewater to the quality of Galchi-reservoir

We will estimate the impact of wastewater influent into water quality of Galchi reservoir. and we will investigate indicator of microorganism in the watersheds.

Part . Development of Integrated Pest Management technology

1) Development of Environmentally Harmonized IPM Systems and Strategy

We will investigate arthropod fauna and analyse population density of pest, natural enemies in rice paddy nearby Banwol watersheds. System analysis on pest management will be accomplished and We will introduce IPM concept for problem- solving.

2) Studies on Development of Electrical Methods of Weed Control

Electrical weed control is versatile and rapid, and is cost competitive with chemical applications, and also efficient in an environmental preservation. Electrical weed control systems high voltage spark discharges will be developed. We will evaluate the effectiveness of an electrical discharge system as a means of germination rate and weeds control of weeds.

Part . Development of Forest Management technology

1) New Approach to the Forest Management Techniques based on Establishment of Healthy Forest

This study will be conducted to identify problems in forest caused by both air pollutants and acid rain, through the to measurement of level of air pollutants, and effects of air pollutants on the dynamics of forest nutrients and tree growth. we will predict the probability of forest damage by air pollutants and acid rain, and we will suggest the suitable forest

environment to maintain sustainable agricultural conditions.

. Results of the Research and Suggestions for the Application

Part . Development of Farming/ Crop Production technology

1) Development of Sustainable Rice Production Technology

Rice farming in Korea has been successful in high yielding, but it required high inputs such as heavy application of fertilizers and pesticides. Heavy application of nitrogen fertilizer has been blamed for water pollution, while frequent sprays in pesticide have threatened natural ecosystem. In this research, we were going to develop a low-input sustainable farming system for Korean rice production. It included low input farming system for efficient use of fertilizer and pesticide.

For three years research, we tested our low-input sustainable system(LISA) to farmer's paddy field. LISA plot received 50% in nitrogen fertilizer and 1/3 in agricultural pesticides compared to conventional plot (Control). Nitrogen fertilizer was applied in split rate such as starter, 33% : side dressing at tiller stage, 42% : top dressing at heading stage, 25% for LISA plot.

Rice yield in LISA plot did not different to Control plot, but energy input in LISA could decrease 28.2% from Control. We found that rice yield has gradually increased as continuing LISA farming in same plot.

We concluded that a significant cut-down in nitrogen application and in pesticide use would not decrease rice yield and LISA farming in large area will be the ecological sound system protecting environment.

2) Studies on the causes of poor seedling stands in rice direct seeding

One hundred and fifteen cases of poor seedling stands were examined in 1994 and 1995. In flooded drilling seeding in 1994, seeding increased mainly because of failure in early seeding. Most of examined fields were clay soil with poor drainage conditions or poor drainage conditions, their germination and rooting were restricted leading to failure of seedling stand. In flood seeding the soil physical properties showed unfavorable conditions for seedling stands because of small pore, little air space, excessive soil water. Favorable temperature and good seed-oil contact to ensure adequate water supply are necessary for germination in soil. And proper aeration and low soil strength are necessary for seedling emergence. Root growth and function also acquire suitable regimes of air, water and temperature. If root growth is efficacious, so also may be above-ground seedling growth. Soil aeration and soil density seemed to play most important role in seedling stands. In rice direct seedling systems the seedling stand requires proper soil physical environments, and soils must be managed accordingly.

Rice seed showed best emergence in a given soil moisture content implying some possibilities of improving seedling stands by controlling soil moisture conditions. Seed treatments also showed positive results. Pre-rooted seeds improved emergence percentage and emergence speed. Seed hydration fastened and synchronized germination eventhough there was no marked improvement in germination percentage. However, further studies are needed to prove the practical effects of soil moisture control and seed treatments on seedling stands in ricefields because of affecting numerous environmental factors.

3) Effects of Fermented Animal Manures on Growth of Crops and Studies on Tolerance to Environmental Stress in Crops Cultivated with Organic Farming

This research was conducted to determine the effects of fermented

animal manures of swine, fowl and cattle on plant growth and changes on soil chemical properties. Each manure was applied at the rate 2, 4 or 8ton/10a with or without microbial inoculants. Concurrently the effects of rain protection facilities on plant growth were investigated. The results were as follows:

Application of 8ton/10a of fermented cattle manure or swine manure resulted in less plant growth than those of chemical fertilizer in pot experiment. However, application of 4ton/10a fowl manure showed similar results to those of chemical fertilizer.

Plant growth with or without rain protection facilities did not show significant differences in plant height and yield.

Commercial microbial inoculants did not show significant effect on growth of tomato plants. These results indicate that microbial inoculants do not affect increasing plant growth when applied to completely fermented animal manures.

In the investigation of soil microbial population, animal manure and microbial inoculants increased density of soil microorganisms. Rain protection facilities also resulted in slightly increased microbial population in soil.

Application of 4 and 8tons of incompletely fermented cattle manures per 10a resulted in increased plant growth compared to those of chemical fertilizer in plot experiments.

The treatment of chemical fertilizer application had a little lower in soil pH and in soil organic matter, T-N, P₂O₅, K₂O, Ca and Mg content than those of animal manure application.

Application of fowl manure at rate of 8ton/10a also had the highest amount of yield in tomato and cucumber. Microbial inoculants had a little or no effect on increasing the amount of yield of two crops. Tomato and cucumber plant growth

without rain protection facilities had slightly higher amount of tied than those growth under rain protection facilities.

In foliar analysis of tomato plants, the treatment with cattle manure had the highest amount of total nitrogen. However, the treatment with chemical fertilizer or 2ton/10a wine manure had higher amount of P₂O₅ than those of other treatments. The amount of Mg was higher in cattle manure treatments but Ca and K were similar among treatments.

In tissue analysis of radish, NH₄-N contents were not significantly different among treatments. However NO₃-N content was the highest in the treatment with incompletely fermented cattle manure.

Less plant injury to acid rain was observed by the application of organic matter in hot pepper than those of chemical fertilizer, but no effect was observed in tomato plant and radish. MVP and chitomate, microbial formulation and natural thing, respectively, reduced plant injury, but did not reduce in tomato plants.

Application of chitomate resulted in reduced plant injury to ozone in tomato plant. The other results obtained also indicated that plant tolerance to environmental stress was increased by the application of organic matter or fermented manure. The effects of microbial formulation and natural things on environmental stress depend on crops and the effect on specific crops needs more research.

4) Biomass Productivity and Nitrogen Efficiency in Cropping Systems of Forage Crops

Establishment of sustainable agricultural system is important to maintain high crop productivity and farmer's income without depletion of natural resources and pollution of environment. Suitable cropping system and efficient utilization of nutrient by crop plants are important in sustainable agriculture.

Nitrogen which is one of the most important elements for plant growth is expensive fertilizer to produce as well as an important environmental pollutant. Therefore, biomass production and nitrogen efficiency were examined in the combined cropping system of silage corn and cool season forage crops.

Fresh and dry weight of corn were 7,669kg/10 and 1,984kg/10a, respectively, with 46% of ear weight and 54% of stover weight. Among 6 forage crops oat, italian ryegrass and rape grew enough to harvest before winter in the central area, and their dry weight were 480kg/10a, 436kg/10a and 405kg/10a, respectively. Plant height and fresh and dry weight of oat, rape and their mixture were highest on November 20 and increased as amount of nitrogen application was increased up to 30 kg/10a.

The highest fresh weight of oat, rape and their mixture at the nitrogen application of 30kg/10a were 4,976kg/10a, 7,601kg/10a, and 6,785kg/10a, respectively, while the highest dry weight of them were 927kg/10a, 1,119kg/10a, and 1,096kg/10a, respectively. Nitrogen contents of plants were higher at later harvests, under greater nitrogen levels, and higher in rape than in oat. Among inorganic nutrients, oat absorbed more phosphorus and sodium, while rape absorbed more calcium and magnesium. Dry matter production per unit amount of nitrogen applied was decreased as nitrogen was increased and oat was more efficient to produce dry matter than rape.

Plant heights of oat and rape at N 40kg/10a were 66cm and 33cm, respectively. Biomass yield of oat reached the maximum on 23, November, 88 days after planting and it was increased 122% from 229kg/10a at no nitrogen application to 508kg/10a at N 40kg/10a level. Biomass yield of rape was similar to that of oat, i.e. it was increased 320% from 180kg/10a at no nitrogen application to

576kg/10a at N 40kg/10a level. Rape showed the greater response to nitrogen application than oat. Linear increase of chlorophyll value in the leaves of oat and rape was related with nitrogen level.

Chlorophyll values of oat and rape were increased from 32 and 28 at no nitrogen application to 57 and 53 at N 40kg/10a, respectively. Nitrogen contents in oat and rape plants were increased as application of nitrogen was increased and reached the maximum 45 52 days after planting and decreased thereafter. Nitrogen contents in oat and rape plants when the dry matter production reached the maximum were 1.2% and 1.3% at no nitrogen application and 3.9% and 3.1% at N 40kg/10a, respectively.

Efficiency of nitrogen absorption of oat and rape were higher at lower nitrogen level, and were the highest at the growth stage of the maximum dry matter production. Efficiencies of nitrogen absorption in oat and rape were 98% and 93% at N 5 kg/10a and 46% and 41% at N 40 kg/10a, respectively, at the stage of the maximum dry matter production. Dry matter production per unit nitrogen applied was decreased as the amount of nitrogen was increased.

While nitrogen efficiency to produce dry matter in oat was the maximum at N 10 kg/10a, that in rape was the maximum at N 20 kg/10a. Regrowth ability of oat measured by plant height. Culm height and ear height of corn were influenced by the previous crops, but not by the amount of nitrogen applied, while fresh and dry matter yields were not influenced by the previous crops. Dry matter yields of corn after oat and rape cultivation were 1786 2147kg/10a and 1751 1954kg/10a, respectively, over different nitrogen application levels in previous crops. Culm height and ear height were significantly correlated with fresh yield, but there were no significant relationships with dry

matter yield and grain yield.

Part . Development of Environment Conservation technology

1) Development of Soil Pollution Management Systems

(1) Investigation of the status of soil pollution in study area.

Phosphorus was accumulated in soil and calcium concentration in the study area was higher than other cropland in all over the contury and potassium was similar but magnesium was lower.

(2) Pollution of surface water

Study areas can be categorized into cropland area, livestock farming area, residential area accoring to land use type and pollution of surface water near livestock farming area was most serious.

(3) The study of nutrients cycling in soils

Research sites representing the major agricultural systems in Banwol were selected for soil and water sampling. Soil and water samples were taken from three sites in study area periodically for five months from May to September 1996. Content of available soil phosphate(Bray No.1-P) was very high in subsoils as well as in surface soil. Contents of T-N, NH₄N, NO₃-N, T-P in water samples varied with season. Nitrogen and phosphate of water samples in site B and C were relatively high compared with site A. Tentative conclusion was that the streams in B, C study area were polluted with nitrogen and phosphate by cattle farming operation and domestic waste water.

(4) soil water profile for soil management model

Soil water profile varied with precipitaion and irrigation and the highest water

content was observed near 20cm and 100cm respectively for the study area. Water at the depths of 20cm was supplied by precipitation and irrigation from surface and 100cm was supplied by upward movement of water from groundwater. The fluctuation of water table depended on the water supply from the surface.

2) Hydrologic and Water Quality Monitoring at Agricultural Watersheds

Nonpoint source (NPS) pollution from small watersheds has recently been brought into attention as a potential pollutant to streams and tributaries, as majority of them are experiencing water quality degradation. This necessitates the quantification of NPS loadings from agricultural and forested lands. And this study has attempted to quantify daily loadings from forested and farm lands using hydrologic and water quality monitoring. The hydrologic monitoring program consists of five water level gauging stations along creeks and stream at the Banwol reservoir watershed having 1220 hectare in size. Water samples were being taken periodically at the streamflow gaging sites and tributaries, and analyzed for nutrient components. Soil samples were also taken and the chemical constituents analyzed.

The primary results indicate that the major sources of pollution were small villages and dairy farms on the watersheds, constituting two-third of total nutrient loadings to the reservoir. However insignificant, the loadings from paddies and upland areas may cause a significant problem to the water quality of the reservoir and stream as the measured levels of total nitrogen and phosphorus are not low enough to control the quality.

Agricultural Nonpoint Source Pollution model, AGNPS was calibrated

and validated satisfactorily with field data from the watersheds. And it was used to analyze how effective management practices on agricultural lands are at a watershed and plot scale. Test runs on individual paddy plot showed that nutrient loading can be significantly reduced by controlling nutrient levels of irrigation water. Reducing fertilization levels and altering irrigation scheduling on paddies do not appear to be effective in controlling outflow water quality.

However, the simulation showed that the effects of best management practices that have been applied to paddies and agricultural lands may not be significant to control watershed NPS loadings. The results suggest that further studies are needed to quantify the effects of landuses and treatments at a watershed scale.

3) The Impact of livestock wastewater to the quality of Galchi-reservoir

Domestic contamination units of livestock wastewater with varieties have been suggested to accurately estimate the impact of wastewater influent into water quality of the Galchi reservoir in was also compared with Daeami-dong, Goonpo-shi, Gyeonggi - do. The suggested data of contamination units for COD, BOD, T-N, T-P, were also compared with foreign data for further literature review if the gap inbetween exists. COD 2.917g/head-day, BOD 351.7g/head-day, T-N 76.5g/head-day, T-P 187.5g/head-day was recommended for calculation of contamination load from effluent of small-scaled dairy farms which composed of the most livestock farm in Galchi watershed. T-N and T-P concentration in the water of Galchi reservoir were observed much higher compared to other reservoir, which may lead to the conclusion that the livestock wastewater discharged from livestock farms attributes to the eutrophication of the water body. Thus it is vital to properly treat livestock wastewater at the place where the production practice is going on (point-source treatment).

Part . Development of Integrated Pest Management technology

1) Development of Environmentally Harmonized IPM Systems and Strategy

The effects of three different irrigating water qualities(clean water, life sewage and animal sewage) on the pattern of arthropod communities in the rice fields were investigated at Banwol, Kyunggi-do, mid-western part of Korea from 1994 to 1996.

The total density of arthropod was highest in the rice field which was irrigated with clean water(clean water field), and the arthropod

community was mainly composed of aphids and collembolans. Each functional group was found in the order of 'pests> non-pests> natural enemies' in its density. The dominant taxa in the pest group were aphids, planthoppers(Delphacidae), leafhoppers(Cicadelidae) and rice water weevil (*L. oryzaophilus*). In the non-pest group collembolans, Chironomidae and dipterans were main arthropods, and in the natural enemy group Araneae was the dominant taxon.

In the early growth stage of rice plant the dominant functional group was pests, and in the mid growth stage both the pest and the natural enemy group became dominant. But in the late growth stage none of the functional group was dominant over the other functional groups. The densities of spiders were much more higher in the clean water field than in the other fields. And through all the growth stages of rice plants the density of spiders in clean water field kept increase in contrast to the others. The species composition of spiders in the life sewage field was similar to that in the animal sewage field, but in the clean water field it was different from the other two fields.

Insect pests have occurred low at Banwol, so it is not required to heavily control them. But rice water weevil is necessary to be controlled before and after transplanting because their density was occasionally over economic injury level.

2) Studies on Development of Electrical Methods of Weed Control

In order to replace the use of chemicals for weed control, the effectiveness of the device which uses on electrical method has been investigated. Electrical weed control is versatile and rapid, and is cost competitive with chemical applications, and also efficient in an environmental

preservation. Electrical weed control systems high voltage spark discharges have been developed. This system generates 10kV peak value. The system which has the simplest circuit for producing high voltages uses step-up transformer, the output of which is rectified and charges an energy storage capacitor.

In this paper, We evaluated the effectiveness of an electrical discharge system as a means of germination rate and weeds control of weeds. The results of these experiments were as follows:

Germination rate of the seeds of weeds which were not discharged was shown as about 99%, but that which was discharged before seeding was shown as about 30%. Germination rate of the seeds of weeds decreased by rising the pulse voltage from 1kV to 3kV. Germination rate of the seeds of weeds decreased by increasing the time of discharge. The separation of 1cm between electrode and the seed of weeds was the most effective of germination control in any other treatments with longer separation.

The seeds of weeds which have been discharged(at 1kV pulse voltage) were normal, after germination, but those which have been discharged(at 2 3kV pulse voltage) became weak and then dead 14 15 days later. The seeds of weeds which have been discharged (at 2sec) were normal, after germination, but those which have been discharged(at 6 8sec) became weak and the dead 14 day later.

Part . Development of Forest Management technology

1) New Approach to the Forest Management Techniques based on Establishment of Healthy Forest

The objectives of this study were to identify the effects of air pollutants and acid rain on the productivity of village forest, and on the limiting factors to the sustainable agriculture and forestry near Banwol Industrial Complex. During the first year of the research, surveys on the vegetation, soil, and air pollution were performed. Vegetation analysis was conducted in three watershed with four quadrats in each watershed.

Species name, diameter at breast height, number of individuals, height, and cover were measured for vegetation analysis. For soil analysis, soil pH, organic matter content, cation exchange capacity, and exchangeable ions were measured. For air pollution analysis, frequency of acid rain, and ozone concentration were monitored during the growing season.

The total tree species identified in this study area were 32, with 17 overstory tree species and 29 understory tree species. The average tree height was 6.8 – 10.2, DBH of 6.1 – 14.0cm, crown coverage of 127 – 342%. The watershed No.1 consists of *Pinus rigida*, *Quercus mongolica*, *Robinia pseudoacacia*, *Alnus hirsuta* as major tree species. The major species at watershed No.2 were *Quercus aliena*, *Q. acutgissima*, and *R. pseudoacacia*, while major tree species at watershed No.3 were *Q. variabilis*, *Q. mongolica*, and *P. densiflora*.

The highest soil water content of 22.7% was observed at watershed No.3, and the lowest at watershed No.2. Organic matter content in soil was the highest at watershed No.3, and the lowest at watershed No.1. The soil pH ranged from 3.94 to 4.41, indicating the acidic condition of the soil.

The average pH of rainfall in July and August were 5.52 and 5.30, respectively. The Frequency of acid rain during the 2 months was 64%, while the frequency of acid rain in nearby Suwon was 58%. The average pH of acid rain was 4.99. The concentration of ozone in the air during the same period ranged from 0.03 to 0.09ppm.

Average pH of precipitation in this study site was 4.56 and the rate of acid rain(pH 5.6) was 73.7%. This study site appeared to be affected by acid rain and air pollutants, NO_x from automobiles especially. Nutrients were leached from tree crowns exposed to acid rain. The low pH of acid rain increased nutrient leaching from crown. *Pinus rigida* M. with low acid-buffering capacity index accelerated soil acidification, and decreased the forest productivity. The results of this study can be used to predict forest damages caused by air pollutants and acid rain in suburb area and industrial complex, and to maintain the sustainable forests under environmental stress.

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1 100

2 102

3 104

4 144

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2 153

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5	192
1	193
2	198
3	208
4	236
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6	240
1	241
2	244
3	257
4	262
5	281
6	297
7	314
	317
	322
7	가 338
1	339
2	344
3	347
4	367
	369
3	.....	373
8	.....	373
1	.....	374
2	.....	376

3	.....	379
4	.....	400
	.....	402
I.	.....	404
9	.....	417
1 節	.....	418
2 節	.....	420
3 節	.....	421
	.....	428
4	.....	430
10	.....	430
1	.....	431
2	.....	433
3	.....	437
4	.....	459
	.....	461

總 論

30 , , , .
 , , /
 , (UR)
 , 가 가
 20 , 2-3 가
 , 가
 , 가
 , 가
 , 가
 1992
 , UR Green Round (GR)
 . GR
 , UR GR ,
(Environmentally Sound Agriculture)
(Sustainable Agriculture)

가

가

가

가

1)

2)

3)

4)

가

(Interdisciplinary Hollistic Approach)

1	/
---	---

1

:
:

1

4 가

가

가

가

LISA

, 가

가
가
가
가

1995 1997 3
1400

가

3 30 4 15
5 20 30 X 15 cm

		LISA
1.	() (N : P205 : K20) 7.0 : 5.5 : 5.5 4.62: 1.8 : 1.8	() (N : P205 : K20) 2 : 8 : 8 2.5 : 1.5
1 2	11.62 :7.3 : 7.3	6.0 : 8 : 8
2.		

LISA

: N-P-K,

2kg- 8kg- 8kg/10a

: 2.5kg/10a()

:1.5kg/10a

2

3kg/10a

100g/10a

綠色度 Spad Meter(SPAD502, Minolta Co.

Japan)

(irrometer)

3

95

0.8 , 96

1.3 , 97

1.1

, 97

9-10

가

가

가 3

1) : 3
 . 45 7 5 가
 가 7 31
 가 (1).

Table 1. The changes in tiller number during vegetative stage in rice
 (unit : tillers/m²)

year	methods	Jun 20	Jul 5	Jul 15	Jul 31	Aug 15
'95	Control			619	541	513
	LISA			551	564	518
'96	Control		538	509	464	
	LISA		540	501	453	
'97	Control	400	636	558	560	
	LISA	402	540	487	476	

2) 草長 : 가 7 31 , 8
 가
 가 (1).

Plant height

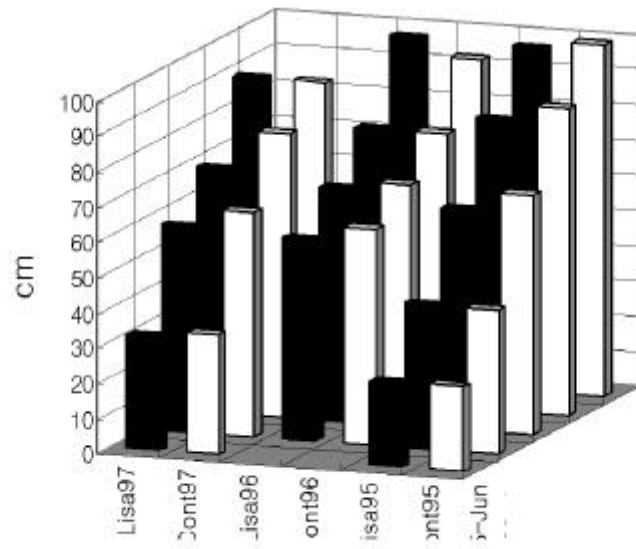


Fig. 1. Plant height during vegetative stage in rice.

3) 葉線度

葉線度 30 가 가
 9 20 値 가 가
 가 가 가 가 가 5
 (2,3,4).
 2 Spad meter

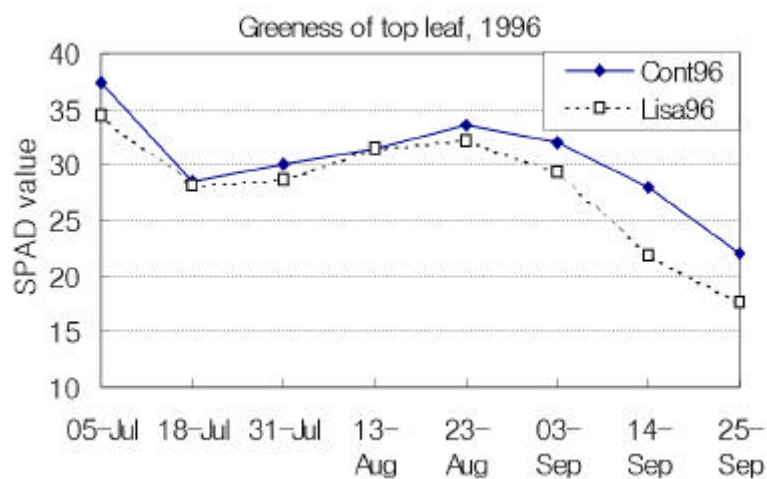


Fig. 2. The changes in leaf greenness of top leaf, 1996

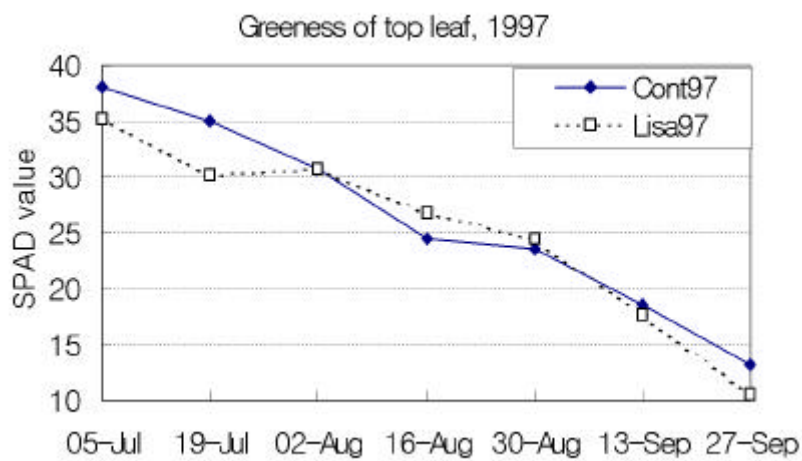


Fig. 3. The changes in leaf greenness of top leaf, 1997

4) : 10

(稈長) 가 가 가

(穗長) 96 97 가
 가 (LAI) 95 가
 가 2-4 가
 .(3)

Table 3. Plant Characteristics on 10 days after Heading

year	methods	Culm Length (cm)	Panicle Length (cm)	Leaf blade Wt (g/m ²)	LAI	Dry Matter# (g/m ²)	Heading Date
'95	Control	90.5	17.5	231.1	5.2	844.7	8/23
	LISA	88.8	16.8	218.0	4.3	775.9	8/20
'96	Control	77.0	17.9	212.7	4.5	737.5	8/16
	LISA	80.3	18.3	204.8	4.7	906.7	8/12
'97	Control	84.4	16.6	219.5	4.5	759.4	8/10
	LISA	84.5	18.4	224.2	4.5	821.9	8/8

#: dry matter of above part.

5) : 가 .(4) 3 가

5-19% 가 95 400 /m²

가 96 가 가

3
 , 95 96 3%, 97
 10% 96, 97 500Kg/10a
 3
 , 95
 96 , 97 10%
 가
 가

Table 4. Comparison of rice yield and its components

Year	Method	No. of panicles /m2	No. of spikelets /panicle	Grain filling (%)	1,000 grains wt. (g)	Rice yield (kg/10a)	
						Rough grain	Brown rice
'95	Control	415.3	65.6	73.6	27.4	566.7	453.4
	LISA	338.1**	78.9**	75.3	27.1	566.8	447.8
				NS		NS	NS
'96	Control	425.2	61.7	94.3	24.6	641.8	506.4
	LISA	406.7	53.6**	94.2	26.3	659.0	519.9
		NS		NS		**	NS
'97	Control	525.2	60.1	79.5	24.6	620.9	484.3
	LISA	460.8	73.2**	89.3	26.5	684.3	533.8
		NS		**		**	NS
				**		**	NS

NS: not significant at LSD 0.05 level

* : significant at LSD 0.05 level

** : significant at LSD 0.01 level

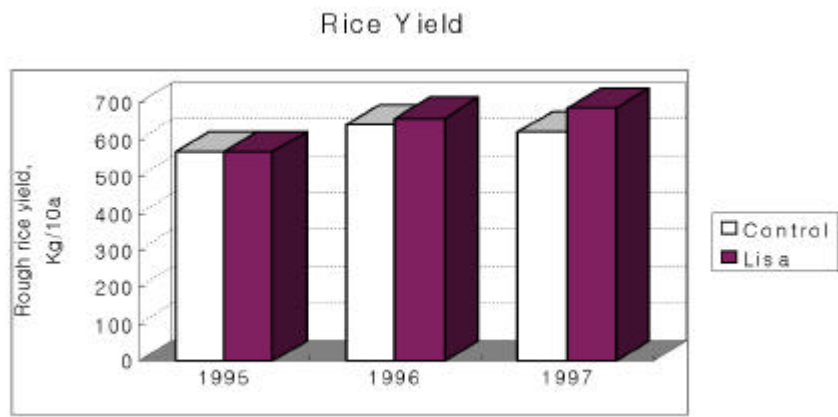


Fig. 5. Comparison of rice yield between CONTROL and LISA.

6)

:

가

가

72.8%

28%

가

가

. (5)

Table 5. Fertilizer, pesticides, and fuel input for rice farming.

	Source	Control	LISA
Fertilizer (kg/10a)	nitrogen (N 46%)	23.91	13.04
	phosphate (P 20%)	40	40
	potash (K 60%)	13.33	13.33
Pesticide (g a. i./10a)	(butachlor)	150	-
	(mefenacet + bensulfuron- methyl + dymron)	-	105 + 3.9 + 45
	(carbofuran)	120	120
	(cartap hydro chloride)	50	50
	(neoasozin)	16	-
	(trichlorfon)	150	-
	(IBP)	680	-
Fuel(l/10a)	gasoline	3.1	3.1
	diesel	16.45	16.45

Table 6. Energy input in conventional and LISA system for rice farming

Source	Energy equivalents	Input energy(kcal/10a)	
		Control	LISA
Seed	2,952 kcal/kg	11,808	11,808
Fuel	gasoline	10,109 kcal/l	31,338
	diesel	11,414 kcal/l	187,760
Fertilizer	nitrogen	14,700 kcal/kg	161,700
	phosphate	3,000 kcal/kg	24,000
	potash	1,600 kcal/kg	12,800
Herbicide	86,600 kcal/kg	12,990	13,328
Insecticide	85,300 kcal/kg	86,665	14,501
Labor	175 kcal/hr	4,265	4,265
Total		533,326	388,000

7) : , 가

採水

가 가 20cm 6
가 1ppm 가

가 7

7 - 8

40cm 60cm

가

가

流水

排水

水系 閉鎖系

(6-1 6).

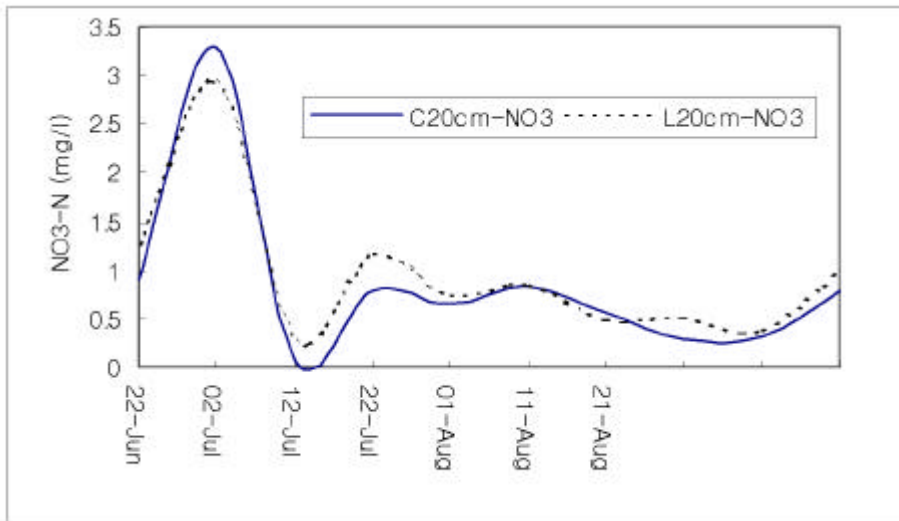


Fig. 6-1 Changes of NO₃-N concentration in paddy water collected in 20cm soil depth. C : Conventional plot, L : LISA plot

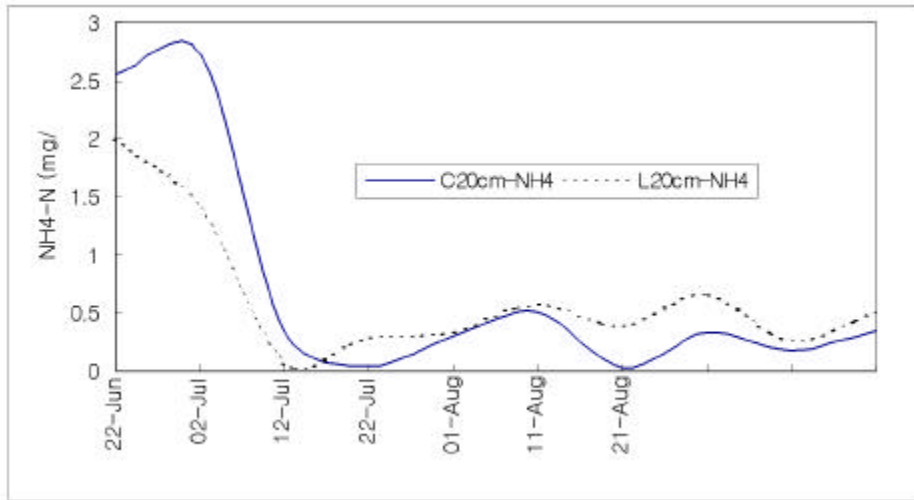


Fig. 6-2 Changes of NH₄-N concentration in paddy water collected in 20cm soil depth. C : Conventional plot, L : LISA plot

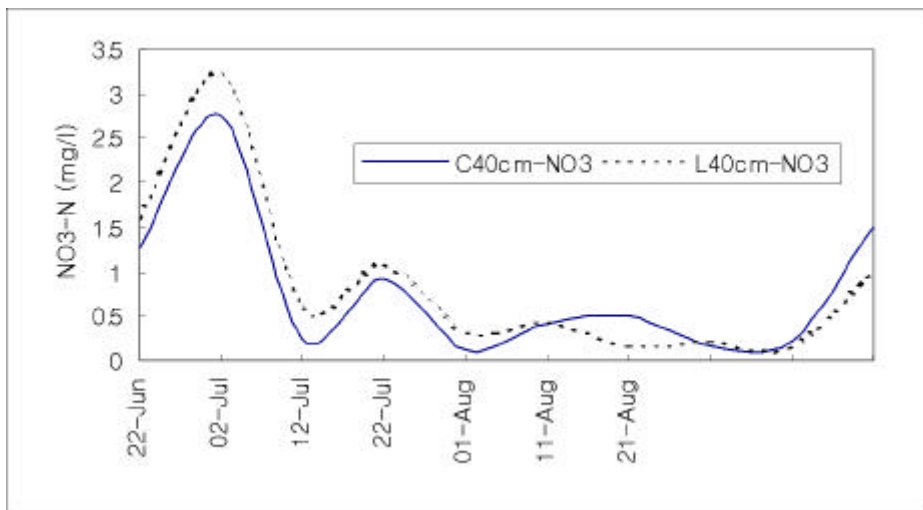


Fig. 6-3 Changes of NO₃-N concentration in paddy water collected in 40cm soil depth. C : Conventional plot, L : LISA plot

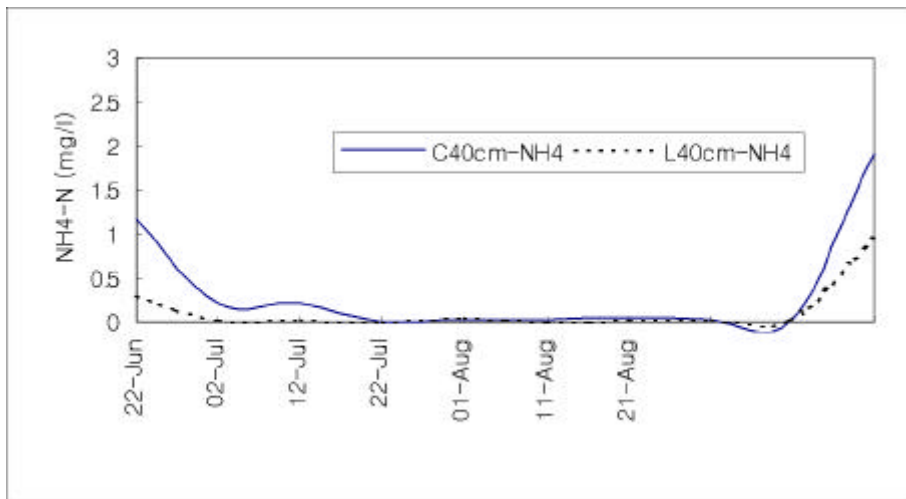


Fig. 6-4 Changes of NH₄-N concentration in paddy water collected in 40cm soil depth. C : Conventional plot, L : LISA plot

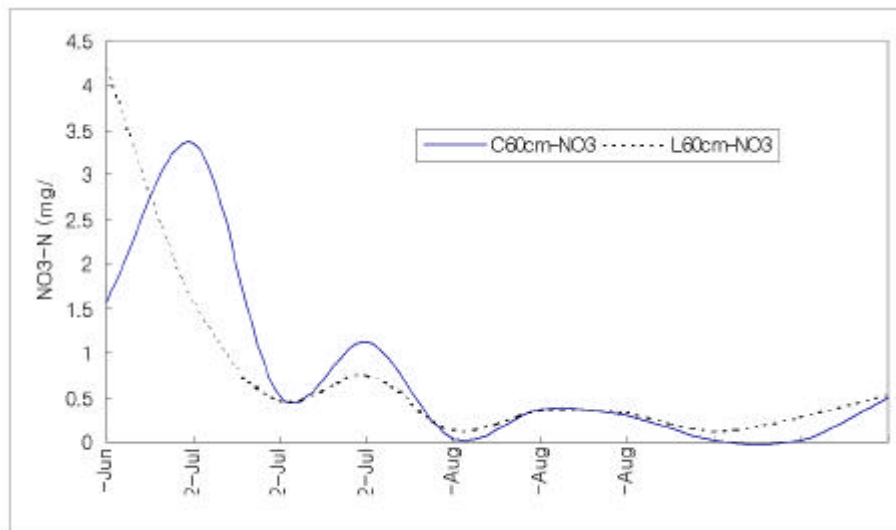


Fig. 6-5. Changes of NO₃-N concentration in paddy water collected in 60cm soil depth. C :conventional plot, L :LISA plot

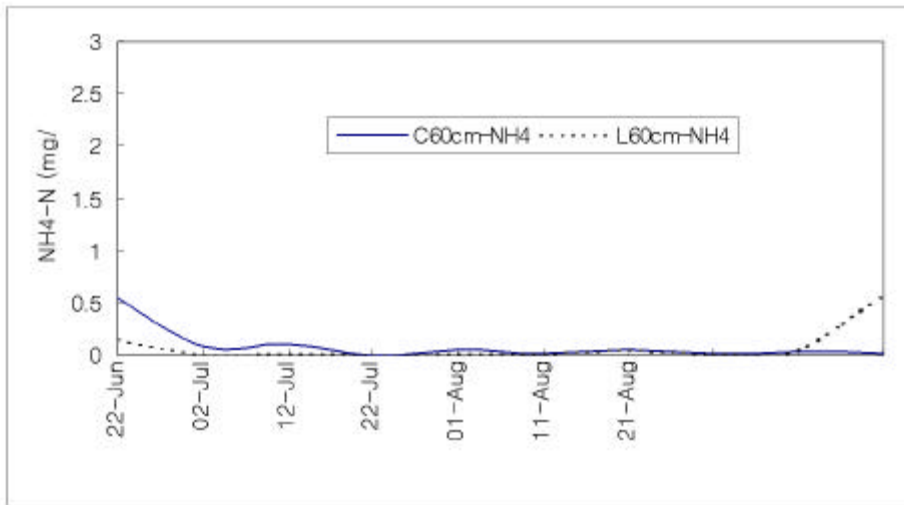


Fig 6-6. Changes of NH₄-N concentration in paddy water collected in 60cm soil depth. C :conventional plot, L :LISA plot

()

(LISA)

3

50%,

1/3

基肥:

追肥:穗肥 33%:44%:25%

LISA

LISA 가

2-4

LISA 가 5-19%

LISA 가

가

가

1995

LISA

453.4kg/10a()

447.2kg/10a(LISA)

, 1996

15kg/10a,

1997 50kg/10a

LISA 가

LISA

2 - 3

가

500kg/10a

LISA 28.2%가

가

300

22,270 ,

60,000

가

가

가

3

가

LISA

가

가

3

()

(LISA)

LISA

50%,

1/3

基肥:追肥:穗肥 33%:44%:25%

LISA

LISA 가

2-4

LISA 가 5-19%

LISA 가

가

가

1

LISA

453.4kg/10a() 447.2kg/10a(LISA) , 2 15kg/10a, 1997

50kg/10a LISA 가 . LISA

2 3

가

500kg/10a

LISA

28.2%가

가

가

가

. 3 가

LISA

1. 1994.
39(5): 512- 518.
2. 1996.
. 41(1): 115- 122.
3. 1992. 가
. 37(6): 534- 540.
4. . 1992.
37(6): 541- 549.
5. 1992.
37(6): 550- 556.
6. 1992. 12(3):
200- 222.
7. 1993.
. 37(6):514- 520.
8. 1992.
. 37(5):442- 448.
9. 1990.
. 35(4):320- 327.
10. 1993.
35(1): 1- 7.
11. 1993.
. 35(1):8- 12.
12. 1992. 가
34(2):1- 8.
13. 1994. Gibberellin
가 38(4): 297- 303.

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1	/
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2

:
:

第 1 節 緒 說

가 가

가 가
가 . 가가

가

가 29).

가

, 가 ,

가 ,

가 가

가 가

가
가 , ,

(1986)

가 10), Bradford

PEG

18). 가 PEG

가 4,19,21), 가 15),

9)

가 ,

가 .

가 ,

第 2 節 材料 方法

1.

1994 (60),

가 (54). 114

가.

.
. .

2.

pot

, 50% 25%

. 5mm

() 25 ± 1 , 78

0.5mm 30 ,

2-3mm (.),

2-3mm (). 12 24

pot(18x15x8cm) 1cm . 25 ± 1

2

(Emergence rate, ER; Throneberry and Smith, 1955)

$$ER = (n_i / t_i)$$

, t_i : , n_i :

3.

28 ± 1 48
 가 30 48
 28 ± 1 96
 pot(18x15x8cm) 2cm 1cm 20
 ± 1 2

4.

(20) 5, 10, 15, 20
 25 50
 4 25 7 , 2mm
 , , , .

(mean germination time, MGT; Edwards, 1934)

$$MGT = \frac{\sum (t_i n_i)}{N}$$

(promptness index, PI; Timson, 1965)

$$PI = \frac{\sum [(T - t_i + 1) n_i]}{N}$$

(germination uniformity, GU; Gordon, 1971)

$$GU = \frac{\sum [(MGT - t_i)^2 n_i]}{N - 1}$$

, MGT : , t_i : , T :

n_i : , N = $\sum n_i$:

第 3 節 結果 考察

1.

가 1994
 가 , 1995 가
 가 (1). ,
 (2).

1.

	1994		1995	
		(%)		(%)
	15	25.0	4	7.4
	43	71.7	31	57.4
	2	3.3	19	35.2

2.

	1994		1995	
	15	0	4	0
	0	43	0	31
	0	2	0	19

가 , , ,
 (3).

3.

	1994		1995	
	36	22	24	11
	58	0	35	0
	56	2	35	0
	55	3	35	0
	58	0	35	0
	0	2	18	1
	2	0	19	0
	0	2	0	19
	0	2	18	1

가 (4 - 7).

4.

	1994			1995		
	0	3	55	0	1	34
	0	2	0	0	4	15

5.

	1994		1995	
	10	48	6	29
	0	2	15	4

8- 6.

	1994		1995	
	38	20	28	7
	2	0	11	8

7. ()

	1994		1995	
	43	15	17	18
	1	1	6	13

8.

	1994		1995	
	1	57	3	32
	0	2	1	18

(8).

9.

	1994		1995	
	58	0	35	0
	0	2	0	19

가

가 (1994),

10.

	1994		1995	
	51	9	33	21
	2	58	10	44
	43	17	0	54
	38	22	27	27
	5	55	4	50
	20	30	18	36
	35	25	26	28
	44	16	29	25
	60	0	54	0

가 ,
가 .

2.
가.

11 . 50% 25% 50%
가 가 , 25% ,
50% ()
가 .
, 24
50% 25% 12

11.

	(%)			
			24	12
	23	3	0	0
	56	15	0	0
50%	100	75	46	11
25%	60	50	37	2
LSDC(5)	11.5	9.2	6.7	2.1

가 가 , 50% , 50% , 25%
()

12.

			24	12
	6.2	4.5	0	0
	33.1	24.2	0	0
50%	45.0	36.2	31.9	3.7
25%	34.6	32.0	31.0	1.8

34- 36mm 가 23- 36mm 50%

13.

	*(mm)			
			24	12
	24	23	-	-
	28	29	-	-
50%	36	34	18	14
25%	32	30	9	8
LSD(05)	8.9	8.1	4.3	4.2

15. 가

		(%)
	17	89
	59	289
LSD(5)	7.8	

가

가

가

가

4.

가.

11-45

(mean germination time : MGT)가

15

4.02

,

(promptness index : PI) 가

. Alvarado Bradford (1988) 가 가

. Goldsworthy (1982)

22), 21), 9) 가

(germination uniformity : GU)

GU 가

. Adegbuyi (1981), Haigh Barlow (1987)

, Sung Chang (1993)

16. 가

	(%)		()			(%)
0	11.0	0	4.6	141	0.642	80
5	11.0	11	4.5	111	0.833	76
10	13.0	15	4.4	139	0.749	76
15	18.2	42	4.0	147	0.783	77
20	21.9	45	4.2	152	0.588	80
LSD _{0.05}			0.27	8.6	0.0947	2.4

가

, Goldsworthy (1982)

5

DNA

. Rudrapal

Nakamura (1988) 6 가

Basu Pal (1980) , Aschermann- Koch (1992)

, Pandey

(1988) , Penaloza Eira (1993) 가

2,8,

27,28,

3,20

22,26,

26,27,28)

, Basu Pal

(1980) 12

가 , Pandey (1989)

, Dell' Aquila Tritto (1991)

가 , Nath (1991)

가

가 . Alvarado Bradford (1988)

가 가 가

, , Saha Basu (1984)
가 가 , Wilson
McDonald (1986) , Ellis (1990)
. Armstrong McDonald (1992)

,
Goldsworthy (1982) 5 , Nath
(1991) 2 , Aschermann- Koch (1992) 4

Singh (1985)

가 , Huang Zou (1989)
, Nienow (1991) , Armstrong McDonald (1992)

가

가

第 4 節 結 論

가

가

가

가

1.

가

- 50 - 100 MPa

가

가

가

1

가

가

20-35 가 가 . 41 가 . 10-40
(), , , , 가

2.

1-20mm , cm
가
가 , , ,

가 , 가

가 가 가 가

가
가 , 가 . 가
가 .

가

3.

가

가 .

가 . 가

가

가 . ,

가 , ,

가 . ,

.

가

가

가

가 .

가

가

가 .

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1	/
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3

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第 1 節 緒 說

· , · ,
()
(
, OFC) (, 1992; , 1992; 來米, 1986; 熊澤,
1989). 가

가 .

(, 1994; , 1992; Wiles , 1989).

· ,
가 .

가

· ,
가 가 가
가 . 가
, 가
(, 1992; , 1992; , 1994).

가

20- 30%

30%

10%

5

가

가

.1)

가

stress

가

(, 1994; , 1992; 木村, 1994; 本間, 1989; 新田, 1989).

(, ,)

第 2 節 材料 方法

1.

가.

(), (,), (,) 24
cm pot .

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(), (,) (,) 8 17

.

2.

가.

1 : 1 , , 2 : 1
2, 4, 8 ton/10a 24cm .

10cm .

1 : 1 40

3, 9) .

1 : 1

1 cm .

(, 1994; , 1992) 가

. 가

가 가 .

25

65 .

(Rheinbaben, 1979)

.

1 가 8
1m2 plot
4
60 , , 50

Chaney and Marbach

(; , 1989)

(), () ()

10 cm

1)

895 mL 75 mL 30 mL CaCl₂
500 mg pH 2.0, 2.5, 3.0
30 mL

2)

(General Electric) growth chamber 0.2ppm
가 1 8 9 chamber
25 ± 2 C, 70 ± 5%, 230 umol/cm²/s

3) : 가

0- 100%

第 3 節 結果 考察

1.

1 ton/10a 8

2 ton

8 ton

ton

가

4

(2), 가

가

MVP

가

(3, 4, 5, 6).

가

가

4)

1, 3

8 ton

가

가

4 ton

MVP

가

(7)

가

4 ton

4 ton

8 ton

가

8 ton

가

(9-8) 가

가 가 . MVP
가 (9, 10, 11, 12).

9-2, 9-4 8
ton 가 가 4 ton
MVP 가

가 가 가 가 .
13 가
가 가 (14)

2.
15, 16 8 ton
4, 8 ton 1
2 ton 8
ton 1

가 가 .
(17)

가 가 .
(18) 2 ton
8 ton

가
5 T-N 가
가 . 6, 7, 8, 9 , , ,
. 10, 11
NH₄-N NO₃-N
NO₃-N
가 가 200ppm
19
pH가 , ,
. P₂O₅, K₂O, Ca
Ca
. Mg 가
가 ,
가
가
10a 8 ton
10a 3-5ton (, 1992), 가
30-40ton 가
(Mengel & Kirby, 1978),

Table 1. Effect of animal manure application on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.00 gz	28.67 h	12.44 g	2.52 f
CF 20Kg/10a	61.37 a	42.67 cde	92.40 ab	16.30 a
SM 2ton/10a	29.60 g	30.33 gh	40.82 f	7.04 e
SM 4ton/10a	40.80 de	38.67 ef	54.40 ef	8.88 de
SM 8ton/10a	40.00 de	46.33bc	54.04 ef	9.52 de
FM 2ton/10a	43.40 cd	43.33 cde	74.66 bcd	11.64 de
FM 4ton/10a	51.40 b	45.33 cd	94.52 a	15.00 abc
FM 8ton/10a	48.33 bc	50.00 b	100.98 a	15.58 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	42.07 de	39.00 ef	65.04 de	10.92 d
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	48.83 bc	41.00 de	83.32 abcd	15.34 ab
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	48.83 bc	54.67 a	85.38 abc	15.12 abc
CM 2ton/10a	27.33 g	32.67 gh	67.06 cde	11.40 d
CM 4ton/10a	29.97 g	32.67 gh	71.36 cde	11.96 cd
CM 8ton/10a	32.40 fg	34.67 fg	71.38 cde	12.14 bcd
Total	571.33	560.01	967.80	163.36

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 2. Effect of animal manure application on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	26.63 fz	29.00 h	10.40 g	1.70 e
CF 20Kg/10a	61.17 a	40.33 cdef	103.38 c	16.74 c
SM 2ton/10a	27.47 ef	35.67 fg	62.42 f	9.88 d
SM 4ton/10a	34.67 de	37.00 efg	61.12 f	9.52 d
SM 8ton/10a	37.20 cd	43.33 cd	68.56 ef	10.18 d
FM 2ton/10a	38.23 cd	36.33 efg	71.94 ef	11.90 cd
FM 4ton/10a	48.07 b	48.67 b	152.14 b	24.54 b
FM 8ton/10a	51.70 b	53.33 a	196.98 a	34.00 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	34.13 de	40.00 cdef	61.86 f	9.90 d
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	37.47 cd	44.67 bc	76.32 def	12.80 cd
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	40.50 c	48.67 b	89.30 cde	13.26 cd
CM 2ton/10a	29.40 ef	34.00 g	86.18 cdef	13.50 cd
CM 4ton/10a	34.00 de	39.00 def	82.34 def	12.66 cd
CM 8ton/10a	35.27 cd	41.00 cde	98.94 cd	13.96 cd
Total	535.91	571.00	1221.88	194.54

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 3. Effect of animal manure application combined with three kinds of microbial inoculants on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.00 fz	28.67 e	12.44 g	1.70 e
CF 20Kg/10a	61.37 a	42.67 bc	92.40 bcd	16.74 c
SM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	36.90 ef	35.00 d	44.64 f	8.38 d
SM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	36.77 ef	37.33 cd	62.68 ef	10.72 cd
SM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	40.10 def	44.67 ab	49.08 f	8.78 d
FM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	47.27 bcd	46.67 ab	82.26bcde	12.84 abc
FM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	49.90 bc	45.00 ab	112.92 a	16.30 a
FM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	52.17 b	49.00 a	99.82 ab	16.40 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	41.20 def	38.67 cd	77.62 cde	13.34 abc
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	42.83 cde	39.00 cd	73.12 de	13.16 abc
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	46.00 bcd	46.67 ab	96.48 abc	16.20 a
CM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	35.10 ef	33.50 de	69.64 e	11.94 bcd
CM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	37.03 ef	35.33 ef	79.52 bcde	14.44 abc
CM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	34.70 f	37.00 cd	82.74 bcde	14.78 ab
Total	588.34	559.18	1035.36	175.72

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

CCM ; compound of three kinds of commercial microbial inoculants prepared by fermentation

Table 4. Effect of animal manure application combined with three kinds of microbial inoculants on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	26.63 ez	29.00 g	10.40 f	1.70 f
CF 20Kg/10a	61.17 a	40.33 def	103.38 b	16.74 b
SM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	33.13 d	36.33 f	52.38 e	9.34 e
SM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	36.83 cd	37.67 f	61.90 de	8.78 e
SM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	36.00 cd	45.33 c	65.44 de	10.26 de
FM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	39.17 cd	35.67 f	103.44 b	15.82 b
FM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	50.20 b	44.33 cd	105.56 b	15.98 b
FM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	39.83 c	63.00 a	201.26 a	33.2 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	34.80 cd	38.67 ef	80.18 bcd	9.84 de
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	37.87 cd	45.33 c	62.40 de	12.58 bcde
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	40.60 c	50.67 b	99.26 bc	14.80 bc
CM 2ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	34.50 cd	38.00 ef	72.98 cde	10.58 cde
CM 4ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	38.87 cd	40.00 def	78.08 bcde	12.42 bcde
CM 8ton/10a + CCM 200Kg/10a	36.63 cd	42.67 cde	84.58 bcde	14.02 bcd
Total	546.23	587.00	1181.24	186.06

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

CCM ; compound of three kinds of commercial microbial inoculants prepared by fermentation

Table 5. Effect of animal manure application combined with MVP on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.00 efz	28.67 g	12.44 g	2.52 h
CF 20Kg/10a	61.37 a	42.67 bc	92.40bcd	16.30 ab
SM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	27.50 f	27.67 g	44.90 f	7.92 g
SM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	34.80 de	43.00 bc	67.62 cdef	11.96 cdef
SM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	46.07 bc	46.33 b	87.12 bc	13.68 bcd
FM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	45.13 c	41.67 bc	61.06 def	9.70 efg
FM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	48.80 bc	45.67 b	114.32 a	16.50 ab
FM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	52.53 b	46.00 b	114.42 a	19.72 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	32.43 def	36.67 de	51.86 f	9.36 fg
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	43.60 c	39.00 cd	79.96 bcde	14.30 bcd
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	46.37 bc	51.67 a	86.82 bc	14.80 bc
CM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	28.97 ef	30.67 fg	60.02 ef	10.76 defg
CM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	30.80 def	34.00 ef	75.66 bcde	12.66 bcdef
CM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	34.27 def	35.00 def	83.96 bcd	13.48 bcde
Total	559.64	548.69	1032.56	173.66

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

MVP ; commercial microbial inoculants

Table 6. Effect of animal manure application combined with MVP on growth of tomato plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment.	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	26.63 fz	29.00 h	10.40 f	1.70 e
CF 20Kg/10a	61.17 a	40.33 cd	103.38 bc	16.74 b
SM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	27.00 f	33.33 g	56.32 de	6.32 de
SM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	35.80 cde	38.33 def	53.62 de	8.40 cd
SM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	35.70 cde	40.00 cde	43.30 ef	8.42 cd
FM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	41.53 c	43.33 bc	106.00 abc	15.74 b
FM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	52.77 b	55.00 a	108.78 abc	16.68 b
FM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	41.77 c	59.00 a	145.42 a	27.16 a
SM : FM. (2:1) 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	30.03 ef	39.33 cdef	76.34 cde	10.50 bcd
SM : FM. (2:1) 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	38.77 cd	43.00 bc	76.14 cdee	10.70 bcd
SM : FM. (2:1) 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	37.30 cde	46.00 b	79.06 cde	11.56 bcd
CM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	32.87 def	35.00 fg	82.00 cde	11.90 bcd
CM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	35.90 cde	35.67 efg	68.38 cd	13.86 bc
CM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	40.30 cde	39.00 cdef	127.72 ab	16.50 b
Total	537.54	576.32	1154.86	176.18

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

MVP ; commercial microbial inoculants

Table 7. Effect of animal manure application on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot without rain protecton facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.23 bcz	15.00 f	14.84 f	3.08 f
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	43.00 cd	68.36 bc	12.26 bcd
SM 2ton/10a	21.63 cd	17.00 f	41.54 e	7.10 e
SM 4ton/10a	21.33 cd	33.33 e	50.84 de	9.20 de
SM 8ton/10a	21.33 cd	47.00 c	62.90 cd	13.92 b
FM 2ton/10a	21.80 cd	36.00 de	80.68 b	13.04 bc
FM 4ton/10a	27.37 bc	64.00 b	96.11 a	15.22 ab
FM 8ton/10a	32.90 b	59.00 b	108.16 a	15.04 ab
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	22.07 cd	30.83 e	61.54 cd	8.86 e
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a	18.17 d	36.00 de	68.32 bc	10.36 cde
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a	32.20 b	74.33 a	105.86 a	17.30 a
CM 2ton/10a	21.20 cd	13.33 f	53.84 cde	7.36 e
CM 4ton/10a	21.17 cd	14.67 f	68.92 bc	9.00 de
CM 8ton/10a	23.37 cd	14.67 f	68.16 bc	7.70 e
Total	358.17	498.16	950.07	149.44

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 8. Effect of animal manure application on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	17.47 cz	10.67 i	8.52 f	1.02 f
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	51.00 c	71.88 cd	8.66 bcd
SM 2ton/10a	19.07 c	10.67 i	41.16 e	3.18 ef
SM 4ton/10a	18.27 c	43.33 cd	65.18 cd	10.02 bc
SM 8ton/10a	18.83 c	32.00 ef	69.76 cd	11.44 b
FM 2ton/10a	19.03 c	35.33 de	58.08 cde	7.00 cd
FM 4ton/10a	34.97 b	97.33 a	121.34 b	15.30 a
FM 8ton/10a	31.40 b	72.00 b	151.44 a	16.68 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a	21.10 c	21.67 gh	50.34 de	5.32 de
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a	20.33 c	29.67 efg	64.64 cd	8.20 bcd
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a	20.67 c	47.67 c	76.52 c	11.86 b
CM 2ton/10a	18.63 c	14.67 hi	52.30 de	5.30 de
CM 4ton/10a	20.70 c	14.33 hi	58.88 cde	8.38 bcd
CM 8ton/10a	20.77 c	24.33 fg	68.00 cd	8.58 bcd
Total	327.64	504.67	958.04	120.94

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 9. Effect of animal manure application combined with three kinds of microbial inoculants on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.23 cz	15.00 e	14.84 e	3.08 I
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	43.00 b	68.36 cd	12.26 cdef
SM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.60 cd	24.33 de	57.30 d	9.90 efgh
SM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.17 cd	35.67 bc	69.72 cd	10.50 defg
SM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	22.30 cd	42.67 b	69.70 cd	12.88 cde
FM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	25.27 cd	43.67 b	82.66bc	13.28 cd
FM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	25.47 cd	64.33 a	97.22 ab	16.30 ab
FM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	32.23 b	74.00 a	104.86 a	18.78 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	22.07 d	29.67 cd	70.56 cd	10.78 defg
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.57 cd	36.00 bc	80.76 c	11.64 cdefg
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.03 cd	64.00 a	96.18 ab	14.56 bc
CM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.43 cd	15.00 e	54.80 d	7.30 h
CM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.87 cd	14.00 e	60.98 d	9.48 fgh
CM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.10 cd	19.33 e	67.20 cd	8.74 gh
Total	338.74	520.67	995.14	159.48

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

CCM: compound of three kinds of commercial microbial inoculants prepared by fermentation

Table 10. Effect of animal manure application combined with three kinds of microbial inoculants on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	17.47 cz	10.67 h	8.52 d	1.02 f
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	51.00 c	71.88 bc	8.66 cd
SM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	22.23 bc	15.33 gh	58.40 c	7.06 b
SM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	22.47 bc	28.33 def	63.68 c	7.94 b
SM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	21.73 bc	30.33 de	68.32 bc	9.22 b
FM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.83 b	33.00 d	65.08 c	8.04 b
FM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	48.07 a	77.67 a	88.34 b	14.72 a
FM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.53 b	71.00 a	158.46 a	17.58 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	21.70 bc	20.33 fg	61.32 c	7.82 b
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.60 b	48.00 c	62.56 c	9.04 b
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	22.90 bc	59.33 b	69.72 bc	10.76 b
CM 2ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.27 b	12.33 efg	56.88 c	7.50 b
CM 4ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	23.57 b	20.00 fg	63.58 c	7.18 b
CM 8ton/10a + CCM 400Kg/10a	24.90 b	21.67 efg	72.42 bc	9.20 b
Total	366.67	498.99	969.16	125.74

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

CCM ; compound of three kinds of commercial microbial inoculants prepared by fermentation

Table 11. Effect of animal manure application combined with MVP on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	27.23 cdz	15.00 fg	14.84 f	3.08 d
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	43.00 de	68.36 bcd	12.26 a
SM 2ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	20.30 e	18.00 fg	41.78 e	7.08 c
SM 4ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	20.20 e	36.67 e	57.36 cde	10.94 ab
SM 8ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	21.17 e	47.00 d	93.32 a	14.30 a
FM 2ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	20.77 e	49.33 cd	78.72 ab	12.56 a
FM 4ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	29.00 c	70.33 b	83.24 ab	12.48 a
FM 8ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	35.93 b	79.67 a	118.46 de	14.24 a
SM : FM (2:1) 2ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	22.63 de	21.67 f	80.02 ab	7.26 c
SM : FM (2:1) 4ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	21.03 e	45.33 d	79.44 ab	12.90 a
SM : FM (2:1) 8ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	28.70 c	57.33 c	87.38 ab	11.64 a
CM 2ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	18.17 e	12.33 c	50.06 de	7.96 bc
CM 4ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	21.50 e	13.67 fg	57.00 cde	6.68 c
CM 8ton/10a + MVP 400Kg/10a	22.27 de	17.67 fg	75.00 abc	12.72 a
Total	355.30	527.00	984.98	146.10

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

MVP ; commercial microbial inoculants

Table 12. Effect of animal manure application combined with MVP on growth of cucumber plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	Fresh weight (g/plant)	Dry weight (g/plant)
Unfertilized	17.47 dz	10.67 f	8.52 d	1.02 f
CF 20Kg/10a	46.40 a	51.00 b	71.88 bc	8.66 cd
SM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	20.77 cd	15.33 ef	46.44 e	5.62 de
SM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	20.10 d	26.00 cd	47.50 e	6.92 cde
SM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	17.47 d	29.67 cd	53.82 cde	7.36 cde
FM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	19.97 d	31.33 c	70.08 cd	8.74 de
FM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	42.57 a	78.33 a	108.58 b	15.70 b
FM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	29.73 b	77.00 a	158.58 a	20.60 a
SM : FM. (2:1) 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	21.90 cd	17.00 ef	47.46 e	3.80 e
SM : FM. (2:1) 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	18.27 d	31.33 c	51.58 cde	4.88 e
SM : FM. (2:1) 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	20.43 cd	47.67 b	63.28 cde	9.82 c
CM 2ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	19.43 d	13.67 f	49.32 de	7.46 cde
CM 4ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	20.80 cd	23.00 cde	53.14 cde	5.66 de
CM 8ton/10a + MVP 600L/10a	25.40 bc	22.33 de	62.78 cde	9.44 cd
Total	340.71	474.33	892.96	115.68

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

MVP ; commercial microbial inoculants

Table 13. Effect of animal manure application on density of microorganism in soil of pot cultivated with tomato plants

Treatment	Dw. (g)	Bacteria x 10 ⁸	Fungi x 10 ⁴	Actinomy- cetes x 10 ⁵
Cultured without rain protection facilities				
Control	0.959	2.20	0.009	2.20
CF 20Kg/10a	0.972	18.76	5.15	0.29
SM 4ton/10a	0.961	14.03	0.29	1.54
FM 4ton/10a	0.947	30.30	0.95	1.52
SM + FM (2:1) 4ton/10a	0.953	20.01	5.72	2.86
CM 4ton/10a	0.971	12.91	1.26	3.20
Cultured under rain protection facilities				
Control	0.963	4.20	0.58	2.21
CF 20Kg/10a	0.973	9.24	2.53	0.97
SM 4ton/10a	0.969	24.52	1.94	11.24
FM 4ton/10a	0.972	44.71	5.44	11.67
SM + FM (2 : 1) 4ton /10a	0.960	14.02	0.29	1.54
CM 4ton/10a	0.965	38.60	1.54	5.79

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 14. Effect of microbial inoculants application combined with animal manure on density of microorganism in soil of pot cultivated with tomato plants

Treatment	Dw. (g)	Bacteria x 10 ⁸	Fungi x 10 ⁴	Actinomy- cetes x 10 ⁵
Untreated	0.960	14.02	0.29	1.54
CCM	0.960	29.76	2.50	2.88
MVP	0.955	18.15	1.53	7.93

CCM ; compound of three kinds of commercial microbial inoculants prepared by fermentation MVP ; commercial microbial inoculants

Table 15. Effect of animal manure application on growth of tomato plants cultured in field

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	No. of leaf (ea)	Width of 5th leaf (cm)	Length of 5th leaf (cm)
Unfertilized	40.52 dz	54.63 e	13.17 de	18.25 d	22.54 e
CF 20Kg/10a	45.18 cd	72.92 abc	13.83 cde	20.42 bcd	25.92 cde
SM 2ton/10a	46.80 abc	60.92 de	12.33 e	19.25 cd	22.92 de
SM 4ton/10a	45.88 bcd	66.13 cd	14.83 bcd	22.17 bcd	27.61 bcd
SM 8ton/10a	46.12 bcd	74.29 ab	16.58 a	24.42 b	29.08 bc
FM 2ton/10a	40.18 d	60.83 de	12.50 e	17.67 d	22.33 e
FM 4ton/10a	42.20 cd	71.75 bc	13.17 de	19.67 bcd	24.00 de
FM 8ton/10a	44.48 cd	77.67 ab	14.25 bcd	20.00 bcd	26.42 cde
CM 2ton/10a	51.74 ab	75.75 ab	13.75 de	23.50 bc	31.42 b
CM 4ton/10a	47.98 abc	79.88 a	15.83 ab	30.50 a	36.33 a
CM 8ton/10a	52.26 a	77.42 ab	15.42 abc	29.92 a	36.17 a

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 16. Effect of animal manure application on growth of tomato cultured in field

Treatment	Fw. (g/plant)	Diameter (mm)	No. of flower (ea)	No. of fruit (ea)
Unfertilized	128.54 dz	8.73 d	3.00 c	1.75 c
CF 20Kg/10a	232.42 bcd	10.61 cd	4.00 ab	2.33 abc
SM 2ton/10a	157.90 cd	8.86 d	3.00 c	1.92 bc
SM 4ton/10a	273.30 bcd	12.20 bc	3.75 abc	2.56 ab
SM 8ton/10a	361.75 b	12.27 bc	3.92 ab	2.58 ab
FM 2ton/10a	169.64 cd	9.24 d	3.44 bc	2.44 abc
FM 4ton/10a	230.59 bcd	10.58 cd	3.92 ab	2.58 ab
FM 8ton/10a	250.56 bcd	11.03 cd	4.08 ab	2.67 ab
CM 2ton/10a	300.83 bc	11.31 cd	3.50 bc	2.00 bc
CM 4ton/10a	561.46 a	14.77 ab	4.17 ab	2.67 ab
CM 8ton/10a	613.44 a	15.13 a	4.42 a	2.97 a

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 17. Effect of animal manure application on growth of cucumber plants cultured in field

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Height (cm)	No. of leaf (ea)	Width of 3rd leaf (cm)	Length of 3rd leaf (cm)
Unfertilized	29.74 dz	9.58 f	2.92 g	5.54 e	5.29 f
CF 20Kg/10a	32.30 bc	60.17 a	7.67 a	13.92 a	10.33 a
SM 2ton/10a	30.14 d	17.67 ef	4.17 f	8.04 d	6.17 ef
SM 4ton/10a	29.98 d	23.50 e	5.08 def	10.04 bcd	7.33 cde
SM 8ton/10a	29.12 d	27.83 de	5.08 def	10.67 bc	8.00 bcd
FM 2ton/10a	28.48 d	20.08 ef	6.17 bcd	12.08 ab	8.75 abc
FM 4ton/10a	29.20 d	29.00 de	4.83 ef	8.58 cd	6.83 def
FM 8ton/10a	30.60 cd	37.92 cd	5.75 cde	10.08 bcd	7.46 bcde
CM 2ton/10a	33.84 ab	29.33 de	5.33 cde	10.50 bc	7.71 bcde
CM 4ton/10a	33.42 ab	47.00 bc	6.33 bc	12.25 ab	8.83 abc
CM 8ton/10a	34.42 a	53.00 ab	7.17 ab	12.04 ab	9.13 ab

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 18. Effect of animal manure application on growth of radish cultured in field

Treatment	Chlorophyll ($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)	Fw.(g/plant)	Height (cm)	No. of leaf (ea)
Unfertilized	32.04 dz	11.08 e	12.20 f	8.40 cdef
CF 20Kg/10a	32.50 d	15.20 e	14.00 f	7.40 ef
SM 2ton/10a	30.86 d	9.34 e	12.90 f	7.20 ef
SM 4ton/10a	31.84 d	15.30 e	15.96 ef	7.80 def
SM 8ton/10a	30.62 d	36.20 de	23.40 d	9.40 bcde
FM 2ton/10a	31.34 d	7.50 e	14.90 f	6.00 f
FM 4ton/10a	33.06 d	34.96 de	19.00 e	10.60 bcd
FM 8ton/10a	34.22 cd	51.50 cd	24.30 d	10.40 bcd
CM 2ton/10a	38.10 b	65.10 bc	34.20 c	11.60 b
CM 4ton/10a	37.24 bc	86.58 b	38.30 b	11.20 bc
CM 8ton/10a	41.60 a	123.60 a	42.30 a	14.80 a

z Mean separation within column by Duncan's multiple range test, 5% level.

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

Table 19. Effect of animal manure application on components of soil cultured with tomato plants

Treatment	pH	Organic	T- N	P ₂ O ₅	K ₂ O	Ca	Mg
		matter	(%)				
Unfertilized	7.19	1.45	0.007	0.62	0.02	0.03	0.05
CF 20Kg/10a	6.96	0.54	0.011	0.13	0.02	0.01	0.04
SM 2ton/10a	7.14	1.15	0.011	1.50	0.02	0.06	0.05
SM 4ton/10a	7.30	3.10	0.011	1.10	0.04	0.06	0.05
SM 8ton/10a	7.24	3.24	0.016	1.20	0.03	0.05	0.05
FM 2ton/10a	7.38	4.26	0.011	0.40	0.03	0.06	0.04
FM 4ton/10a	7.32	5.02	0.011	1.50	0.04	0.04	0.04
FM 8ton/10a	7.23	5.71	0.022	1.50	0.04	0.05	0.04
CM 2ton/10a	7.10	2.93	0.011	0.70	0.04	0.03	0.04
CM 4ton/10a	7.19	2.22	0.017	1.10	0.04	0.06	0.04
CM 8ton/10a	7.08	2.26	0.017	1.50	0.03	0.07	0.04

CF ; chemical fertilizer, SM ; swine manure, FM ; fowl manure, CM ; cattle manure

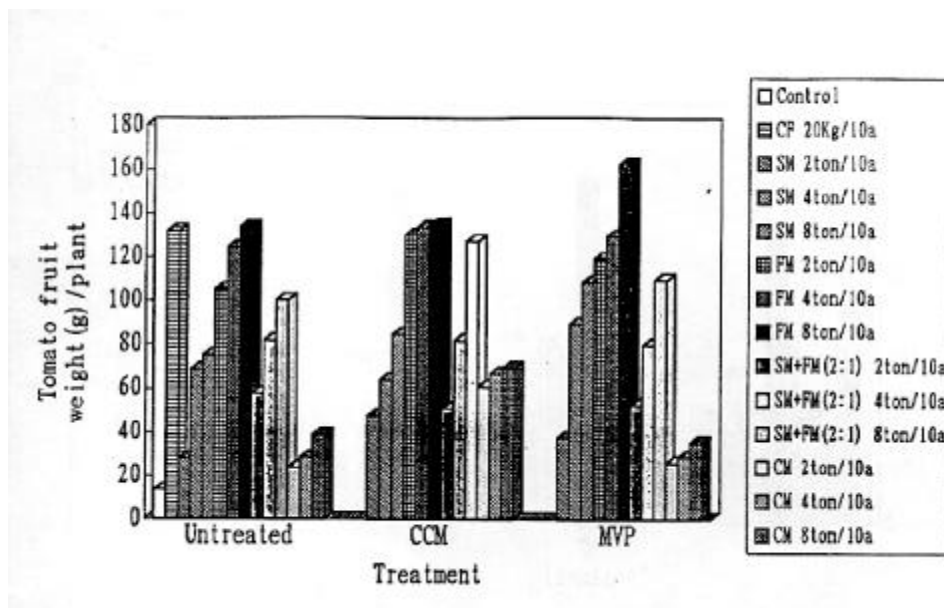


Fig. 1. Effect of animal manure application on fruit weight of tomato plants cultured in pot without rain protection facilities.

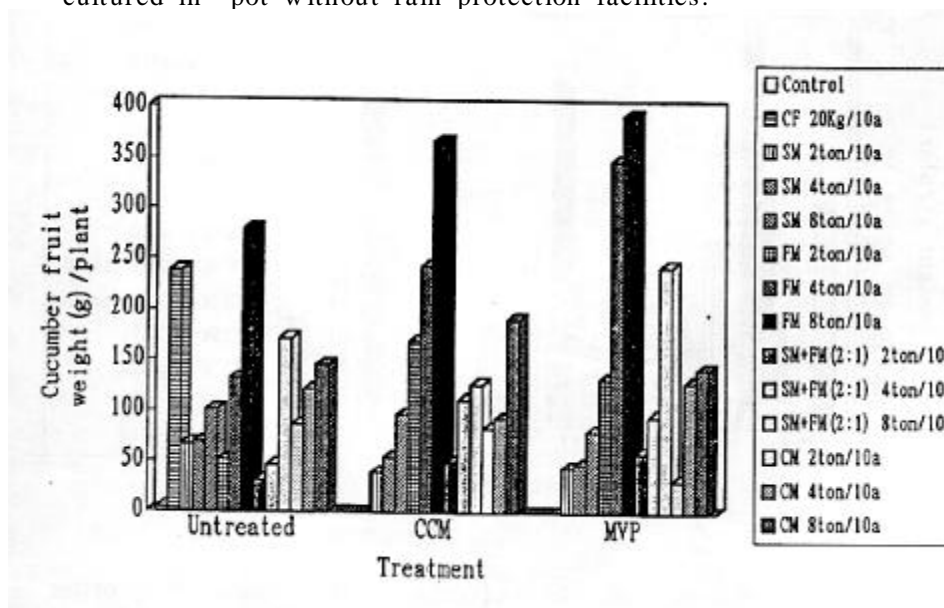


Fig. 2. Effect of animal manure application on fruit weight of cucumber cultured in pot without rain protection facilities.

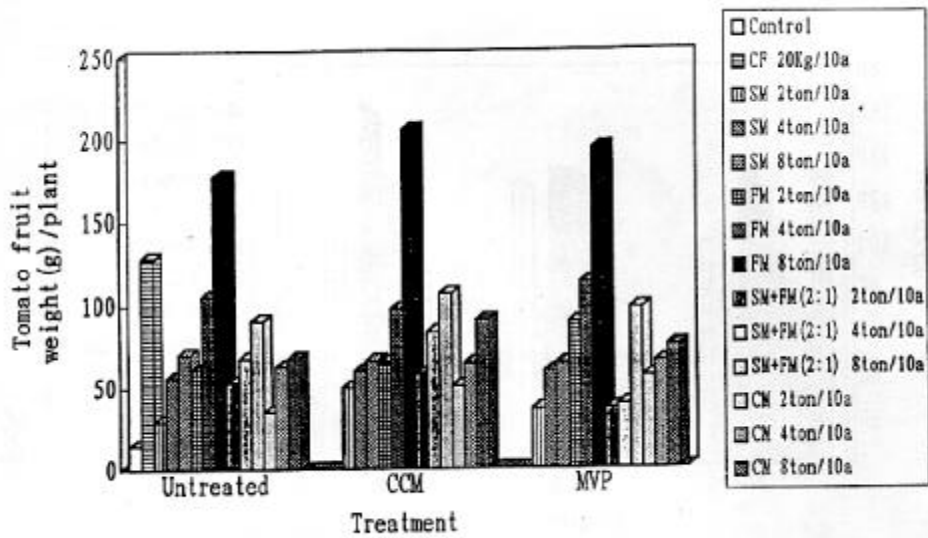


Fig. 3. Effect of animal manure application on fruit weight of tomato plants cultured in pot under rain protection facilities.

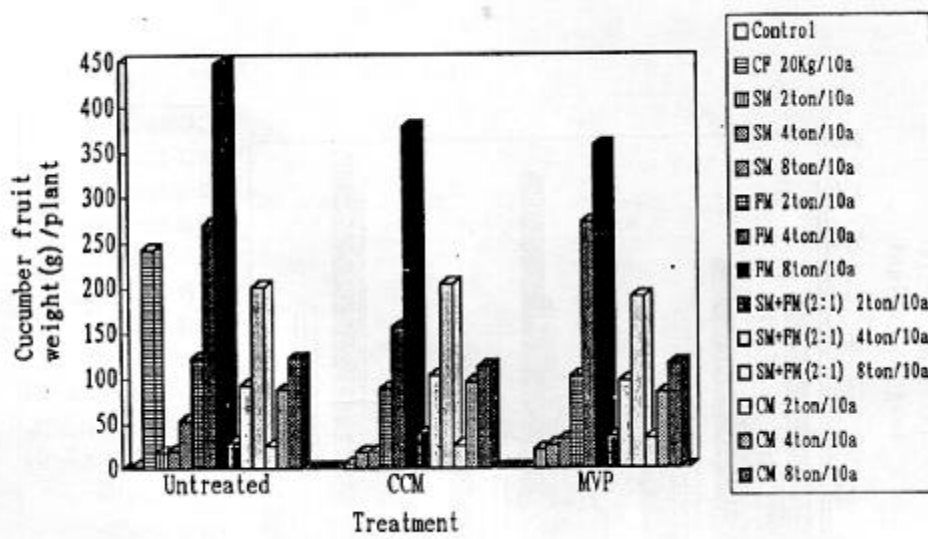


Fig. 4. Effect of animal manure application on fruit weight of cucumber cultured in pot under rain protection facilities

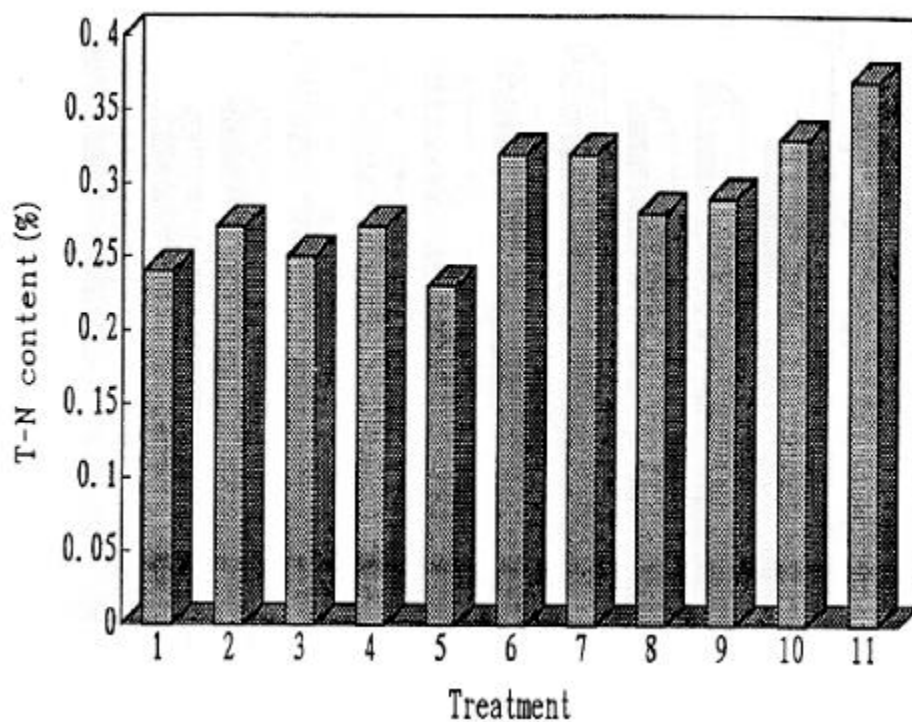


Fig. 5. Effect of animal manure application on change in T-N content of tomato plants.

1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

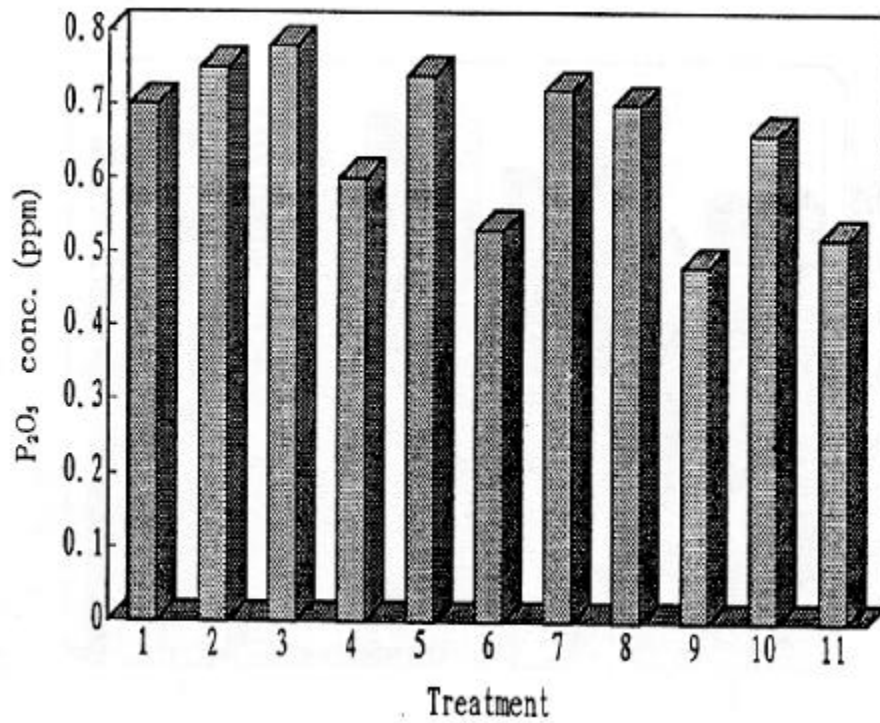


Fig. 6. Effect of animal manure application on P₂O₅ content of tomato plants.

1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

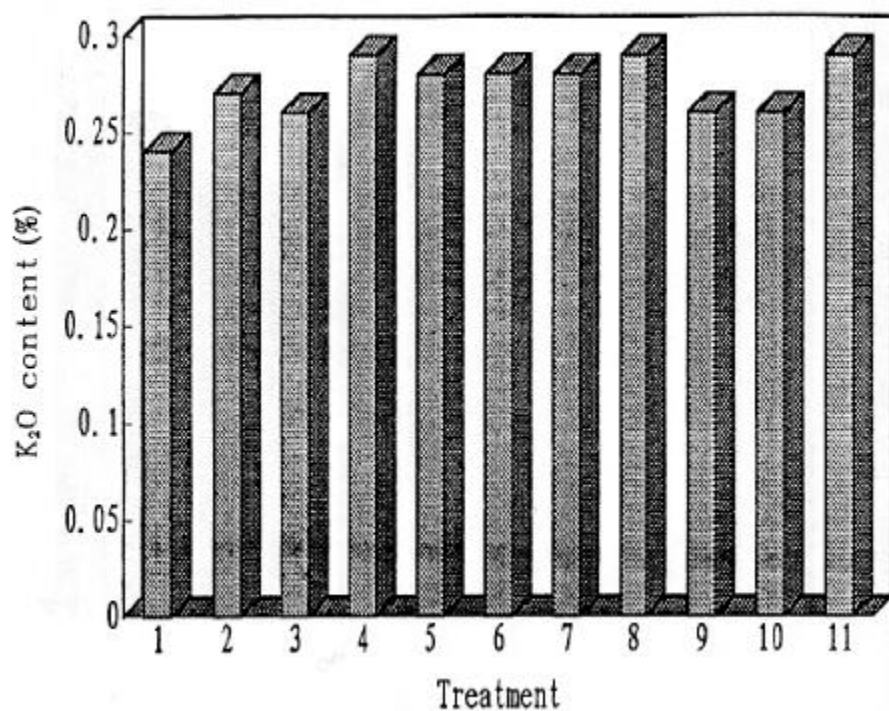


Fig. 7. Effect of animal manure application on K₂O content of tomato plants.

1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

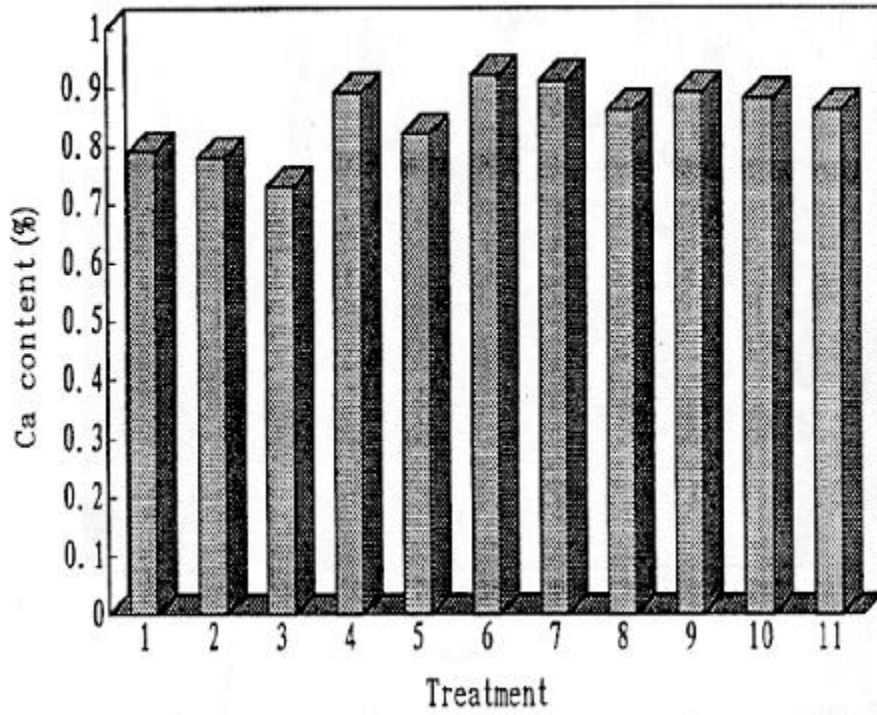


Fig. 8. Effect of animal manure application on Ca content of tomato plants.
 1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

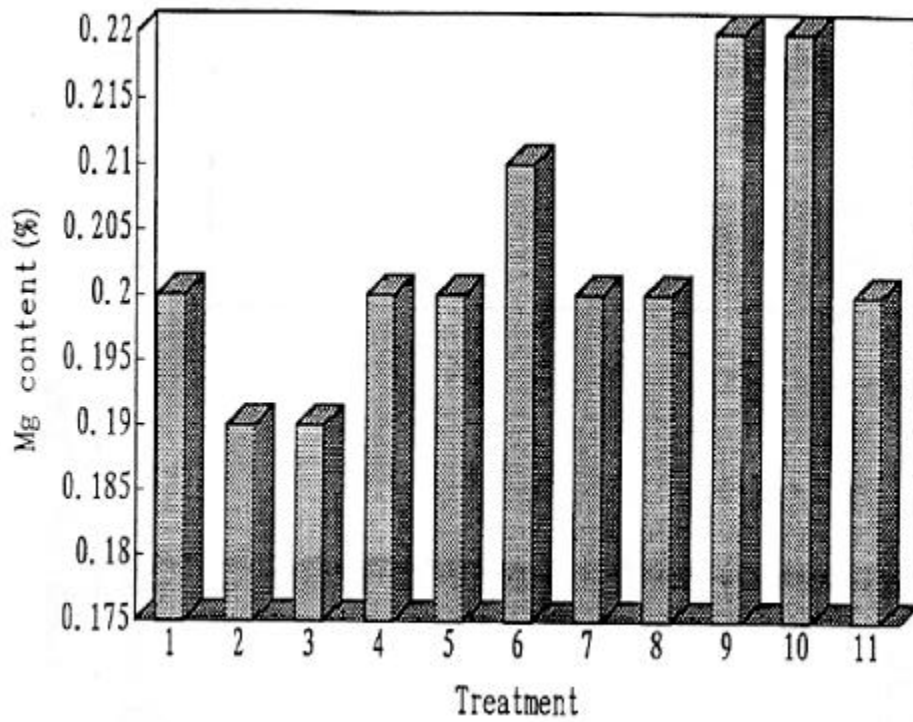


Fig. 9. Effect of animal manure application on Mg content of tomato plants.

1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

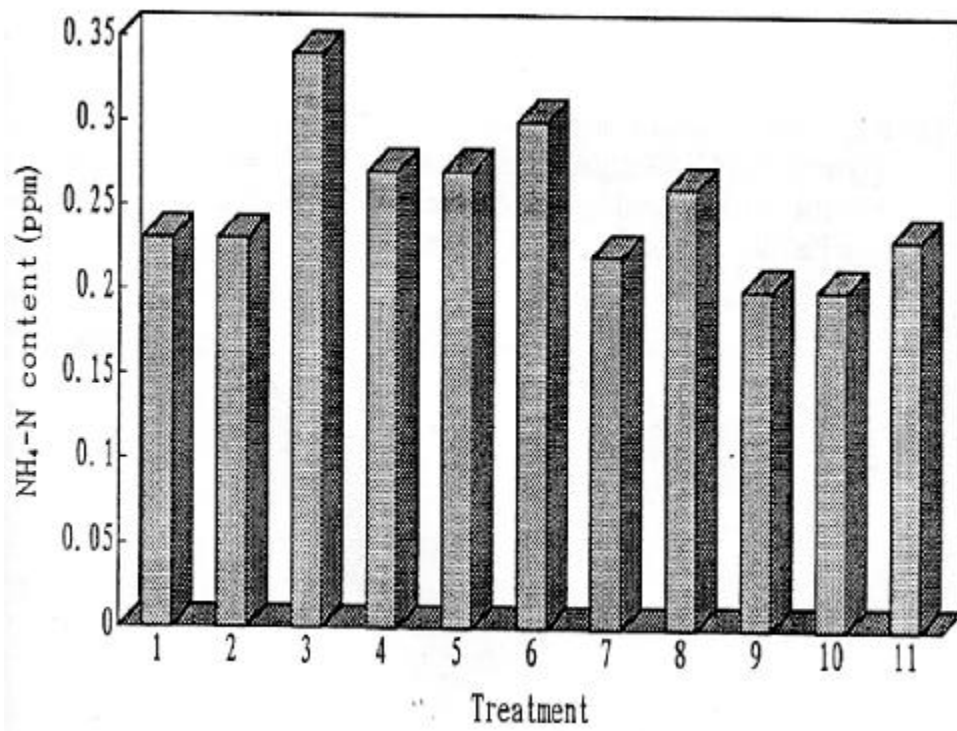


Fig. 10. Effect of animal manure application on NH₄-N content of radish.

1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

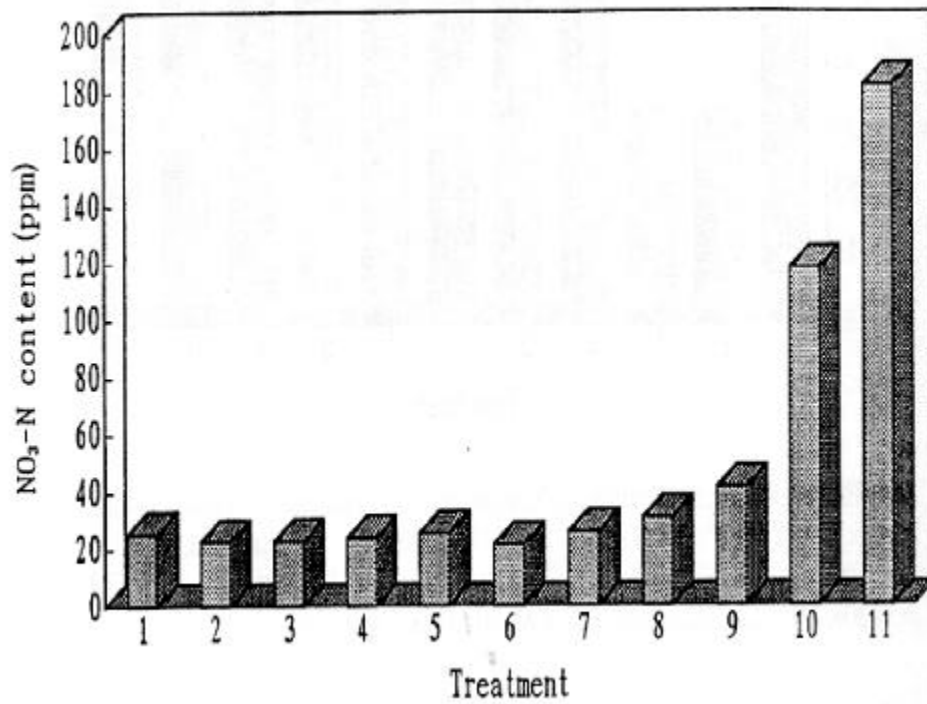


Fig. 11. Effect of animal manure application on NO₃-N content of radish.
 1 ; control, 2 ; CF 20Kg/10a, 3 ; SM 2ton/10a, 4 ; SM 4ton/10a,
 5 ; SM 8ton/10a, 6 ; FM 2ton/10a, 7 ; FM 4ton/10a, 8 ; FM 8ton/10a,
 9 ; CM 2ton/10a, 10 ; CM 4ton/10a, 11 ; CM 8ton/10a

3.

20, 21

pH 2.5 가
가 pH
2.0 가
10 가
가 pH 2.0 4
가

20.

Treatment	Fresh weight(g/plant)		
	pH 6.0	pH 3.0	pH 2.0
Unfertilized	1.42 ± 0.10	1.22 ± 0.12	1.21 ± 0.09
CF	17.88 ± 0.68	19.90 ± 1.83	17.19 ± 1.96
SM 2 ton/10a	12.66 ± 0.43	11.38 ± 0.72	11.01 ± 0.44
SM 4 ton/10a	11.76 ± 0.39	13.80 ± 0.31	11.36 ± 0.48
SM 8 ton/10a	13.12 ± 0.52	11.75 ± 0.88	12.65 ± 0.84

* 10

*CF: Chemical fertilizer, (9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a

21.

Treatment	Fresh weight(g/plant)		
	pH 6.0	pH 3.0	pH 2.0
Unfertilized	2.30 ± 0.13	2.24 ± 0.12	2.32 ± 0.15
CF	10.84 ± 0.71	10.32 ± 0.54	9.67 ± 0.63
SM 2 ton/10a	8.20 ± 0.80	7.65 ± 0.49	6.82 ± 0.34
SM 4 ton/10a	7.73 ± 0.34	7.68 ± 0.49	6.49 ± 0.62
SM 8 ton/10a	8.82 ± 0.31	8.10 ± 0.31	7.29 ± 0.55

* 4

*CF: Chemical fertilizer, (9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a, SM: Swine manure

pH 3.0 가
 pH 2.0 30% 가 (22).
 pH 2.0 30% 가
 20% (23).

22.

Treatment	Fresh weight(g/plant)		
	pH 6.0	pH 3.0	pH 2.0
Unfertilized	0.79 ± 0.08	0.63 ± 0.05	0.66 ± 0.62
CF	5.91 ± 0.44	4.67 ± 0.47	3.87 ± 0.24
SM 2 ton/10a	4.01 ± 0.18	3.68 ± 0.27	3.49 ± 0.25
SM 4 ton/10a	5.48 ± 0.66	4.29 ± 0.28	3.28 ± 0.15
SM 8 ton/10a	5.91 ± 0.44	4.89 ± 0.28	3.93 ± 0.22

* 4, *CF : Chemical fertilizer, (9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure

23.

Treatment	Chlorophyll content($\mu\text{g}/\text{cm}^2$)		
	pH 6.0	pH 3.0	pH 2.0
Unfertilized	23.17 ± 1.57	21.83 ± 3.45	16.60 ± 1.56
CF	45.47 ± 2.97	40.87 ± 1.17	33.97 ± 1.18
SM 2 ton/10a	38.53 ± 0.56	34.73 ± 0.88	31.90 ± 2.87
SM 4 ton/10a	36.17 ± 0.19	32.77 ± 1.37	32.90 ± 1.14
SM 8 ton/10a	33.27 ± 0.36	32.60 ± 0.85	28.30 ± 1.33

* 4

*CF: Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80Kg/10a, SM: Swine manure

24

pH 2.5 2.0

MVP

chitomate 가

가

< 9- 7> MVP, chitomate 가

Treatment	Injury rate(%)			
	Control	MVP	Chitomate	MVP+Chitomate
Unfertilized	28 ± 4.38	28 ± 4.38	40 ± 5.66	36 ± 3.58
CF	68 ± 4.38	56 ± 6.69	44 ± 3.58	48 ± 4.38
SM 2 ton/10a	40 ± 5.66	32 ± 7.16	28 ± 4.38	56 ± 6.69
SM 4 ton/10a	48 ± 4.38	32 ± 4.38	36 ± 3.58	28 ± 4.38
SM 8 ton/10a	40 ± 5.66	40 ± 8.00	36 ± 3.58	60 ± 5.66

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5

*CF : Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure

가 가

(25), MVP chitomate .

25. MVP, chitomate 가

Treatment	Injury rate(%)			
	Control	MVP	Chitomate	MVP+Chitomate
Unfertilized	20 ± 5.66	32 ± 4.38	32 ± 4.38	32 ± 4.38
CF	40 ± 5.66	60 ± 5.66	48 ± 4.38	52 ± 4.38
SM 2 ton/10a	44 ± 3.58	44 ± 6.69	52 ± 4.38	56 ± 6.69
SM 4 ton/10a	68 ± 4.38	44 ± 3.58	36 ± 3.58	60 ± 5.66
SM 8 ton/10a	40 ± 0.00	56 ± 3.58	56 ± 3.58	60 ± 5.66

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5

*CF : Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure

26. MVP, Chitomate 가

Treatment	Untreated-control	Fresh weight(g/plant)			
		Control	MVP	Chitomate	MVP+Chitomate
Unfertilized	2.18 ± 0.32	1.30 ± 0.06	3.78 ± 0.43	3.64 ± 0.52	1.66 ± 0.19
CF	12.80 ± 1.42	7.92 ± 0.57	10.58 ± 0.45	9.38 ± 1.34	7.82 ± 1.23
SM 2 ton/10a	7.20 ± 0.86	7.28 ± 0.64	7.80 ± 1.16	6.62 ± 0.57	6.48 ± 0.23
SM 4 ton/10a	6.98 ± 0.93	6.34 ± 0.43	7.00 ± 0.61	7.60 ± 0.69	7.44 ± 0.94
SM 8 ton/10a	9.68 ± 1.15	6.28 ± 0.55	6.84 ± 0.54	6.60 ± 0.61	5.82 ± 0.51

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5

*CF : Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure

*MVP 1000 , Chitomate 100 50 mL 1

26

, MVP chitomate

MVP chitomate

가 (27).

28. MVP, Chitomate 가

Treatment	Untreated-control	Fresh weight(g/plant)			
		Control	MVP	Chitomate	MVP+Chitomate
Unfertilized	1.52 ± 0.13	1.36 ± 0.10	4.60 ± 0.24	1.76 ± 0.13	2.90 ± 0.46
CF	13.76 ± 0.49	14.34 ± 0.76	17.38 ± 1.06	18.16 ± 0.40	14.34 ± 0.92
SM 2 ton/10a	10.18 ± 0.39	9.16 ± 0.71	9.68 ± 0.47	8.60 ± 0.36	9.58 ± 0.36
SM 4 ton/10a	9.92 ± 0.75	11.50 ± 0.40	11.36 ± 0.47	10.06 ± 0.42	10.54 ± 0.59
SM 8 ton/10a	10.66 ± 0.77	11.78 ± 0.89	8.98 ± 1.21	10.64 ± 1.49	11.60 ± 0.83

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5
 *CF : Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure
 *MVP 1000 , Chitomate 100 50 mL 1

29. MVP, Chitomate 가

Treatment	Untreated-control	Chlorophyll content(μ g/cm ²)			
		Control	MVP	Chitomate	MVP+Chitomate
Unfertilized	28.20 ± 0.34	28.03 ± 0.30	28.10 ± 1.94	26.73 ± 1.09	28.20 ± 1.59
CF	31.57 ± 0.47	30.10 ± 2.74	29.53 ± 0.56	28.90 ± 0.49	29.13 ± 2.09
SM 2 ton/10a	30.70 ± 0.34	28.00 ± 0.49	25.90 ± 0.79	27.43 ± 0.97	28.10 ± 1.03
SM 4 ton/10a	31.90 ± 0.63	26.57 ± 1.60	24.80 ± 1.96	23.67 ± 1.40	28.63 ± 0.79
SM 8 ton/10a	31.53 ± 1.30	28.30 ± 0.41	25.07 ± 1.62	26.43 ± 1.39	25.00 ± 0.29

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5
 *CF : Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a, SM : Swine manure
 *MVP 1000 , Chitomate 100 50 mL 1

MVP chitomate

가

(30).

30. MVP Chitomate 가

Treatment(dilution time)		Injury rate(%)
Control		52 ± 4.38
MVP	1000	32 ± 4.38
	500	32 ± 4.38
	250	44 ± 3.58
Chitomate	200	28 ± 4.38
	100	28 ± 4.38
	50	44 ± 3.58

*pH 2.5 3 3 pH 2.0 5

* 8 ton/10a

(9- 14)

가

31.

Treatment	Injury rate(%)			
	1'st leaf	2'nd leaf	3'rd leaf	4'th leaf
Unfertilized	28	44	48	70
CF	12	12	16	36
SM 2 ton/10a	0	0	16	44
SM 4 ton/10a	8	16	40	60
SM 8 ton/10a	0	12	16	60

* , 27 ± 2C 0.4 ppm 8

*CF: Chemical fertilizer(9- 14- 12) 80 Kg/10a, SM: Swine manure

32 MVP chitomate 가
 . 0.2 ppm 9 MVP
 가 chitomate 500, 1000
 (33).

32. MVP Chitomate 가

T r e a t m e n t (dilution time)	Stem length(cm)	Leaf number(ea)	Fresh weight(g/plant)	Chlorophyll content(μ g/cm)
Control	11.30 ± 0.52	5.80 ± 0.18	2.75 ± 0.14	29.17 ± 0.24
MVP 125	13.80 ± 0.70	6.00 ± 0.28	3.34 ± 0.22	30.40 ± 1.95
250	13.20 ± 1.22	5.60 ± 0.22	3.30 ± 0.66	29.07 ± 1.09
500	13.30 ± 0.36	6.00 ± 0.28	3.18 ± 0.21	31.27 ± 1.22
1000	14.10 ± 0.26	6.00 ± 0.00	3.82 ± 0.27	28.47 ± 1.31
Chitomate 50	12.90 ± 0.55	5.80 ± 0.33	3.48 ± 0.35	30.00 ± 2.09
100	15.40 ± 1.18	5.60 ± 0.22	3.28 ± 0.38	29.73 ± 0.29
250	14.80 ± 1.37	6.20 ± 0.18	3.18 ± 0.25	31.97 ± 0.91
500	14.10 ± 1.29	5.90 ± 0.22	3.72 ± 0.70	32.50 ± 0.65
1000	14.60 ± 1.13	6.60 ± 0.22	3.68 ± 0.13	31.37 ± 0.29
Chitomate 500 + MVP 1000	13.80 ± 0.36	6.00 ± 0.00	3.25 ± 0.12	30.77 ± 0.41

MVP

chitomate

가

가

chitomate

33. MVP Chitomate 가

Treatment (dilution time)	Injury rate(%)				
	1'st leaf	2'nd leaf	3'rd leaf	4'th leaf	5'th leaf
Control	24 ± 3.58	44 ± 3.58	24 ± 6.69	12 ± 7.16	28 ± 12.13
MVP 125	16 ± 6.69	52 ± 4.38	60 ± 8.00	68 ± 8.13	84 ± 14.31
250	12 ± 4.38	44 ± 6.69	68 ± 7.16	72 ± 9.73	76 ± 13.15
500	4 ± 3.58	24 ± 6.69	32 ± 9.13	56 ± 8.76	64 ± 15.38
1000	20 ± 5.66	28 ± 9.73	32 ± 8.13	24 ± 8.76	40 ± 10.79
Chitomate 50	16 ± 3.58	32 ± 9.12	24 ± 8.76	24 ± 9.15	52 ± 19.27
100	4 ± 3.58	28 ± 4.38	32 ± 9.12	16 ± 9.31	36 ± 17.34
250	8 ± 7.16	36 ± 6.69	28 ± 7.16	20 ± 8.00	52 ± 20.08
500	0 ± 0.00	20 ± 5.66	0 ± 0.00	28 ± 9.59	52 ± 20.08
1000	4 ± 3.58	12 ± 7.16	12 ± 7.16	12 ± 7.16	24 ± 17.34
MVP 1000 + Chitomate 500	4 ± 3.58	40 ± 0.00	48 ± 9.13	56 ± 6.69	52 ± 12.13

* , 27 ± 2C 0.2ppm 9

* 8 ton/10a

第 4 節 結 論

pot 2, 4, 8 ton/10a

MVP chitomate

가

8 ton

4 ton

가 가

MVP 가

가 가 MVP

가

Plot 4, 8ton/10a

pH 6.96

T - N, P₂O₅, K₂O, Ca, Mg

Pot 8 ton/10a 가

MVP

8 ton/10a 가 가

가

plot

가

Plot

T - N

P₂O₅

,

2ton/10a

. K₂O, Ca

Plot

NH₄- N

NO₃- N

MVP

chitamate

,

가

, chitamate

MVP

가

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4

Biomass

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:
:
:
:

第 1 節 緒 說

化學肥料 病蟲害 生產材 大
量投入 連作 生
產力 가 가 過剩生產 가 生
損益分歧點 土壤流失
污染 가 土壤流失
雜草問題, 土壤流
失, 環境污染, 經濟的 負擔 가
資源 枯渴 環境污染
持續農業體系

作付體系 安定的 食糧 供給
環境 生態界 保存 環境農業
가 가
窒素 가
窒素施肥
效率的
가

窒素 經濟性

가

가

窒素利用 效率

吸收力 吸收 窒素 利用效率

(Smith, 1934; Stringfield Salter, 1934).

吸收, 轉流, 同化

窒素再分配

可用窒素量

Dw

, N 窒素效率 Dw/N (Moll , 1982).

吸收效率 ,

利用效率 .

Nt/Ns , Ns Dw/Nt .

가

가

(Anderson

, 1985; Muruli Paulsen, 1981). Moll (1982)

가 ,

(Zweifel , 1987).

가 ,

가

가

(Park Mok, 1975)

가가 ,

(Park

Mok, 1975)).

30~40% ,

가

60~65%

禾穀類 가 出穂前 (Austin , 1977; Fawcett, 1980; Murata Matsushima, 1975). Canvin(1976) 收穫室 素指數 , Austin (1977) (Nitrogen Harvest Index) . 根界 窒素配分

(Fawcett, 1980; Mcneal , 1966).

(Beech Norman, 1968; Cox

Frey, 1978; Halloran, 1981; Wiggans Frey, 1956), 57~75%(, 1987), 57~86%(Desai Bhatia, 1978), *A. sterilis* L. 25~51%, 42~67% (Fawcett Frey, 1983).

窒素收穫指數 利用效率 가 , 가 (Fawcett Frey, 1983; Cox Frey, 1978; Stringfield Salter, 1934; Welch Yong, 1980). Fawcett Frey(1983) 가

가

轉流效率

(Fawcett Frey, 1983; Welch Yong, 1980), 灌溉

(Spratt Gasser, 1970).

, 藁重

(Rattunde Frey, 1986).

가 生産材 投入 最小化 持續的 作物 生産力 維持 , 環境汚染 最小化 가 北方型 牧草 導入 作付體系下 乾物生産 量 , 窒素肥

料 利用效率

經濟性 分析

第 2 節 材料 方法

1. Biomass 生産性 検定

1995 年 5 月 30 日、作物
1995 年 9 月 8 日、2.5kg/10a、
2kg/10a、20cm、種子
鎮壓、N-P-K =
30-30-40 kg/10a、50%、9
50%、
3 配置、

2. 窒素利用率 經濟性

1994 年 8 月 27 日、
0, 10, 20, 30 kg/10a、4、50%、
30gk/10、40kg/10a、基肥、50%、1
3、
統計分析 PC SAS

3. Biomass 生産性 検定

1995 年 9 月 12 日、
20 cm、10a、10kg、3
kg、
10a、0, 5, 10, 20, 40kg、5

50%, 30kg/10a 40kg/10a , 50%

1 . 3 m x 3 m

15 , 3 .

1kg ,

(model : Minolta SPAD 502) .

1 10 19 11 2 11 19 2 , 2

10 26 11 9 , 3 11 2 11 16

PC SAS

4.

19 1996 5 8 .

60 cm x 25 cm 3 4 , 2 3

10a 6,700 가 . - - =

18- 15- 15 kg/10a , 1/2 ,

1/2 6 7 .

3 .

1996 9 2 2 .

1kg 5

90oC . PC

SAS .

第 3 節 結果 考察

1. Biomass

가.

1 19 收穫期
250cm, 218cm, 97cm ,
10.5

Table 1. Agronomic characteristics of silage corn at harvesting time.

Plant height (cm)	Culm length (cm)	Ear height (cm)	No. of leaves
250	218	97	10.5

1

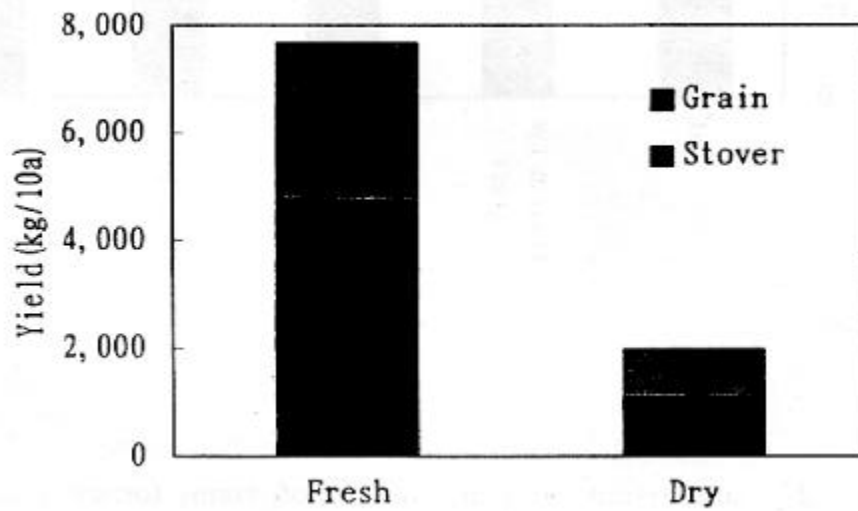


Fig. 1. Yield on fresh and dry matter weight of silage corn 1995.

莖葉 10a 7,669kg ,
 38%, 62% 10a 1,984kg
 46%, 54% 生産

成熟 가

2

草長 가

10a

3

가 가

中部地方

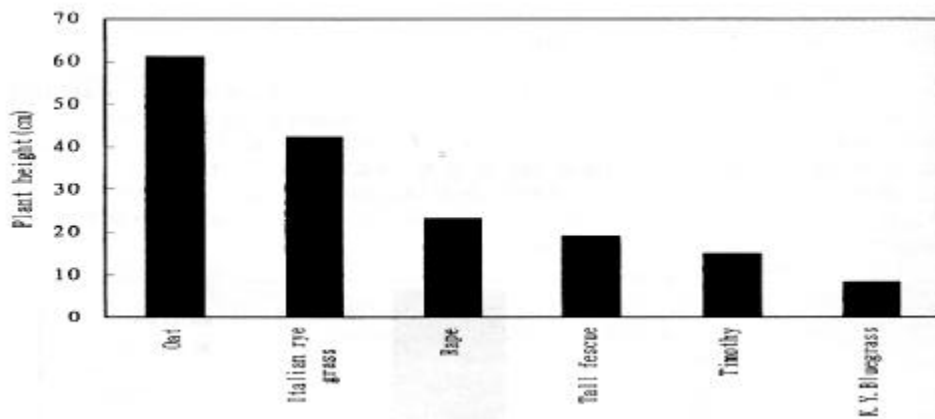


Fig. 2. Comparison on plant height of some forage crops cultivated at 3 months after seeding in Cheongju area.

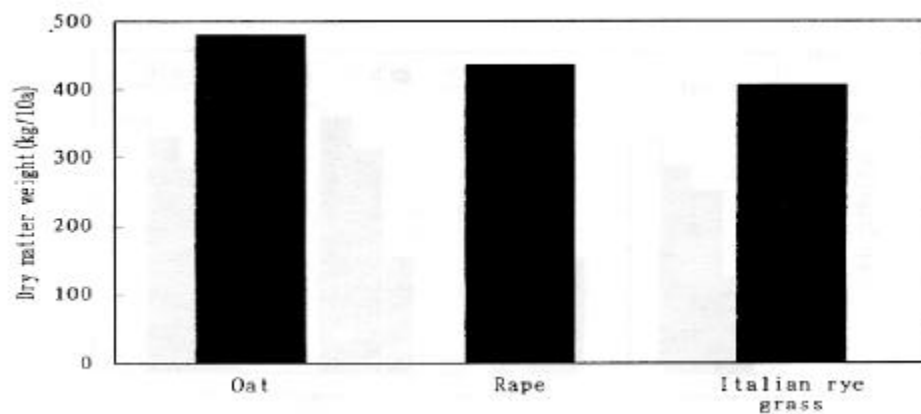


Fig. 3. Dry matter wight of 3 forage crops harvested at 3 months after seeding in Cheongju area.

2. 窒素 利用率 窒素 經濟性 比較

가. ,

4

變化

. 11 20 가 가

가 ,

直線的 가 . 同一

11 10 가

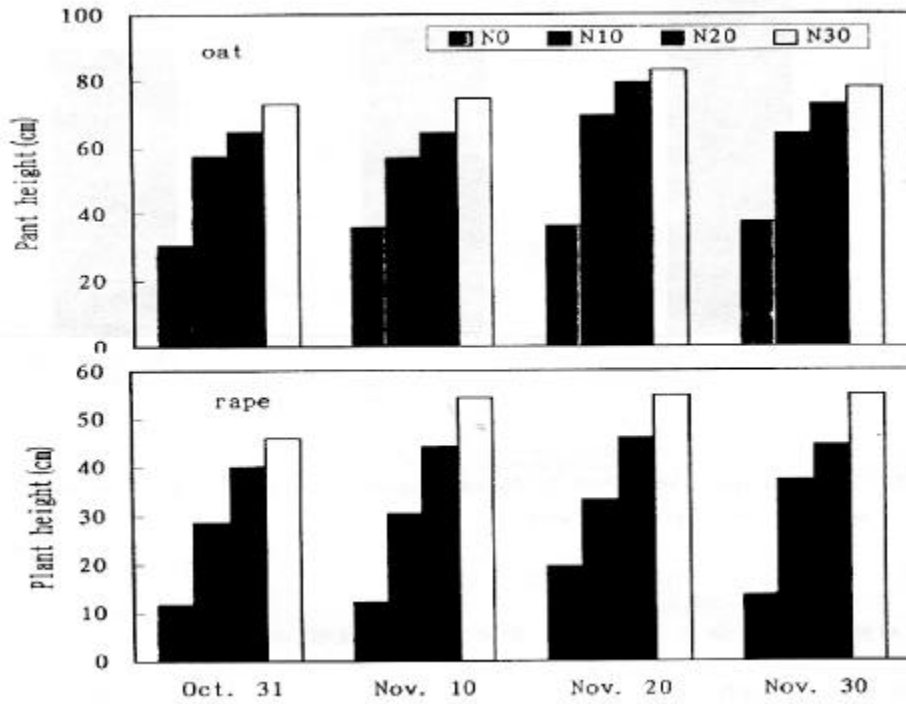


Fig 4. Plant height of oat and rape cultivated under different N levels.

5 , , 混合 ,刈取
 時期別 11 20 가 , 30kg 가 6,241kg,
 20kg 가 5,313kg, 10kg 3,964kg . , -

6
 11 30 가
 20kg 30kg 가 顯著 增加

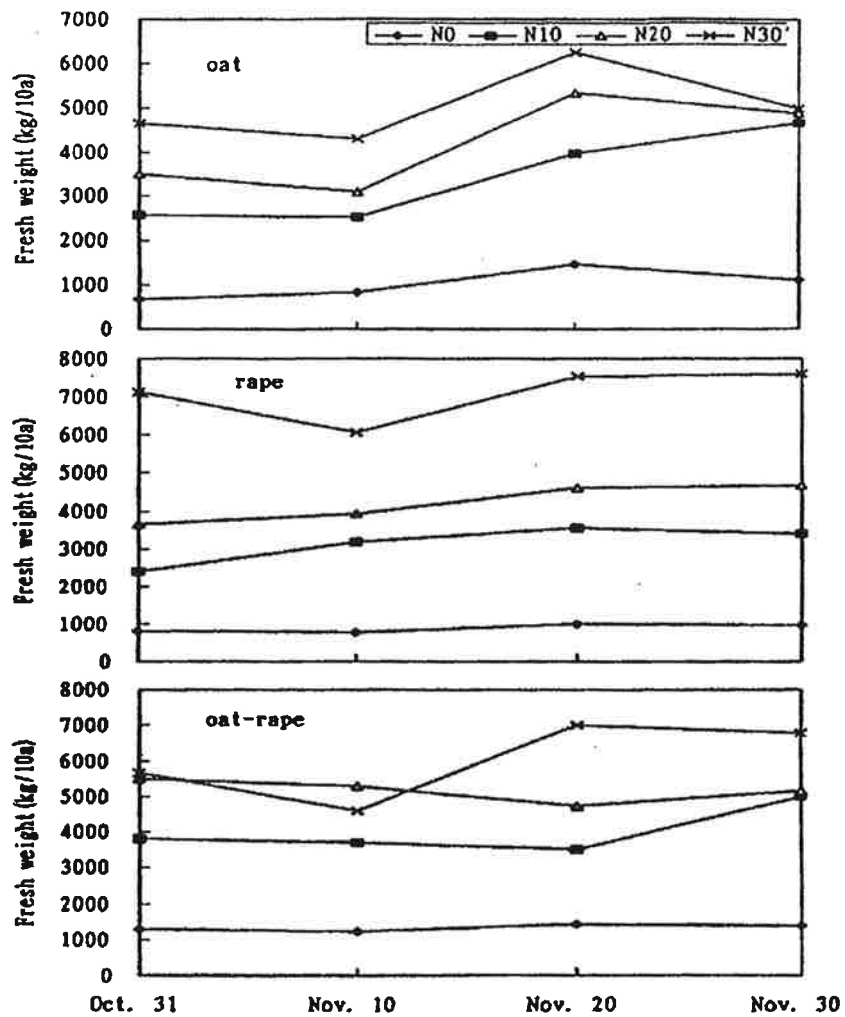


Fig. 5. Fresh weight of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

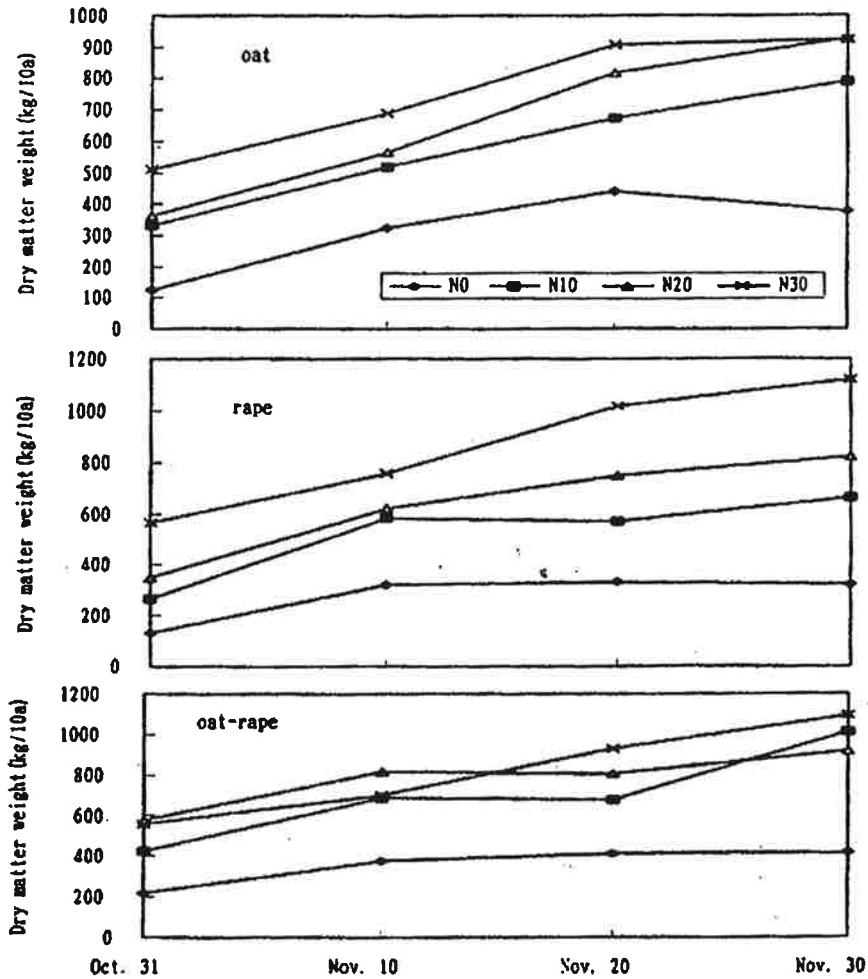


Fig. 6. Dry matter weight of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

7

水分
比率 , 가
가 가
가 11 30
2 . 10a 가 3,894kg,
가 4,157kg, 4,579kg 有意
가 가

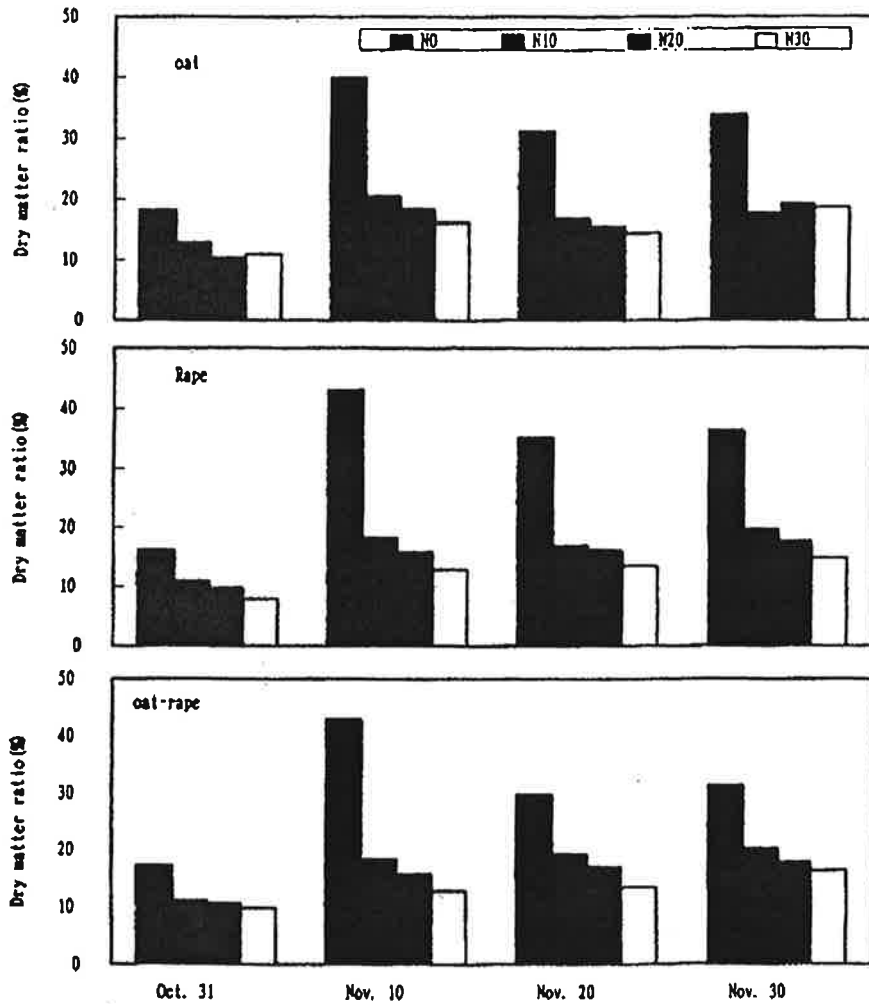


Fig. 7. Dry matter ratio of oat rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

Table 2. Yield of the forage crops cultivated with single(oat, rape) and mixed(oat-rape) cropping at 3 months after seeding as affected by N fertilization

Crop	N rate (kg/10a)	Fresh wt. (kg/10a)	Dry wt. (kg/10a)	Dry matter ratio(%)
Oat	0	1,120	377	33.8
	10	4,631	791	17.7
	20	4,848	927	19.2
	30	4,976	924	18.6
	Mean	3,894	755	22.3
Rape	0	972	321	36.3
	10	3,384	662	19.6
	20	4,672	821	17.8
	30	7,601	1,119	14.9
	Mean	4,157	731	22.1
Oat- Rape	0	1,373	419	31.4
	10	4,991	1,024	20.3
	20	5,168	920	17.8
	30	6,785	1,096	16.5
	Mean	4,579	863	
F value	Crop(C)	1.59ns	3.48ns	0.28ns
	Nitrogen(N)	49.5**	44.4**	73.8**
	C x N	2.38ns	2.38ns	1.44ns

*,** significant at $P < 0.05$, $P < 0.01$, respectively ; ns= $P > 0.10$.

無機成分 含量 吸收量

3	單作		混作		3
	가	가	가	가	
平均值					
가	2.05%	(-)	2.35%	가	,
1%					
相互關係					
가	0.63%	0.33%	2	,	0.58%
高度 有意性					
相互作用					
6 8					
含量 增加					
가	2	,			
가		가	統計的		
1%					
5%					
1%					
가	2가				
4					
3					

算出

가

10a

18.7Kg

16.6Kg

-

17.8Kg

10a

20Kg

가

減少

10a

30Kg

가

作物 窒素

가

1%

가 10a

4.8Kg

2.6Kg

,

-

5.0Kg

가

栽培方法

5 9

가

!%

가 10a

9.3Kg

10a

4.7Kg

2

가

가

,

10a

20Kg

가

減少

1% 水準

5% 가 . 同一 2

가 10aekd

增加

窒素吸收 效率

8,9,10 11 가 60 90

10 公式

$$(\%) = \frac{(\text{N}) - (\text{N})}{(\text{N})} \times 100$$

算出

가

調査時期

10a 10Kg

가

80 (11 20)

傾向

60% 95%

가

가

45%

95

Table 3. Mineral content of forage crops cultivated with single(oat, rape) and mixed(oat-rape) cropping at 3 months after seeding as affected by N fertilization

Crop	N rate (kg/10a)	Concentration(%)				
		N	P	K	Ca	Mg
Oat	0	1.10	0.56	2.57	0.58	0.11
	10	1.87	0.69	3.81	0.61	0.09
	20	2.63	0.66	4.43	0.66	0.10
	30	2.58	0.60	4.67	0.62	0.11
	Mean	2.05	0.63	3.87	0.62	0.11
Rape	0	1.71	0.26	1.74	1.64	0.19
	10	2.17	0.35	2.78	1.27	0.14
	20	2.35	0.36	3.05	1.26	0.14
	30	3.17	0.36	3.12	1.21	0.13
	Mean.	2.35	0.33	2.67	1.34	0.15
Oat- Rape	0	1.36	0.56	2.50	0.85	0.13
	10	2.06	0.61	3.55	0.84	0.10
	20	1.88	0.65	3.67	0.69	0.10
	30	2.51	0.51	4.21	0.84	0.11
	Mean .	1.95	0.58	3.48	0.81	0.11
F value	Crop(C)	1.88ns	68.0**	23.0**	131.8**	46.9**
	Nitrogen(N)	10.4**	4.23**	26.5**	3.20*	14.2**
	C x N	0.78ns	1.02ns	0.61ns	3.73**	3.62*

*,** significant at $P < 0.05$, $P < 0.01$, respectively ; ns= $P > 0.10$

Table 4. Nutrition accumulation per 10a of forage crops cultivated with single(oat,

rape) and mixed(oat-rape) cropping at 3 months after seeding as affected by N fertilization.

Crop	N rate (kg/10a)	Nutrition uptake(kg/10a)				
		N	P	K	Ca	Mg
Oat	0	4.1	2.1	9.7	2.2	0.42
	10	14.7	5.5	30.5	4.8	0.74
	20	23.9	6.0	41.1	6.2	0.96
	30	23.8	5.6	43.1	5.7	1.03
	Mean	16.6	4.8	31.1	4.7	0.79
Rape	0	5.4	0.8	5.7	5.2	0.60
	10	14.3	2.3	18.3	8.4	0.91
	20	19.2	3.0	25.6	10.3	1.12
	30	35.9	4.1	35.2	13.5	1.42
	Mean.	18.7	2.6	21.2	9.3	1.01
Oat- Rape	0	5.7	2.4	10.5	3.5	0.52
	10	20.8	6.1	34.9	8.3	0.96
	20	16.7	5.9	33.9	6.2	0.87
	30	28.0	5.6	46.7	9.2	1.18
	Mean .	17.8	5.0	31.5	6.8	0.88
F value						
	Crop(C)	0.40ns	40.8**	7.60**	43.9**	5.27*
	Nitrogen(N)	27.7**	41.3**	33.3**	36.4**	26.2**
	C x N	1.88ns	2.19ns	0.73ns	3.92*	0.87ns

*,** significant at $P < 0.05$, $P < 0.01$, respectively ; ns= $P > 0.10$

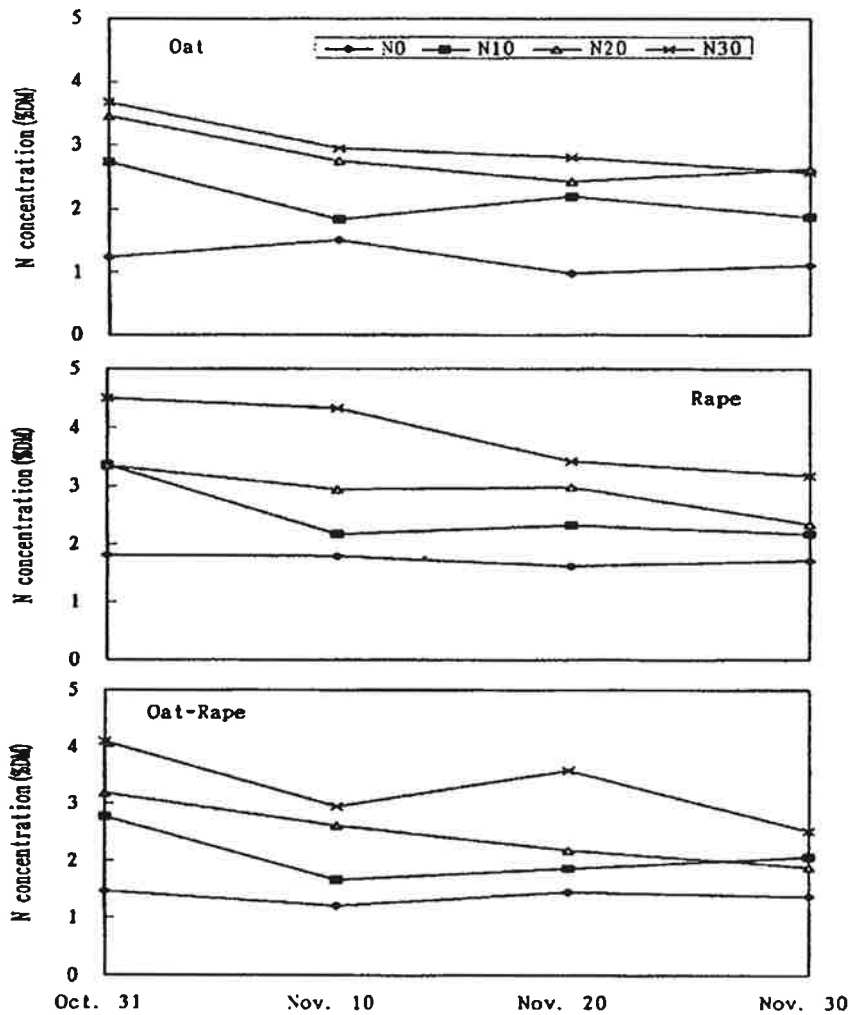


Fig 8. Nitrogen concentration of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

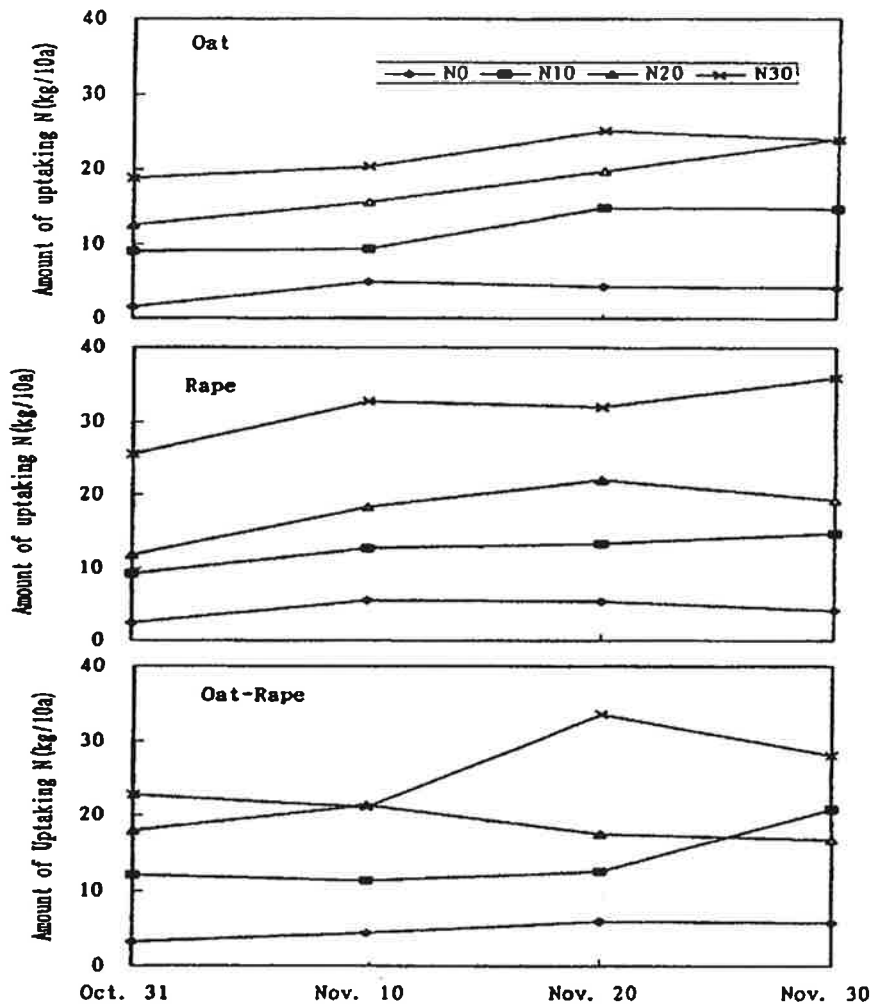


Fig 9. Amount of nitrogen of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

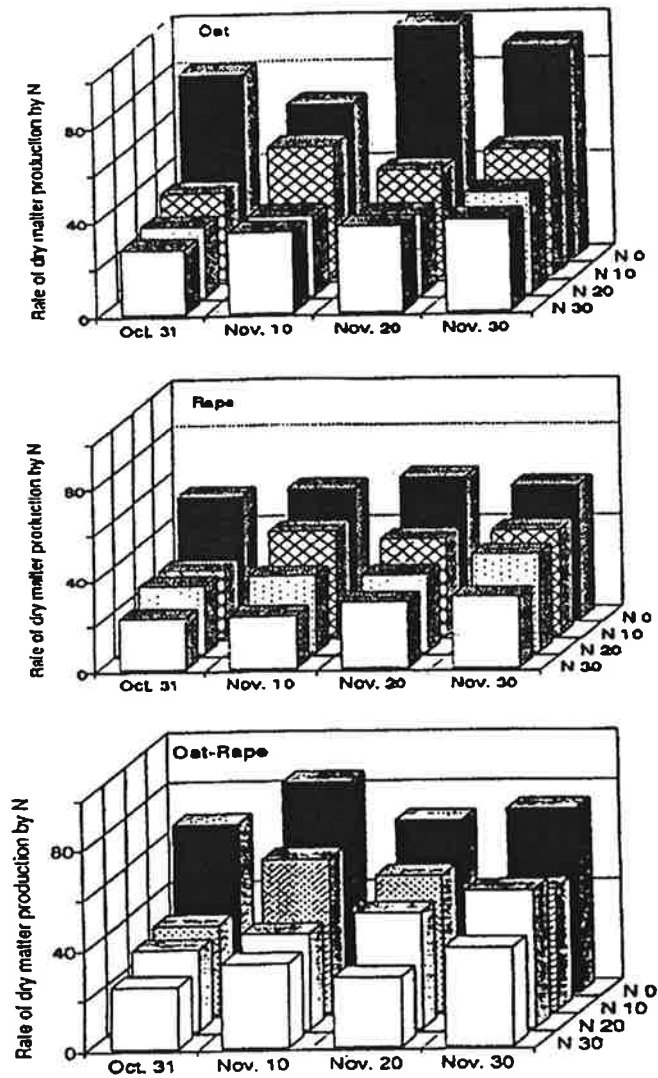


Fig 10. Rate of dry matter production by N of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

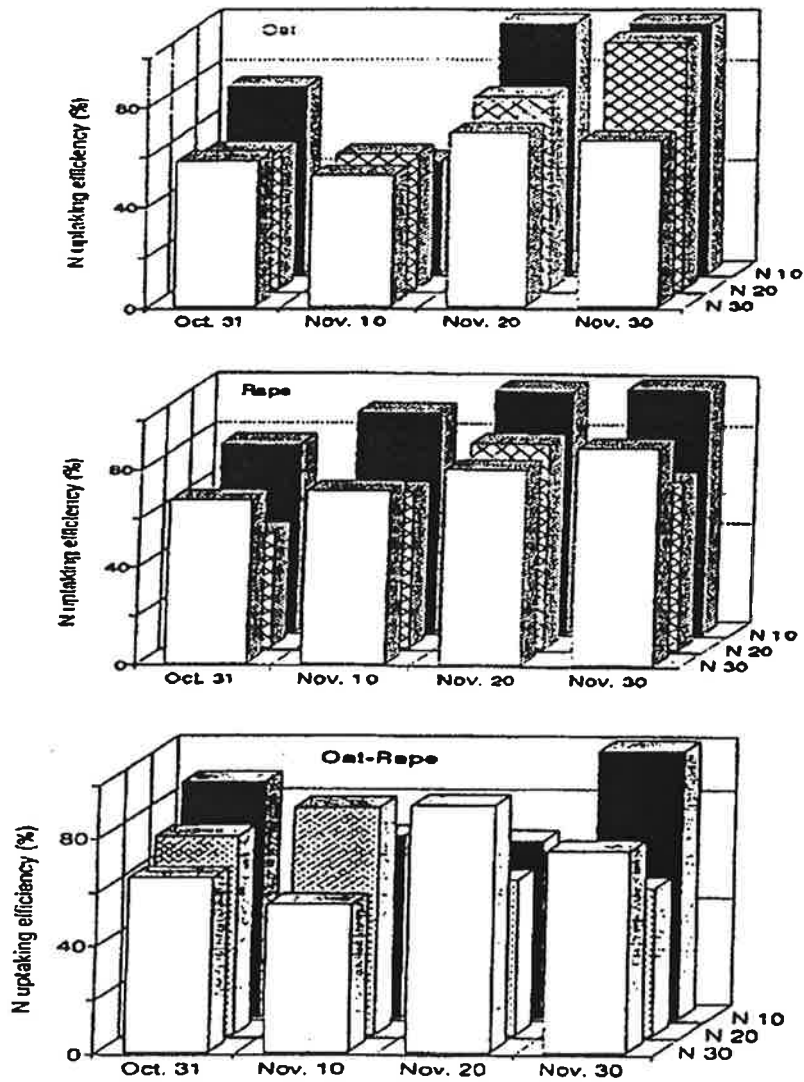


Fig 11. Nitrogen uptake efficiency of oat and rape cultivated with either single or mixed cropping under different N levels.

3.

Biomass生産性 検定

가.

	1	2
45	10	26
60	11	9
66cm	60	11
88	12	7
20kg	40kg	33cm
	가	가
	40kg	40kg
	74	11
	23	

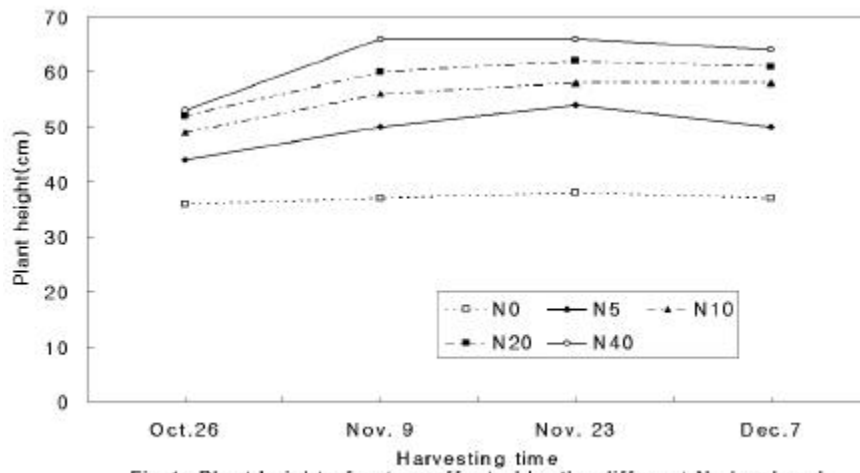


Fig.1 . Plant height of oat as affected by the different N- level and harvesting time.

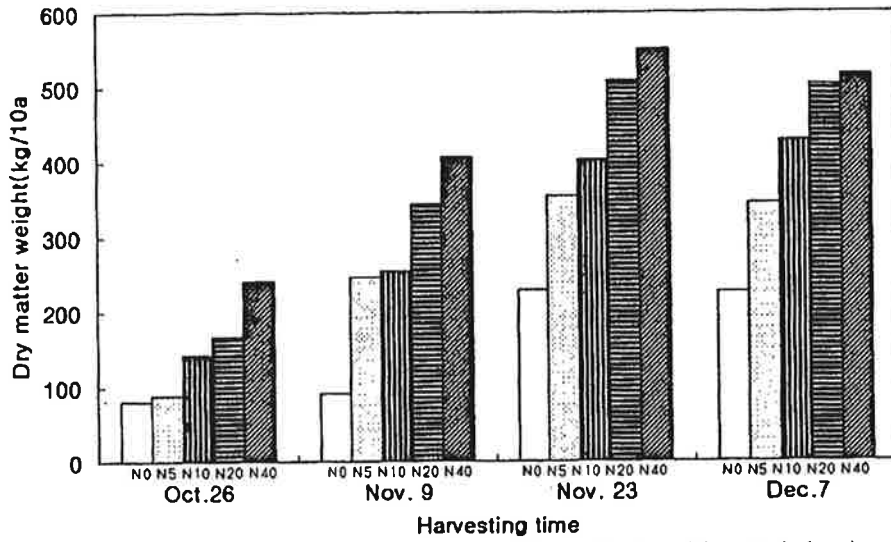


Fig.3. Dry matter production of oat as affected by the different N-level and harvesting time.

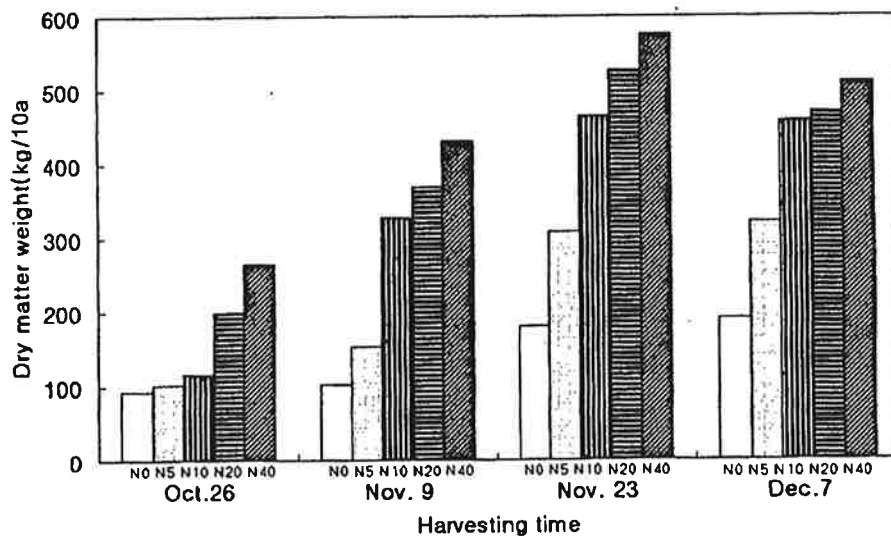


Fig.4 Dry matter production of rape as affected by the different N-level and harvesting time.

라. 식물체의 질소 함량

그림 6과 그림 7은 각각 귀리와 유채의 질소 수준과 생육 시기에 따른 식물체의 질소 함량은 나타낸 것이다. 귀리의 질소 함량은 파종후 45일 후인 10월 26일에 예취한 시료의 질소 농도가 가장 높았고, 생육시기가 진행될수록 점차 그 농도가 낮아지는 것으로 나타났다. 파종 45일후의 귀리의 질소 농도는 무질소구가 2.1%, 질소 5kg 구는 3.7%, 질소 10 kg구는 3.8%, 질소 20kg 구는 4.8%, 질소 40kg 구는 4.9%로서 유의한 차이를 보였으며, 건물 생산성이 가장 높았던 11월 23일에 예취한 시료의 질소 함량도 질소 시용 수준간에 유의한 차이를 보였는데, 무질소구는 1.2%이었고, 질소 5kg 구는 2.0%, 질소 10 kg구는 2.3%, 질소 20kg 구는 3.2%, 질소 40kg 구는 3.9%로 나타났다.

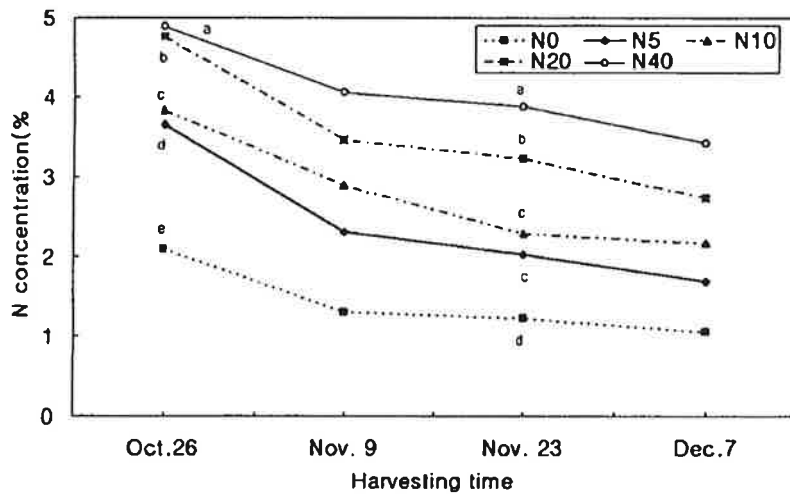


Fig.6. Nitrogen concentration of oat plant as affected by the different N-level and harveting time(The same letters in the spot are not significantly different at 5% level by DMRT).

유채의 경우도 귀리와 비슷한 경향을 보였는데 건물 생산성이 가장 높았던 11월 23일 예취구의 질소 함량은 무질소구는 1.3%이었고, 질소 5kg 구는 2.4%, 질소 10kg구는 2.3%, 질소 20kg 구는 2.4%, 질소 40kg 구는 3.1%로 나타났다.

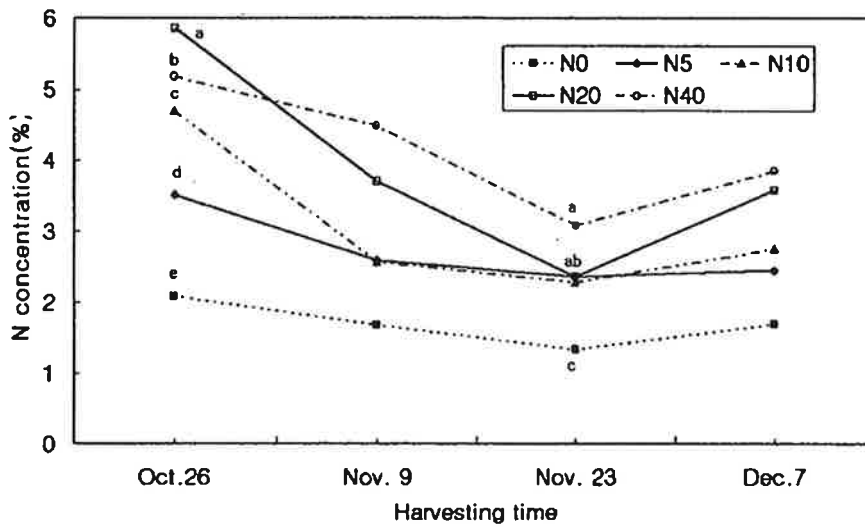


Fig. 7. Nitrogen concentration of rape plant as affected by the diferent N-level and harvesting time(The same letters in the spot are not significantly different at 5% level by DMRT).

마. 작물의 窒素吸收 效率

그림 8은 귀리의 질소 흡수능력을 평가해 보기 위하여 파종후 60일부터 90일까지 10일간격으로 시료를 채취 분석후 아래 公式에 의하여 산출한 질소 흡수 효율이다.

$$\text{작물의 질소흡수효율(\%)} = \frac{(\text{질소사용구의 N 흡수량}) - (\text{무질소구의 N 흡수량})}{(\text{N 사용량})} \times 100$$

귀리의 질소 흡수 효율은 질소 시용량으로 비교해 볼때는 전반적으로 질소시용량이 적을 때 작물의 질소흡수효율도 높은 것으로 나타났다. 수확 시기에 따른 질소의 흡수 효율을 보면 파종후 건물생산량이 가장 많았던 11월 23일(파종후 88일)에 질소의 흡수율이 가장 높았다. 이 시기의 질소 시용량에 따른 흡수율은 처리간에 유의한 차이를 보였는데, 질소 5kg 구는 98%, 질소 10 kg구는 64%, 질소 20kg 구는 72%, 질소 40kg 구는 46%로서 질소 40kg 시용구가 가장 낮았다.

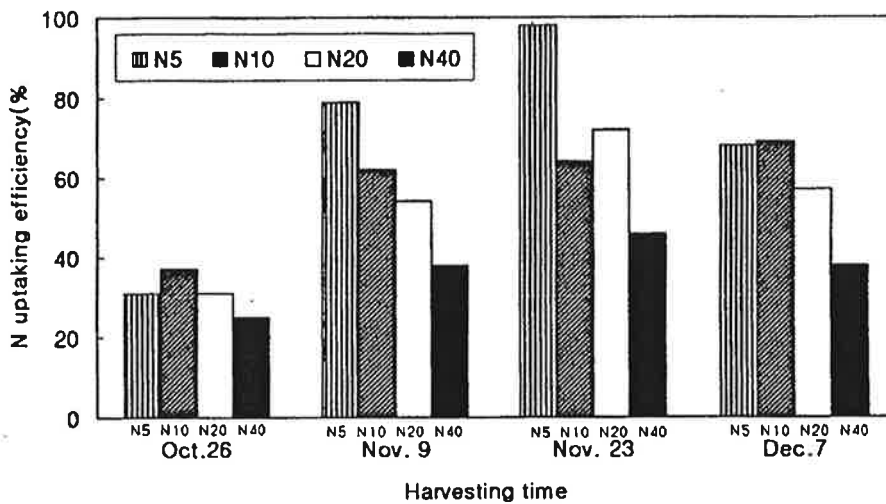


Fig.8. Nitrogen uptaking efficiency of oat under different N levels at the harvesting times.

그림 9는 유채의 질소 흡수 효율을 나타낸 것인데 대체로 귀리와 비슷한 경향을 나타내었다. 질소 사용 수준에 따른 유채의 질소 효율은 전반적으로 질소사용량이 적을 때 작물의 질소흡수효율도 높은 것으로 나타났다. 수확 시기에 따른 질소의 흡수 효율을 보면 귀리와는 달리 파종후 102일후(12월 7일)에 질소 흡수율이 가장 높았다. 이 때의 질소 흡수율은 질소 사용량에 따른 흡수율은 처리간에 유의한 차이를 보였는데, 질소 5kg 구는 93%, 질소 10 kg구는 93%, 질소 20kg 구는 68%, 질소 40kg 구는 41%로서 식물체내의 질소 농도가 높은 것으로 미루어 보아 늦게 까지 질소의 흡수가 이루어지는 것으로 판단되었다.

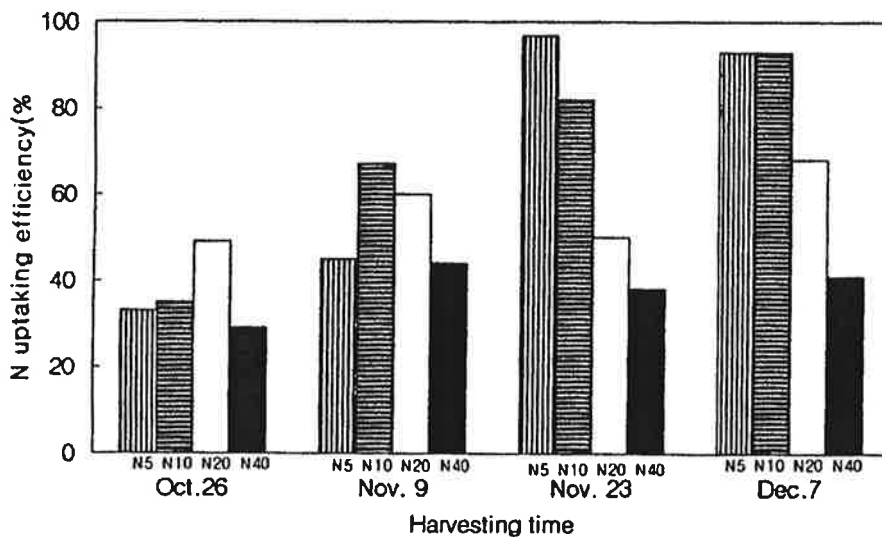


Fig.9. Nitrogen uptaking efficiency of rape under different N levels at different harveating time.

바. 질소 경제성

귀리의 시용 질소 양과 흡수한 질소 양에 대한 건물 생산에 대한 경제성을 나타낸 것이다. 시용된 질소량에 대한 건물 생산성은 질소의 시용량이 많아질수록 감소하는 경향이었으나 식물체가 흡수한 질소량에 대한 건물 생산성은 질소 10kg 구가 가장 많은 것으로 나타났다.

한편 그림 11은 유채에 대한 질소의 경제성을 나타낸 것인데 시용량이 증가할수록 건물 생산성은 감소하는 경향이었으며, 흡수한 질소량에 대한 건물 생산성은 질소 20kg 수준까지는 완만한 감소를 보였으나, 질소 40kg 수준에서는 급격히 떨어지는 것으로 나타났다. 양 종류의 질소 경제성을 흡수된 질소량에 대하여 비교하여 보면 단위 질소 흡수량에 대한 건물생산성은 유채가 귀리보다 높은 것으로 나타났다.

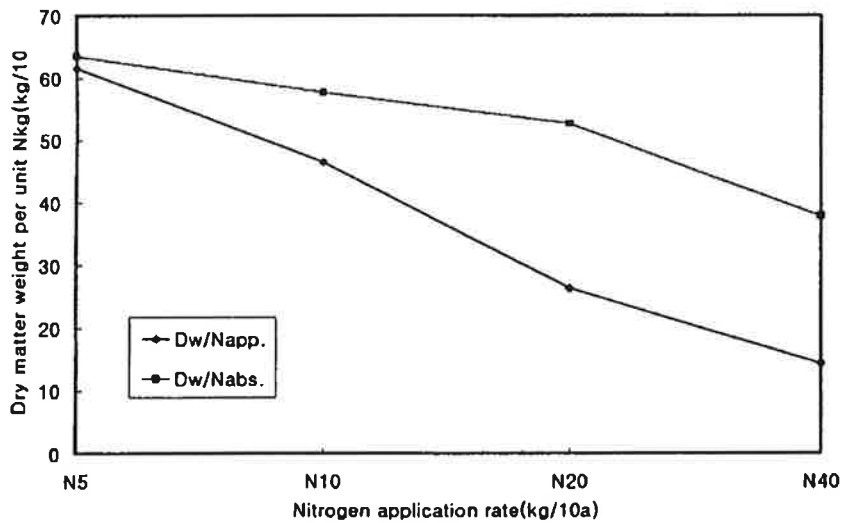


Fig.11. Dry matter production to the unit application rate(Dw/Napp) into soil and unit N absorbed rate(Dw/Nabs) by rape plant.

사. 귀리의 재생정도

그림 12는 귀리의 예취후 2주일이 경과한 다음에 예취 시기별로 식물체의 재생을 초장으로 나타낸 것이다. 그림에서 보는 바와 같이 질소 시비량이 많을수록 초장이 유의하게 큰 것으로 나타났고, 예취 시기 별로 보면 파종후 40일 경에 1차 예취하는 것이 생초량이 가장 많을 것으로 판단되었다. 이 시기의 재생 정도를 질소 시비량별로 살펴보면 무질소구가 15cm, 질소 5kg 구는 20cm, 질소 10 kg구는 22cm, 질소 20kg 구는 31cm, 질소 40kg 구는 32cm로 나타났다. 한편 예취 시기가 늦은 11월 2에는 생장량이 매우 작아서 풋베기 후 재생 정도를 높여서 사료의 생산량을 높이기 위하여는 늦어도 10월 중순까지는 이루어져야 할 것으로 판단되었다.

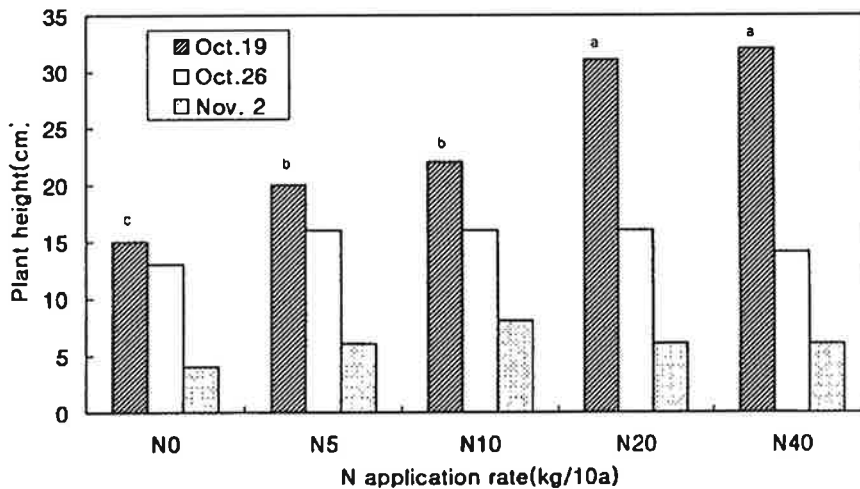


Fig.12. Regrowth of oat and rape as affected by the different N-level at 2 weeks after the different harvesting time(The same letters on the bar are not significantly different at 5% level by DMRT).

4.

가

222

256cm , 214 225cm (

5).

Table 5. Effects of previous crop and nitrogen level on the growth and yield of corn in forage production system.

Previous crop	Nitrogen level(kg/10a)	Plant height	Ear height	Stalk weight	Ear weight	Ear ratio	Total dm weight	Kernel yield
		-- cm --		--- kg/10a ---		- % -		-- kg/10a --
Oat	0	225	102	1653	1241	42.7	1786	859
	5	222	107	1909	1221	42.5	1883	797
	10	250	113	2064	1500	42.2	1918	847
	20	256	119	2697	1702	43.8	2050	963
	40	244	116	1820	1425	44.3	2147	927
	Average	239	111	2029	1418	43.1	1957	878
Rape	0	225	100	1764	1411	44.0	1751	884
	5	214	92	2142	1602	42.8	1769	751
	10	223	97	1576	1465	43.2	1795	824
	20	220	91	1789	1345	43.1	1927	971
	40	215	98	1478	1420	45.0	1954	934
	Average	219	96	1750	1449	43.7	1839	873

가

15cm가

가

前作物

가

가

가

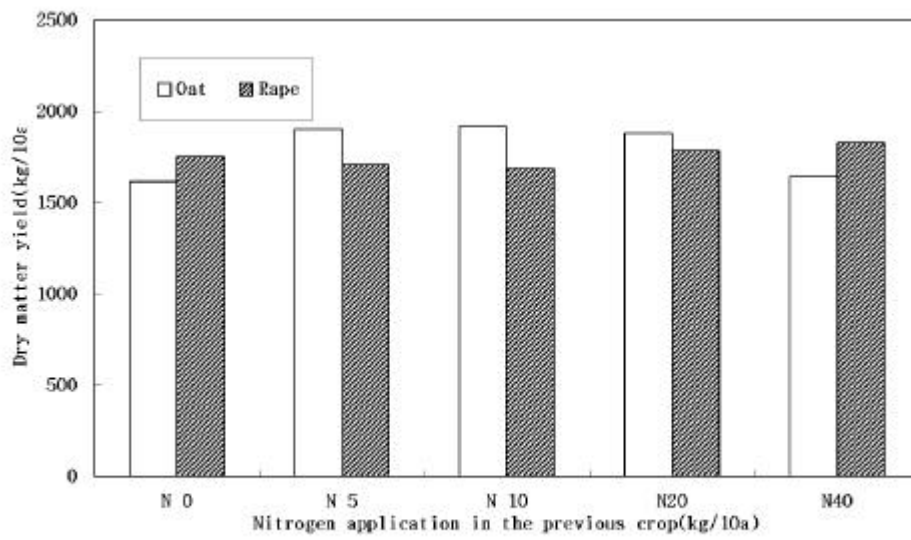


Fig. 13. Effect of nitrogen application in the previous crop on corn dry matter yield.

이러한 결과는 질소를 추비 하기 직전인 6월 5일에 조사한 옥수수의 엽색도를 보면 분명하다. 귀리 후작지에서 옥수수 잎의 엽색도는 무질소구에서 30이었으나 전작물에 사용한 질소량이 5kg/10a에서 40kg/10a로 많아지면서 31, 36, 39, 및 40으로 증가하였다(그림 14). 이러한 경향은 유채 후작지에서도 같았다. 즉 유채 후작지에서 옥수수 엽색도는 무질소구에서 32였으나 질소량이 증가할수록 엽색도가 35, 36, 36, 40으로 증가하였다. 그러나 이러한 엽색도의 차이는 추비후에는 전작물에 사용한 질소에 시비량에 따른 차이가 관찰되지 않았다.

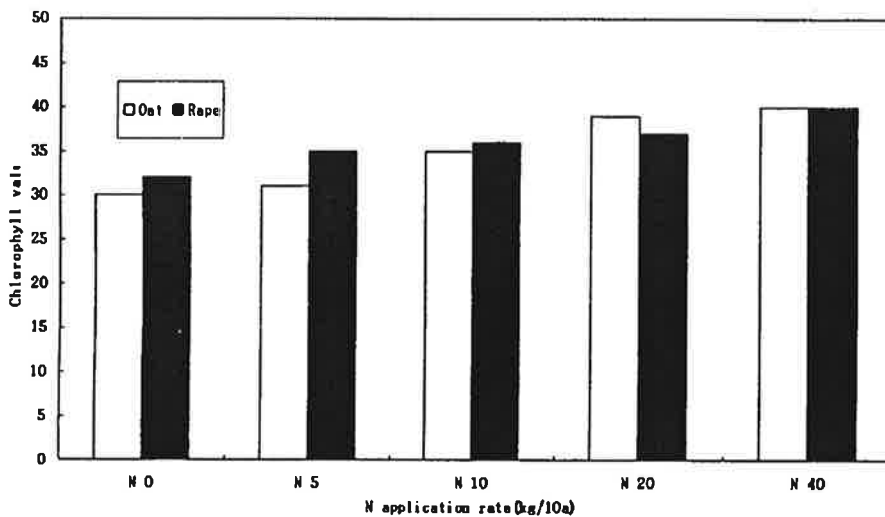


Fig. 14. Chlorophyll value of corn leaves on June 5 as affected by the nitrogen application level in the previous crops.

작부체계상에서 옥수수의 前作物로 재배한 작물의 종류와 질소의 시비량이 옥수수의 초기생육에 다소의 영향을 미치기 때문에 토양의 비옥도에 따라서 전작물의 시비량과 옥수수재배시에 기비로 사용하는 질소의 양에 대한 보다 세밀한 검토가 이루어져야

가

가

가

Table 6. Correlation coefficients among growth and yield characters in corn

Characters	Ear height	Stalk weight	Ear weight	Fresh Weight	Ear ratio	DM yield	Grain yield	Ear length	Row no.	Kernel no.
Culm height	0.473	0.999**	0.478	0.950**	0.702*	0.168	0.069	0.710*	0.151	0.375
Ear height		0.472	0.999**	0.723*	0.288	-0.213	0.203	0.743*	0.858*	0.706*
Stalk wt.			0.475	0.950**	-0.703*	0.168	0.066	0.707*	0.149	0.371
Ear wt.				0.727*	0.282	-0.212	0.198	0.742*	0.855*	0.704*
Fresh wt.					-0.449	0.056	0.122	0.817*	0.421	0.540
Ear ratio						-0.374	0.163	-0.126	0.523	0.194
DM yield							0.200	-0.139	-0.499	-0.148
Grain yield								0.442	0.027	0.195
Earlength									0.597	0.778**
Row no.										0.787**

第 4 節 結 論

飼料作物 作付體系

가 牧草 播種

10a 生體 數量 7,669kg, 1,984kg ,
 46%, 54% .
 集約 牧草 , ,
 , 生産量 480kg, 436kg, 405kg .
 11 20 가 , 가
 直線的 增加 . 乾物 ,
 11 30 刈取區가 가 . 窒素 濃度 가
 , , 가
 . 無機成分含量 ,
 吸收量 .
 單位 窒素 , 가 乾物 生産性
 가
 40kg/10a 60 66cm, 33cm 가 .
 88 11 23 , 229kg/10a
 20kg 40kg 508kg/10a 122% 가 가 .
 , 180kg/10a
 40kg/10a 576kg/10a 320% 가 가 .
 가 가가 가 .

가 ,
 32 28 , 40kg/10a 57 53 가 .
 가 , 45 52
 가 . 가
 1.2% 1.3% , 40kg/10a
 3.9% 3.1% .
 ,
 가 . 가
 5kg/10a 98% 93% , 40gk/10a
 46% 41% .
 가
 , 10kg/10a 가 ,
 20kg/10a 가 .
 가 , 40
 가 .
 ,
 30 32 , 40kg/10a 40 .
 ,
 , .
 1786 2147kg/10 , 1751 1954kg/10a .
 ,
 .

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2	
---	--

5

:
:
:

1

가

가

가

가

20

, '85- '92

1,600

2-3

950 Kg/ha

가

가

가

가

가

pH

가

가

가

가

가

nitrosoamine

가

(MIT),

가 가

, MIT,

가

가

가.

가

(1),

가

.(2)

1.

	%	%
	61	57
	16	40

<US EPA, 1992>

가

가

2.

		BOD (Kg/)	T - N (Kg/)	T - P (Kg/)
		8,922	4,769	483
		3,801	419.5	77.6
	가	2,749	950.4	283.4
		1,655	2,674	48.8

< , 1992>

, ,
 , (1)

, ,
 , (2)
 가 , 가

(3).

1.

1986

12km²

77%가 , 18%가

8Km

2.

5

composite sampling

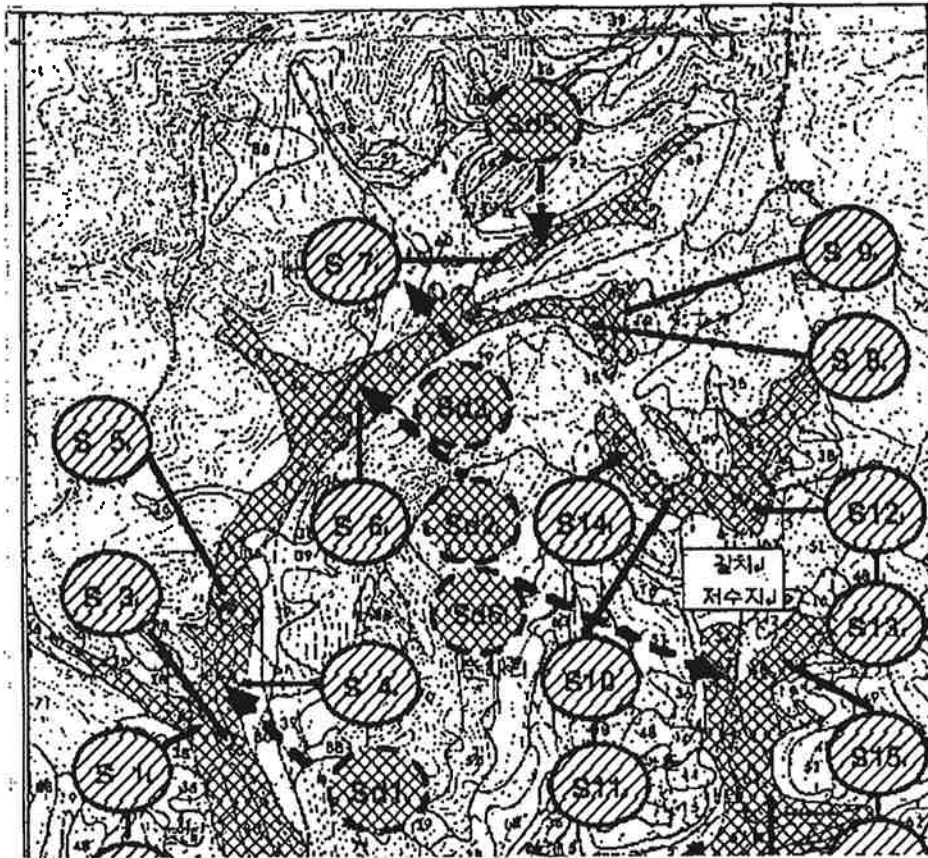
6

1

가

11

2



토양부호	토양통	성	질
12	사촌 월곡 월곡 은곡 은곡 산지 지붕	사양토, 사사양토, 사사양토, 양양토, 양양토, 양양토, 양토	경사 7-15%
60			경사 2-7%
61			경사 7-15%
62			경사 2-7%
63			경사 7-15%
67			경사 2-7%
68			경사 7-15%
80			경사 2-7%

S2, S11, S12, S15, S17, S19 는 비료를 처리한 직후의 토양을 시료 채취

그림 1. 연구지역의 토양개황 및 시료 채취 지점

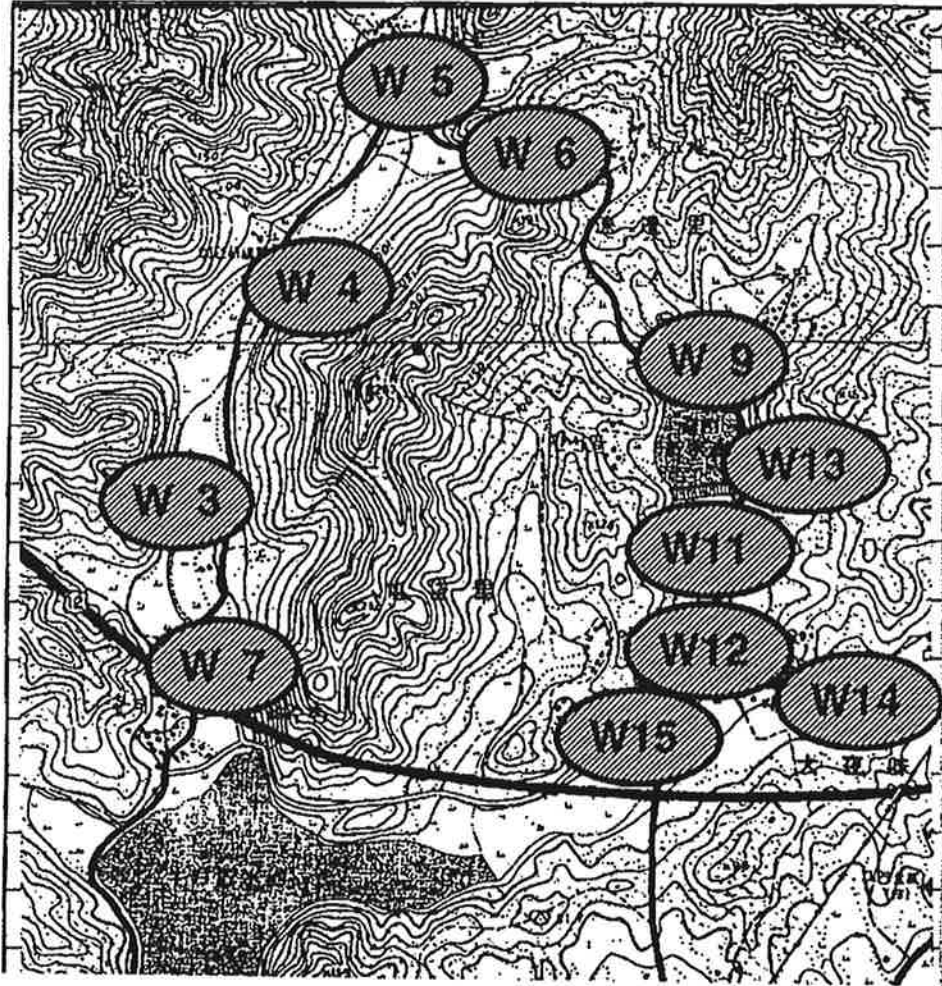


그림 2. 연구지역의 수질시료 채취 지점

3.

가.

3 . 가 3 A 가 B 가 C . 가 A C . (21-17-17) 1 (20kg) 1/2 (20kg) . 1 150 200 가 . 가 200 1 가 10 13, 5.1, 5.1kg . 1 . 가 가 . 10 1m2 .



그림3. 시범농경지 지점

4.

TDR(Time Domain

Reflectmeter)

5.

1)

(가)

pipette . 105- 110 24
 10 g 250 ml flask , (30%) 10 20 ml 가 24
 . 5% Sodium hexametaphosphate
 10ml 가 , cup 가 10
 가

1 L가 . Hand stirrer

1 . 10 cm

pipette (25ml)
 (+) . 100- (+
) (%) , .

()

Walkeley- Black . 30mesh
 0.5g 500ml flask 1 N- K₂Cr₂O₇
 10ml 20ml 가 . 30

200ml 가 0.02M orthopenanthroline
K₂Cr₂O₇ 0.5N- FeSO₄

() (T-N)

Micro Kjeldahl 0.5mm 1g
micro Kjeldahl flask 1.1g K₂SO₄ 5ml
가 4 가
10ml

() pH

pH 5g 100ml flask 25ml 가
30 pH meter

()

Bray No.1
2.85 g 100 ml flask Bray No.1
(0.025N HCl + 0.03 N NH₄F) 20 ml 가 1
50ml flask 1-5 ml 5ml 가 ,
620 nm

() (Cation Exchange Capacity)

(1N CH₃COONH₄, pH=7.0)

(column) 2mm

(mg/l)

$$(mg P/l) = a * \frac{60}{25} * \frac{1,000}{50}$$

a : (mg)

()

가

(0.03mg

)

(4W/V%)

(1+35)

0.3g

350ml

200ml

0.05N

50ml

(- 3)

가

5- 7ml/min

150ml가

200ml

()

(0.7- 10mg N)

1l

350ml

3g

(30W/V%) 10ml

0.05 N

50ml

200ml

5- 7ml

180ml가

.(A)

2g

5- 10ml

1ml

가

100ml

가

350ml

0.05 N- 50ml

200ml

(50

W/V%) 40ml

가

5- 7ml

180ml가

.(B)

A, B

11

A, B

(mg/l)

3

1.

가.

-
5 (, , , ,)
, 4 8 .
, 가

,

5

3 .

3.

	가 , , .
	, , .
	, .
	, .
	, , .

(: , , 1984)

4.

		1(Ap1g)	2(Ap2g)	3(Ap3g)	(B)	(Cg)
(cm)		0- 6	6- 15	15- 30	30- 66	66- 130
(%)		1.8	0.9	1.3	1.4	0.9
(%)		3.0	3.2	3.6	5.8	4.8
		9.7	8.9	11.0	16.3	16.1
		19.8	19.1	22.9	28.5	30.7
		42.3	45.2	41.2	32.7	33.8
		25.2	23.6	21.2	16.7	14.6
(%)	1/10	-	-	-	-	-
	1/3	40.4	36.5	30.4	22.6	20.2
	15	13.8	14.3	13.0	9.2	7.8
		1(Ap1g)	2(Ap2g)	3(Ap3g)	(B)	(Cg)
	H ₂ O (1:1)	4.9	5.0	5.5	6.2	6.8
	1N KCl	3.9	3.9	4.4	4.9	5.2
(%)		3.80	3.20	2.60	0.80	0.60
(%)		0.88	0.88	1.20	1.37	1.17
(me/100g)		12.0	11.8	9.8	7.0	7.1
(me/100g)	Ca	3.85	4.25	4.75	4.75	5.65
	Mg	1.05	0.80	1.25	0.70	1.20
	Na	1.00	0.10	0.10	0.65	0.75
	K	0.33	0.20	0.18	0.20	0.22
		6.23	5.35	6.28	6.30	7.82
(%)		51.9	45.3	65.4	87.1	110.1
(ppm)		147	122	44	-	-

(: , , 1984)

5.

		1(Ap1)	2(Ap2)	1(B1)	(B2)	(C)
(cm)		0- 14	14- 26	26- 50	50- 70	70- 110
(%)		9.5	8.5	24.1	57.5	72.9
(%)		18.3	15.9	11.5	11.6	34.7
		14.2	13.8	8.9	15.3	27.0
		22.6	24.6	20.7	30.5	18.7
		35.3	35.3	48.5	36.5	16.5
		9.6	10.4	10.4	6.1	3.1
가	(g/cc)	1.29	-	1.53	-	-
(%)	1/10	35.9	26.2	28.2	26.9	15.3
	1/3	23.8	18.4	20.8	16.7	11.0
	15	8.6	7.0	7.2	6.4	5.2
		1(Ap1)	2(Ap2)	1(B1)	(B2)	(C)
	H ₂ O (1:1)	6.0	6.1	6.5	6.8	7.0
	1N KCl	4.9	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.7
(%)		2.70	1.40	1.02	0.60	0.34
(me/100g)		9.60	8.30	8.20	7.50	6.20
(me/100g)	Ca	7.26	6.38	6.25	6.01	4.25
	Mg	1.40	1.28	1.30	1.20	0.88
	Na	0.13	0.10	0.08	0.10	0.10
	K	0.23	0.18	0.15	0.13	0.13
		9.02	7.94	7.78	7.44	5.36
(%)		93.9	95.6	94.8	99.2	86.4

(: , , 1984)

6.

		1(Ap1)	2(Ap2)	1(B1)	(B2)	(C)
(cm)		0- 12	12- 33	33- 48	48- 62	62- 120
(%)		11.1	12.7	13.6	17.5	16.3
		14.2	16.0	18.3	21.2	19.2
		21.0	19.5	21.2	19.8	19.4
		30.5	25.3	42.8	18.1	20.4
		17.2	17.5	14.1	12.4	14.7
(%)	1/10	36.0	27.9	23.0	19.0	18.9
	1/3	26.9	23.2	18.5	15.8	16.3
	15	9.8	9.4	8.6	7.3	8.2
		1(Ap1)	2(Ap2)	1(B1)	(B2)	(C)
	H ₂ O (1:1)	5.1	5.6	6.0	6.1	6.2
	1N KCl	3.9	1.37	0.51	0.40	0.73
(%)		2.03	1.37	0.51	0.40	0.73
(%)		0.41	0.53	1.31	0.97	0.50
(me/100g)		6.20	5.45	4.00	3.60	3.85
(me/100g)	Ca	1.75	2.00	1.63	1.50	1.63
	Mg	0.73	1.01	0.88	0.79	0.69
	Na	0.18	0.10	0.10	0.28	0.23
	K	0.13	0.09	0.08	0.13	0.13
		2.79	3.20	2.69	2.70	2.68
(%)		45.0	58.6	67.2	75.0	69.6
(ppm)		140	48	10	12	5
(ppm)		40	51	86	66	83

7.

		1(Ap1g)	2(Ap2g)	1(B2g)	2(B3g)	(Cg)
(cm)		0- 12	12- 30	30- 65	65- 100	100- 170
(%)		2.1	3.6	2.7	1.9	1.7
(%)		8.4	8.1	9.5	8.9	8.8
		7.0	8.7	8.6	8.2	1.4
		16.3	17.1	16.8	16.3	21.0
		45.3	41.5	44.8	41.9	47.5
		23.0	24.6	20.3	24.7	21.3
(%)	1/10	48.9	40.7	37.0	40.5	37.9
	1/3	44.4	36.3	33.9	37.9	33.0
	15	28.6	18.9	11.6	14.5	10.3
		1(Ap1g)	2(Ap2g)	1(B2g)	(B3g)	(Cg)
	H ₂ O (1:1)	5.1	5.7	6.5	6.4	5.3
	1N KCl	4.0	4.5	5.1	5.0	3.9
(%)		3.24	2.46	0.88	1.03	1.08
(me/100g)		9.50	8.20	7.70	9.50	9.50
(me/100g)	Ca	2.95	4.30	4.05	5.34	3.70
	Mg	2.05	3.00	2.70	3.78	2.80
	Na	0.28	0.20	0.33	0.16	0.20
	K	0.13	0.13	0.10	0.12	0.10
		5.41	7.63	7.18	9.40	6.80
(%)		56.9	93.0	90.6	98.9	68.7

(: , 1984)

8.

		(Ap)	1(B1)	2(B2)	(C)
(cm)		0- 15	15- 35	35- 70	70- 100
(%)		38.3	61.3	73.8	80.7
(%)		21.5	16.9	12.5	15.8
		9.9	9.6	10.4	9.7
		15.0	19.9	21.7	19.0
		40.7	39.1	40.9	39.4
		12.9	14.5	14.5	16.1
(%)	1/10	31.4	23.9	24.7	24.3
	1/3	18.3	17.5	17.8	17.8
	15	8.7	8.0	11.8	8.3
		1(Ap)	1(B1)	2(B2)	(C)
	H ₂ O (1:1)	5.0	6.2	6.7	7.0
	1N KCl	3.8	4.7	5.2	5.1
(%)		2.60	0.72	0.61	0.51
(me/100g)		9.90	10.30	9.90	10.70
(me/100g)	Ca	5.00	9.75	11.50	10.80
	Mg	0.75	1.62	2.37	2.25
	Na	0.05	0.32	0.10	0.10
	K	0.30	0.15	0.12	0.15
		6.1	11.84	14.09	13.3
(%)		61.6	115.0	142.0	125.2

(: , , 1984)

9. Texture				
SAMPLE	Texture			
	Clay(%)	Silt(%)	Sand(%)	Classification
S1	24.36	38.87	37.67	Loam
S2	21.09	35.97	42.94	Loam
S3	26.55	37.54	35.91	Loam
S4	20.04	23.93	56.02	Sandy Clay Loam
S5	21.55	37.28	41.18	Loam
S6	23.78	30.32	45.89	Loam
S7	18.17	32.53	49.30	Loam
S8	21.26	27.64	51.10	Sandy Clay Loam
S9	22.07	37.27	40.66	Loam
S10	21.91	36.97	41.11	Loam
S11	20.75	30.72	48.53	Loam
S12	24.53	36.12	39.31	Loam
S13	18.95	21.72	59.33	Sandy Loam
S14	17.41	20.30	62.29	Sandy Loam
S16	19.31	26.12	54.57	Sandy Loam
S17	20.16	28.30	51.54	Loam
S18	22.66	23.46	53.88	Sandy Clay Loam
S19	22.36	32.54	45.11	Loam
S20	22.88	31.61	45.51	Loam

10.		pH,	CEC,	Exchegable Cation			
SAMPLE	pH	OM(%)	CEC (me/100g)	(me/100g)			
				Ca	K	Mg	Na
S1	5.0	4.8	10.95	5.03	0.28	0.69	0.38
S2	5.5	4.2	10.05	5.68	0.34	0.68	0.37
S3	5.0	4.5	10.59	5.19	0.27	0.73	0.34
S4	4.9	3.8	8.49	4.22	0.19	0.55	0.28
S5	5.2	5.4	10.99	5.84	0.16	0.72	0.36
S6	5.2	4.6	11.49	5.19	0.20	0.69	0.40
S7	5.0	4.8	14.19	4.06	0.21	0.55	0.32
S8	5.4	4.9	12.21	6.00	0.31	1.03	0.44
S9	4.8	5.1	12.51	5.52	0.16	1.12	0.65
S10	5.5	2.6	11.37	6.17	0.27	1.37	0.36
S11	5.0	2.5	10.57	4.22	0.17	1.00	0.34
S12	5.4	3.6	10.91	5.19	0.31	0.99	0.33
S13	5.1	2.9	11.41	4.22	0.37	0.82	0.34
S14	6.1	1.3	8.75	8.92	0.23	1.42	0.38
S16	4.8	2.8	10.45	4.22	0.34	0.92	0.25
S17	5.9	3.6	12.07	6.49	0.40	1.07	0.29
S18	5.5	4.4	12.09	6.17	0.38	1.03	0.32
S19	5.5	3.0	11.43	4.87	0.33	0.83	0.28
S20	5.2	2.9	11.71	4.87	0.28	1.07	0.28

11.

sample	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10
* Available P ₂ O ₅ (ppm)	69.2	87.1*	56.9	89.5*	82.3*	82.3*	72.6*	93.2*	50.8	19.8
Total N (%)	0.05	0.10	0.18	0.11	0.24	0.09	0.14	0.21	0.07	0.04
sample	S11	S12	S13	S14	S16	S17	S18	S19	S20	
Available P ₂ O ₅ (ppm)	22.5	69.0	72.6*	28.6	99.2*	59.3	56.1	53.2	44.8	
Total N (%)	0.09	0.11	0.12	0.02	0.10	0.11	0.11	0.05	0.07	

*Lancaster 100 ppm

11

10 '60 '80
 (- 12) 6 110 ppm(Lancaster)
 Lancaster/Bray No 1 17.63/12.53(

1993)

100 ppm(Lancaster)

14 8 100 ppm

12.

	pH (1:5)	(%)	(ppm)	(me/100g)		
				K	Ca	Mg
1964- 68	5.5	2.6	60	0.23	4.5	1.8
1969- 79	5.9	2.4	88	0.31	4.4	1.7
1980- 88	5.7	2.3	107	0.27	3.8	1.4

(: , 10 , 1989)

Mg
, K 가 Ca

13. (ppm)

SITE	1 (5/18)	2 (5/23)	3 (6/9)	4 (6/16)	5 (7/7)	6 (7/21)	7 (8/11)	8 (9/23)
	0.04		0.03	0.04	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.04
W3	0.23		0.06	0.49	0.09	0.05	0.06	0.06
W4	0.17		0.36	0.08	0.11	0.03	0.05	0.05
W5	0.80		0.32	0.19	0.12	0.36	0.19	0.19
W6	0.05		0.04	0.03	0.03	0.09	0.04	0.04
W7		5.80	5.14	6.58	6.97	0.45	0.35	0.35
W9		0.15	0.44	0.11	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.06
W11		0.09	0.08	0.11	0.08	0.08	0.07	0.07
W12		0.22	0.28	0.21	0.13	1.43	0.73	0.73
W13		1.59	0.72	1.52	0.41	0.34	0.20	0.20
W14		1.05	1.18	0.76	1.30	0.24	0.26	0.26
W15								

14. (ppm)

SITE	1 (5/18)	2 (5/23)	3 (6/9)	4 (6/16)	5 (7/7)	6 (7/21)	7 (8/11)	8 (9/23)
W3	0.03		0.04	0.07	0.03	0.10	0.01	0.01
W4	0.02		0.05	0.09	0.04	0.12	ND	0.01
W5	0.03		0.02	0.04	0.03	0.12	0.01	0.04
W6	0.50		ND	0.17	0.04	0.12	ND	0.09
W7	0.05		0.07	0.07	0.01	0.17	0.01	0.01
W9		3.22	3.28	3.72	3.50	0.42	0.14	0.73
W11		0.06	0.19	0.11	0.03	0.11	0.01	0.01
W12		0.04	0.08	0.10	0.04	0.13	0.01	ND
W13		0.12	0.20	0.20	0.18	0.14	0.11	0.09
W14		1.32	0.92	1.92	1.51	0.08	0.03	1.19
W15		1.06	1.50	1.92	1.51	0.04	0.01	0.01

15. (ppm)

SITE	1 (5/18)	2 (5/23)	3 (6/9)	4 (6/16)	5 (7/7)	6 (7/21)	7 (8/11)	8 (9/23)
W3	0.35		0.27	0.27	0.31	0.34	0.18	0.11
W4	0.31		0.31	0.32	0.25	0.29	0.18	0.11
W5	0.03		0.28	0.28	0.38	0.41	0.14	0.09
W6	0.03		0.46	0.28	0.12	0.16	0.32	0.29
W7	0.32		0.19	0.28	0.25	0.31	0.70	0.06
W9		0.45	0.18	0.49	0.39	4.42	0.53	0.21
W11		0.18	0.25	0.40	0.60	0.63	0.17	0.10
W12		0.35	0.36	0.29	0.35	0.39	0.34	0.14
W13		0.22	0.13	0.10	0.31	0.50	0.17	0.13
W14		0.18	0.27	0.22	0.55	2.06	0.52	0.21
W15		0.34	0.08	0.24	0.53	2.04	0.64	1.43

16. (ppm)

SITE	1 (5/18)	2 (5/23)	3 (6/9)	4 (6/16)	5 (7/7)	6 (7/21)	7 (8/11)	8 (9/23)
W3	0.22		0.06	ND	ND	ND	0.02	0.02
W4	0.40		0.03	ND	ND	0.01	0.01	0.02
W5	0.13		0.02	ND	0.02	0.02	ND	0.02
W6	0.14		0.07	0.01	0.03	0.03	ND	0.01
W7	0.15		0.04	0.01	ND	0.05	0.01	0.04
W9		1.89	0.21	0.07	0.32	0.08	0.08	0.21
W11		0.20	0.10	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.03
W12		0.14	0.12	0.02	0.02	ND	0.01	0.10
W13		0.04	0.10	0.05	0.14	0.06	0.03	0.06
W14		0.43	0.14	0.03	0.15	0.03	0.03	0.07
W15		0.45	0.17	0.03	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.07

17. (ppm)

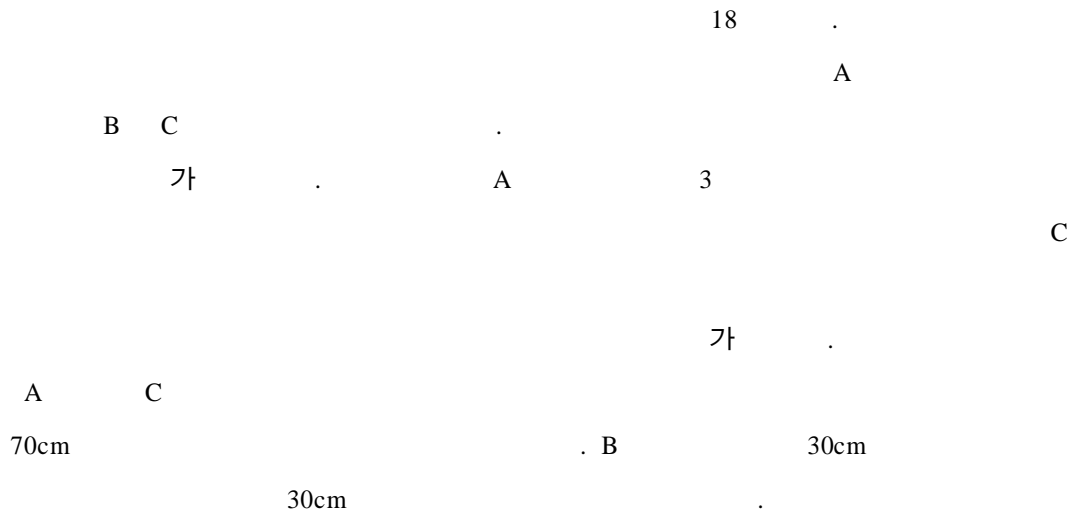
SITE	1 (5/18)	2 (5/23)	3 (6/9)	4 (6/16)	5 (7/7)	6 (7/21)	7 (8/11)	8 (9/23)
W3	0.60		0.37	0.34	0.34	0.44	0.21	0.14
W4	0.73		0.39	0.41	0.29	0.42	0.19	0.14
W5	0.19		0.32	0.32	0.43	0.55	0.15	0.15
W6	0.67		0.53	0.46	0.19	0.31	0.32	0.39
W7	0.52		0.30	0.36	0.26	0.53	0.72	0.11
W9		5.26	3.67	4.28	4.21	4.92	0.75	1.15
W11		0.44	0.54	0.54	0.65	0.75	0.20	0.14
W12		0.53	0.56	0.41	0.41	0.52	0.36	0.24
W13		0.38	0.43	0.35	0.63	0.70	0.31	0.28
W14		1.93	1.33	2.17	2.21	2.17	0.58	1.37
W15		1.85	1.75	2.19	2.05	2.19	0.68	1.51

(W9, W13),

(W14, 15),

2.

가.



18.

	(cm)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
A- 1	0 15	71.45	27.53	1.02	
A- 2	15 20	61.29	37.25	1.46	
A- 3	20 60	75.15	22.94	1.92	
A- 4	60 75	61.05	37.79	1.16	
A- 5	75	64.03	34.79	1.18	
B- 1	0 10	62.47	36.14	1.39	
B- 2	10 15	62.07	36.65	1.28	
B- 3	15 30	93.50	5.93	0.57	
B- 4	30 35	72.63	26.18	1.18	
B- 5	35	89.18	10.04	0.78	
C- 1	0 15	60.66	38.07	1.27	
C- 2	15 20	73.23	26.04	0.73	
C- 3	20 40	78.45	20.52	1.04	
C- 4	40 70	56.17	41.88	1.96	
C- 5	70	70.44	27.59	1.97	

19.

	pH	(%)	(cmol/kg)	(cmol/kg)				(%)
				Na	K	Mg	Ca	
A- 1	5.4	0.54	9.80	0.09	0.37	0.12	0.44	10.43
A- 2	5.8	0.73	12.12	0.10	0.42	0.17	0.73	11.75
A- 3	6.2	0.06	10.08	0.09	0.27	0.29	0.76	14.07
A- 4	6.0	3.04	11.08	0.13	0.35	0.24	1.20	17.29
A- 5	6.3	0.94	10.40	0.11	0.27	0.19	0.79	13.03
B- 1	6.1	2.23	11.84	0.19	0.50	0.17	0.70	13.12
B- 2	5.9	2.80	11.32	0.27	0.25	0.20	0.79	13.27
B- 3	6.0	0.19	4.76	1.05	0.18	0.09	0.32	34.36
B- 4	5.3	1.56	10.24	0.22	0.37	0.19	0.70	14.44
B- 5	5.9	0.11	4.72	0.11	0.16	0.10	0.38	15.90
C- 1	5.4	1.72	11.60	0.12	0.43	0.21	0.66	12.35
C- 2	5.8	1.45	11.56	0.13	0.21	0.28	0.95	13.56
C- 3	6.2	1.52	10.16	0.11	0.30	0.29	1.01	16.91
C- 4	6.4	0.71	14.92	0.20	0.35	0.27	1.20	13.49
C- 5	6.4	0.49	12.32	0.18	0.15	0.19	0.79	10.64

)

A C

2.5%

B

10

Ca

20, 21, 22

20.

(%)

	1 (4/26)	2 (5/20)	3 (6/26)	4 (7/24)	5 (9/2)
A1	0.038	0.044	0.058	0.078	0.058
A2	0.032	0.011	0.074	0.031	0.047
A3	0.021	0.011	0.044	0.042	0.029
A4	0.101	0.124	0.019	0.016	0.037
A5	0.050	-	-	0.010	0.021
B1	0.134	0.124	0.165	0.200	0.179
B2	0.130	0.021	0.051	0.090	0.066
B3	0.011	0.057	0.062	0.051	0.055
B4	0.055	0.158	0.032	0.068	0.047
B5	0.027	0.013	0.027	0.053	0.037
C1	0.113	0.080	0.104	0.125	0.105
C2	0.086	0.048	0.069	0.105	0.068
C3	0.074	0.050	0.069	0.109	0.060
C4	0.053	0.046	0.022	0.105	0.050
C5	0.027	0.029	0.028	0.047	0.037

- :

21.

(mg/kg)

	1 (4/26)	2 (5/20)	3 (6/26)	4 (7/24)	5 (9/2)
A1	8.40	14.00	10.08	3.20	7.70
A2	2.80	8.40	7.28	2.00	6.20
A3	4.20	9.80	3.92	1.40	8.70
A4	5.60	23.80	4.20	0.20	3.70
A5	5.60	-	-	ND	5.20
B1	18.20	18.2	19.32	0.60	14.70
B2	11.20	9.80	5.60	0.20	7.20
B3	4.20	9.80	18.20	ND	9.70
B4	5.60	14.00	15.40	0.60	5.20
B5	4.20	5.60	4.20	ND	3.20
C1	5.60	9.80	15.68	0.60	9.70
C2	4.20	4.20	3.92	ND	6.70
C3	4.20	5.60	2.52	ND	3.20
C4	7.00	4.20	3.08	0.40	1.70
C5	8.40	5.60	5.60	0.20	2.70

22.

(mg/kg)

	1 (4/26)	2 (5/20)	3 (6/26)	4 (7/24)	5 (9/2)
A1	9.80	4.20	4.48	8.20	7.70
A2	4.20	5.60	2.52	4.60	6.20
A3	2.80	2.80	2.24	10.00	8.70
A4	21.00	7.00	2.80	7.20	3.70
A5	9.80	-	-	4.80	5.20
B1	ND	7.00	9.80	3.40	14.70
B2	4.20	2.80	0.56	9.40	7.20
B3	1.40	7.00	0.56	13.60	9.70
B4	1.40	7.00	ND	16.00	5.20
B5	1.40	1.40	ND	14.00	3.20
C1	14.00	1.40	5.88	41.00	9.70
C2	9.80	1.40	0.28	14.00	6.70
C3	14.00	1.40	1.68	8.00	3.20
C4	9.80	1.40	0.56	8.40	1.70
C5	5.60	4.20	0.56	8.00	2.70

- : , ND :

1 가 .. 2
 B C
 A . 3 가 4 가
 5 .
 A 가
 가
 가
 B 가

가 가 가 .
가가 가 .
C 가 가 .
3 가 가 .
가 가 .
23, 24 .
A 가 .
가 .
. B C .

23.

(mg/kg)

	1 (4/26)	2 (5/20)	3 (6/26)	4 (7/24)	5 (9/2)
A1	1298	969	886	980	1145
A2	741	763	689	721	1145
A3	565	499	717	744	938
A4	660	646	548	752	765
A5	579	-	-	501	822
B1	909	286	829	972	953
B2	770	440	450	547	499
B3	293	440	394	516	546
B4	587	572	436	676	422
B5	110	95	367	395	399
C1	653	198	543	782	722
C2	719	462	379	896	461
C3	990	360	295	896	430
C4	425	345	309	554	323
C5	198	279	309	425	307

- :

24.

(P₂O₅)

(mg/kg)

	1 (4/26)	2 (5/20)	3 (6/26)	4 (7/24)	5 (9/2)
A1	31.27	58.84	30.56	85.70	51.16
A2	50.62	20.10	50.83	38.13	90.05
A3	29.41	27.92	20.57	46.06	62.49
A4	69.61	78.91	30.71	32.26	23.79
A5	33.13	-	-	25.83	32.28
B1	93.80	71.84	92.58	121.92	133.66
B2	68.49	20.90	19.66	70.12	50.97
B3	7.44	30.23	23.75	49.75	63.24
B4	25.68	54.02	22.69	117.00	21.33
B5	13.03	19.29	19.66	22.55	27.19
C1	51.37	45.66	25.56	47.29	52.29
C2	142.93	23.47	16.49	177.96	26.24
C3	291.08	10.29	6.05	166.21	14.23
C4	12.66	4.34	6.35	66.70	4.91
C5	31.64	6.43	17.40	76.00	10.57

Bray- 1

45mg/kg

가

25,

26, 27

28, 29

가

가

가

1ppm

25.

(mg/kg)

		1 (5/20)	2 (6/26)	3 (7/24)	4 (9/2)	5 (10/7)
A		-	1.15	0.60	-	-
		2.60	3.08	2.43	1.68	0.80
B		-	-	3.83	9.58	-
		5.78	7.56	6.02	6.33	5.73
C		-	3.26	0.85	2.04	-
		0.56	3.63	12.37	1.28	6.96

- :

26.

		1 (5/20)	2 (6/26)	3 (7/24)	4 (9/2)	5 (10/7)
A		-	1.00	0.60	-	-
		1.56	0.64	0.4	0.60	ND
B		-	-	1.44	9.00	-
		5.48	5.52	3.16	5.00	5.60
C		-	3.12	0.72	2.00	-
		0.52	2.04	6.16	0.88	6.60

- : , ND :

27.

		1 (5/20)	2 (6/26)	3 (7/24)	4 (9/2)	5 (10/7)
A		-	0.15	ND	-	-
		1.04	2.44	2.03	1.08	0.80
B		-	-	2.39	0.58	-
		0.30	2.04	2.86	1.33	0.13
C		-	0.14	0.13	0.04	-
		0.04	1.59	6.21	0.40	0.36

- : , ND :

28.

		1 (5/20)	2 (6/26)	3 (7/24)	4 (9/2)	5 (10/7)
A		-	ND	ND	-	-
		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
B		-	-	ND	ND	-
		ND	ND	ND	ND	0.47
C		-	0.39	ND	ND	-
		ND	ND	0.49	ND	1.41

- : , ND :

29.

		1 (5/20)	2 (6/26)	3 (7/24)	4 (9/2)	5 (10/7)
A		- 0.01	0.22 0.02	0.04 0.03	- 0.02	- 0.01
B		- 0.63	- 0.36	0.17 0.27	0.31 0.38	- 0.75
C		- 0.18	0.52 0.23	0.10 0.60	0.38 0.48	- 6.77

- :

10a 450kg 12kg,
 5Kg, 가 8kg : 1
 : 50:35:15
 , 가 2/3
 (21- 17- 17) 1 (20kg)
 1/2 (20kg)
 1 150 200 가
 가
 200 1 가 10 13, 5.1 5.1kg
 150 가
 가
 76%
 1,070mm
 10a 3 5kg
 가
 B C
 4.69, 6.28Kg B C

A

30.

	A	B	C
(kg/10a)	507	445	490

B C
가

A

가

(1993)

(1987)

150kg

가

3.5, 1.2 3.0kg

2.3, 3.0, 1.5

, , 가 가

10, 3, 3kg

가

가

10%

가

가

20kg

50%

10%

40%

가

50%

가

50%

50%

가

가

B C

가

3.

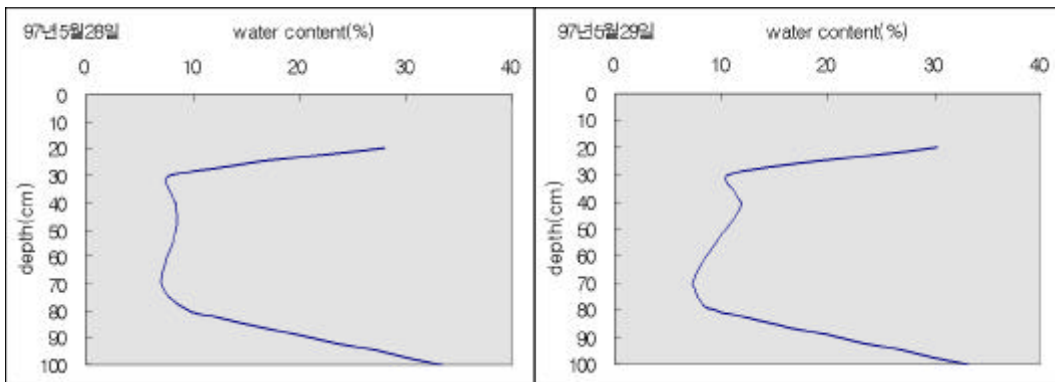
0- 25cm

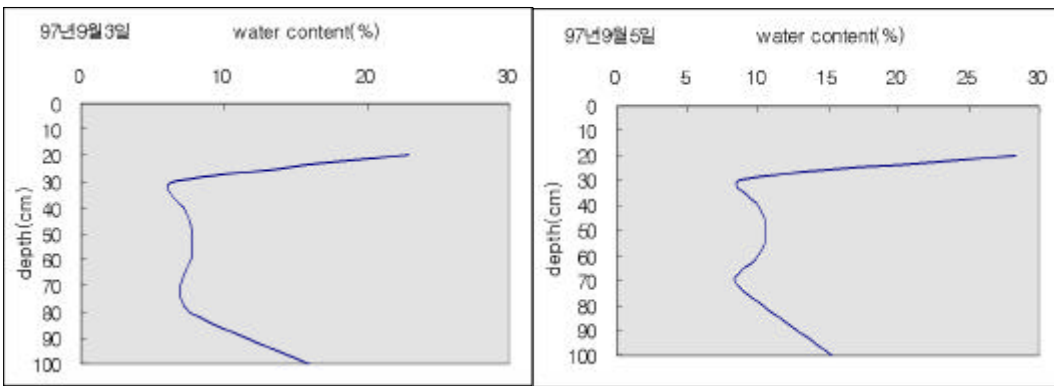
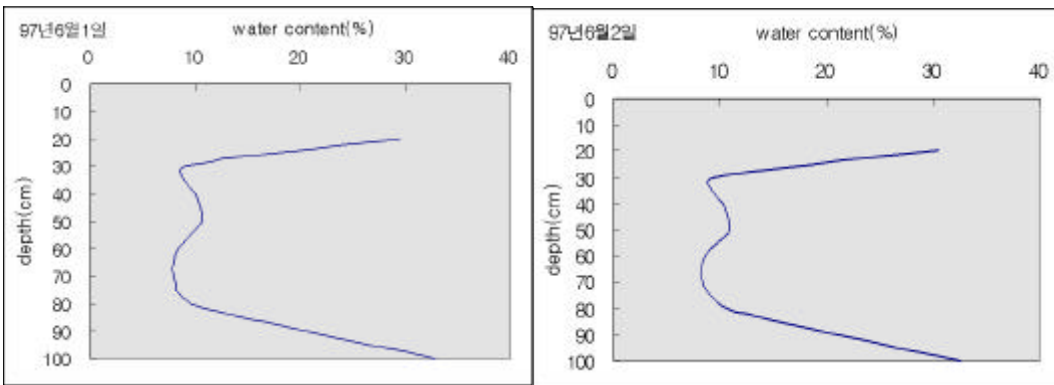
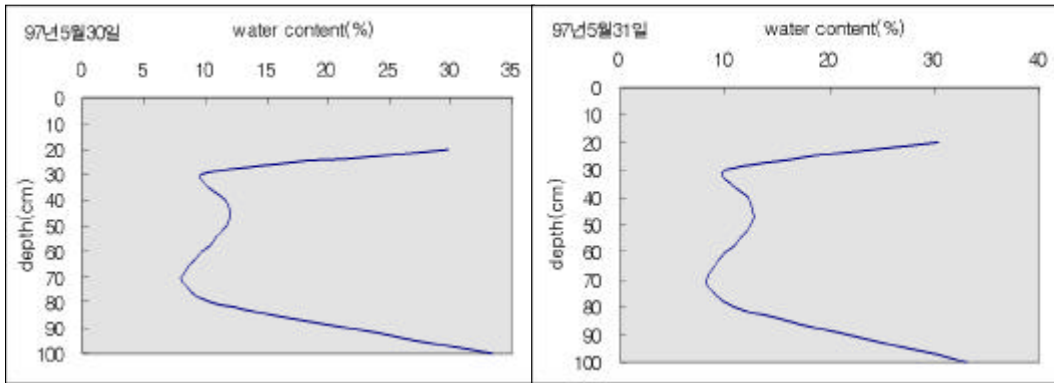
(31).

31.

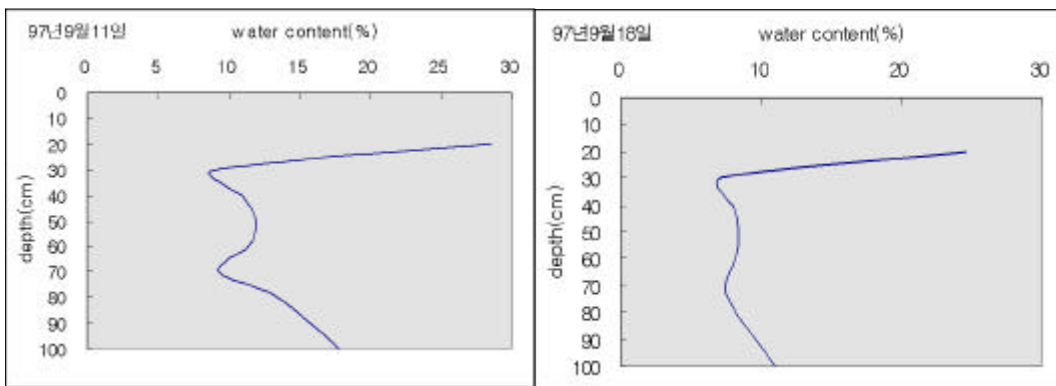
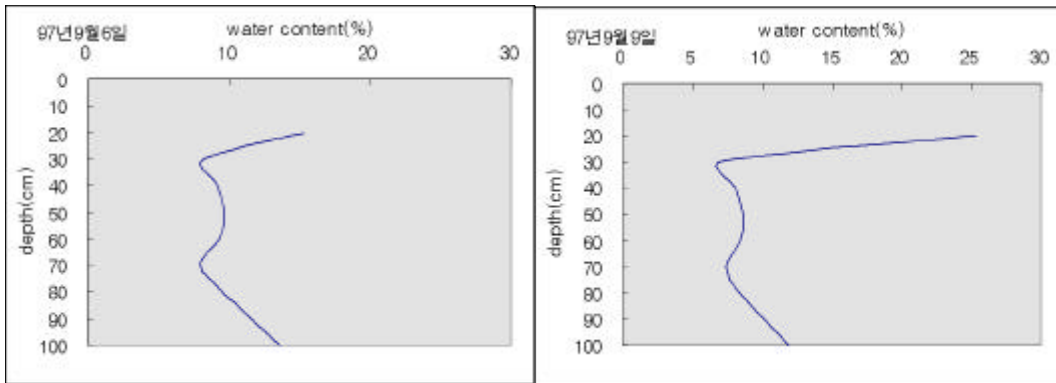
	(cm)	(cm)		(g/cm ³)
A1	0- 15	15		1.40
A2	15- 25	10		1.59
B	25- 35	10		1.47
C1	35- 60	25		1.37
C2	60- 90	30		1.42
C3	90- 120	30		1.42

4 12





4.



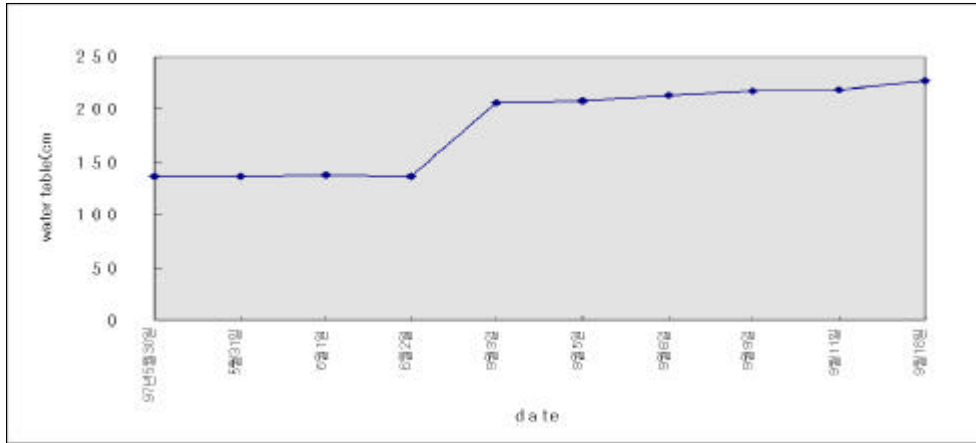
4. ()

4 20cm 100cm 가

가 5 6 20cm

100cm 30% 가 9

20cm 30% , 100cm 20% . 100cm
 가 가
 (5).



5.

가 130cm
 200cm .

(1)

6 가 ,
 , Mg
 , K , Ca

(2)

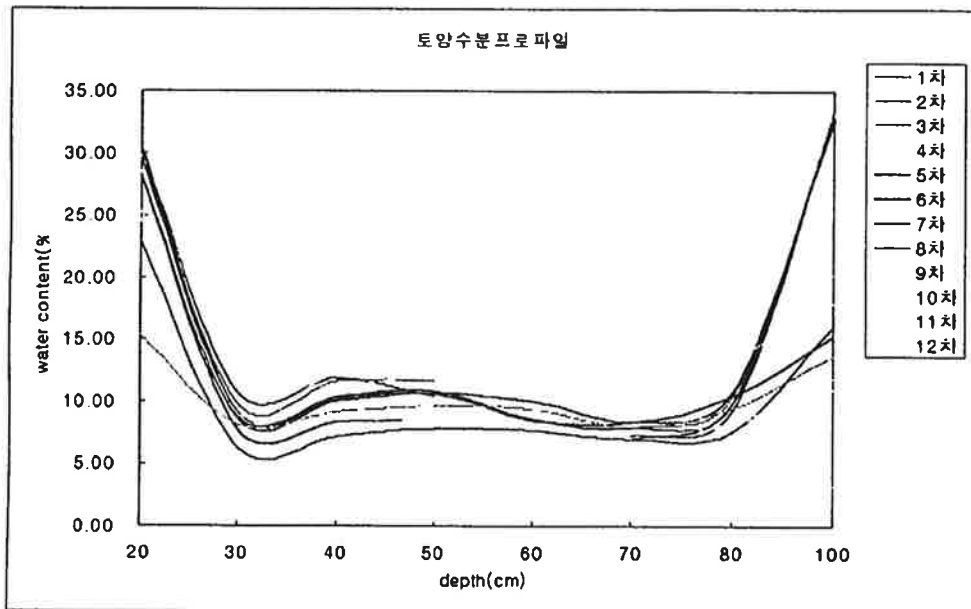
A	. 가 . 가 . 가 - .
B	. 가 - 가 가 가 . 가가
C	. 가 가 , 가

(3) 주변지표수의 오염현황

연구지역은 토지이용형태로 보았을 때 순수농업지역, 축산영농지역, 생활주거지역으로 분류 가능하며, 지표수의 오염정도(총질소, 암모니아성질소, 총질소)는 축산영농지역, 생활주거지역, 순수농업지역의 순서이고, 오염물질의 농도는 강우량에 의해 영향을 받았다.

(4) 토양수분 프로파일 작성을 위한 소규모 포장 연구

연구포장의 토양은 정밀토양도상에서 강서통으로 분류되고 토성은 대체로 양토이었으며, 실제 토양을 층위별로 조사한바 0-25cm까지는 양토였지만 그 이하는 사질토였다.



					가		20cm
100cm	가						
							.
	가	5	6	20cm	100cm		30%
		가		9	20cm	30%	, 100cm
	20%		.	100cm			
가			가				
	가			130cm			
	200cm						.

1. , 1991, 10
2. , 1994,
3. , 1992, •
4. , 1988,
5. , 1992,
6. , 1984,
7. , 1984,
8. , 1989, 10
9. , 1993,
10. , 1986, , 29, 62- 72
11. 2 , 1993, 가 ,
26(2) 132- 137
12. 2 , 1991, ,
, 24(2) 102- 108
13. 2 , 1991, ,
, 27(3) 232- 237
14. 3 , 1987, ,
, 20(2) 123- 129

2	
---	--

6 .

:
:
:
:
:

1

(point source pollution)

(nonpoint source, NPS)

(diffusive pollution)

(water body)

(Park et al., 1994).

(1996)

가

가

, 1994

400kg/ha

99 kg/ha

94kg/ha 4

84 290 16.7 ton '94

568 26.3 ton

가

(, 1995).

(1995)

T-N

7.67kg/ha,

2.2kg/ha,

0.9kg/ha

T-N

2001

367 ,

97 ,

95

(, 1996)

가 . 가

가 가 , 가

가 (environmental-sound, sustainable agriculture)

가 (Best management practice, BMP) (Park , 1994).

BMP

(tolerance level)

BMP

BMP

가,

2

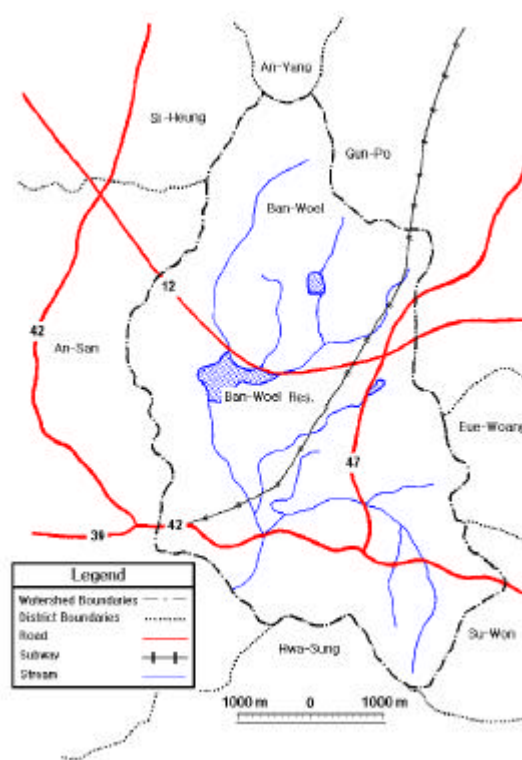
1.

1986

< 2-1 >

12km²

< 2-2 >



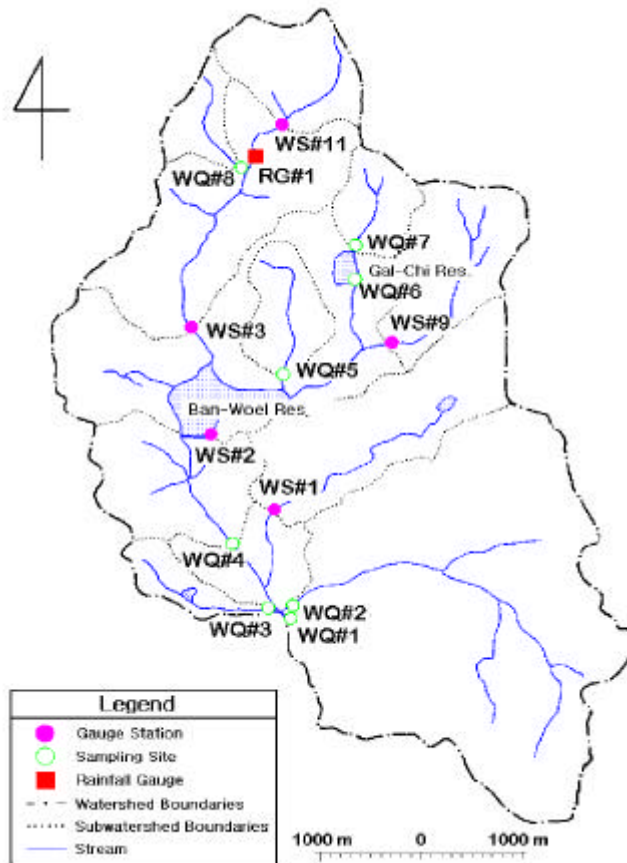
< 2-1 >

77% 가 , 18% 가

8km

가

가



< 2-2> .

2.

가.

< 2-2> , 5 (WS#1, 2, 3, 9, 11), 1 (RG#1) , , ,

< 2-2> ,

가 52%

WS#2, WS#1, 가 12%

가 87%

WS#3 ,

98%가

WS#11,

4% ,

WS#9 .

< 2-3> < 2-8> WS#1, WS#2, WS#3, WS#9, WS#11, PF()



< 2-3> VS#1



< 2-4> VS#2



< 2-5> VS#3



< 2-6> VS#9



< 2-7> WS#11



< 2-8> PF()

.
 - WS#1, 3, 9
 1 2 ,
 , - , WS#11
 -
 -
 .
 WS#2 ,
 -
 3.
 가.
 < 2-2> , - WS#1, 2, 3,
 9, 11 5 WQ#1 8 8 13
 .
 - (WS) ,

WS#2

(WQ)

가,

2 3 11 2
 1
 21 2

(Automatic Water Sampler)

pH, DO, , TN, TP

< 2-1>

< 2-1>

9

< 2-1>

Electron thernometer		
pH	pH	pH neter
DO	DO	DO neter,
SS	SS	Method of weight analysis of Standard nethod
N	NO ₃ -N	Ion chromatograph
	NH ₄ -N	Kjeldahl nethod
	T-N	Kjeldahl distillation
P	PO ₄ -P	Ion chromatograph
	T-P	Ascorbic acid reduction method

1) T - N

가)

1 350Mℓ
 3g (30W/V%) 10Mℓ
 0.05N 50Mℓ 200Mℓ
 . (A)
)
 2g 5~10Mℓ
 1Mℓ 가
 100Mℓ
 가
 350Mℓ 0.05 N 50Mℓ
 200Mℓ
 (50W/V%) 40Mℓ 가 180Mℓ가
 . (B)
 A, B
 1
 A, B
 (mg/)

2) T - P

(4W/V%) 10Mℓ 가
 30 가 , 25Mℓ 가
 2Mℓ 20~40
 15 10mm 50

M0

(mg/)

4.

, 1/25,000

, 가

가.

< 2-2>

< 2-2>

WS#11 126ha

, WS#2

1220ha

, 454ha . WS#11

, 가

36%

, WS#1 2%

, WS#9

7%

WS#1

0.19

WS#2 0.53

가

< 2-2>

		(km ²)						
			(kn)	(n)	(mm/n)	(/kn)		
	VS#1	2.75	0.19	3.83	81.4	0.021	13.77	0.364
	VS#2	12.20	0.53	4.80	439.8	0.092	17.42	1.64
	VS#3	4.80	0.32	3.85	435.7	0.113	31.40	1.45
	VS#9	1.67	0.34	2.23	154.0	0.069	39.01	11.98
	VS#11	1.26	0.70	1.00	356.0	0.360	17.80	1.43
		4.54	0.42	3.14	293.4	0.131	23.88	3.37

< 2-3>

WS#11 96% , 가

WS#9

87%, 12%

가

< 2-3>

		, %			
	VS#1	30	22	40	8
	VS#2	12	6	77	5
	VS#3	7	5	87	1
	VS#9	22	17	57	4
	VS#11	2	2	96	0
		14.6	10.4	71.4	3.6

< 2-4>

< 2-4> SCS

< 2-4> SCS

A	Fba, Ltb, Mac, Mna, Mub,	Fbb, Rea, Mja, Mnb, Mva,	Afc, Rsa, Ma, Msa,	Ita, Nab, Mb, Msb,	(Low runoff potential) (high infiltration rate)		
	Afa, Anb, Lpb, Rad, Rsc, Rvd,	Apb, Anc, Raa, Rea, Rva, Maa,	Apb, And, Rab, Rlb, Rva,	Apb, Lpa, Rac, Rsb, Rvc,		(Moderate infiltration rate)	
	Fna, Afb,	Fnb, Apa,	Fnc, Apd,	Fnk, Ana, Rxa			(High runoff potential)
	D	Fta, Fnd,	Fnl, Lf,	Ro			

< 2-5>

< 2-5>

A, B, C가 80.9, 18.6, 0.5%

가

< 2-5>

	, %				
	VS#1	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11	
A	77.3	73.2	85.0	88.0	80.9
B	22.7	24.7	15.0	12.0	18.6
C	0.0	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.5
D	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

5. 가

< 2-6>

가

1,220 ha WS#2 3,397 가
167 ha WS#9 2,710
가

가 99 가 , 가 < 2-6>
 . 99 가 , 37 , 763 , 57
 , 1,560 , 300 .
 , 가
 . ,
 ,
 가 .

< 2-6> 가

	가						
VS#1	1,137	23	70	20	1,340	14	115
VS#2	3,397	11	558	21	160	149	190
VS#3	150	1	0	0	0	137	15
VS#9	2,710	2	135	16	0	0	0
VS#11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	7,394	37	763	57	1,560	300	320

3

1.

8km

. < 3-1>

'95 '97

< 3-1>

('95.1 '95.12)

	()	(mm)		(%)	(mm)	(M/n2)	(10n)
1	-2.4	13.4	9	57	34.9	8.24	1.5
2	0.0	11.2	3	63	44.2	11.96	1.3
3	5.8	46.2	13	64	52.2	10.85	1.9
4	10.7	33.7	9	55	72.6	15.72	2.0
5	16.6	59.0	9	60	94.3	16.82	1.7
6	21.5	67.7	8	67	100.4	16.07	1.5
7	24.8	372.9	18	77	82.7	12.82	1.6
8	26.4	967.9	17	80	82.6	12.17	1.5
9	20.0	24.2	11	75	75.9	12.91	1.1
10	15.1	29.2	8	75	50.9	10.58	0.9
11	5.6	24.8	8	70	46.6	6.93	1.2
12	-1.5	3.1	8	69	27.3	5.63	1.2

< 2-2>

RG#1

. (< 3-1>)

$$R_B = 0.61 + 0.83R_s$$

(3-1)

, RB =

(mm), RS =

(3-1) R2 0.79 . < 3-1> . < 3-1>

, (3-1) 0.83 '86 '87 0.82 . , 85%

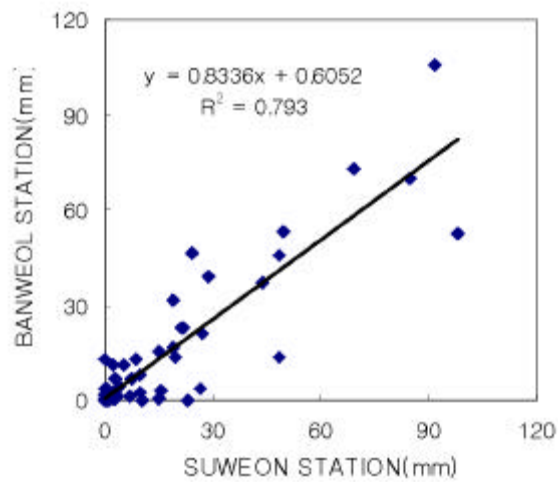
, '95 150mm
3 , 100mm ,
가 가 .

< 3-1> ('96.1. '96.12.)

	()	(mm)		(%)	(mm)	(MJ/n ²)	(10n)
1	-2.2	20.4	7	66	27.6	7.47	1.5
2	-2.0	4.1	4	63	43.3	9.01	1.7
3	4.5	100.8	10	71	58.5	9.36	1.8
4	9.7	51.1	6	65	115.1	12.80	2.0
5	17.6	26.5	8	70	140.6	13.53	1.5
6	22.3	286.4	15	81	100.0	9.33	1.4
7	25.1	241.1	15	80	119.6	14.25	1.5
8	26.5	77.5	9	78	120.8	13.77	1.3
9	21.7	9.2	5	74	98.4	14.41	1.1
10	14.0	70.0	6	73	53.4	10.06	1.0
11	6.4	49.0	13	71	44.4	7.41	1.7
12	1.1	16.0	5	62	40.5	6.77	1.5

< 3-1> ('97. 1- '97. 9)

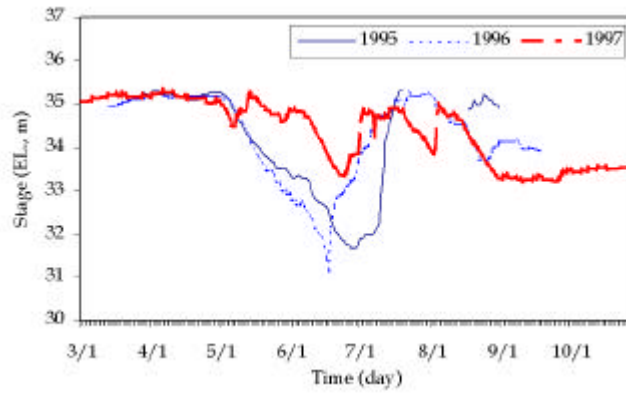
	()	(mm)		(%)	(mm)	(MJ/n ²)	(10n)
1	-3.2	14.4	11	52	42.6	6.99	1.7
2	0.3	41.4	9	57	54.3	9.84	1.7
3	5.9	30.4	6	62	81.1	12.69	1.9
4	12.0	60.7	8	57	121.2	14.69	2.0
5	16.9	260.3	16	69	124.2	12.85	1.8
6	22.8	150.4	10	68	157.7	15.89	1.5
7	25.9	331.7	12	80	144.0	13.17	1.7
8	26.6	299.2	14	78	165.1	14.19	1.9
9	20.2	59.1	8	69	100.3	7.05	1.6
10							
11							
12							



< 3-1>

2.

가
 , 가 ,
 , '95 '97 < 3-2> , 4, 5
 가



< 3-2>

'97 가 가 '97 5

170mm

< 3-3>



< 3- 3>

3. -

< 3- 1>

< 3- 1>

Station	Rating curve	R2
VS#1	$Q= 0. 0402 h^{0.585}$ (h<0. 08)	0. 992
	$Q= 6. 7529 h^{2.513}$ (h>0. 08)	0. 997
VS#3	$Q=19. 4313 h^{3.309}$	0. 982
VS#9	$Q= 5. 8125 h^{1.620}$	0. 920
VS#11	$Q=5. 7305 h^{1.5} + 1. 6429 h^{2.5}$	0. 935

* Q : Discharge (m³/s), h : Stage (m)

4

1.

'95 5 '97 10

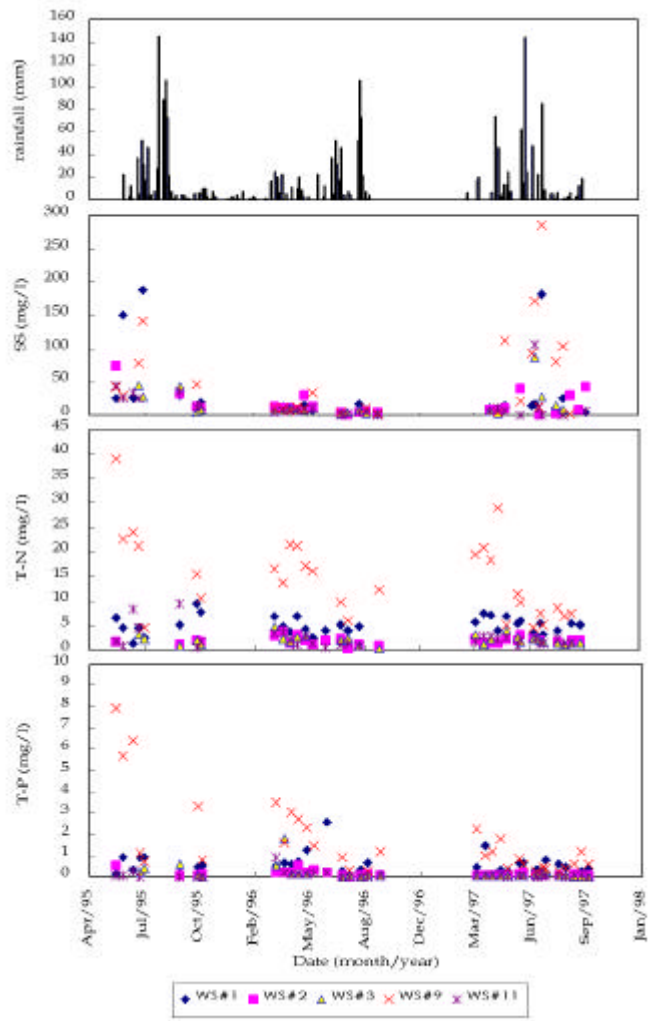
pH, , ,

< 4-1 >

< 4-1 >

WS#9 가

, WS#11



< 4-1> SS, ,

< 4-1 >

()	pH		ng/				
			D0	SS	T-N	T-P	
WS#1 95/5 97/10 (35)	Max./Min.	9.73/5.40	13.25/3.62	188.33/1.20	9.32/1.44	2.55/0.11	
	Mean	7.20	7.80	30.73	5.04	0.57	
	STD	0.84	3.24	51.26	1.69	0.46	
WS#2 95/5 97/10 (29)	Max./Min.	9.64/6.20	12.05/3.64	73.33/0.70	3.61/0.30	0.53/0.03	
	Mean	8.14	8.04	15.87	1.90	0.14	
	STD	1.12	2.63	16.67	0.72	0.12	
WS#3 95/5 97/10 (31)	Max./Min.	9.10/5.74	11.50/4.10	87.00/1.20	4.90/0.42	1.82/0.00	
	Mean	7.15	7.70	15.48	2.05	0.17	
	STD	0.78	2.06	20.14	0.95	0.33	
WS#9 95/5 97/10 (32)	Max./Min.	8.12/4.95	7.20/1.21	285.10/1.30	38.98/4.52	7.95/0.26	
	Mean	7.07	3.59	48.00	14.68	1.74	
	STD	0.64	1.83	63.58	8.11	1.85	
WS#11 95/5 97/10 (35)	Max./Min.	8.96/5.41	10.68/4.20	105.40/0.60	9.46/0.64	0.96/0.01	
	Mean	6.96	7.77	14.73	2.38	0.10	
	STD	0.73	1.91	21.26	1.99	0.16	

가. pH

pH < 4-1 > 6.50 9.57 , ,
 . < 4-2 > pH . < 4-2 >
 5 9 , 10 4
 .
 pH WS#1, 3, 9 7.20, 7.15, 7.07
 , WS#11 6.96 , WS#2
 8.14 , pH 가
 WS#2, WS#1 , WS#9, 11 .

(dissolved oxygen, DO) '96 4 '97 10
, < 4-3> . WS#1, 2, 3, 11
DO 7.70 8.04mg/l ,
WS#9 3.59mg/l 가 .
DO 가 WS#2 가
3.24mg/l , 1.83 2.63mg/l .
가 .
WS#9 가 1.21 7.20mg/l
, .

< 4-2>

pH

	VS#1	VS#2	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11
95/05/30	6.70	6.80	-	6.80	6.60
95/06/12	6.90	-	-	7.30	6.50
95/06/29	7.10	-	-	7.20	6.50
95/07/11	6.50	-	6.40	6.30	6.60
95/07/19	7.10	-	7.00	7.00	-
95/09/22	7.20	7.70	7.00	-	7.00
95/10/24	6.20	6.50	6.60	6.30	6.50
95/11/01	6.20	6.40	6.60	6.50	6.30
96/04/10	8.18	7.30	8.77	7.37	7.32
96/04/24	8.86	9.23	7.58	7.91	7.49
96/05/08	8.07	9.57	7.30	7.54	7.23
96/05/22	6.78	9.19	-	7.41	7.37
96/06/14	7.13	7.62	-	7.61	7.30
96/07/12	7.46	9.48	6.35	7.49	6.70
96/07/24	6.84	8.64	6.54	7.27	6.47
96/08/14	7.14	9.64	7.15	7.33	7.21
96/08/28	6.98	6.20	6.68	7.22	6.86
96/09/19	6.90	9.40	7.97	7.17	6.45
97/03/13	8.06	9.00	8.32	7.46	6.87
97/03/28	7.91	8.57	7.28	7.05	6.76
97/04/10	9.73	8.92	9.10	7.52	8.96
97/04/24	8.50	8.93	7.07	7.62	8.60
97/05/08	6.89	7.00	6.47	7.11	7.36
97/06/04	7.07	8.81	7.96	7.39	7.75
97/06/26	6.95	7.28	6.87	4.95	6.34
97/07/09	7.13	9.52	7.74	7.35	7.76
97/07/15	7.11		7.09	7.60	6.98
97/08/08	5.40	6.35	5.74	6.25	5.41
97/08/21	7.80	8.90	7.85	8.12	7.83
97/10/01	6.07	7.88	6.53	6.41	5.94
97/10/16	6.71	7.22	6.43	6.00	6.24
97/10/29	6.67	7.63	6.58	6.67	6.41
	7.20	8.14	7.15	7.07	6.96
	0.84	1.12	0.78	0.64	0.73

< 4-3>

(DO)

Unit: mg/

	VS#1	VS#2	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11
96/04/10	12.97	11.73	11.50	3.54	10.63
96/04/24	13.10	10.37	9.78	6.30	9.64
96/05/08	10.98	12.05	9.26	2.05	8.62
96/05/22	5.93	5.64	-	1.47	5.54
96/06/14	11.11	4.64	-	2.43	8.30
96/07/12	13.25	9.67	9.11	2.49	9.40
96/07/24	5.71	8.75	8.14	6.04	9.46
96/08/14	5.10	10.07	5.06	1.65	6.06
96/08/28	7.21	7.10	8.70	6.66	9.11
96/09/19	6.27	9.30	10.07	1.21	7.92
97/03/13	10.45	11.90	9.34	2.95	10.68
97/03/28	12.32	11.21	9.30	3.29	9.65
97/04/10	7.60	8.44	6.73	1.88	7.54
97/04/24	12.47	9.73	8.60	1.82	8.25
97/05/08	6.27	4.57	7.25	6.51	7.73
97/06/04	6.13	6.35	7.03	3.06	6.32
97/06/26	5.30	3.64	5.70	7.20	6.08
97/07/09	4.39	7.50	5.25	4.12	5.64
97/07/15	4.40		5.15	4.75	5.74
97/08/08	3.62	4.48	4.10	3.28	4.42
97/08/21	3.70	3.90	4.25	2.75	4.20
97/10/01	4.82	6.84	6.52	3.07	6.61
97/10/16	7.01	7.45	8.78	1.81	8.50
97/10/29	7.20	9.60	9.87	5.75	10.50
	7.80	8.04	7.70	3.59	7.77
	3.24	2.63	2.06	1.83	1.91

< 4-4>

가 , WS#9 96 9 1.3mg/l , 51mm
 (97 7 15) 가 285.1mg/l 219 가 ,

. (T-P)
 (T-P) < 4-6> , 0.1 7.95mg/l
 . WS#1 0.57mg/l, WS#2 0.14mg/l,
 WS#3 0.17mg/l, WS#9 1.74mg/l, WS#11 0.1mg/l . ,
 WS#11 TP WS#9 17
 , TP
 가 , (T-N)

< 4-3>

(SS)

Unit: mg/

	VS#1	VS#2	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11
95/05/30	25.00	73.33	-	42.86	45.00
95/06/12	150.00	-	-	30.00	25.00
95/06/29	25.00	-	-	34.55	34.55
95/07/11	-	-	43.33	78.57	25.71
95/07/19	188.33	-	28.33	141.67	-
95/09/22	30.00	31.67	41.67	-	36.67
95/10/24	8.65	12.50	4.00	47.50	12.74
95/11/01	19.05	10.00	7.69	15.00	14.74
96/03/13	13.14	12.67	6.47	10.10	4.95
96/03/29	13.70	11.46	5.64	11.36	7.33
96/04/10	10.00	10.34	10.00	5.80	8.30
96/04/24	7.29	9.40	7.10	12.08	6.46
96/05/08	15.26	28.70	7.40	10.90	9.20
96/05/22	8.30	12.50	-	33.50	10.10
96/06/14					
96/07/12	1.40	3.20	1.80	4.60	1.00
96/07/24	1.20	0.80	3.80	2.60	1.20
96/08/14	17.40	5.20	7.40		4.60
96/08/28	8.60	7.00	1.20	11.40	4.20
96/09/19	4.80	4.00	1.80	1.30	0.70
97/03/13					
97/03/28					
97/04/10	11.60	8.00	6.80	7.20	5.90
97/04/24	2.60	7.90	1.50	3.60	9.60
97/05/08	15.00	10.20		111.40	6.40
97/06/04		40.40		20.80	0.70
97/06/26	15.80			93.90	
97/07/01	17.20		87.00	171.30	105.40
97/07/09		0.70		12.60	10.20
97/07/15	181.80		28.00	285.10	1.00
97/08/08	10.90	2.50	14.70	79.50	
97/08/21	24.30		9.50	103.40	0.60
97/09/03		29.70		2.60	
97/09/18		7.50			
97/10/01	3.50	41.20		6.70	5.50
	30.73	15.87	15.48	48.00	14.73
	51.26	16.67	20.14	63.58	21.26

< 4-4 >

(T - N)

Unit: mg/

	VS#1	VS#2	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11
95/05/30	6.68	1.80	-	38.98	1.64
95/06/12	4.52	-	-	22.51	0.88
95/06/29	1.44	-	-	24.08	8.44
95/07/11	4.62	-	3.24	21.35	4.64
95/07/19	2.68	-	2.32	4.52	-
95/09/22	5.28	1.24	0.88	-	9.46
95/10/24	9.32	1.92	1.98	15.56	0.64
95/11/01	7.60	1.64	1.24	10.48	1.84
96/03/13	6.97	2.89	4.90	16.66	3.37
96/03/29	4.82	3.61	2.27	13.63	3.67
96/04/10	3.86	1.31	1.58	21.44	2.05
96/04/24	6.97	3.25	2.62	21.28	1.15
96/05/08	4.17	2.13	2.89	17.11	2.85
96/05/22	2.56	1.28		16.12	1.48
96/06/14	4.12	1.88			0.64
96/07/12	5.14	2.37	1.94	9.66	1.19
96/07/24	4.12	0.30	2.17	6.05	1.35
96/08/14	4.80	1.26	0.98		0.88
96/08/28					
96/09/19		0.76	0.42	12.39	
97/03/13	5.59	2.30	3.02	19.42	19.42
97/03/28	7.49	1.55	1.11	20.79	2.97
97/04/10	7.10	1.33	2.35	18.48	2.77
97/04/24	4.04	1.41		28.87	2.41
97/05/08	6.76	2.25	3.89	5.26	2.72
97/05/28	5.46	2.03	2.66	11.42	0.74
97/06/04	5.91	3.08	1.58	9.62	1.97
97/06/26	3.37	2.23	2.34	4.61	
97/07/01	2.93		2.35		2.27
97/07/09	5.33	1.88	1.99	7.46	1.33
97/07/15	3.19		1.74	5.17	1.36
97/08/08	4.02	1.61	1.29	8.51	2.21
97/08/21			1.05	6.80	1.50
97/09/03	5.33	1.99	1.39	7.59	1.33
97/09/18	5.12	2.07	1.29		
	5.04	1.90	2.05	14.68	2.38
	1.69	0.72	0.95	8.11	1.99

< 4- 5>

(T - P)

Unit: mg/

	VS#1	VS#2	VS#3	VS#9	VS#11
95/05/30	0.16	0.52	-	7.95	0.08
95/06/12	0.90	-	-	5.68	0.05
95/06/29	0.34	-	-	6.41	0.27
95/07/11	0.95	-	0.20	1.14	0.03
95/07/19	0.93	-	0.37	0.71	-
95/09/22	0.21	0.05	0.58	-	0.02
95/10/24	0.46	0.08	0.08	3.28	0.02
95/11/01	0.52	0.11	0.02	0.79	0.03
96/03/13	0.52	0.18	0.56	3.53	0.96
96/03/29	0.66	0.20	1.82	1.60	0.23
96/04/10	0.57	0.19	0.14	3.06	0.15
96/04/24	0.75	0.53	0.15	2.69	0.14
96/05/08	1.28	0.22	0.15	2.34	0.14
96/05/22	0.32	0.31		1.49	0.23
96/06/14	2.55	0.21			0.17
96/07/12	0.24	0.04	0.02	0.94	0.02
96/07/24	0.15	0.03	0.04	0.36	0.03
96/08/14	0.32	0.04	0.03		0.03
96/08/28	0.69	0.10	0.04	0.26	0.01
96/09/19	0.13	0.06	0.07	1.21	0.05
97/03/13	0.43	0.09	0.04	2.24	0.05
97/03/28	1.48		0.07	1.01	0.07
97/04/10	0.12	0.05	0.05	1.22	0.04
97/04/24	0.35	0.09	0.04	1.80	0.05
97/05/08	0.28	0.09	0.04	0.40	0.01
97/05/28	0.66	0.10	0.06	0.86	0.08
97/06/04	0.63	0.19	0.06	0.58	0.06
97/06/26	0.35	0.10	0.17	0.27	0.05
97/07/01	0.35		0.05		0.03
97/07/09	0.21	0.06	0.12	0.45	0.07
97/07/15	0.80		0.28	0.37	0.03
97/08/08	0.57	0.09	0.04	0.26	0.05
97/08/21	0.49		0.03	0.40	0.03
97/09/03		0.12	0.03	0.58	0.03
97/09/18	0.26	0.08	0.00	1.18	0.03
97/10/01	0.38	0.06	0.01	0.61	0.02
	0.57	0.14	0.17	1.74	0.10
	0.46	0.12	0.33	1.85	0.16

2.

가. -

< 4-4>

,

가 (4-1)

$$S = c Q^{e1} \quad (4-1)$$

, S = (mg/l), Q = (m³/s), c e1 = .
 < 4-7> 가 가

가 R2 WS#1, 3 0.53, 0.43
 , 0.64

< 4-7> -

		R2
VS#1	S = 50.735 Q^{0.368}	0.529
VS#9	S = 94.743 Q^{0.477}	0.434
VS#3, VS#11	S = 19.511 Q^{0.541}	0.639

- '95 ,

, < 4-8>

< 4-8> , WS#1

0.32 , WS#2 20 , WS#3 0.08 , WS#9 0.42 , WS#11 0.1

, , WS#9 가 ,
 WS#1 가 , WS#9

가

3. (TN)

TN < 4-5>

TN

TN

< 4-8> - , T-N, T-P

		(10 ³ m ³ /day)	(10 ³ m ³)	(mg/)	(kg/day)	(kg)	
VS#1	117	17.10	2,000.69	T-N	5.30	90.63	10,604
				T-P	0.63	10.77	1,260
				SS	18.89	323.02	37,793
VS#2	129	1252.14	161,526.26	T-N	2.20	2,754.71	355,357
				T-P	0.23	287.99	37,151
				SS	16.23	20,322.26	2,621,571
VS#3	137	4.90	670.61	T-N	2.39	11.70	1,603
				T-P	0.41	2.00	275
				SS	16.16	79.10	10,837
VS#9	100	12.85	1,156.54	T-N	18.97	219.40	21,939
				T-P	3.27	37.82	3,781
				SS	36.45	421.56	42,156
VS#11	113	5.25	593.81	T-N	2.27	11.93	1,348
				T-P	0.18	0.95	106.89
				SS	18.52	97.32	10,997

TN WS#1 5.30mg/l ,WS#2, 3, 9 2.20, 2.39,
 18.97mg/l , WS#11 8mg/l
 0.18mg/l .

< 4- 8>

, WS#1, 3, 9, 11 10.6, 1.6, 21.9, 1.3 . < 4- 8>

가

4. (TP)

가

, WS#1, 3, 9, 11 0.63, 0.41, 3.27, 0.18mg/

WS#2 0.23mg/

< 4- 8>

WS#1 1.3

, WS#2 37 , WS#3 0.3 , WS#9 0.4 , WS#11 0.1

WS#2 , WS#1, WS#9, WS#3, WS#11

5.

(1994)

< 4-9>

WS#2 30 , 1.8
 WS#9

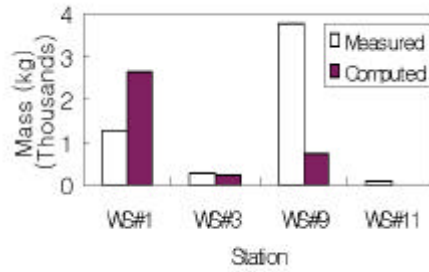
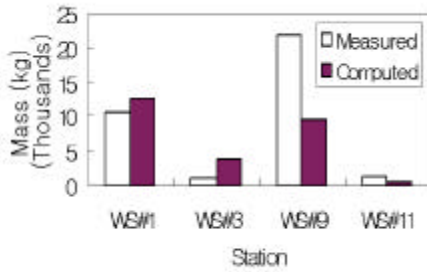
< 4-2> < 4-3>

WS#9

WS#9

< 4-9>

T-N (kg)					T-N (kg)				
WS#1	WS#2	WS#3	WS#9	WS#11	WS#1	WS#2	WS#3	WS#9	WS#11
2,142	8,382	3,357	1,028	683	166	329	89	65	8
1,330	4,382	206	2,710	0	186	614	29	379	0
9,106	30,070	367	5,754	0	2,296	1,869	124	288	0
12,578	42,834	3,929	9,492	683	2,649	2,811	243	732	8



< 4-2> T-N

< 4-3> T-P

6.

가.

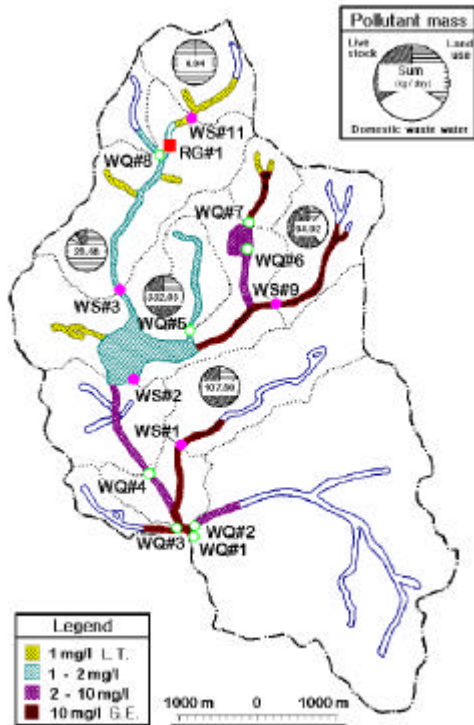
< 4-4>, < 4-5> .
 < 4-4> 1995 10 24 TN ,
 . TN 1mg/l , 1 2mg/l, 2 10mg/l, 10mg/l
 , < 4-4>
 TN 가 가
 , WS#9 가 가
 < 4-5> TP . TP
 0.1mg/l , 0.1 0.4mg/l, 0.4 1.0mg/l, 1.0mg/l 4
 , TP
 가 ,
 가 .
 < 4-4> < 4-5> ,
 , TP ,
 , TN .
 10
 TP 가 TN
 .
 .
 < 4-4> < 4-5>
 가 .
 WS#2 332kg/day 가

6.04kg/day

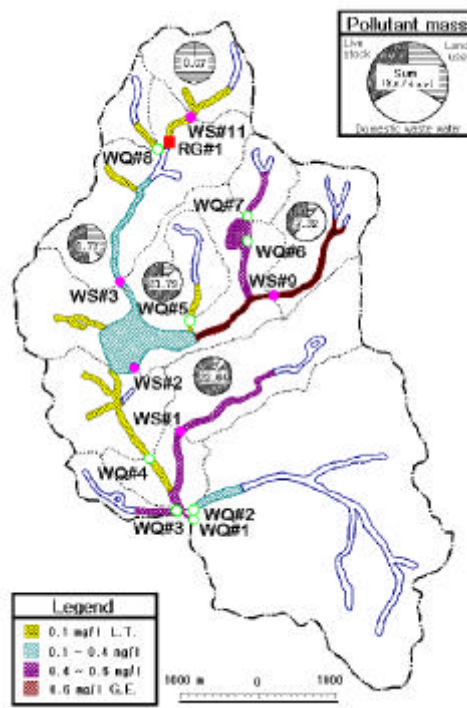
WS#9 WS#1 T-N 가

WS#11

WS#1 WS#9
 WS#1 , WS#9 T-P 가
 WS#9 가



< 4-1> (T-N)



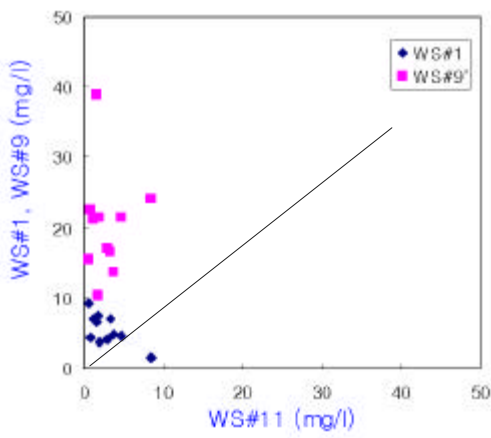
< 4-2> (T-P)

7.

가.

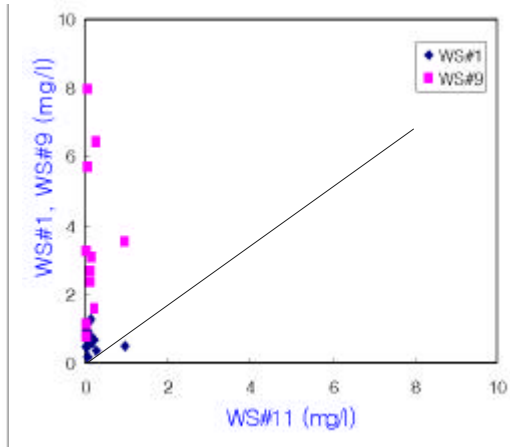
< 4-6>

1:1
WS#9
WS#11
WS#1
WS#11
(Best Management Practice, BMP)
가



(a) T-N

< 4-6>



(b) T-P

4- 10> . < 4- 10> , T - N 0.095
 kg/ha/day WS#9 1.314kg/ha/day
 T - P , WS#11 0.008kg/ha/day ,
 WS#9 0.226kg/ha/day . ,
 14 , 4
 가

< 4- 10>

	T-N (kg/ha/day)	T-P(kg/ha/day)
(WS#11)	0.095	0.008
(VS#1)	0.330	0.039
(VS#9)	1.314	0.226

1.

CREAMS, EPIC, WEPP, AGNPS 가 가 .
 (field scaled model) (watershed model),
 (mixed model)
 (storm-event model),
 (continuous model),
 (annual average model) 가 .
 (parametric model), (calibration model)
 (black box model),
 (distributed or cell model),
 (lumped model) 가 . EPA

2.

가.

AGNPS (agricultural nonpoint source pollution model) ,
 BMP
 . AGNPS ,
 (Chemical Oxygen Demand, COD)
 - (1995)

AGNPS

(cell)

,

,

,

,

, COD,

,

,

,

AGNPS

,

.

가

.

,

가

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.

AGNPS

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-

.

(curve number,

CN),

,

,

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,

,

,

,

. < 5-1> AGNPS

.

No	Items	Contents
1	Watershed Input	Watershed identification
2		Cell area (acres)
3		Total number of cells
4		Precipitation (inches)
5		Energy-intensity value
1	Cell Parameter	Cell number
2		Number of the cell into which it drains
3		SCS curve number
4		Average land slope (%)
5		Slope shape factor (uniform, convex, or concave)
6		Average field slope length (feet)
7		Average channel slope (%)
8		Average channel side slope (%)
9		Mannings roughness coefficient for the channel
10		Soil erodibility factor (K) from USLE
11		Cropping factor (C) from USLE
12		Practice factor (P) from USLE
13		Surface condition constant (factor based on land use)
14		Aspect (one of 8 directions)
15		Soil texture (sand, silt, clay, peat)
16		Fertilization level (zero, low, medium, high)
17		Incorporation factor (% fertilizer left in top 1cm of soil)
18		Point source indicator
19		Gully source level (estimate of amount, tons, or gully erosion in a cell)
20		Chemical oxygen demand factor
21		Impoundment factor
22		Channel indicator

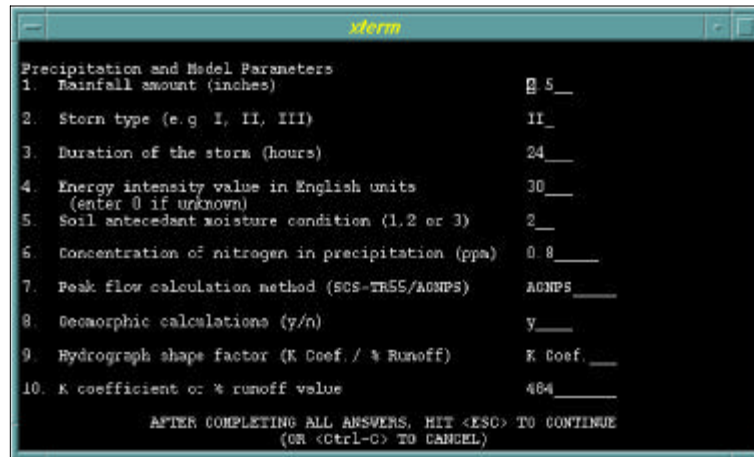
가

GIS- AGNPS

< 5-1> . < 5-1>

AGNPS

가



< 5-1> AGNPS

3. GIS

가.

1:25,000

< 5-2> E 126o 52' 30", N 37o 22' 30" E 126o 57' 30", N 37o 17' 30"

1:25,000

GRASS

GRASS

5

10

< 5-2>

Coverage of digital map

Points	Longitude/Latitude	UTM
Northwest	E 126° 52' 30" /N37° 22' 30"	688130. 49909510/4138179. 24848807
Northeast	E 126° 52' 30" /N37° 22' 30"	680751. 98674492/4138016. 31603917
Southeast	E 126° 52' 30" /N37° 17' 30"	680951. 86954993/4128770. 77924600
Southwest	E 126° 52' 30" /N37° 22' 30"	688338. 55071422/4128933. 58133387

1)

< 5-3>

5

가

< 5-2>

< 5-2>

가) USLE C USLE P

USLE C P

Wischmeir (1978), (1994) C

0.001, 0.03, 0.01, 0.0 P

1.0, 0.2

0.0

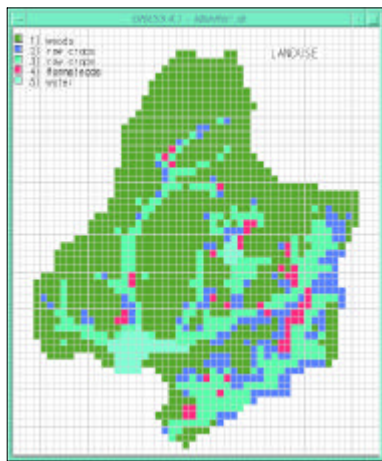
< 5-3>

< 5-2>

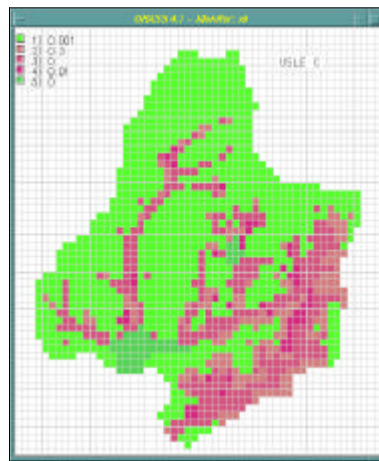
< 5-3>

Map layers

Landuses of Watershed	Layers of nap				
	Landuse	USLE C	USLE P	Managenent	Nutrient
Forests	Forests	0.001	1.0	Very sparse	None
Upland	Upland	0.03	1.0	Straight row	None
Paddy	Paddy	0.00	0.2	Contoured and terraced	Low
Farnsteads	Farnsteads	0.01	1.0	Contoured	None
Water	Water	0.00	0.0	Impervious	None



< 5-2>



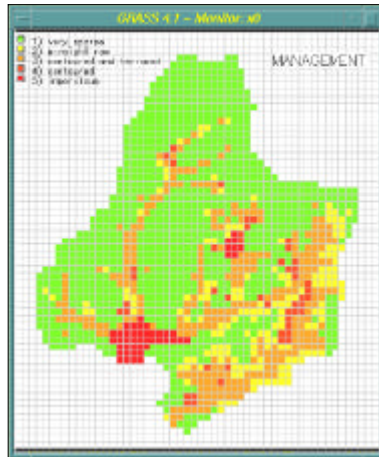
< 5-3> USLE C

)

SCS

< 5-3>

< 5-4>



< 5-4>

)

AGNPS

(50Kg/ha, 20kg/ha) ,

2)

가 . GcB() Hr()

85 .

가) USLE K

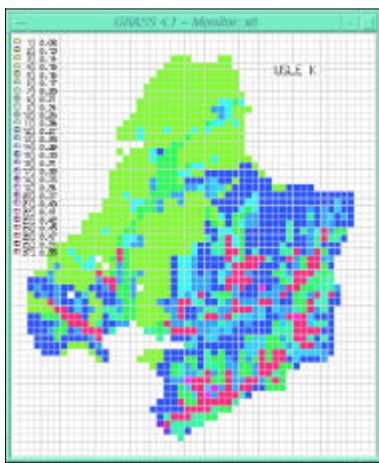
USLE K

USLE K 0.1 0.55 , USLE K < 5-5>

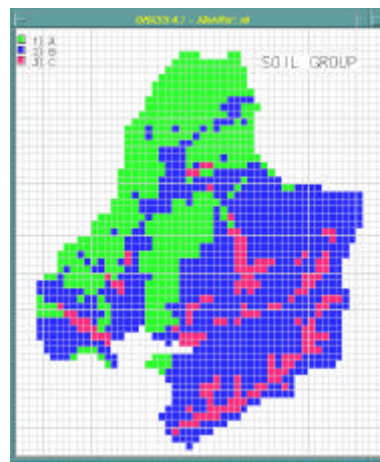
)

8가

A , B ,
C , D . < 5-6>



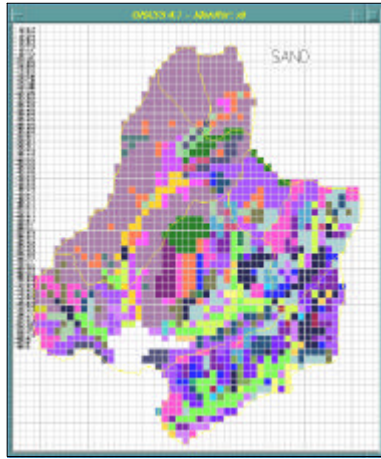
< 5-5> USLE K



< 5-6>

)

< 5-7>



< 5-7 >

3)

가

4)

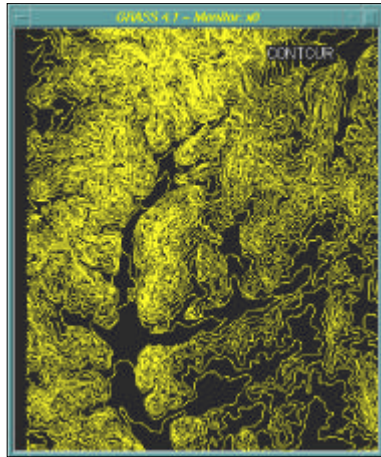
1:25,000

10m

20m,

250m

< 5-8 >



< 5-8 >

5)

GRASS (r.surf.contour)

1m

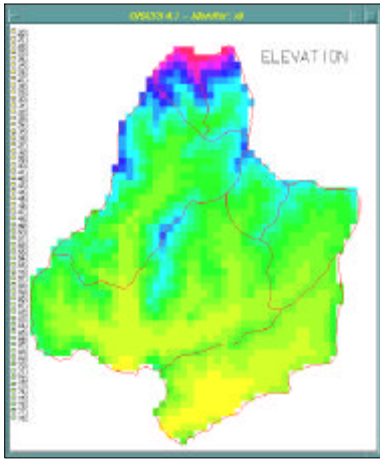
< 5-9>

6)

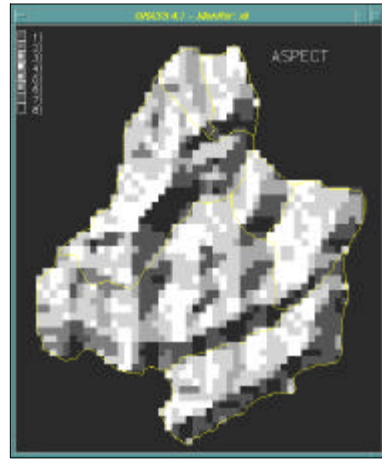
GRASS

, < 5-10>

. < 5-10>



< 5-9>



< 5-10>

4. AGNPS

가.

AGNPS

WS#1, 3, 9, 11, 12 5

13

, , , ,

AGNPS

, AGNPS

, 30

AGNPS

1)

AGNPS

SCS

, WS#3 WS#9

< 5-4> . <

5-4>

WS#3

17.50mm

18.71mm

7%

, WS#9 ,

19.38mm,

17.50mm

가

가

가 3 7.6mm

< 5- 4>

Storm event	Rainfall (mm)	Runoff discharge, mm			
		VS#3		VS#9	
		Obs.	Sim.	Obs.	Sim.
4/22/93	24.0	0.95	0.01	N/A	-
5/12/93	32.5	2.55	0.06	0.18	0.10
6/01/93	65.5	7.51	6.52	7.95	7.02
6/12/93	50.0	4.77	2.23	7.56	2.50
7/08/93	41.5	6.25	0.77	2.96	0.92
7/11/93	91.0	38.96	35.07	31.43	36.40
7/13/93	97.5	54.78	54.85	55.04	56.26
7/17/93	96.5	N/A	-	52.06	55.39
7/24/93	32.0	N/A	-	6.33	0.08
7/29/93	117.5	50.28	55.15	33.92	56.86
8/13/93	29.0	2.31	0.02	1.05	0.02
9/16/93	71.0	N/A	-	11.07	9.02
9/20/93	34.0	N/A	-	0.74	8.03
Total	782.0	168.36	154.68	210.02	232.60
Average	60.2	18.71	17.19	17.50	19.38
RMSE			3.14		7.59

2)

AGNPS

WS#3, #9

< 5- 5>

< 5- 5>

WS#3

4.51m³/s

5.58m³/s

, WS#9

가 2.61m³/s

1.68m³/s

CN

< 5- 5>

Storm event	Rainfall (mm)	Peak runoff rate, m ³ /s			
		WS#3		WS#9	
		Obs.	Sim.	Obs.	Sim.
4/22/93	24.0	0.14	0.00	N/A	-
5/12/93	32.5	0.16	0.03	0.06	0.02
6/01/93	65.5	0.36	1.96	0.34	1.11
6/12/93	50.0	1.40	0.73	1.40	0.43
7/08/93	41.5	1.12	0.27	0.49	0.17
7/11/93	91.0	11.19	9.31	5.30	4.94
7/13/93	97.5	24.73	14.09	5.92	7.34
7/17/93	96.5	N/A	-	2.95	7.23
7/24/93	32.0	N/A	-	0.23	0.02
7/29/93	117.5	10.15	14.16	1.99	7.41
8/13/93	29.0	1.10	0.01	0.34	0.01
9/16/93	71.0	N/A	-	1.09	1.39
9/20/93	34.0	N/A	-	0.07	1.25
Total	782.0	50.25	40.56	20.19	31.32
Average	60.2	5.58	4.51	1.68	2.61
RMSE			3.91		2.10

AGNPS

WS#1, 3, 9, 11, 12 5

< 5- 6>

< 5- 6>

, WS#1

5.9ton,

WS#3

6.16ton, WS#9

4.68ton, WS#11

12

0.40ton

1.78ton

4.93, 3.12, 2.79, 0.17, 0.57ton

20 310%

가
가

가
< 5- 6 >

Storm event	Sediment yields, tons									
	WS#1		WS#3		WS#9		WS#11		WS#12	
	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.
4/22/93	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.01	N/A	-	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.03
5/12/93	0.07	0.16	0.11	0.09	0.01	0.17	N/A	-	N/A	-
6/01/93	1.52	3.97	0.45	4.41	0.49	3.29	0.02	0.14	N/A	-
6/12/93	0.90	2.31	0.41	2.45	1.06	1.78	0.02	0.20	0.03	1.23
7/08/93	2.11	1.03	0.51	1.13	0.20	0.93	0.00	0.08	0.09	0.49
7/11/93	12.39	18.78	6.38	16.18	6.18	9.29	0.30	2.67	0.98	7.92
7/13/93	18.69	13.59	12.44	15.20	11.16	11.06	0.71	0.27	1.85	1.63
7/17/93	11.11	13.35	N/A	-	6.61	10.95	0.38	0.23	1.20	1.38
7/24/93	0.11	0.14	N/A	-	0.33	0.14	N/A	-	N/A	-
7/29/93	15.70	14.97	7.56	15.92	5.36	11.20	0.43	0.69	1.40	4.34
8/13/93	0.00	0.01	0.19	0.01	0.08	0.04	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.01
9/16/93	0.82	4.40	N/A	-	1.27	3.79	0.03	0.08	0.11	0.45
9/20/93	0.60	4.03	N/A	-	0.73	3.56	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.27
Total	64.02	76.75	28.08	55.40	33.48	56.20	1.92	4.42	5.71	17.75
Average	4.93	5.90	3.12	6.16	2.79	4.68	0.17	0.40	0.57	1.72
RMSE		2.86		4.64		2.68		0.74		2.42

1)

AGNPS < 5-7>
< 5-7> WS#1 7.8mg/l
4.9mg/l, WS#3 2.3mg/l 1.8mg/l
WS#9, 11, 12 가 5.4mg/l, 1.2mg/l, 1.1mg/l
13.0mg/l, 2.3mg/l, 1.2mg/l 가
가

()

AGNPS T-P T-P < 5-7>
WS#1, 가 1.4mg/l
2.0mg/l WS#3 T-P
0.3mg/l, T-P 1.0mg/l, WS#9 1.0mg/l,
2.6mg/l, WS#11 WS#12 T-P 0.1mg/l
T-P 1.2mg/l 1.7mg/l T-P
AGNPS 가, T-N

Storm event	Components	Nutrients concentration, ng/l									
		VS#1		VS#3		VS#9		VS#11		VS#12	
		Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.	Obs.	Sin.
5/17/93	T-N	8.7	16.41	3.3	4.23	N/A	-	2.7	1.67	0.4	1.52
	T-P	0.4	3.09	0.0	0.65	N/A	-	0.0	0.14	0.8	0.11
5/22/93	T-N	5.8	14.20	1.2	3.00	19.0	11.25	1.9	1.58	0.7	1.44
	T-P	0.9	2.66	2.2	0.41	2.4	1.07	1.7	0.13	2.6	0.10
6/01/93	T-N	4.9	3.17	0.8	1.45	11.9	2.68	4.0	0.96	2.1	0.93
	T-P	0.5	0.52	1.0	0.17	2.9	0.42	1.0	0.07	1.1	0.06
6/12/93	T-N	4.5	5.00	2.3	2.00	18.3	4.19	N/A	-	0.8	1.02
	T-P	6.4	0.87	0.0	0.27	4.1	0.71	N/A	-	4.0	0.07
6/27/93	T-N	5.5	6.44	2.1	1.13	13.4	6.28	N/A	-	0.7	1.10
	T-P	2.0	1.13	1.2	0.06	2.0	1.10	N/A	-	0.0	0.06
7/08/93	T-N	3.2	6.97	1.6	2.72	N/A	-	2.4	1.24	1.6	1.13
	T-P	2.0	1.26	2.4	0.41	N/A	-	3.0	0.11	2.0	0.09
7/13/93	T-N	3.6	5.04	1.9	1.85	11.3	4.07	1.7	1.00	1.4	0.96
	T-P	1.3	1.00	0.7	0.27	2.6	0.78	1.2	0.08	0.5	0.07
7/29/93	T-N	3.1	5.08	1.4	1.86	4.1	4.10	1.2	1.00	1.7	0.96
	T-P	2.5	1.01	0.6	0.28	1.8	0.79	0.0	0.08	2.5	0.07
Total	T-N	39.3	62.3	14.6	18.2	78.0	32.6	13.9	7.5	9.4	9.1
	T-P	16.0	11.5	8.1	2.5	15.8	5.9	6.9	0.61	13.5	0.63
Average	T-N	4.9	7.8	1.8	2.3	13.0	5.4	2.3	1.2	1.2	1.1
	T-P	2.0	1.4	1.0	0.3	2.6	1.0	1.2	0.1	1.7	0.1
RMSE	T-N		4.4		0.1		8.6		1.4		0.7
	T-P		2.4		1.1		2.0		1.5		2.0

6

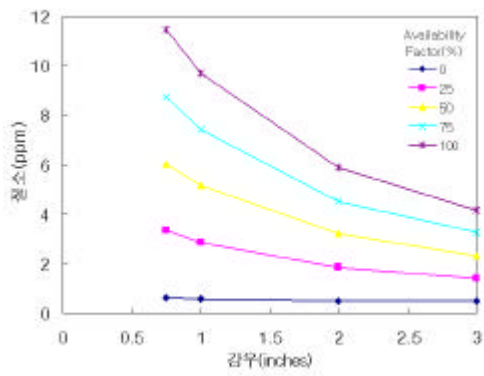
(Sustainable Agriculture) 1972 ‘
UN ’ (Eco Development) 가
(Sustainable Development) (, 1994).

가 , ,
가 , 가 ,
(integrated management)가 ,
가 ,
AGNPS 가
CREAMS BMP

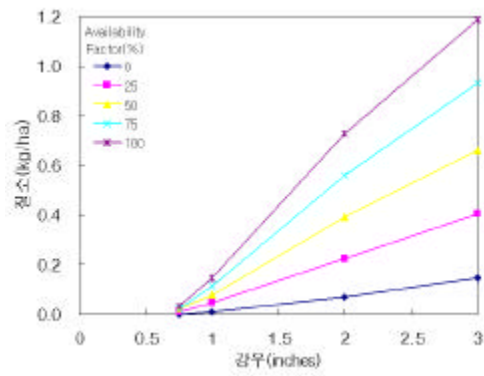
1.

가. AGNPS

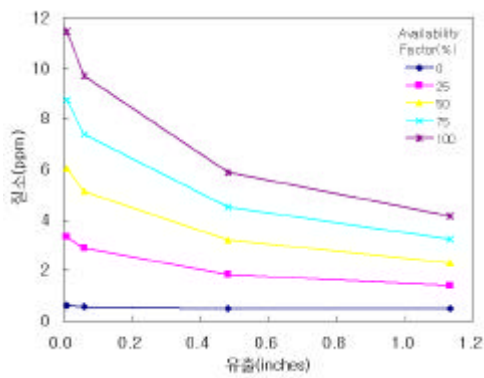
AGNPS 가 ,
 400%
 4% ,
 30% ,
 AGNPS
 0.05 1 , 가
 CN 78 , USLE
 AGNPS
 Availability Factor,
 1.8 mg/l 가 , (clay)
 (Pore Water N Concentration) 5mg/l,
 (N Extraction Coefficient for Runoff) 0.057, Leaching (N
 Extraction Coefficient for Leaching) 0.15 가 .
 1 inch, 56 kg/ha ,
 Availability Factor 0, 25, 75, 100 % ,
 < 6-1> < 6-6> .



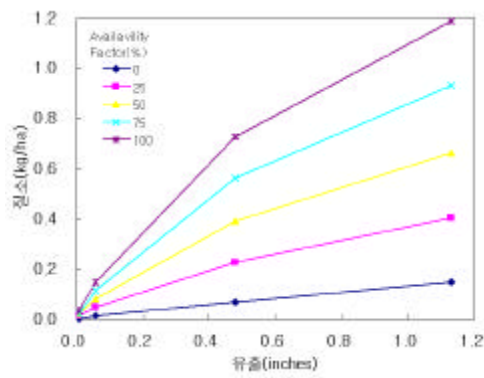
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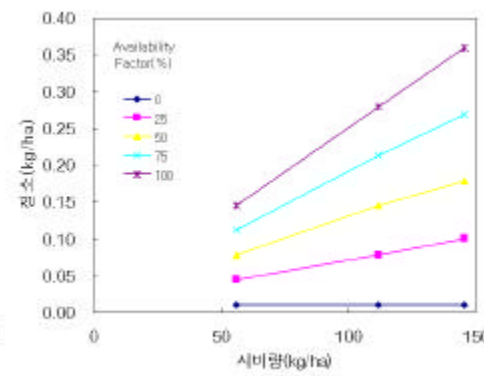
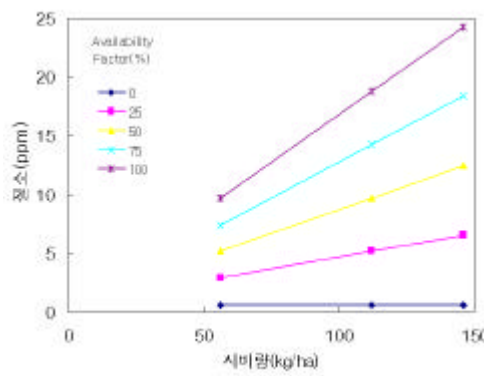
< 6-2>



< 6-3>



< 6-4>



< 6-5>

< 6-6>

가 ,
 availability factor가 가 ,
 가 가 , availability factor가 가 .
 .
 가
 , availability factor가 가 .

. AGNPS

< 6-1> 4 . < 6-1>
 (Small grains, Straight row, SS), (Small
 grains, Contoured, SC), (Small grains, contoured and
 Terraced, ST) , (Pasture, Contoured, PC) .
 , < 6-1>

(Best Management Practices, BMP) 가
 USLE C , P
 . AGNPS ,
 (1994) , < 6-1> .
 USLE C 0.03, 0.003
 0.0 . USLE P
 1.0, 0.6, 0.2 .

< 6- 1>

BMP	Cover conditions	Practices
SS	Small grains	Straight row
SC	Small grains	Contoured
ST	Small grains	Contoured and terraced
PC	Pasture	Contoured

. AGNPS 가
 가 WS#1 , 1993 7 29
 . AMC , 117.5mm,
 79.6 , WS#1 59.28mm,
 15.7 .
 , < 6- 2> .
 , SS 59.28mm, SC
 56.94mm, ST 56.05mm , PC 54.24mm 59.28mm
 .
 SS 14.35ton, SC 13.75ton, ST 13.14ton
 , PC 13.70ton 15.70ton .

< 6-2>

가

BMP	Parameter values of BMP		Results of BMP	
	C	P	Runoff, mm	Sediment yields, ton
Observed	0.01	1.0	59.28	15.70
SS	0.03	1.0	57.83	14.35
SC	0.03	0.6	56.94	13.75
ST	0.03	0.2	56.05	13.14
PC	0.003	0.6	54.24	13.70

. AGNPS

가

1)

63.4%가

가

< 6-3>

가

가

10o

(Type- A)

(Type- B)

(Type- 3)

1993 7 29

WS#1

(10o)

27ha

10%

< 6-3>

Type	Landuse
Type-A	Forest (less than 10o slope) to upland
Type-B	Forest (less than 10o slope) to paddy field
Type-C	Forest (less than 10o slope) to pasture

2) 가

Agnps

< 6-4> . < 6-4>
59.80mm, 61.53mm ,
60.71mm . 1994 7 29
59.28mm 0.9% ,
3.8% , 2.4% 가

< 6-4> 가

Type	USLE factors		Results of reclamation	
	C	P	Runoff, mm	Sediment, tons
Observed	0.001	1.0	59.28	15.70
Type-A	0.03	0.2	59.80	16.30
Type-B	0.0	0.2	61.53	14.90
Type-c	0.003	1.0	60.71	16.10

, 18.30ton,
14.90ton , 16.10ton .

15.70ton , 3.8% ,
 5.1% 가 , 2.5%
 가 .

2.

CREAMS(Chemicals, Runoff, and Erosion from
 Agricultural Management Systems)

가. CREAMS

BMP

< 6-5> . < 6-5>

CREAMS

1.8 ppm , 1.1, 0.4 ppm
 (1- a, 1- b, 1- c), 292 kg/ha
 234, 175 kg/ha (2- a, 2- b, 2- c),
 838 mm 781, 648 mm (3- a, 3- b, 3- c),
 1 2, 3, 4 (4- a, 4- b, 4- c, 4- d)

< 6-5>

Scenario	Categories	Description
1	a*	1.8 ppm
	b	1.1 ppm
	c	0.4 ppm
2	a*	292 kg/ha
	b	234 kg/ha
	c	175 kg/ha
3	a*	838 nm
	b	781 nm
	c	648 nm
4	a*	1
	b	2
	c	3
	d	4

*1- a, 2- a, 3- a, 4- a : Pre- BMP Conditions

. CREAMS

CREAMS

가

< 6-6>

가 , 1- a 가 10.78 kg/ha, 1- b가 6.62 kg/ha, 1- c가 2.46 kg/ha , 39%, 77% 가 . 가 , 2- a 가 10.78 kg/ha, 2- b가 10.74 kg/ha, 2- c가 10.70 kg/ha 0.4% 0.7% .

가 , 543 mm

, 3- b, 3- c 446, 303 mm .

3- a 3- b가 8.38 kg/ha 22% , 3- c가

5.50 kg/ha 49% 가 . 3- b

3- c 가 21, 54% 가 .

가

1 4- b, 4- c, 4- d 가 ,

가 . 1 2 가 , 3

2.4%, 4 6.6% .

가 ,

가 가 ,

· ,

·

< 6- 6>

가

Simulation scenario ^a		Runoff (mm)	Total N (kg/ha)	Total P (kg/ha)	
1	a*	1.8 ppm	543	10.78	1.68
	b	1.1 ppm	543	6.62	1.68
	Percentage reduction ^b			39	0
	c	0.4 ppm	543	2.46	1.68
	Percentage reduction			77	0
2	a*	292 kg/ha	543	10.78	1.68
	b	-40%	543	10.74	1.68
	Percentage reduction			0.4	0
	c	-80%	543	10.70	1.68
	Percentage reduction			0.7	0
3	a*	863 mm	543	10.78	1.68
	b	765 mm	446	8.38	1.33
	Percentage reduction			22	21
	c	508 mm	303	5.50	0.78
	Percentage reduction			49	54
4	a*	1	543	10.78	1.68
	b	2	543	11.10	1.68
	Percentage reduction			0	0
	c	3	543	10.67	1.64
	Percentage reduction			1	2.4
	d	4	543	11.74	1.57
Percentage reduction			0	6.6	

*1- a, 2- a, 3- a, 4- a : Pre- BMP Conditions

^aScenario 1 :

Scenario 2 :

Scenario 3 :

Scenario 4 :

^bBased on the pre- BMP results

3. BMP

BMP
 CREAMS
 AGNPS

가. Availability factor

AGNPS Availability factor
 CREAMS
 AGNPS (CN) Availability factor
 factor .
 Availability factor (1 100
) < 6-7> .

< 6-7> Availability Factors (SOURCE : Williams(1983))

Tillage Practice	Availability Factor(%)
Large Offset Disk	40
Moldboard Plow	10
Lister	20
Chisel Plow	67
Disk	50
Field Cultivator	70
Row Cultivator	50
Anhydrous Applicator	85
Rod Weeder	95
Planter	85
Smooth	100

CN Availability factor AGNPS CREAMS

CN . CN
 Availability Factor
 Availability Factor .
 , Availability Factor ,
 가 , , Availability Factor
 가 . , AGNPS 1
 , , 50 N lb/acre(57 N kg/ha) 20 P lb/acre(23 P kg/ha) . <
 6-7> (292kg/ha, 863mm), 40, 80% ,
 Availability factor ,
 CN Availability Factor < 6-8> .
 CREAMS CN ,
 Availability Factor 가 , GRASS-AGNPS
 AGNPS .
 AGNPS CREAMS ,
 BMP

< 6-8>

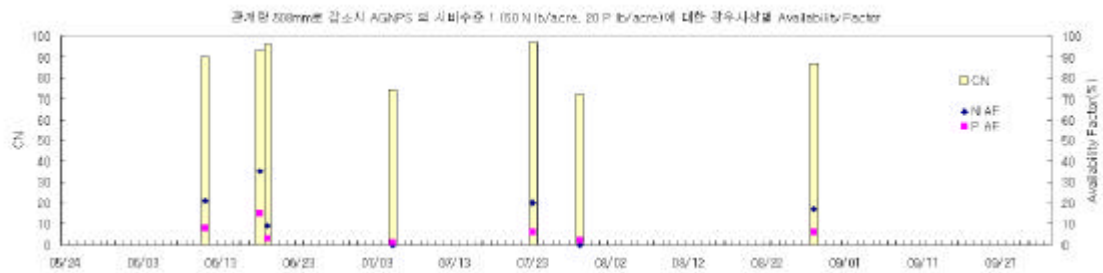
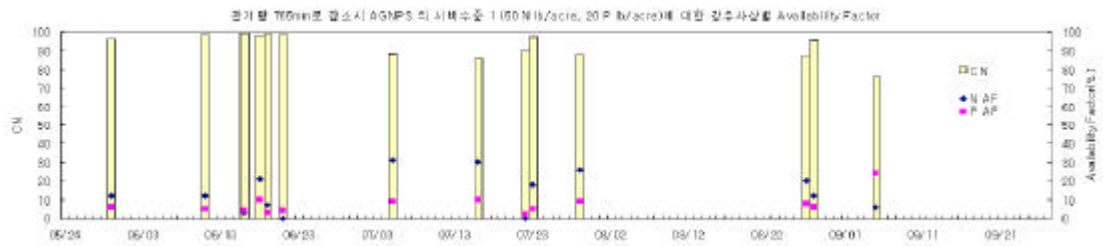
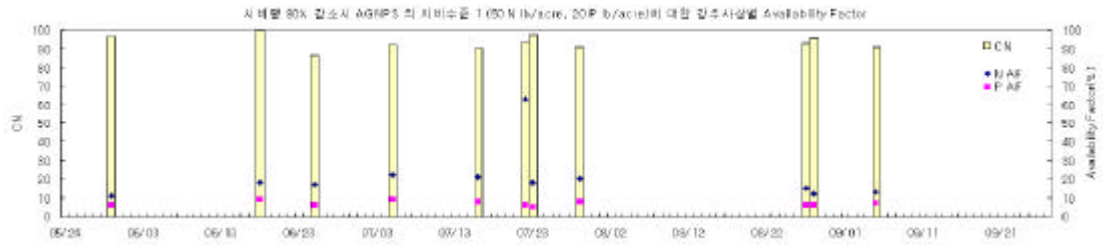
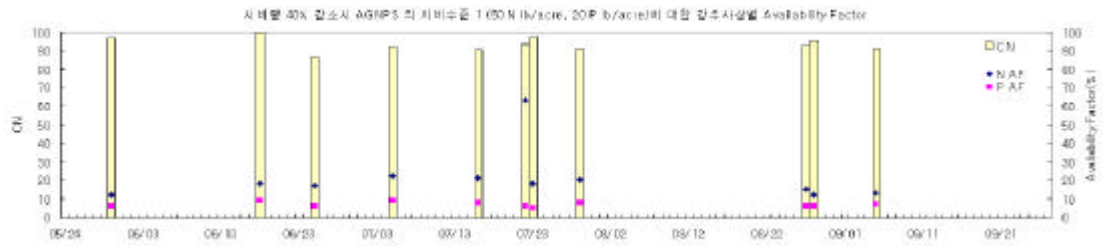
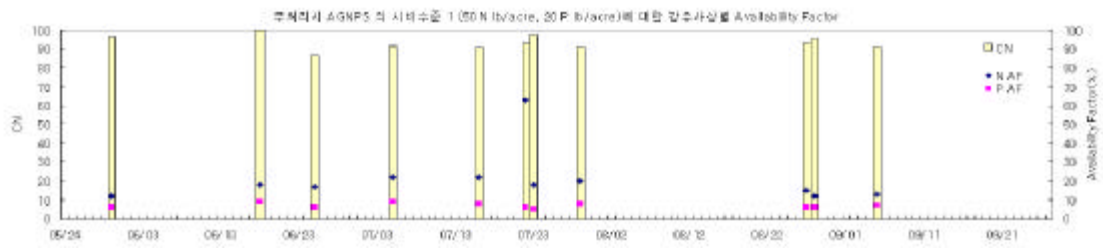
CN Availability factor

(AGNPS

1 : 57 N kg/ha, 20 P kg/ha)

: %

Storm Date	292kg/ha, 863mm									765 mm			508 mm		
				-40 %			-80 %								
	CN	AF		CN	AF		CN	AF		CN	AF		CN	AF	
		TN	TP		TN	TP		TN	TP		TN	TP		TN	TP
05/30/96	96.700	12	6	96.700	12	6	96.700	11	6	95.816	12	6			
06/11/96										98.578	12	5	90.113	21	8
06/16/96										99.173	3	4			
06/18/96*	100.000	18	9	100.000	18	9	100.000	18	9	98.216	21	10	92.958	35	15
06/19/96										99.002	7	3	95.787	9	3
06/21/96										98.248	0	4			
06/25/96	86.519	17	6	86.519	17	6	86.519	17	6						
07/05/96	91.720	22	9	91.720	22	9	91.720	22	9	88.256	31	9	74.513	0	1
07/16/96	90.529	22	8	90.529	21	8	90.529	21	8	85.833	30	10			
07/22/96	93.260	63	6	93.260	63	6	93.260	63	6	89.975	0	2			
07/23/96*	97.432	18	5	97.432	18	5	97.432	18	5	97.432	18	5	97.231	20	6
07/29/96	91.079	20	8	91.079	20	8	91.079	20	8	88.017	26	9	71.717	0	2
08/27/96	92.969	15	6	92.969	15	6	92.969	15	6	87.190	20	8			
08/28/96	95.632	12	6	95.632	12	6	95.632	12	6	95.632	12	6	86.820	17	6
09/05/96	90.966	13	7	90.966	13	7	90.966	13	7	75.744	6	24			



< 6-7> CN Availability factor

. BMP
 (6.18, 7.23)
 CREAMS AGNPS WS#1
 .
 WS#1 35%, 30%, 30%,
 5% ,
 가 45%, 55%
 , < 6-9> .
 < 8-9> , BMP (153.7mm, 42.7
 mm) 40, 80%
 가 , 765mm, 508mm
 0.08, 0.20 kg/ha ,
 45%, 55% 가
 0.00 0.01kg/ha 가

, BMP

가

< 6- 9>

BMP

Unit: kg/ha

Treatments	Date	Rainfall (cm)	Runoff (cm)	A Paddy Cell		AGNPS					
						Paddy 35%		Paddy 45%		Paddy 55%	
				TN	TP	TN	TP	TN	TP	TN	TP
	06/18/96	15.37	9.73	3.12	0.54	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
	07/23/96	4.27	1.50	0.97	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
-40%	06/18/96	15.37	9.73	3.12	0.54	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
	07/23/96	4.27	1.50	0.97	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
-80%	06/18/96	15.37	9.73	3.12	0.54	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
	07/23/96	4.27	1.50	0.97	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
765mm	06/18/96	15.37	9.53	3.04	0.52	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.02	0.00
	07/23/96	4.27	1.50	0.97	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
508mm	06/18/96	15.37	8.99	2.92	0.46	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00
	07/23/96	4.27	1.47	1.06	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.00

가,

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4) pH가 6.96 8.14
DO 3.95 8.04mg/l WS#9 가 , WS#2
가 가 14.7
3 48.00mg/l
1.99 14.68mg/l, 0.10 1.74

(5)

79 323kg , 12 219kg, 0.8 38kg

- (6) TN, TP 가
- (7) 가
- (8) AGNPS , AGNPS
- (9) AGNPS 400% , 4% , 30% , AGNPS availability factor가 가
- (10) 4 가
- | | | | |
|---------|----------|--------------|--------------|
| | SS | 59.28mm, SC | 56.94mm, ST |
| 56.05mm | , PC | 54.24mm | 59.28mm |
| | SS | 14.35ton, SC | 13.75ton, ST |
| , PC | 13.70ton | 15.70ton | |
- (11) AGNPS 3가
- 가 , 0.9% , 3.8% , 2.4% 가 , 3.8% , 5.1% 가 ,

2.5% 가 .

(12) ,

CREAMS ,

, , ,

, 가 가 ,

. ,

(13) BMP ,

, 가 ,

가 .

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.

-1. WS#1

(1995)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				0.07	0.08	0.12	0.48					
2				0.09	0.10	0.11	0.22					
3				0.10	0.04	0.27	0.21					
4				0.10	0.02	0.12	0.18					
5				0.10	0.03	0.09	0.14					
6				0.11	0.01	0.08	0.10					
7				0.09	0.03	0.08	0.12					
8				0.09	0.01	0.08	0.39					
9				0.10	0.00	0.08	0.45					
10				0.09	0.11	0.11	0.87					
11				0.10	0.06	0.09	0.67					
12				0.11	0.04	0.09	0.45					
13				0.11	0.04	0.08	0.44					
14				0.09	0.12	0.12	0.43					
15				0.10	0.06	0.13	0.50					
16				0.10	0.08	0.13	0.58					
17				0.10	0.10	0.15	0.35					
18				0.10	0.10	0.14	0.27					
19				0.10	0.11	0.19	0.58					
20				0.09	0.25	0.12	0.46					
21				0.15	0.18	0.13	0.36					
22				0.12	0.15	0.15	0.31					
23				0.09	0.16	0.16						
24				0.08	0.14	0.12						
25				0.08	0.12	0.12						
26				0.08	0.11	0.14						
27				0.08	0.12	0.16						
28			0.11	0.08	0.11	0.16						
29			0.10	0.07	0.12	0.15						
30			0.09	0.08	0.12	0.17						
31			0.09		0.13							
(Remarks)												

-2. WS#1

(1996)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				0.03	0.04	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.19			
2				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.19			
3				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.10	0.19			
4				0.01	0.02	0.00	0.26	0.11	0.18			
5				0.01	0.02	0.02	0.25	0.11	0.18			
6				0.02	0.02	0.03	0.11	0.09	0.16			
7				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.08	0.17			
8				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.19			
9				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.21			
10				0.01	0.02	0.07	0.03	0.06	0.19			
11				0.02	0.02	0.05	0.03	0.08	0.20			
12				0.02	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.08	0.19			
13				0.01	0.00	0.08	0.03	0.08	0.18			
14				0.01	0.00	0.07	0.04	0.08	0.18			
15				0.01	0.00	0.05	0.31	0.14	0.19			
16				0.02	0.02	0.06	0.16	0.15	0.19			
17				0.03	0.02	0.08	0.12	0.16	0.22			
18				0.03	0.02	0.07	0.08	0.16	0.21			
19				0.02	0.02	0.07	0.06	0.16				
20				0.02	0.02	0.06	0.08	0.15				
21				0.01	0.02	0.08	0.49	0.15				
22				0.01	0.02	0.08	0.30	0.16				
23				0.01	0.04	0.08	0.16	0.16				
24				0.02	0.04	0.08	0.13	0.17				
25				0.02	0.02	0.06	0.11	0.19				
26				0.02	0.02	0.05	0.18	0.30				
27				0.01	0.04	0.04	0.11	0.37				
28				0.02	0.04	0.02	0.31	0.28				
29			0.04	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.14	0.23				
30			0.06	0.03	0.02	0.05	0.09	0.22				
31			0.04		0.02		0.08	0.20				
(Remarks)												

-3. WS#1

(1997)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1			0.09	0.07	0.02	0.05						
2			0.08	0.13	0.01	0.05						
3			0.09	0.07	0.02	0.05						
4			0.08	0.07	0.02	0.06						
5			0.07	0.06	0.01	0.09						
6			0.08	0.04	0.01	0.07						
7			0.10	0.04	0.31	0.06						
8			0.09	0.04	0.26	0.06						
9			0.08	0.05	0.12	0.03						
10			0.09	0.06	0.08	0.02						
11			0.08	0.05	0.04							
12			0.10	0.05	0.33							
13			0.09	0.05	0.57							
14			0.10	0.05	0.27							
15			0.09	0.04	0.17							
16			0.08	0.05	0.10							
17			0.07	0.05	0.08							
18			0.07	0.05	0.06							
19			0.07	0.04	0.08							
20			0.07	0.04	0.07							
21			0.06	0.04	0.05							
22			0.06	0.04	0.03							
23			0.06	0.04	0.09							
24			0.06	0.03	0.14							
25			0.06	0.02	0.09							
26			0.07	0.01	0.04							
27			0.06	0.01	0.04							
28			0.06	0.01	0.02							
29			0.08	0.05	0.00							
30			0.16	0.03	0.05							
31			0.08		0.05							
(Remarks)												

-4. WS#2

(1995)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				35.30	35.26	33.33	31.86	-				
2				35.30	35.22	33.29	31.92	-				
3				35.30	35.19	33.31	31.98	-				
4				35.30	35.12	33.35	32.00	-				
5				35.27	35.09	33.33	32.00	-				
6				35.25	34.96	33.30	32.00	-				
7				35.25	34.85	33.29	32.03	-				
8				35.25	34.72	33.24	32.10	-				
9				35.25	34.60	33.13	32.24	-				
10				35.22	34.53	32.97	32.80	-				
11				35.20	34.42	32.85	33.55	-				
12				35.17	34.33	32.78	34.15	-				
13				35.15	34.26	32.72	34.40	-				
14				35.15	34.20	32.70	34.60	-				
15				35.15	34.14	32.67	34.75	-				
16				35.14	34.08	32.65	35.00	-				
17				35.11	34.03	32.57	35.20	34.92				
18				35.10	33.97	32.36	35.30	34.87				
19				35.10	33.90	32.17	35.30	34.96				
20				35.10	33.83	32.05	-	35.10				
21				35.09	33.78	31.99	-	34.99				
22				35.15	33.72	31.94	-	34.99				
23				35.24	33.67	31.88	-	35.07				
24				35.25	33.63	31.83	-	35.24				
25				35.25	33.55	31.78	-	35.15				
26				35.26	33.50	31.73	-	35.12				
27				35.28	33.55	31.65	-	35.07				
28			35.28	35.28	33.49	31.69	-	35.02				
29			35.25	35.28	33.55	31.67	-	34.97				
30			35.25	35.28	33.47	31.78	-	34.97				
31			35.13		33.40		-	34.92				
(Remarks)												

-5. WS#2

(1996)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				35.24	35.19	32.82	33.87	35.14	34.15			
2				35.24	35.14	32.77	33.96	35.09	34.15			
3				35.24	35.11	32.71	33.99	35.03	34.14			
4				35.24	35.09	32.66	34.04	34.97	34.14			
5				35.23	35.03	32.74	34.37	34.92	34.14			
6				35.22	34.95	32.65	34.54	34.85	34.14			
7				35.19	34.83	32.53	34.64	34.78	34.14			
8				35.19	34.74	32.43	34.70	34.70	34.06			
9				35.15	34.62	32.35	34.74	34.61	34.01			
10				35.17	34.53	32.31	34.74	34.58	34.00			
11				35.19	34.45	32.12	34.77	34.56	33.97			
12				35.19	34.35	32.01	34.78	34.56	33.98			
13			34.94	35.19	34.24	31.95	34.80	34.55	33.99			
14			34.94	35.19	34.12	31.86	34.83	34.54	34.00			
15			34.94	35.19	33.98	31.68	34.89	34.53	34.00			
16			34.97	35.19	33.84	31.41	35.07	34.47	33.98			
17			35.00	35.19	33.74	31.16	35.09	34.36	33.96			
18			35.03	35.19	33.66	32.16	35.08	34.23	33.94			
19			35.04	35.19	33.60	32.68	35.00	34.09				
20			35.04	35.19	33.55	32.81	34.97	33.95				
21			35.07	35.19	33.51	32.89	35.07	33.79				
22			35.09	35.19	33.47	32.94	35.27	33.73				
23			35.12	35.19	33.44	32.94	35.23	33.74				
24			35.14	35.19	33.36	32.98	35.20	33.73				
25			35.14	35.19	33.26	33.11	35.19	33.70				
26			35.14	35.19	33.21	33.18	35.19	33.76				
27			35.14	35.19	33.13	33.23	35.19	33.89				
28			35.14	35.19	33.04	33.29	35.24	33.99				
29			35.17	35.19	33.00	33.43	35.22	34.03				
30			35.22	35.19	32.96	33.71	35.22	34.12				
31			35.24		32.92		35.19	34.14				
(Remarks)												

-6. WS#2

(1997)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1			35.05	35.19	35.00	34.85	34.59	33.88	33.28	33.47		
2			35.05	35.22	34.94	34.86	34.84	33.82	33.31	33.42		
3			35.05	35.22	34.87	34.85	34.81	33.97	33.34	33.43		
4			35.06	35.24	34.76	34.85	34.77	35.00	33.31	33.44		
5			35.07	35.28	34.64	34.82	34.82	34.90	33.30	33.44		
6			35.12	35.31	34.50	34.79	34.81	34.85	33.30	33.45		
7			35.12	35.28	34.47	34.73	34.22	34.79	33.31	33.46		
8			35.14	35.27	34.74	34.68	34.73	34.73	33.26	33.48		
9			35.14	35.27	34.79	34.62	34.72	34.73	33.23	33.50		
10			35.16	35.27	34.83	34.51	34.67	34.75	33.22	33.51		
11			35.16	35.19	34.83	34.43	34.69	34.75	33.24	33.51		
12			35.17	35.18	34.83	34.33	34.72	34.70	33.24	33.51		
13			35.20	35.17	35.19	34.20	34.70	34.67	33.26	33.52		
14			35.20	35.15	35.22	34.10	34.87	34.62	33.26	33.53		
15			35.21	35.15	35.15	33.99	34.92	34.52	33.28	33.53		
16			35.22	35.14	35.13	33.89	34.89	34.42	33.30	33.53		
17			35.20	35.15	35.07	33.79	34.86	34.32	33.31	33.50		
18			35.21	35.14	35.00	33.68	34.84	34.19	33.32	33.50		
19			35.24	35.13	34.96	33.57	34.83	34.10	33.26	33.50		
20			35.19	35.12	34.93	33.51	34.79	34.06	33.24	33.50		
21			35.15	35.13	34.88	33.44	34.65	34.00	33.23	33.50		
22			35.16	35.13	34.83	33.35	34.57	33.91	33.23	33.51		
23			35.15	35.13	34.78	33.36	34.47	33.83	33.23	33.52		
24			35.16	35.11	34.77	33.36	34.39	33.72	33.22	33.52		
25			35.16	35.04	34.78	33.40	34.40	33.64	33.22	33.54		
26			35.15	35.03	34.77	33.68	34.37	33.58	33.29	33.54		
27			35.16	35.02	34.68	33.79	34.30	33.51	33.40	33.53		
28			35.21	35.04	34.59	33.82	34.23	33.42	33.43	33.55		
29			35.20	35.07	34.62	33.84	34.19	33.34	33.44			
30			35.19	35.04	34.71	33.85	34.07	33.29	33.46			
31			35.17		34.82		33.96	33.28				
(Remarks)												

-7. WS#3

(1995)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				0.06		0.03	0.14		0.10			
2				0.06	0.08	0.06	0.15		0.10			
3				0.06	0.06	0.13	0.15		0.09			
4				0.06	0.06	0.13	0.13		0.08			
5				0.06	0.06	0.13	0.13		0.06			
6				0.06	0.06	0.13	0.08		0.06			
7				0.06	0.06	0.11	0.06		0.06			
8				0.06	0.06	0.09	0.12		0.06			
9				0.06	0.06	0.06	0.20		0.06			
10				0.05	0.08	0.06	0.45		0.06			
11				0.06	0.08	0.06			0.05			
12				0.06	0.08	0.06			0.04			
13				0.06	0.08	0.06			0.04			
14				0.06	0.08	0.06			0.05			
15				0.06	0.07	0.06			0.05			
16				0.06	0.06	0.06			0.04			
17				0.06	0.06	0.06		0.03	0.03			
18				0.06	0.06	0.07		0.05	0.03			
19				0.06	0.06	0.07		0.19	0.03			
20					0.02	0.06		0.35	0.03			
21					0.02	0.06	0.15	0.26	0.03			
22					0.02	0.06	0.12	0.23				
23					0.02	0.06	0.10	0.33				
24					0.05	0.06	0.28	0.51				
25					0.03	0.06	0.09	0.36				
26					0.00	0.06	0.07	0.36				
27					0.01	0.06	0.06	0.37				
28			0.08		0.04	0.06	0.06	0.18				
29			0.08		0.05	0.06		0.13				
30			0.07		0.02	0.06		0.14				
31			0.06		0.02			0.12				
(Remarks)												

-8. WS#3

(1996)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				0.04	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.13	0.10			
2				0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.10			
3				0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.07	0.10			
4				0.02	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.03	0.10			
5				0.02	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.05	0.10			
6				0.02	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.10			
7				0.02	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.10			
8				0.02	0.00	0.02	0.05	0.10	0.10			
9				0.02	0.00	0.04	0.05	0.11	0.10			
10				0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.08	0.10			
11				0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.06	0.10			
12				0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.10			
13			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.03	0.10			
14			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.10			
15			0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.11	0.05	0.10			
16			0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.09	0.06	0.10			
17			0.05	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.08	0.06	0.10			
18			0.03	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.10			
19			0.03	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.06	0.06				
20			0.02	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.06				
21			0.04	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.24	0.05				
22			0.04	0.02	0.00	0.05	0.27	0.05				
23			0.03	0.01	0.00	0.05	0.21	0.06				
24			0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.19	0.06				
25			0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.16	0.06				
26			0.03	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.13	0.07				
27			0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.12	0.12				
28			0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.15	0.14				
29			0.02	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.14	0.12				
30			0.06	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.13	0.10				
31			0.05		0.00		0.13	0.10				
(Remarks)												

-9. WS#3

(1997)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1			0.13	0.02	0.01							
2			0.10	0.03	0.02							
3			0.09	0.03	0.01							
4			0.08	0.04	0.01							
5			0.08	0.05	0.01							
6			0.10	0.05	0.01							
7			0.10	0.06	0.07							
8			0.10	0.06	0.09							
9			0.09	0.07	0.06							
10			0.08	0.08	0.03							
11			0.08	0.07	0.01							
12			0.08	0.05	0.04							
13			0.07	0.05	0.13							
14			0.06	0.04	0.08							
15			0.06	0.04	0.04							
16			0.05	0.05	0.04							
17			0.06	0.05	0.04							
18			0.05	0.05	0.04							
19			0.05	0.04	0.04							
20			0.05	0.04	0.04							
21			0.04	0.03	0.04							
22			0.04	0.03	0.04							
23			0.04	0.03	0.04							
24			0.03	0.03	0.04							
25			0.04	0.01	0.04							
26			0.03	0.01	0.04							
27			0.03	0.01								
28			0.03	0.01								
29			0.01	0.01								
30			0.01	0.01								
31			0.01									
(Remarks)												

-10. WS#9

(1995)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1					0.08	0.03	0.27					
2					0.20	0.02	0.10					
3					0.01	0.18	0.12					
4				0.03	0.03	0.04	0.08					
5				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.06					
6				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.12					
7				0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03					
8				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.32					
9				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.35					
10				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.59					
11				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.52					
12				0.02	0.03	0.02						
13				0.03	0.08	0.02						
14				0.03	0.11	0.03	0.49					
15				0.02	0.11	0.03	0.20					
16				0.03	0.11	0.03						
17				0.03	0.11	0.03						
18				0.20	0.11	0.07						
19				0.03		0.06						
20				0.03		0.07						
21				0.03		0.10						
22				0.02		0.06						
23				0.01		0.07						
24				0.03		0.11						
25				0.03		0.09						
26				0.03		0.14						
27				0.03		0.08						
28				0.05		0.05						
29				0.02		0.03						
30				0.03	0.02	0.13						
31					0.03							
(Remarks)												

-11. WS#9

(1996)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				.06	.06	.06	.07	.10				
2				.06	.06	.06	.06	.10				
3				.05	.06	.06	.06	.09				
4				.04	.06	.04	.17	.08				
5				.03	.06	.06	.14	.08				
6				.03	.06	.06	.08	.08				
7				.03	.06	.06	.08	.10				
8				.03	.06	.05	.07	.10				
9				.03	.06	.04	.07	.10				
10				.03	.06	.11	.07	.09				
11				.03	.06	.07	.06	.11				
12				.03	.06	.04	.06	.11				
13			.00	.03	.06	.06	.06	.10				
14			.01	.03	.06	.05	.06	.10				
15			.02	.03	.06	.04	.17	.10				
16			.04	.03	.06	.05	.10	.09				
17			.04	.05	.06	.25	.10	.09				
18			.03	.03	.06	.27	.08	.08				
19			.03	.03	.06	.08	.07	.08				
20			.03	.03	.06	.07	.07	.08				
21			.03	.03	.06	.06	.28	.08				
22			.03	.03	.06	.06	.21	.09				
23			.01	.03	.06	.05	.14	.10				
24			.03	.03	.03	.08	.13	.09				
25			.03	.03	.03	.06	.10	.09				
26			.03	.03	.04	.06	.12	.17				
27			.03	.05	.05	.06	.15	.22				
28			.03	.06	.05	.06	.21					
29			.05	.06	.05	.15	.14					
30			.08	.06	.06	.09	.12					
31			.06		.06		.10					
(Remarks)												

-12. WS#9

(1997)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1			0.07	0.04	0.01	0.05						
2			0.05	0.08	0.00	0.04						
3			0.05	0.04	0.01	0.06						
4			0.04	0.04	0.01	0.04						
5			0.04	0.03	0.00	0.04						
6			0.11	0.09	0.02	0.02						
7			0.07	0.04	0.19	0.02						
8			0.06	0.05	0.16	0.02						
9			0.04	0.05	0.05	0.02						
10			0.04	0.05	0.03	0.02						
11			0.06	0.04	0.02							
12			0.05	0.04	0.15							
13			0.06	0.04	0.31							
14			0.07	0.04	0.15							
15			0.06	0.03	0.09							
16			0.06	0.03	0.05							
17			0.06	0.04	0.03							
18			0.07	0.03	0.02							
19			0.07	0.03	0.01							
20			0.07	0.04	0.02							
21			0.07	0.03	0.02							
22			0.07	0.02	0.00							
23			0.07	0.04	0.06							
24			0.07	0.03	0.04							
25			0.07	0.01	0.02							
26			0.07	0.01	0.01							
27			0.06	0.01	0.00							
28			0.06	0.01	0.01							
29			0.04	0.01	0.05							
30			0.03	0.01	0.01							
31			0.04		0.17							
(Remarks)												

-13. WS# 11

(1995)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1					0.03	0.03		0.07				
2					0.03	0.03		0.05				
3						0.03		0.04				
4						0.03		0.03				
5				0.02		0.03		0.04				
6				0.03		0.03		0.05				
7				0.03		0.03	0.03	0.05				
8				0.03		0.03	0.09	0.05				
9				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.17	0.05				
10				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.44	0.05				
11				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.04				
12				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.04				
13				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.05				
14				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.05				
15				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.05				
16				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.04				
17				0.03	0.03	0.03		0.03				
18				0.03	0.03	0.03						
19				0.03	0.03	0.03						
20				0.03	0.03	0.03						
21				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.20					
22				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.18					
23				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.15					
24				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.13					
25				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.13					
26				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.11					
27				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.12					
28				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.11					
29				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.10					
30				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.08					
31					0.03		0.08					
(Remarks)												

-14. WS# 11

(1996)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1				0.03	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00			
2				0.03	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00			
3				0.03	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.00	0.00			
4				0.03	0.02	0.01	0.10	0.00	0.00			
5				0.02	0.03	0.02	0.24	0.00	0.00			
6				0.02	0.03	0.02	0.16	0.00	0.00			
7				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.00			
8				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00			
9				0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00			
10				0.03	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00			
11				0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00			
12				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00			
13				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00			
14				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00			
15				0.03	0.03	0.02	0.10	0.00	0.00			
16				0.03	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.00	0.00			
17				0.02	0.02	0.29	0.08	0.00	0.00			
18				0.02	0.02	0.28	0.08	0.00	0.00			
19				0.03	0.02	0.12	0.08	0.00				
20				0.03	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.00				
21				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.08	0.00				
22				0.03	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.00				
23				0.03	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.00				
24				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.00				
25				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.00				
26				0.02	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00				
27				0.03	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00				
28				0.03	0.01	0.02	0.10	0.00				
29			0.02	0.03	0.00	0.02	0.13	0.00				
30			0.04	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.00				
31			0.03		0.01		0.01	0.00				
(Remarks)												

-15. WS#11

(1997)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1			0.31	0.02	0.03	0.04						
2			0.27	0.02	0.03	0.03						
3			0.26	0.03	0.01	0.03						
4			0.25	0.03	0.01	0.03						
5			0.25	0.03	0.02	0.03						
6			0.30	0.03	0.02	0.02						
7			0.28	0.04	0.11	0.03						
8			0.25	0.02	0.24	0.03						
9			0.23	0.03	0.16	0.04						
10			0.21	0.03	0.09	0.04						
11			0.15	0.03	0.03							
12			0.14	0.02	0.06							
13			0.10	0.03	0.30							
14			0.08	0.03	0.10							
15			0.07	0.03	0.08							
16			0.05	0.04	0.06							
17			0.06	0.03	0.05							
18			0.06	0.03	0.03							
19			0.06	0.02	0.03							
20			0.06	0.03	0.03							
21			0.06	0.02	0.03							
22			0.06	0.03	0.03							
23			0.05	0.03	0.03							
24			0.06	0.03	0.03							
25			0.05	0.03	0.03							
26			0.06	0.03	0.03							
27			0.06	0.03	0.03							
28			0.06	0.03	0.03							
29			0.04	0.03	0.03							
30			0.03	0.03	0.07							
31			0.03		0.08							
(Remarks)												

2	
---	--

7 가

:

:

第 1 節 緒 說

가

, 가 耕種 가가

가 가

가

가

米作 不在下

가

가

가

가

가

가

가

91 3 8

가

가()

1991 3 8

, 1993 12 27 1

, 1994 11 14

1

< 1 >

() (1994. 4. 28)

가

1,000m²

300~900m²

75

25~75

1,000m²

250~750m²

750

180~750

) 12m²

, 1.4m²

가 .

가

가

가

, 가 가
 가가 . 가
 湖昭
 , 가 가
 가 가
 2 , 가 가
 3 . 가
 가

2. EU 가 가	(/ha)		
가			
	0.7	0.43	6.4
	4.5	9	-
	2.4	7.1	48
	2.3	1.7	2.0

() . 1996. 31 . 3 .

가 牛房 ,
 雨水時 가 糞 .

3. 가 가 ㉔)

		BOD 50 150ppm		BOD 50 150ppm	
가	·	1,400m ² (100)		1,000m ² (750)	
		1,200m ² (120)		900m ² (75)	
()			½		½
		BOD 50 150ppm		BOD 50 150ppm	
가	·	250m ² (200)		250m ²	1,000m ² (750)
		1,400m ²)	
()	·	350m ² (30)		350m ²	900m ² (75)
		1,200m ²			
		500m ² (5,000)		500m ²	
					½
		BOD 1,500ppm		BOD 500ppm	
()	·			70m ² (50)	250m ²
				(200)	
				120m ² (10)	350m ²
				(30)	
				150m ² (1,500)	
				500m ²	
				(5,000)	
		BOD 1,500ppm		BOD 1,500ppm	
:		50m ² ,	200m ² ,	500m ²	BOD 160ppm

: 200 (280m²), 50 (600m²), 가 5,000 (500m²)
BOD 400ppm

가

水因性 가

種 , , , 가 群 ,
가 가 가 ,
가

對象池

8.42 km²

休養池

가
가(乳牛 240 , 韓牛 5 - 1995) 12
가 ,

가 流下

가 가
BOD₅, COD, SS

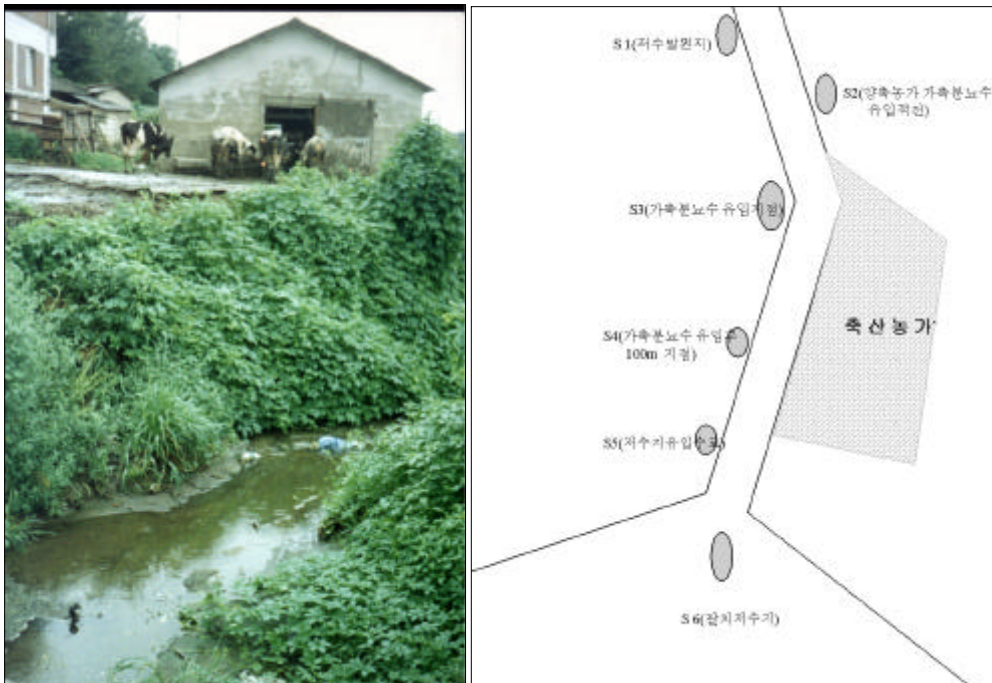
TC(Total Coliform Group)
FC(Fecal Coliform Group) FS(Fecal Streptococcus Group)
FC/FS

가

第 2 節 材料 方法

1.

WS#7 7 11 1 , 5
 S1(), S2(가),
 S3(가), S4(100m), S5() S6()
 6 (1).



1. 가

2.

1000ml

200ml

Ice Box

3.

가.

(DO)

DO Meter

(BOD)

(COD)

(pH),

(SS),

(Total- Nitrogen),

(Total - Phosphorus)

(4).

200ml

(TC),

(FC)

(FS)

Standard Method

MPN(Most probable Number)

5

Difco

BGLB

(Total Coliform Group : TC)

BGLB

Broth

, 35 ± 0.5 , 48 ± 3

(Fecal Coliform

Group : FC)

BGLB Broth

EC Medium

44.5 ± 0.2

24 ± 2

4.

pH	pH meter (ANALAB 88 ATC)
BOD	Sample 5day Incubation
COD	K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ Method
SS	Gravimetric method
T- N	UV Spectrophotometer Method
NH ₄ ⁺ - N	Indophenol Method - Spectrophotometer
NO ₃ ⁻ - N	filtering Ion Chromatography
NO ₂ ⁻ - N	filtering Ion Chromatography
T- P	K ₂ S ₂ O ₈ Method Spectrophotometer
PO ₄ ⁻³ - P	filtering Ion Chromatography

5. (MPN)

	Presumptive test	Confirmed test	Complete test	Temperature ()	Time (hr)
Total Coliform	Lactose Broth	BGLB	EMB agar	35 ± 0.5	48
Fecal Coliform group	Lactose Broth	EC medium		45 ± 0.5	24
Fecal Streptococcus group	Azide Dextrose Broth	PSE agar		35 ± 0.5	48

(Fecal Streptococcal Group : FS) Azide Dextrose Broth
 , Ethyl Violet Azide Broth , 35 ± 0.5
 48 ± 3 . MPN Index(
) .

第 3 節 結果 考察

1.

WS#7

가가 ,
 가가 耕畜複合 가 . 가
 韓牛 5 , 乳牛 240 가 乳牛
 가가
 . 가 가
 ,
 가 , 가

2.

6 S1, S2, S3, S4, S5 S6 水溫(),
 (pH) (DO) . (S1) 가
 (S2) (pH) 4.92 6.43 가 , 가
 (S3) 7.67 . 가 pH
 9.0 9.3 가 가
 가 100m (S4) pH 가
 가 가 scum 가 가

9

6.

Sampling Site	Month	Temperature ()	pH	DO
S 1	7	23.5	6.29	9.1
	8	23.3	6.32	9.4
	9	20.3	6.48	9.9
	10	19.1	5.82	8.9
	11	12.2	6.16	9.6
	Mean	19.7	4.92	9.4
S 2	7	19.3	6.42	7.9
	8	22.1	6.53	7.1
	9	19.4	6.54	7.9
	10	17.8	6.27	7.0
	11	12.6	6.40	8.3
	Mean	18.2	6.43	7.6
S 3	7	20.3	7.13	5.1
	8	19.5	7.56	3.5
	9	18.6	8.17	2.9
	10	19.3	7.80	1.4
	11	13.0	7.69	3.3
	Mean	18.1	7.67	3.0
S 4	7	19.8	6.69	7.6
	8	22.3	6.86	0.7
	9	18.4	7.01	3.2
	10	20.0	6.90	1.0
	11	12.7	7.01	7.0
	Mean	18.6	6.89	3.9
S 5	7	20.2	6.31	4.0
	8	22.5	6.90	3.3
	9	18.6	7.07	3.4
	10	21.9	6.95	3.1
	11	13.3	6.95	3.7
	Mean	19.3	6.84	3.5
S 6	7	23.1	6.75	3.6
	8	19.2	6.78	3.4
	9	20.1	6.82	3.4
	10	19.0	6.40	3.3
	11	13.2	7.05	3.6
	Mean	18.9	6.76	3.5

가 (S3) pH가 8.17

(S1) 가 가 (S2) 가

9.4 7.6 가 (S3) 3.0 가

2 가 가

4.0 가

가

가 가

4

BOD5 7

, BOD5 가 (S3)

가 S1 S2 195.11mg/ 가

, 가 100m S4 37.16mg/

가 S3 COD 408.6mg/

, SS 79.5mg/ , 가

BOD 640mg/ , COD 3,500mg/ , SS 3,500mg/

가 가 가

7. 가

BOD₅

Month	BOD ₅ concentration (mg/)					
	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Site 4	Site 5	Site 6
7	4.85	8.85	23.66	21.42	13.65	7.33
8	8.83	6.26	249.23	41.14	25.51	10.16
9	0.72	1.31	328.19	62.46	58.19	7.13
10	5.39	4.09	317.83	49.17	17.93	9.32
11	1.94	2.72	56.66	11.63	10.86	34.79
Mean	4.35	4.65	195.11	37.16	25.23	13.75

(€) BOD 486ton/day
 22.4%, 66.0%, 11.6%
 . 89.1ton/day, 44.6ton/day 가
 352.12ton/day가 72%가 가
 . 가 BOD 43.2%가 ,
 24.2%, 32.6%가 , 가 BOD
 21.1%, 65.3%, 13.6%
 2%
 가 BOD .
 COD 8 .

8. 가

COD

Month	COD concentration (mg/)					
	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Site 4	Site 5	Site 6
7	12	33	137	69	65	52
8	61	64	557	142	71	108
9	36	33	671	111	145	55
10	51	68	511	128	144	153
11	8	18	167	40	25	38
Mean	33.6	43.2	408.6	98	90	81.2

COD 가 (S3) 408.6mg/ 가 가

BOD5 가 가 가 (S3) COD 가 가 (S3) 가

가 河床 scum .

S3 가 가

가 가 가

가 가 가

Suspended Solid(SS)

9 .

가 가 (S3) 75.9mg/ ,

(S6) 25.44mg/ 가 SS 33.5%

. (S6) 11 SS

70.3mg/ . 가

9. 가

SS

Month	SS concentration (mg/)					
	Site 1	Site 2	Site 3	Site 4	Site 5	Site 6
7	3.0	3.6	58.5	18.6	14.8	13.0
8	1.2	1.2	88.0	15.8	14.6	15.6
9	1.6	1.2	90.5	21.3	17.8	10.7
10	2.4	2.3	104.5	15.0	11.0	17.6
11	1.5	2.6	56.0	13.2	12.8	70.3
Mean	1.94	2.18	79.5	16.78	14.2	25.44

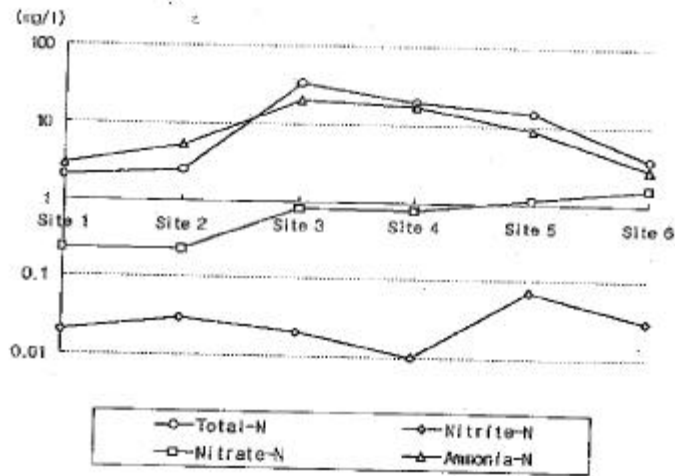
Nitrogen Phophorus 10 . 가
 가 (S3) 33.86mg/ (S1)
 16 가 가
 , 가 가 가
 . 河床 耕作地
 가
 , 가
 NH3-N 가 (S3) 20.37mg/
 가 가
 , NO₃⁻-N NO₂⁻-N (S5) 1.11mg/
 0.07mg/ 가 (S3) 가
 가 轉變 가
 .
 Nitrogen 가 가
 , 가

(S1) 가 (S2) (S3) 가
(NH₃-N)가 가가 가
100m (S4) 20.37mg/ , 16.85mg/
가 가
NO₂-N
, 水温
NO₃-N 가
가 NH₃-N nitrification 가
가 가
가 乳牛 乳牛 가
(肉牛, 鷄)
가 가
, 水系 形成罔
가가
가 (S3) 가

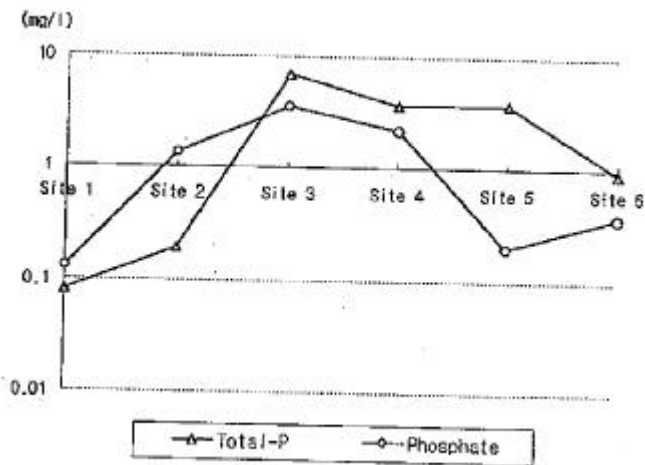
10. 가

Nitrogen Phosphorus

Sampling Site	Month	Nutrient Salts (mg/)					
		Total- N	NH ₃ - N	NO ₃ -- N	NO ₂ -- N	Total- P	PO ₄ -- P
S 1	7	2.13	0.29	0.03	0	0.08	0
	8	2.43	4.23	0.27	0.01	0.07	0.19
	9	1.46	5.04	0.32	0.03	0.14	0.47
	10	1.36	3.15	0.53	0.08	0.04	0.01
	11	2.76	2.06	0	0	0.08	0
	Mean	2.03	2.95	0.23	0.02	0.08	0.13
S 2	7	2.78	2.54	0.09	0.03	0.22	1.08
	8	2.57	12.68	0.28	0.06	0.26	2.16
	9	1.16	5.23	0.36	0.07	0.18	0.83
	10	1.88	3.52	0.32	0.08	0.11	1.65
	11	3.95	2.76	0.09	0.09	0.17	1.06
	Mean	2.47	5.35	0.23	0.07	0.19	1.36
S 3	7	28.64	14.07	0.24	0.02	5.56	2.88
	8	26.44	27.36	1.22	0.09	8.08	5.72
	9	33.37	32.42	1.43	0	7.78	4.53
	10	35.33	17.15	0.84	0	8.02	3.46
	11	45.50	10.83	0.35	0.04	5.21	1.37
	Mean	33.86	20.37	0.82	0.07	6.91	3.59
S 4	7	2.82	12.76	0.35	0.03	3.78	1.62
	8	3.54	23.53	1.46	0	3.80	4.76
	9	24.20	27.96	1.13	0	5.42	2.27
	10	28.56	10.43	1.64	0	2.28	1.36
	11	35.44	9.61	0.76	0	3.48	0.91
	Mean	18.91	16.85	0.78	0.01	3.75	2.18
S 5	7	1.42	10.59	0.39	0.03	3.49	0
	8	2.76	16.01	1.71	0.06	4.40	0
	9	25.66	8.67	1.05	0.07	5.60	0.66
	10	20.30	4.83	0.74	0.08	2.49	0.25
	11	24.50	3.52	1.67	0.09	3.33	0.08
	Mean	14.93	8.72	1.11	0.07	3.86	0.20
S 6	7	1.07	1.02	2.34	0	1.06	0.04
	8	1.41	6.10	1.93	0.11	0.99	0.19
	9	5.03	3.25	0.79	0	0.62	1.01
	10	5.66	2.33	0.96	0	0.69	0.52
	11	5.15	1.59	1.76	0.04	1.25	0.08
	Mean	3.66	2.86	1.56	0.03	0.92	0.37



3. T - N, NH₃-N, NO₃--N, NO₂--N



4. T - P, PO₄--P

가 BOD5 COD SS
2 , Nitrogen Phosphorus 3

4 .
乳牛 가 가
가 가

3.

溫血
가
가 ,
가 가
가
溫血
가
Total Coliform,

Fecal Coliform Fecal Streptococci

4. TC/FC FC/FS
19 Von Fritsch가

Klebsiella

가

가

FC/FS Ratio, Rhodococcus, Lactobacillus

가

Metal Resistant Bacteria

가

(Total Viable Bacterial Count : PC),

(Total Coliform Group : TC),

(Fecal Coliform Group : FC)

(Fecal Streptococcal Group : FS) 4 가

Standard Methods

TC/FC

(Non-Fecal Coli form Group)

FC

가 FC

TC/FC

FC/FS

Human Source

Animal Source

. FC/FS 가 4

0.7

가

가

TC

FC

가 FS

FC/FS

가

(1981)

TC/FC 가 가

가

. TC/FC

Non- Fecal Coliform

TC FC FS
Fecal Coliform Fecal

Streptococcal Group 11
TC FC 가 (S3)
8.46, 6.51(Log MPN/100M \emptyset) (S5)
4.73 3.40 가 가
, (S1) 3.82 3.03 가
가 TC FC 45% 가 가
, 가 (S3) 가

(1972) 2) Fecal Coliform Group(FC) Fecal Streptococci
Group(FS) FC FS
, 1 2 4.6 3.6 0.2
池川水 가

가
가
, 가 , 가 , 가 ,
(Varness , 1978)

가
(Total Coliform), (Fecal Coliform),
(Fecal Streptococcus) *E. Coli* *E. Coli* MPN
Salmonella

가

60% 가

(Cooke , 1976)5).

Klebsiella

K. Pneumoniae

85% 가

Klebsiella

Acid- Fast Organism

가

*Rhodococcus coprophilus*가

(Al- Diwany 1972)1).

가 , *Clostridium Peifringens*, *Salmonella*,

Cyanophage

(Bonde , 1977)3).

11. Fecal Coliform Fecal Streptococci

Sampling Site	Month	Indicator Bacteria (MPN/100Me)							
		TC	Log	FC	Log	FS	Log	TC/FC	FC/FS
S 1	7	4.9 × 10 ²	2.69	2.7 × 10 ²	2.43	0.6 × 10 ²	1.79	18.1	4.5
	8	2.0 × 10 ⁴	4.30	3.1 × 10 ³	3.49	5.4 × 10 ²	2.73	6.5	5.7
	9	3.7 × 10 ³	3.57	3.2 × 10 ²	2.51	1.2 × 10 ³	3.08	11.6	2.7
	10	9.4 × 10 ³	3.97	1.2 × 10 ³	3.08	2.6 × 10 ²	2.41	9.8	4.6
	11	3.9 × 10 ⁴	4.59	4.6 × 10 ³	3.66	1.2 × 10 ³	3.08	8.5	3.8
	Mean	1.5 × 10 ⁴	3.82	1.9 × 10 ³	3.03	6.5 × 10 ²	2.62	10.5	4.3
S 2	7	5.4 × 10 ²	3.73	4.2 × 10 ²	2.62	0.8 × 10 ²	1.90	12.8	5.3
	8	3.1 × 10 ⁴	4.49	2.4 × 10 ³	3.38	4.7 × 10 ²	2.67	12.9	5.1
	9	6.1 × 10 ⁴	4.79	4.6 × 10 ³	3.66	1.1 × 10 ³	3.04	13.3	4.2
	10	4.7 × 10 ⁴	4.67	5.8 × 10 ³	3.76	1.2 × 10 ³	3.08	8.1	4.8
	11	2.6 × 10 ⁴	4.41	2.3 × 10 ³	3.36	4.7 × 10 ²	2.67	11.3	4.9
	Mean	3.3 × 10 ⁴	4.22	2.6 × 10 ³	3.28	6.4 × 10 ²	2.67	11.0	4.9
S 3	7	3.5 × 10 ⁵	5.54	3.3 × 10 ⁵	5.52	1.7 × 10 ⁴	4.23	10.6	1.9
	8	6.4 × 10 ⁶	6.80	0.7 × 10 ⁶	5.85	4.7 × 10 ⁵	5.67	9.1	1.5
	9	1.2 × 10 ⁸	8.08	1.2 × 10 ⁷	7.08	1.3 × 10 ⁷	7.11	10.0	0.9
	10	8.5 × 10 ⁸	9.93	1.4 × 10 ⁸	8.15	1.9 × 10 ⁴	4.28	6.1	0.7
	11	9.2 × 10 ⁶	6.96	0.9 × 10 ⁶	5.95	5.6 × 10 ⁵	5.75	10.2	1.6
	Mean	1.9 × 10 ⁸	7.46	3.1 × 10 ⁸	6.51	2.8 × 10 ⁶	5.41	9.2	1.3
S 4	7	1.1 × 10 ⁵	5.04	7.9 × 10 ³	3.90	2.2 × 10 ³	3.34	13.9	3.6
	8	8.0 × 10 ⁵	5.90	4.4 × 10 ⁴	4.64	1.7 × 10 ⁴	4.23	18.2	2.6
	9	5.3 × 10 ⁶	6.72	3.2 × 10 ⁵	5.51	1.1 × 10 ⁵	5.04	16.6	2.9
	10	7.2 × 10 ⁵	5.86	3.9 × 10 ⁴	4.59	1.9 × 10 ⁴	4.28	18.5	2.1
	11	5.7 × 10 ⁶	6.76	3.7 × 10 ⁵	5.57	1.1 × 10 ⁵	5.04	15.4	3.4
	Mean	2.5 × 10 ⁶	6.06	1.6 × 10 ⁵	4.84	5.2 × 10 ⁴	4.39	16.5	2.9
S 5	7	9.2 × 10 ³	3.96	3.6 × 10 ²	2.56	1.1 × 10 ²	2.04	25.6	3.3
	8	2.7 × 10 ⁵	5.43	1.3 × 10 ⁴	4.11	0.7 × 10 ⁴	3.85	20.8	1.9
	9	3.3 × 10 ⁴	4.52	2.1 × 10 ³	3.32	1.0 × 10 ³	3.00	15.7	2.1
	10	2.4 × 10 ⁵	5.38	1.1 × 10 ⁴	4.04	3.1 × 10 ³	3.49	21.8	3.5
	11	2.2 × 10 ⁴	4.34	0.9 × 10 ³	2.95	2.8 × 10 ²	2.45	24.4	3.2
	Mean	1.1 × 10 ⁵	4.73	5.5 × 10 ³	3.40	2.3 × 10 ³	2.97	21.7	2.8
S 6	7	7.8 × 10 ³	3.89	5.2 × 10 ²	2.72	1.2 × 10 ²	2.08	15.0	4.3
	8	3.3 × 10 ⁴	4.52	3.2 × 10 ³	3.51	0.8 × 10 ³	2.90	10.3	4.0
	9	2.4 × 10 ⁴	4.38	1.6 × 10 ³	3.20	4.2 × 10 ²	2.62	15.0	3.8
	10	2.2 × 10 ⁴	4.34	2.7 × 10 ³	3.43	0.8 × 10 ³	2.90	8.2	3.4
	11	1.2 × 10 ⁴	4.08	1.1 × 10 ³	3.04	2.3 × 10 ²	2.36	10.9	4.8
	Mean	2.0 × 10 ⁴	4.33	1.8 × 10 ³	3.18	4.7 × 10 ²	2.57	11.9	4.1

가 FC/FS 가 (S3)

1.3 , 100m (S4) 2.9 가 가 FS

가 FC , Enterococcus Group

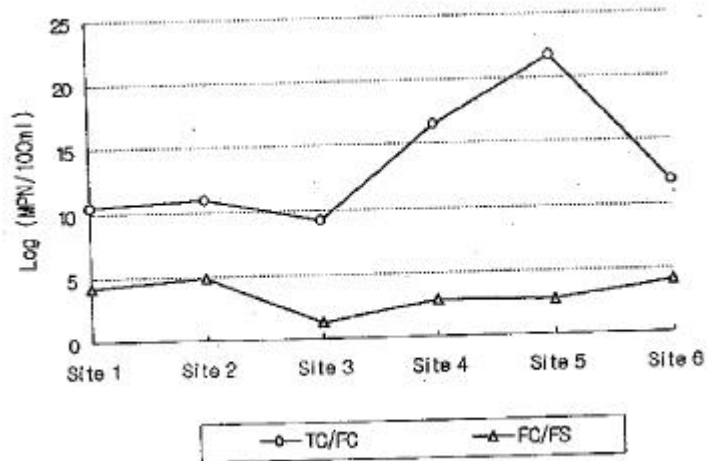
Streptococcus

(5). 가 FC/FS S3 1.3

가 가 0.7

FC/FS 4.0 , 가

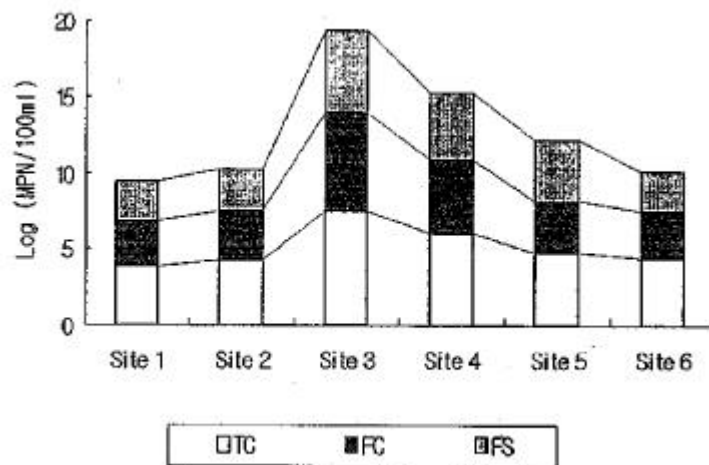
(人糞)



5. TC/FC FC/FS ratio

(Total Viable Bacteria Count : PC) (Total Coliform group : TC), (Fecal group : FC) (Fecal Streptococcal group : FS), *Rhodococcus*(Duncan, 1981)7, *Klebsiella*(Bagley, 1977)2, *Bifidobacterium* FC/ FS (Hollon, 1982; Qragui, 1983; Tilton, 1967)1, 12, 15) 가 (Geldreich, 1969)9. *Rhodococcus*(Duncan, 1981)7, *Klebsiella*(Bagley, 1977)2, *Bifidobacterium* FC/ FS (Hollon, 1982; Qragui, 1983; Tilton, 1967)1, 12, 15) 가 (Geldreich, 1969)9.

6.



가
(6). 3가 (TC, FC, FS)
가 ,
가 가 TC, FC FS
.

COD, SS, TC, FC . TC
 COD, SS NH3-N (Microsoft Excel Ver. 7.0) R2 0.837,
 0.556 0.941 가 , NO2-N 0.026
 . FC COD, SS NH3-N 0.827, 0.544 0.947
 TC , NO2-N 0.034

(Fecal Coliform group: FC) 5.4×10^9 / / ,
 (Fecal Streptococcal group : FS) 31×10^9 / ,
 BOD(Biochemical Oxygen Demand) $640\text{g}/$ / .
 FC 8.9×10^9 / , BOD 125 / (, 1981)25).
 가 가 Sewell (1975)14)
 60m BOD NO3--N ,
 Robbin (1971)13) 487m (Fecal Coliform : FC)
 , Hollon 10) 100m 500m BOD 7
 가 1,200m .
 (1986)21, 22) 가 가 200m
 0.4 , 2,000m 0.7 가
 가 가 , 가
 水温 20
 E. Coli FS , 26 30 가
 Evison .

FC/FS 가 Mefeters Memberane Chamber
 (Enteric pathogen)
 FS 가 FC .
 Enterococcus group S. bovis
 , FC
 , FC/ FS 0.7 S. bovis 가
 Klein II) Wilkowske I) Group D Streptococcus(S.
Bovis, *S. equinus*, *Enterococcus*)
 (colon) (Calcinoma) 가
 .
 가
 Chromagen
 Thermus
 (Cherry , 1977)4),
 aguaticus Naegieria fowleri (Degryse , 1978)6).
 微生物床
 .
 가 가
 가 .

第 4 節 結 論

	가	가
가		
, .		
가	S3	BOD5
195.11mg/ , COD 408.6mg/ , SS 79.5mg/		
가	가	가
.		
NH3-N	S3	20.37mg/
가	S1	20.37mg/
가	가	7
NO3-N	S5	1.11mg/
NO2-N	S3(가	0.07mg/
가	)	가
.		
Total Coliform Group(TC)	Fecal Coliform Group(FC)	
FS(Fecal Streptococcus Group)	(S3)	8.46,
6.51, 5.41(Log MPN 100M \emptyset)	(S5)	4.73, 3.40,
2.97(Log MPN 100M \emptyset)		50%
.	TC/FC	9
22	, FC/FS	1.3 4.9
가	FC/FS	S3
가	0.7	가
.		

FC/FS 4.0 , 가

(人糞)

COD, SS,

TC, FC

. TC

COD, SS NH3- - N

(Microsoft Excel Version 7.0) R2

0.837, 0.556 0.941

가 , NO2- N 0.026

. FC

COD, SS

NH3- N

0.827, 0.544

0.947 TC

, NO2- N 0.034

()

가

가

가

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19. 2 . 1986.

Coprostanol

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Fecal Coliform Fecal Streptococci

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21. 4 . 1986.

가

() . -

-

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22. 4 . 1986.

가

() . -

-

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23. 5 . 1985.

. 21:151- 156.

24. . 1996. 가 . 31(3):185- 191.
25. 4 . 1981. . .
3:127- 142.
26. 24 . 1980. . .
. 3:143- 192.
27. 6 . 1981. . .
3:149- 159.
28. 2 . 1983. (). . 5:177- 179.
29. . 1993. ()
. 26(4):321- 333.
30. 1 . 1991. . .
. 7(2):257- 265.
31. 1 . 1986. . . 19(1- 2) :
63- 78.
32. 12 . 1990. . .
. 12:115- 124.
33. . 1985. . 117- 131.
34. .
35. 1983. ()
36. 3 . 1990. ().
. 12:125- 149.

3	
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8

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:
:

第 1 節 緒 說

가

가

가 (1984, 1991, 1994).

가 1970 가

가 (1973, 1976, 1979, 1994, 1996), (1997)

가

(1993, 1997, 1997, 1997).

(1996)

가 95.8%

가

(, ,)가

.

가

가

.

가

.

第 2 節 材料 方法

1.

1994 1997 , ()
) 1 (, ,)
 . ‘ ’ 5 20
 30 x 15cm(22 /m²) .
 ,
 1995 5 1996 6 (1996) .
 (1) (1996)
 (Acceptable) (), •
 2 / ,
 (*Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus* Kuschel) 5
 1kg/10a , (planthoppers)
 8 150 /10a .
 900 .

Table 1. Analysis of water quality on each watershed

Watershed name	pH	DO	SS	Total Nitrogen	Total Phosphorus
				mg/	
Sokdal- dong	6.40/8.77*	9.26/11.50	4.00/43.33	0.88/4.90	0.02/1.82
Dundae- dong	6.33/7.91	1.47/6.30	5.80/141.67	4.52/38.98	0.71/7.95

* Minimum/Maximum

(,) 가
 (1) (slightly
 polluted)
 가 가
 900
 200 (21- 17- 17) 20kg
 20kg



Fig. 1 The Views of Clean water Plot(left), Life sewage Plot(middle), Animal sewage plot(right).

2.

•
 . (1m, 50cm)
 , 10 2
 .
 75% ,
 (, ,) , 가
 , (5 20
 7 25), (7 26 8 30), (9 1 9 30)

3.

, , , 19가
 . 28 가(
 17, 11) . 가 ,
 41 50 2 , 50 60
 6 , 60 70 9 , 70 11 ,
 64 , 26 , 2 .
 300 1000 5 , 1000 3000
 9 , 3000 14 , 2700 .

第 3 節 結果 및 考察

1. 절지동물 발생소장

1994년부터 1997년까지 4년동안 조사한 경기도 반월지역 수도포장내(맑은물, 생활하수, 축산폐수 조사구)에 서식하는 절지동물의 주당 서식밀도를 기능군별(해충군, 천적군, 비해충군)로 정리한 자료(부록 I)를 분석한결과, 수도포장의 주당 평균 절지동물 밀도는 해에 따라 차이를 보이는데, 이는 각 해에 따른 기후조건 차이 및 외래해충의 비래량 차이에서 기인된 것으로 생각된다. 94년에는 낮은밀도를 보였고, 95년, 96년에는 최근의 연구들(이 등 1997, 박과 이 1997)과 주당 평균밀도 수준이 비슷하게 나타나고 있었는데, 해충 발생량은 과거에 비하면 경기도지역에서 격감하고 있었다. 95, 96년의 밀도에서 주요 분류군은 해충군으로서 매미목의 진딧물류, 비해충군의 특토키류의 밀도가 증가한 결과였다. 엄등(1991)은 벼를 기주로 서식하는 140여종의 해충중에서 벼에 경제적으로 피해를 주는 주요해충을 20여종 들었는데, 본 연구에서 밀도가 높게 조사된 진딧물류는 주요해충의 범주에는 속하지 않는다. 절지동물을 기능군별로 분석한 결과, 년도에 따라 조금씩 차이를 보이지만, '해충군>비해충군>천적군'의 밀도순위를 나타내, 송과 최(1993)의 진주지역, 윤(1997)의 전국 8개지역에서의 결과와 일치했다.

농업용수 수질저하에 따른 조사구별 밀도는 인접구역에서 생활오수가 유입되는 생활하수가 다른 조사구들에 비해 높게 나타났고, 다른 분류군에서는 비슷한 밀도를 보이지만 해충군의 진딧물류가 주된 밀도를 형성하였고, 벼 생육초기에 주당 밀도가 집중되고 있어서 편차가 매우 컸다.

경기도 반월지역 수도포장들에서 발생밀도가 높았던것들을 기능군별로 보면 해충군에는 진딧물류(Aphids), 벼멸구(*N. lugens*), 흰등멸구(*S. furcifer* (Horvath)), 애멸구(*L. striatellus*), 벼물바구미(*L. oryzaophilus*), 천적군에는 거미목

(Araneae). 비해충군에는 톱토기류(Collembola)와 깔다구과(Chironomidae)성충, 파리류(Diptera)등을 들수 있었다. 이런 결과는 경기도 지역에서의 연구들 (이 등 1997, 박과 이 1997)의 연구와도 일치하고, 논생태계내 절지동물군집이 그리 많지 않은 종들에 의해서 우점되고 있다는 것을 보여준다.

그림 2는 생육시기별로 밀도를 나타낸것이다. 변동패턴이 일정한 경향성이 없고 연도에 따라 차이를 보였다. 94년에는 초,중,후기가 거의 같은 밀도수준인데, 95년에는 초기에 생활하수구에서 밀도가 높고, 96년에는 전체 조사구에서 후기로 갈수록 증가하는 경향이였다. 다른 조사구와는 달리 생활하수 조사구에서는 밀도의 편차가 상당히 컸다. 한편, 박과 이(1997)는 경기도 발안지역소재 논생태계내 절지동물 모니터링연구에서 농약이 전혀 살포되지 않아 인위적인 외부간섭이 없는 수도포장의 경우 이앙후 경과일수를 기준으로 이앙초기에 최고밀도를 이루고 이앙후 80일까지 밀도가 감소하는 경향을, 80일 이후에는 밀도가 일정한 수준을 유지하며 안정화되며, 조사구내 평균 밀도의 편차가 생육초기보다 생육후기로 갈수록 적다고 보고했다.

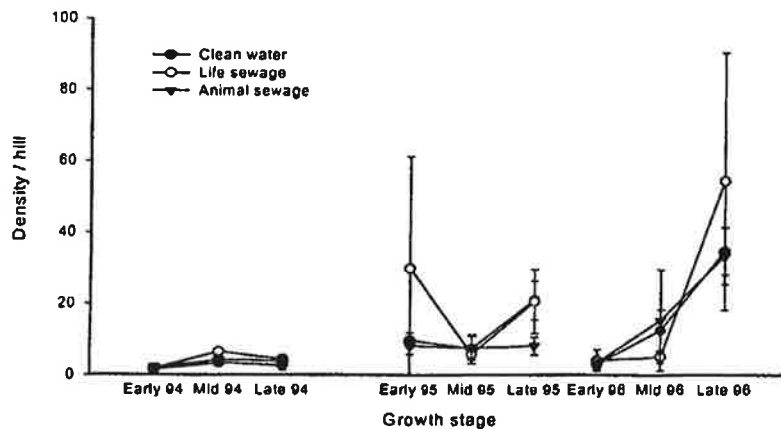


Fig. 2. Changes in the densities(No./hill) of arthropods in the rice fields with different irrigating water quality at Banwol, Kyonggi-do, in 1994, 1995, 1996.

Table 3. List of dominant taxa* at the early growth stage of rice plant with different irrigating water quality at Banwol Kyonggi-do, from 1994 to 1996

Year	Plot	Functional group		
		Pests	Natural Enemies	Non-Pests
1994	CW	<i>Levdephax striatellus</i> 13.79(0.20)**	Araneae 39.31(0.57)	Chironomidae 27.59(0.40) Diptera 8.97(0.13)
	LS	Chrysomelidae 11.4 (0.2) <i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 5.7 (0.1)	Araneae 30.11(0.53) Hymenoptera 5.68(0.10)	Diptera 18.75(0.33) Chironomidae 17.05(0.30)
	AS	<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 9.22(0.20) Chrysomelidae 7.83(0.17) Homiptera 3.99(0.13)	Araneae 41.47(0.90)	Chironomidae 9.22(0.20)
1995	CW	Aphids 11.50(1.10)	Araneae 22.30(2.13)	Chironomidae 41.81(4.00) Diptera 9.06(0.87) Formicidae 6.97(0.67)
	LS	Aphids 77.13(22.93)		
	AS	Aphids 32.10(2.60) <i>Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus</i> 10.29(0.83)		Chironomidae 32.51(2.63) Diptera 6.17(0.50)
1996	CW	Aphids 46.22(1.38) <i>Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus</i> 10.92(0.33) Thysanoptera 10.08(0.30)		Chironomidae 8.40(0.25) Diptera 5.04(0.15)
	LS	Aphids 11.11(0.45) Other moths 11.11(0.45) <i>Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus</i> 11.11 (0.45)		Collembola 19.14(0.78) Diptera 16.67(0.68) Chironomidae 14.81(0.60)
	AS	Aphids 26.36(0.85) <i>Lissorhoptrus oryzophilus</i> 10.08(0.33) Thysanoptera 5.43(0.18)		Diptera 27.13(0.88) Chironomidae 17.83(0.58)

*The taxon whose density occupied over 5% of total density in each experimental field was regarded as dominant.

표 3은 생육초기에 전체밀도의 5%이상을 차지하는 우점군을 정리한 것이다. 이양 초기 해충으로는 진딧물(Aphids)과 벼물바구미(*L. oryzophilus*)가 뚜렷하게 나타났고, 그의 분류군은 연도에 따라 우점순위가 바뀌고 있었다. 천적군인 거미목은 최고 40%정도의 점유율을 나타냈으나 해충군, 비해충군에 대해 이양초기에는 낮은 점유율을 보였다. 비해충군으로는 깔다구류와 파리목이 우점을 이루었고, 생활하수 조사구에서는 특토기류도 차지했다. 윤(1997)은 전국 8개지역 논생태계내 절지동물 군집연구에서 벼의 생육과 절지동물 군집은 밀접한 연관이 있고, 초기 논생태계내의 군집은 천이의 초기단계로서 중요성을 가지고 있는데, 지역, 연도 차이없이 깔다구과(Chironomidae)가 36.4% ~ 95.8% 우점군을 차지한다고 하였다. 박과 이(1997)도 생육초기에는 절지동물 군집이 깔다구과에 의해 점유된다는 결과를 보고했다.

표 4는 중기의 우점군을 정리한것인데, 해충군과 천적군의 우점이 생육초기에 비해 높아졌고, 비해충군은 낮아졌다. 해충군에는 벼멸구(*N. lugens*), 흰등멸구(*S. furcifer*), 애멸구(*L. striatellus*) 등이 우점을 이루었고, 천적군에서는 거미목의 점유율이 50%까지 높아졌지만 주당 밀도는 높지 않았다. 박과 이(1997)는 생육중기 논생태계는 비래성해충인 멸구과(Delphacidae), 매미충과(Cicadellidae)가 상대적인 밀도 우위를 차지하고 있고, 거미목의 밀도가 높아져 이들간의 밀도변화패턴이 관련되어 있다는 가능성을 제기하였고, Heong 등(1990)의 연구에서는 주요 우점군거미류들과 멸구, 매미충간에 높은 양의 상관관계를 보였다.

표 5는 후기의 우점군을 정리한것인데, 중기와 비교해서 분류군들은 비슷하였다. 비해충군에서 특토기류가 높은 밀도를 기록하였다. 후기의 논생태계는 벼가 초·중기의 생장을 멈춘 쇠퇴기에 해당하는데, 윤(1997)은 경기도 지역에서 멸구류, 깔다구류, 거미목등이 우점을 차지한다고 보고했다.

Table 4. List of dominant taxa* at the mid growth stage of rice plant with different irrigating water quality at Banwol Kyonggi-do, from 1994 to 1996

Year	Plot	Functional group		
		Pests	Natural Enemies	Non-Pests
1994	CW	<i>Locdelphax striatellus</i> 53.64(1.77)**	Araneae 27.27(0.90)	Formicidae 6.97(0.23)
	LS	<i>Locdelphax striatellus</i> 31.30(2.00)	Araneae 50.08(3.20)	
	AS	Hemiptera 7.16(0.30)	Araneae 53.22(2.23) Staphylinidae 12.65(0.53) Carabidae 9.55(0.40)	
1995	CW	<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 29.95(2.17)	Araneae 21.20(1.53)	Diptera 6.91(0.50) Chironomidae 5.07(0.37)
		<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 15.21(1.10)		
	LS	<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 13.87(0.80)	Araneae 16.18(0.93)	Diptera 11.56(0.67) Formicidae 9.25(0.53)
		<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 8.09(0.47)		
		<i>Lissorhaptus oryzae</i> 37.50 (2.80)		
AS	<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 11.61 (0.87)	Araneae 20.54(1.53)		
	Chrysomelidae 8.48(0.63)			
	<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 6.25(0.47)			
1996	CW	Other weevils 8.56(1.07)	Araneae 12.83(1.60)	Collembola 46.79(5.83) Diptera 7.22(0.90)
	LS	<i>Lissorhaptus oryzae</i> 8.67 (0.43)	Araneae 26.00(1.30) Carabidae 7.33(0.37)	Diptera 20.67(1.03)
AS	Aphids 25.76(3.93) <i>Locdelphax striatellus</i> 5.46(0.83)	Araneae 8.52(1.30)	Collembola 41.05(6.27) Formicidae 6.55(1.00)	

*The taxon whose density occupied over 5% of total density in each experimental field was regarded as dominant.

** % (density/hill)

Table 5. List of dominant taxa* at the late growth stage of rice plant with different irrigating water quality at Banwol Kyonggi-do, from 1994 to 1996

Year	Plot	Functional group		
		Pests	Natural Enemies	Non-Pests
1994	C'W	<i>Laodelphax striatellus</i> 6.38(0.17)**	Araneae 46.34(1.24)	Collembola 16.32(0.44)
		<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 6.19(0.17)		Formicidae 6.75(0.18)
		Chrysomelidae 5.45 (0.24)	Araneae 61.14(2.64)	Collembola 10.09(0.44)
1995	C'W	<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 21.13(4.40)	Araneae 60.72(2.35)	Collembola 18.86(0.73)
		<i>Laodelphax striatellus</i> 17.05(3.55)	Araneae 13.21(2.75)	Diptera 20.17(4.20)
		<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 10.08(2.10)		
1996	L'S	<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 20.98(4.30)	Araneae 9.76(2.00)	Diptera 15.83(3.45)
		<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 17.32(3.55)		Chironomidae 8.78(1.80)
		<i>Laodelphax striatellus</i> 7.81(1.60)		
		<i>Nephotettix cincticeps</i> 16.05(1.30)		
		Aphids 12.35(1.00)	Araneae 7.41(0.60)	Chironomidae 14.20(1.15)
1996	C'W	<i>Nilaparvata lugens</i> 9.88(0.80)		Diptera 9.26(0.75)
		Orthoptera 8.63(0.70)		
		<i>Laodelphax striatellus</i> 5.56(0.45)		
1996	L'S	Aphids 45.60(15.80)		Collembola 28.57(9.90)
		<i>Sogatella furcifera</i> 10.39(3.60)		
		Aphids 34.56(18.75)	Araneae 5.25(2.85)	Collembola 54.75(29.70)
1996	AS	Aphids 45.41(15.10)		Collembola 38.05(12.65)

2.

6 가
 , 2 3 , 15 , 14 , 10 .
 (webbing spider) (space webbing spider) (orb webbing spider)
 (hunting spider)

(Tetragnathidae) (*P. clercki*), (Theridiidae) ,
 (Erigonidae) (*U. insecticeps*) .
 (Clubionidae) , (Salticidae) (*M. magister*),
 (Theridiidae) , (Clubionidae)
 , (Salticidae) , (Theridiidae) .

. (1973, 1976, 1979, 1993,
 1994, 1996, 1997, 1997).
 (Lycosidae),
 (Clubionidae), (Salticidae), (Tetragnathidae),
 (Erigonidae), (Linyphiidae), (Theridiidae),
 (Argiopidae) (1993, 1994, 1996,
 1997, 1997), .

Table 6. Densities(No./hill) of spiders in the rice fields with different irrigating water quality at at Banwol, Kyonngi-do, 1995

Type	Family	Species	CW	LS	AS
Hunting	Clubionidae	<i>Clubiona kurilensis</i> Westring	0	0.17 ± 0.24	0
		<i>C. lutescens</i> Westring	0.11 ± 0.16	0.39 ± 0.28	0
		Clubionidae SL*	0.67 ± 0.64	0.56 ± 0.42	0.67 ± 0.47
	Lycosidae	<i>Pirata subpiraticus</i> Bös. et Str.	0	0	0.17 ± 0.24
	Salticidae	<i>Marpissa magister</i> (Karsch)	0.28 ± 0.21	0.61 ± 0.55	0.33 ± 0.47
		Salticidae SL	0.17 ± 0.24	0.28 ± 0.21	0.83 ± 1.18
Thomicidae	Thomicidae SL	1.28 ± 1.58	0.56 ± 0.42	0.11 ± 0.16	
	Subtotal		2.50 ± 2.86	2.56 ± 1.81	2.11 ± 1.64
Orb Webbing	Araneide	Araneidae SL	0.50 ± 0.71	0.11 ± 0.16	0.11 ± 0.16
		<i>Neoscona doenitzi</i> Bös. et Str.	0.17 ± 0.24	0	0
	Tetragnathidae	<i>Pachygnatha ciercki</i> Sundevall	1.94 ± 1.93	0.17 ± 0.24	0.39 ± 0.28
		<i>Tetragnata praedonia</i> L.Koch	0.11 ± 0.16	0	0
		Subtotal	2.72 ± 1.78	0.28 ± 0.21	0.50 ± 0.41
Space Webbing	Theridiidae	<i>Coleosoma octomaculatum</i>	0	0.17 ± 0.24	0
		<i>Enoplognatha japonica</i>	0.17 ± 0.24	0.17 ± 0.24	0
		Theridiidae SL	1.94 ± 1.46	0.67 ± 0.47	0.56 ± 0.57
	Erigonidae	Erigonidae SL	0.78 ± 0.87	0.50 ± 0.14	0.22 ± 0.31
		<i>Gnathonarium</i>	0.17 ± 0.24	0.17 ± 0.24	0
		<i>Ummeliata angulituberis</i> Oi	0.50 ± 0.71	0.39 ± 0.08	0.33 ± 0.47
		<i>Ummeliata insecticeps</i>	1.06 ± 1.06	0	0
	Subtotal	4.61 ± 4.30	2.06 ± 0.34	1.11 ± 1.34	
Total			9.83 ± 7.58	4.89 ± 2.11	3.72 ± 2.51

*Spiderling

CW : Rice field was irrigated with clean water,

LS : Rice field was irrigated with life sewage,

AS : Rice field was irrigated with animal sewage.

가 , (1997) 10
 가 가 , 가
 , 가 가
 가

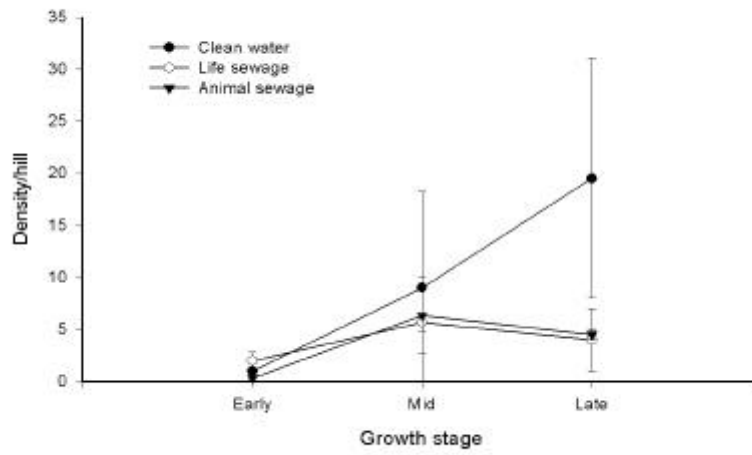


Fig. 3. Changes in the densities(No./hill) of spider in the rice fields with different irrigating water quality at Banwol, Kyonggi-do, 1995.

Table 7. List of dominant species* at each growth stage of rice plant with different irrigating water quality at Banwol, Kyonggi-do, 1995

Plot	Early growth stage	Mid growth stage	Late growth stage
CW	<i>P. clercki</i> 66.67(0.67) <i>G. mentatum</i> 33.33(0.33)	<i>P. clercki</i> 51.85(4.67) Erigonidae SL 25.93(2.33) <i>U. insecticeps</i> 7.41(0.67)	Erigonidae SL 17.95(3.50) Thomcidae SL 17.95(3.50) <i>U. insecticeps</i> 12.82(2.50) <i>G. mentatum</i> 10.26(2.00) Clubionidae SL 10.26(2.00) Araneidae SL 7.69(1.50) <i>U. angulituberis</i> 7.69(1.50)
	Erigonidae SL 50.00(1.00) <i>G. mentatum</i> 33.33(0.67) <i>U. angulituberis</i> 16.67(0.33)	<i>P. subpiraticus</i> 23.53(1.33) Erigonidae SL 17.65(1.00) <i>C. lutescens</i> 11.76(0.67) Clubionidae SL 11.76(0.67) Thomcidae SL 11.76(0.87) Salticidae SL 5.88(0.33) Araneidae SL 5.88(0.33) <i>G. mentatum</i> 5.88(0.33)	Clubionidae SL 25.00(1.00) Thomcidae SL 25.00(1.00) <i>C. kurtiensis</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>C. lutescens</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>P. subpiraticus</i> 12.50(0.5) Salticidae SL 12.50(0.5) <i>P. clercki</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>C. octomaculatum</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>E. japonica</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>G. mentatum</i> 12.50(0.5) <i>U. angulituberis</i> 12.50(0.5)
	Erigonidae SL 100.00(0.33)	Erigonidae SL 21.05(1.33) <i>P. subpiraticus</i> 15.79(1.00) Clubionidae SL 15.79(1.00) <i>U. angulituberis</i> 15.79(1.00) <i>P. clercki</i> 10.53(0.67) <i>G. mentatum</i> 10.53(0.67) Thomcidae SL 5.26(0.33)	Salticidae SL 55.56(2.5) Clubionidae SL 22.22(1.00) <i>M. magister</i> 11.11(0.5) <i>P. clercki</i> 11.11(0.5)

*The species whose density occupied over 5% of total density in each experimental field was regarded as dominant.

7 5%

가 , 가 . . .

(Tetragnathidae) (Erigonidae)가

(Erigonidae)가

(1997)

가 3 6 , (Lycosidae) (*P. subpiraticus*)가

가가

가 (1991),

가 가

(1993, 1994, 1997),

3

7 8

(Lycosidae)

(*P. subpiraticus*), (Clubionidae), (Salticidae),

(Thomicidae)가 가 , ,

7 , 11 , 4 , 가

3.

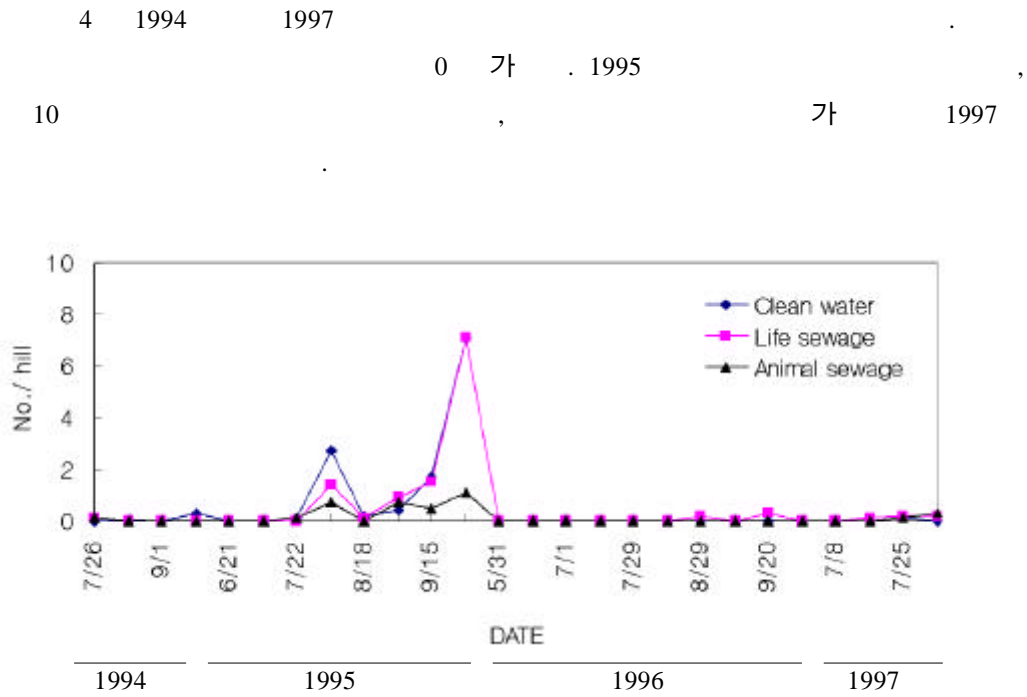


Fig. 4. Density fluctuation of *Nilaparvata lugens* in the Banwol, Kyonggi Province, from 1994 to 1997.

5 1994 1997
가 . 1995 ,
1996 , 10

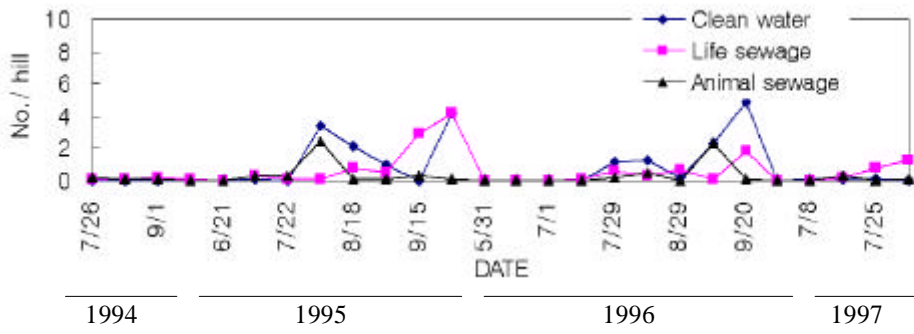


Fig. 5. Density fluctuation of *Sogatella furcifera* in the Banwol, Kyonggi Province, from 1994 to 1997.

6 1994 1997
1988

0.5

가

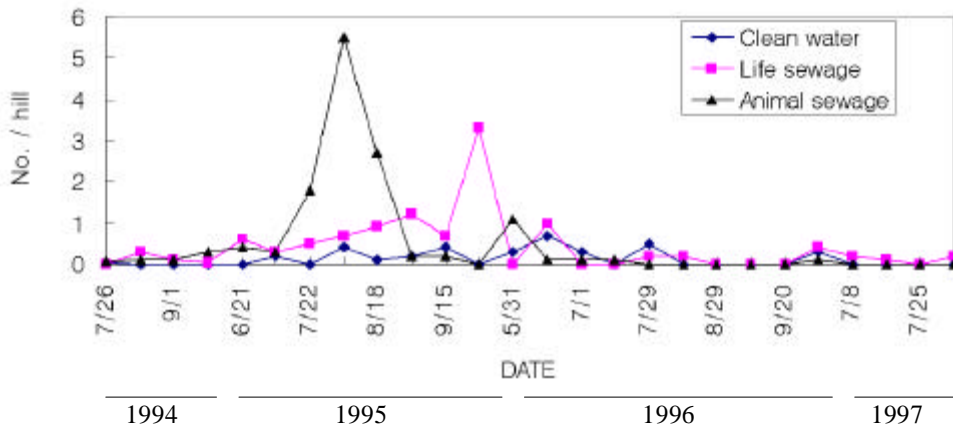


Fig. 6. Density fluctuation of rice water weevil in the Banwol, Kyonggi Province, from 1994 to 1997.

4.

가 , , ,
 . 20 60
 , 46 ,
 . 8 1 가 .
 3 - 4 가 15 (53.6%) 가 , 2 가 8 (28.6%), 1 가 3 (10.7%)
 7 - 8 1 , 1 .

8.

	가	가 (%)
3 - 4	15	53.6
2	8	28.6
1	3	10.7
7 - 8	1	3.6
	1	3.6
	28	100

가 가 가 9
 가 7 (25%) , 가
 21(75%) . 가 7
 (25%), 4 (14%), 4 (14%), 2 (7%) ,
 7 (25%), 3 (11%), 2 (7%), 1
 (4%) .
 1 ,
 가 10 10 - 15 13 (46.4%), 5 - 10
 9 (32.1%), 5 3 (10.7%), 3 (10.7%) .
 9. 가

	가	가	(%)
	7	25	
	4	14	
	4	14	
	2	7	
	7	25	
	3	3	
	2	2	
	1	1	
	1	1	

10. 1 ,

	가	가	(%)
5	3	10.7	
5 - 10	9	32.1	
10 - 15	13	46.4	
	3	10.7	

가 가

50% 가 11

7 (58.3%), 2 (16.7%), 2 (16.7%), 1 (8.3%)

가

.

11.

	가	가	(%)
가	16	57.1	
가	12	42.9	
	7	22.2	
	2	3.7	
	2		
	1		

가 가 가 12

17 (61%), , 16(57%),
 , 10 (36%), 가 7 (25%), 가 4 (14%)

12.

	가	가	(%)
	17		61
,	16		57
,	10		36
가	7		25
가	4		14

5. ,

13 1 (1995) 2 (1996) . 2
 , 4 가
 . 1 가
 , 50% ,
 80% . (, 1996)
 1 86% 가 , 20%
 .
 60% 가 .
 가 ,
 ,
 90% 가 .

13. , ,

1	(%)	2	(%)
	100		50
	100		80
	93		30
	86		20
	43		10
	68		20
	86		40
	39		10
	43		10
	86		60
	50		20
	46		40
	- *		20
	-		10
	-		5
	-		5
	-		20
	-		20
	-		90

* : 1



Fig. 7. Photographs of pathogens and insect pest.



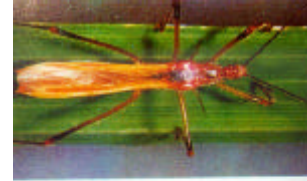
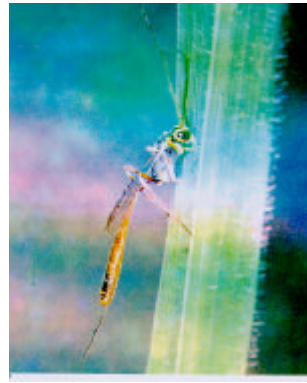


Fig. 7. Photographs of pathogens and insect pests.

6. 가

4

(1991)

가

가

가

가

가

가

3-4 가 가

1-2

가

가

가

가

가

0.5

가

가

1

가

가

10 - 15

가

가

가

10

가

第 4 節 要約 結論

1994 1997 (, ,)
)
 .
, 가
> >
(Aphids), (Delphacidae), (Cicadelidae),
(*L. oryzaophilus*), (Araneae),
(Collembola), (Chironomidae), (Diptera) .
(, ,)
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, 가 , 가
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(場)
, , ,
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가 (1994).

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I.

(1994 - 1997)

1. 1994

(/)

	7/26	8/11	9/1	9/15
	0.03	0.07	0.03	0.30
	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.03
	0.20	1.77	0.07	0.27
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.03
()	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.17
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00
()	0.00	0.07	0.10	0.07
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
<hr/>				
	0.57	0.90	0.70	1.77
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.10
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
()	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
<hr/>				
	0.40	0.03	0.03	0.00
	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.87
	0.00	0.23	0.13	0.23

2. 1994

(/)

	7/26	8/11	9/1	9/15
	0.10	0.03	0.00	0.00
	0.07	0.10	0.23	0.07
	0.00	2.00	0.20	0.07
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.07	0.13	0.23	0.03
()	0.20	0.17	0.20	0.27
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
()	0.03	0.03	0.07	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.03	0.07	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.30	0.10	0.03
	0.53	3.20	3.07	2.20
	0.10	0.00	0.03	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.03	0.03	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40
()	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
	0.30	0.17	0.03	0.00
	0.33	0.00	0.03	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.13	0.10	0.03

3. 1994

(/)

	7/26	8/11	9/1	9/15
	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.20	0.07	0.10	0.00
	0.07	0.17	0.10	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.07	0.03	0.13	0.03
()	0.17	0.20	0.07	0.20
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
()	0.13	0.03	0.00	0.20
	0.00	0.03	0.13	0.10
	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.00
	0.07	0.10	0.10	0.03
	0.90	2.23	2.80	1.90
	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.53	0.20	0.13
()	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03
	0.20	0.07	0.07	0.00
	0.10	0.03	0.00	0.03
	0.00	0.00	1.33	0.13
	0.07	0.00	0.07	0.00

	6/ 21	7/ 6	7/ 22	8/ 3	8/ 18	8/ 31	9/ 15	9/ 29
	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.7	0.2	0.4	1.7	7.1
	0.0	0.1	0.0	3.4	2.1	1.0	0.0	4.2
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	4.9	2.2
	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2
()	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	1.5	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.5	1.4
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.9
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3
	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.0
	0.2	0.3	5.9	2.8	1.2	0.6	2.2	3.3
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.5	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	5.4	5.1	1.8	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.3	3.5
	1.2	1.4	0.1	0.8	0.3	0.4	2.8	5.6
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
	1.4	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1

	6/ 21	7/ 6	7/ 22	8/ 3	8/ 18	8/ 31	9/ 15	9/ 29
	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.1	0.9	1.5	7.1
	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.5	2.9	4.2
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.2	1.0	2.2
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.9	0.2
()	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0
	68.8	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	1.4
()	0.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.9
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.3	0.3
	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0
	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.7	3.3
	1.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	0.0
	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.1	3.5
	0.2	1.0	0.9	0.7	0.3	1.0	1.3	5.6
	0.2	0.0	1.3	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1
	0.0	0.5	1.0	0.4	0.1	1.1	0.3	0.1

	6/ 21	7/ 6	7/ 22	8/ 3	8/ 18	8/ 31	9/ 15	9/ 29
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.7	0.5	1.1
	0.0	0.3	0.3	2.4	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.4
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.6	2.0
()	0.0	0.4	0.3	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.2	0.3
	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.8	0.6
	3.0	4.4	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.3	1.7
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.6
	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
	0.4	0.3	1.8	5.5	2.7	0.2	0.2	0.0
	0.2	0.0	0.4	1.6	0.5	2.5	0.7	0.5
	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
	5.4	2.0	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.3
	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.6
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.6

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		5/31	6/14	7/1	7/12	7/27	8/9	8/29	9/6	9/20
		0.0	3.5	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.4	13.4	18.2
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.3	4.9
	()	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.3	0.2
		0.3	0.7	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.2	2.1	0.2
	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	2.2	0.4	0.1	2.4	0.9	
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	2.1	2.7	0.8	1.6
	()	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	6.0	11.5	18.9	0.9
		0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.5
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.2
		0.4	5.0	2.7	3.8	5.4	12.6	19.4	41.3	28.0

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		5/31	6/14	7/1	7/12	7/27	8/9	8/29	9/6	9/20
		0.1	0.0	1.0	0.7	0.5	0.1	0.0	29.5	8.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.1	1.7
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.1	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	1.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0
		0.8	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.2	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	1.3	1.2	0.2	0.4	0.7	2.0	1.8	0.5	
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	
()	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.0	0.3	0.3	
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.6	2.5	0.8	0.6	5.1	
()		0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	57.8	1.6
		0.0	0.0	0.2	2.2	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
		1.0	2.5	9.0	3.7	3.2	7.2	4.6	90.4	18.1

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		5/31	6/14	7/1	7/12	7/27	8/9	8/29	9/6	9/20
		0.0	0.1	2.1	1.2	0.3	0.1	11.4	13.4	16.8
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	2.4	0.1	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.3	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0
		1.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.1	0.0
	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.0	1.8	1.7	0.0	0.8	0.4	0.7	2.4	0.4	
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	3.1	0.3	0.8	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	18.6	18.9	6.4
	()	0.0	0.2	0.0	2.1	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.1	2.6	0.9	0.0
		1.4	2.5	4.1	4.9	2.9	7.8	35.1	41.2	25.3

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		6/24	7/8	7/18	7/25	8/28
		0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.2	0.2	1.9	0.1
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	1.5	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0	
	()	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.0
		0.2	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.1
		0.0	0.3	0.0	0.6	0.0
	()	4.3	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		6.4	3.0	2.0	4.6	0.2

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		6/24	7/8	7/18	7/25	8/28
		0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1	0.5
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	2.2
		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.8	1.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.4	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
	3.8	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.5	
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.4
		0.0	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1
		0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.1	0.3	0.9	1.3	3.8
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	1.5
	()	9.3	4.9	0.1	0.1	0.7
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.3
		13.8	6.4	3.0	3.9	13.0

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		6/24	7/8	7/18	7/25	8/28
		0.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3
		0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.1	0.0	1.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.5	1.4	0.3
	()	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
	()	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	1	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.0	0.1
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.4	
	()	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
	()	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1
		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.2
		0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.1
	()	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1
		0.3	0.9	1.8	1.2	2.5
		0.0	0.2	0.2	0.0	1.5
	()	7.4	4.7	0.7	0.0	0.2
		0.0	0.4	0.1	0.0	0.0
		8.9	7.3	5.4	3.2	6.0

3	
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9

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第 1 節 緒 說

가

가

(坂井直樹, 1994)

가

가

가

松尾昌樹 (1990)

2

(松尾昌樹, 1987), Electrodyne

(松

尾昌樹, 1986a; 松尾昌樹 1986b)

, 津賀辛之介

(1988a, 1988b, 1988c)

가

가 .

加藤安郎 (1987)

가 .

, (Kaufman Schaffner,
1982; Wilson Anderson, 1981; Diprose Benson, 1984)

第 2 節 材料 方法

4.

1

2.

가

(*Digitalis*

Sanguinalis)

가

3.

가

4.

가

가

(*Digitalis Sanguinalis*), (*Echinochloa Crus-galli*), (*Chenopodium album*
var. *centrorubrum*)

第 3 節 結果 考察

1.

1

가

20- 40 kV

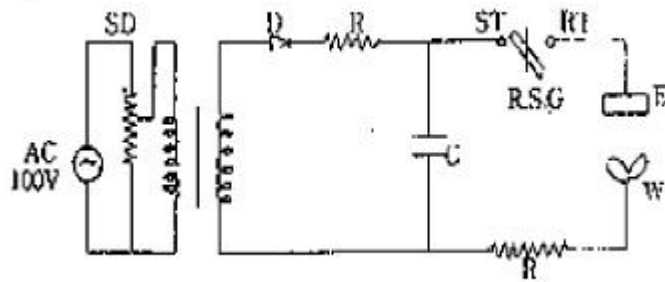


Fig. 1. Electric circuit of experimental apparatus

SD : Slidac, D : Diode, R : Resistor, C : Condenser

R.S.G. : Rotary spark gap, ST : Stationary terminal

RT : Rotor, E : Discharge electrode, W : Weed

2.

(A) ,

(B), 1 (C), 2 (D), 3 (E)

2

99%

30%

가

1

2

, 3 ,

1kV

3kV

가

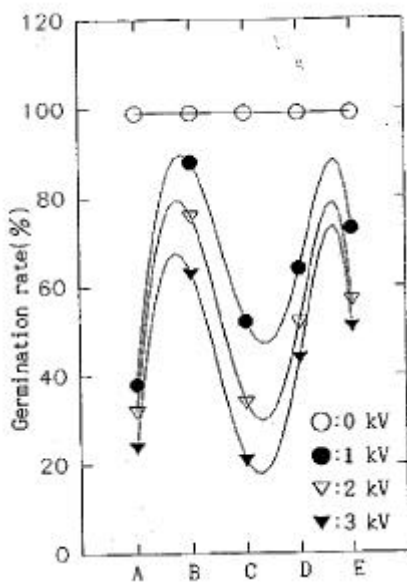


Fig. 2. Germination rates of weeds after discharge treatment(at 1- 3kV).

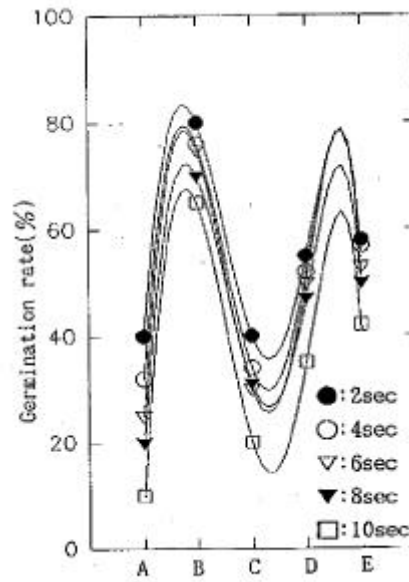


Fig. 3. Germination rates of weeds after discharge treatment(at 2- 10sec).

3
 1cm,
 2kV
 2-6 10 63%,
 10%
 4 4 , 2kV
 가 1-2cm 80%, 33% 가 3cm
 99%, 53% 가
 가

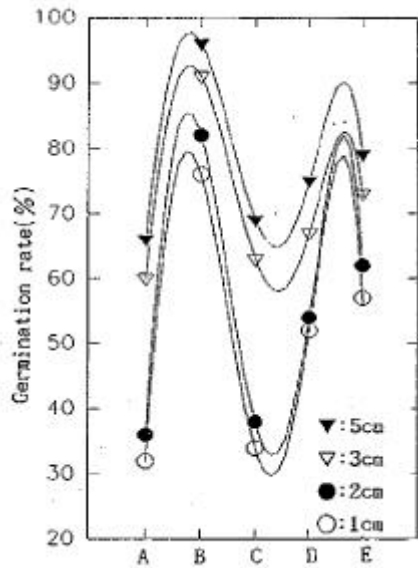


Fig. 4. Germination rates of weeds after discharge treatment(at 1-5cm).

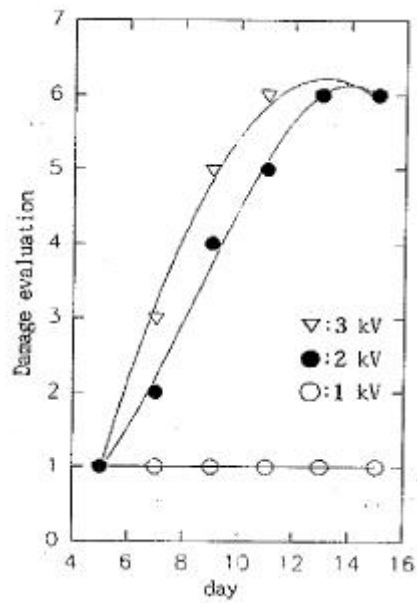


Fig. 5. Damage evaluations of weeds after discharge treatment(at 1-3kV).

3.

1
 , 3: , 4: , 5: , 6:
 5
 2
 4 , 1cm
 1kV
 가 2-3kV 가
 14-15

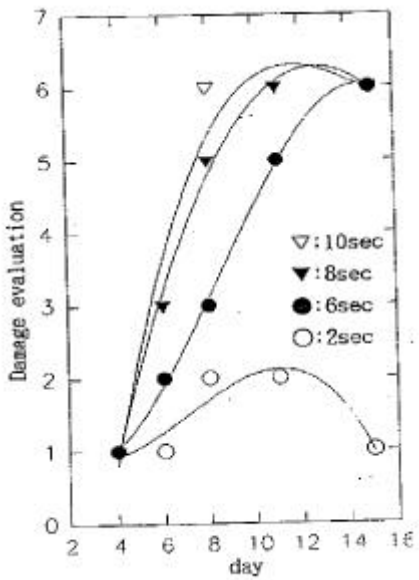


Fig. 6. Damage evaluations of weeds after discharge treatment(at 1-5cm).

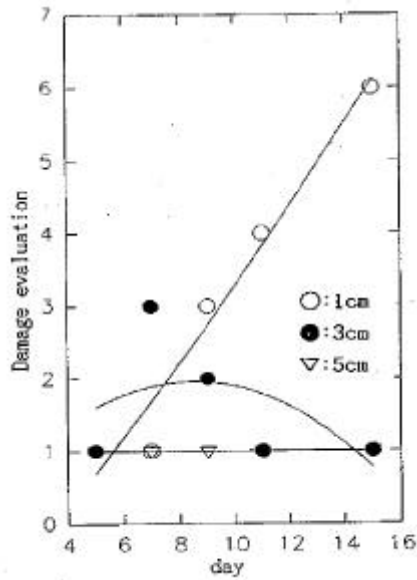


Fig. 7. Damage evaluations of weeds after discharge treatment(at 2-10sec).

6 2

1cm,

2kV

2

가

6- 8

가

가

14- 15

7

4 ,

2kV

1cm

가

14- 15

3- 5cm

가

4.

가

, 가

8(a)

()가 1

()

가

8(b)

() 가

가

2가

가

8

가

가

가

2

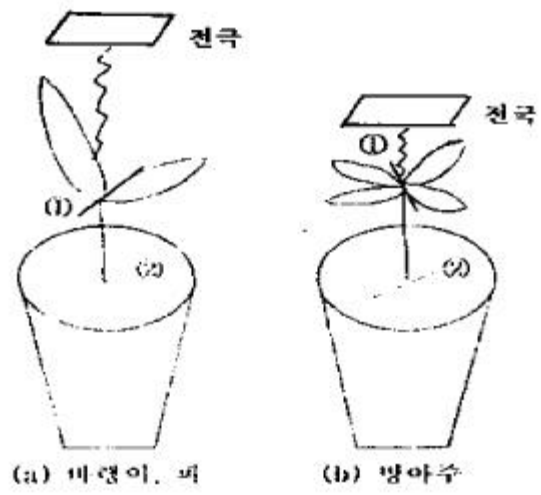


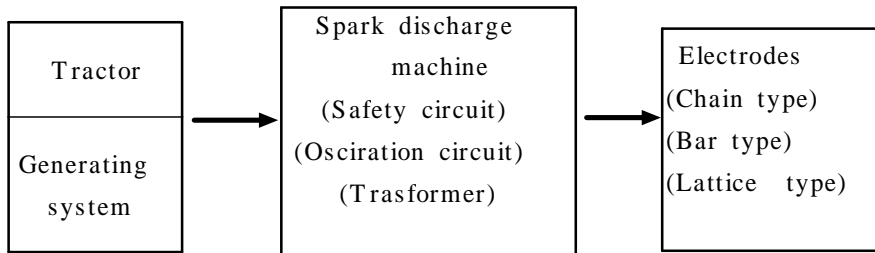
Fig. 8. Destruction parts of the weeds by high voltage spark discharges.

가 가
 가
 가 , 가
 가

5.

2

가



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 , 50(1), 61-68, 1988a
7. 津賀辛之介, 市來秀之, 梶山道雄 : 施設園藝における静電撒布法の研究(1),
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4	
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10

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第 1 節 緒 說

가
가
가
(1994).
가
가
가
가
가
가
가
가
(, 1992).

가

가

가

가

가

가

第 2 節 材料 方法

1.

,
 ,
 , 95%
 1 가
 13 - 20o , 2
 , , 7 -
 17o . 3 (474.8m)
 30 - 40c . 95%
 . 1993 4 - 1993 9 6
 29 8.0mm 7 29 117.5mm
 40.1mm (, 1995).

2.

1995 4 28 5 1 2
 . 4 12 (10m × 10m)
 , 가
 , , ,
 .
 , , ,
 5m , 5m
 , 10m × 10m 4 , , ,
 , , ,
 5m × 5m ,
 , , , . 1995 5 27 6 3

Curtis McIntosh(1951) (importance value, IV)

3.

1995 가
(HORIBA,) 2
pH, Ca, K, Na, Mg

SO₂, NO_x, NO, O₃ 가
(Dasibi,)
Shigometer(Osmose,)

4.

가.

(Pinus
rigida M.), (Quercus mongolica F.), (Alnus hirsta (Spach) R.),
(Liriodendron tulipifera L.), 15cm 15cm
5 35
1

Table 1. General characteristics of tree species in Banweol site

Species	Grade	Diameter (cm)	Height (m)	Coverage (cm)	Slope (°)	Direction
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	< 15cm	11.7	8.3	160	20	SE
	15cm	19.5	10.4	190	14	SE
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	< 15cm	12.6	9.0	128	20	SE
	15cm	23.5	10.8	248	14	SE
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	< 15cm	11.1	8.6	198	8	S
	15cm	24.4	9.3	530	16	SE
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	15cm	34.5	14.4	394	5	SW

8cm, 20cm

70cm

pH, Ca, K, Na, Mg

(佐 朋幸, 1991).

가 가 가

, 가 pH, Ca, K, Na, Mg

5. 가.

10, 100, 200cm

, A 0 15cm, 15 30cm .
pH,
(Ca, K, Na, Mg) (Carter, 1993).

가 1
'95 pH 6.0 가
(2.0t/ha) 10m × 20m 가
'96 8 , '97 4 , 97 8

第 3 節 結果 考察

1.

32 17 ,
 29 .
 1 8.2 - 9.7m, 9.7 -
 14.0cm, 210 - 305% 7 - 9 (2).
 (IV > 10) , , ,

가 (importance value, IV) 34.9%, 14.1%, 12.5%, 15.9%

(8), 10cm 가
 (5).

31.5%, 16.8% (8) 3cm
 (6-9cm) 가 , 가 (5).

1 가 ,
 , .
 2 6.8 - 8.0m, 9.1 -
 12.5cm, 127 - 342% 6 - 9 (3).
 (IV > 10) , , 가

(importance value, IV) 13.8%, 26.6%, 21.5% (8),
 21.2%, 15.9%

(9). 2 , , ,
 가

(6) .

3 6.8 - 10.2m, 6.9 -
 11.0cm, 177 - 242% 6 - 11 ()
 4). (IV > 10) , , 가

(importance value, IV) 24.1%, 14.6%, 16.7% (8),
, , 19.5%, 11.1%,
10.9% (9). 3 2 가 ,
가
. 가 가 가
(7). 3 ,
, ,
.

Table 2. Description of physical features and the stratum of each plot in # 1
Banwol watershed

Plot Number	1- 1	1- 2	1- 3	1- 4
Aspect	SW	E	SE	E
Slope(c)	15	17	20	13
Height of tree layer(m)	9.1	8.2	9.1	9.7
Mean DBH of tree layer(cm)	12.2	9.7	9.9	14.0
Cover of tree layer(%)	210	278	305	227
Height of subtree layer(m)	1.5	1.8	2.2	1.5
Mean DBH of subtree layer(cm)	1.32	2.1	1.6	1.3
Cover of subtree layer(%)	133	164	88	241
Number of woody species	9	8	8	7

Table 3. Description of physical features and the stratum of each plot in # 2

Banwol watershed

Plot Number	2- 1	2-2	2- 3	2- 4
Aspect	S	E	SW	W
Slope(c)	17	17	7	8
Height of tree layer(m)	6.8	7.2	7.2	8.0
Mean DBH of tree layer(cm)	10.0	12.5	9.7	9.1
Cover of tree layer(%)	342	127	223	157
Height of subtree layer(m)	1.8	1.7	2.3	1.8
Mean DBH of subtree layer(cm)	2.3	1.9	2.2	1.6
Cover of subtree layer(%)	220	184	124	186
Number of woody species	6	8	9	9

Table 4. Description of physical features and the stratum of each plot in # 3 Banwol watershed

Plot Number	3- 1	3- 2	3- 3	3- 4
Aspect	E	W	SW	N
Slope(c)	30	40	32	35
Height of tree layer(m)	6.8	10.2	10.1	9.7
Mean DBH of tree layer(cm)	6.9	8.6	9.7	11.0
Cover of tree layer(%)	177	205	242	195
Height of subtree layer(m)	1.8	1.3	1.1	1.0
Mean DBH of subtree layer(cm)	1.6	1.2	1.2	1.1
Cover of subtree layer(%)	146	86	117	28
Number of woody species	7	6	10	11

Table 5. Frequency distribution by DBH of major tree species(importance value :IV > 10) in # 1 Banweol watershed (unit : No.)

Species DBH(cm)	<3	3 <6	6 <9	9 <12	12 <15	15 <18	18 <21	21 <24	24 <27	27 <30
	<i>Pinus rigida</i>	-	1	4	5	15	7	2	2	-	1
<i>Quercus mongolica</i>	32	4	1	1	1	3	-	-	-	-
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	6	6	6	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Alnus japonica</i>	-	2	1	1	4	1	1	-	1	-

Table 6. Frequency distribution by DBH of major tree species(importance value : IV > 10) in # 2 Banwol watershed (unit : No.)

Species DBH(cm)	<3	3 <6	6 <9	9 <12	12 <15	15 <18	18 <21	21 <24	24 <27	27 <30
	<i>Quercus aliena</i>	15	7	2	1	1	-	-	-	-
<i>Quercus acutissima</i>	4	3	4	3	4	-	1	1	-	-
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>	5	6	6	1	5	2	-	-	-	-
<i>Quercus serrata</i>	9	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Pinus rigida</i>	-	-	-	2	3	3	-	-	-	-

Table 7. Frequency distribution by DBH of major tree species(importance value :
IV > 10) in # 3 Banwol watershed (unit:No.)

Species DBH(cm)										
	<3	3 <6	6 <9	9 <12	12 <15	15 <18	18 <21	21 <24	24 <27	27 <30
<i>Philadelphus schrenkii</i>	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Quercus variabilis</i>	1	5	12	4	3	1	1	-	-	-
<i>Pinus densiflora</i>	2	8	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Quercus mongolica</i>	6	3	5	5	5	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Rhododendron mucronulatum</i>	14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 8. Important value of all overstory tree species in three watersheds in
Banweol (unit : %)

Species	Korean name	#1 watershed	#2 watershed	#3 watershed
<i>Quercus aliena</i>		5.5	13.8	3.7
<i>Quercus variabilis</i>		-	4.6	24.1
<i>Juniperus rigida</i>		-	3.7	-
<i>Acer palmatum</i>		-	-	3.1
<i>Styrax japonicus</i>		-	-	5.7
<i>Pinus rigida</i>		34.9	8.0	-
<i>Castanea crenata</i>		3.1	8.5	8.1
<i>Prunus leveilleana</i>		7.2	2.7	9.9
<i>Quercus acutissima</i>		-	26.6	-
<i>Carpinus cordiata</i>		-	-	3.6
<i>Pinus densiflora</i>		4.6	-	14.6
<i>Quercus mongolica</i>		14.1	8.1	16.7
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>		12.5	21.5	-
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i>		15.9	2.6	-
<i>Rhus verniciflua</i>		-	-	3.5
<i>Quercus serrata</i>		2.4	-	-
<i>Sorbus alnifolia</i>		-	-	6.8

Table 9. Important value of all understory tree species in three watersheds in Banwol (unit : %)

Species	Korean name	#1 watershed	#2 watershed	#3 watershed
<i>Quercus aliena</i>		7.4	21.2	5.7
<i>Philadelphus schrenkii</i>		2.6	-	19.5
<i>Quercus variabilis</i>		-	-	2.0
<i>Corylus Heterophylla</i>		-	4.8	8.5
<i>Juniperus rigida</i>		-	2.2	-
<i>Symplocos chinensis</i> for. pilosa		-	-	4.1
<i>Zelkova serrata</i>		-	2.0	1.7
<i>Acer palmatum</i>		-	-	3.2
<i>Sambucus williamsii</i> var. coreana		-	1.7	-
<i>Styrax japonicus</i>		-	-	4.3
<i>Quercus dentata</i>		-	-	6.9
<i>Castanea crenata</i>		9.3	3.1	-
<i>Eleagnus umbellata</i>		-	4.0	-
<i>Rhus chinensis</i>		-	3.3	-
<i>Prunus sargentii</i>		5.9	-	1.8
<i>Zanthoxylum schinifolium</i>		-	1.6	-
<i>Quercus acutissima</i>		3.5	8.0	-
<i>Lindera obtusiloba</i>		-	2.9	4.9
<i>Pinus densiflora</i>		-	-	3.0
<i>Quercus mongolica</i>		31.5	2.4	11.1
<i>Lespedeza bicolor</i>		-	1.7	2.2
<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>		9.4	6.4	-
<i>Rhus verniciflua</i>		6.0	-	2.1
<i>Pinus koraiensis</i>		-	1.6	-
<i>Quercus serrata</i>		3.8	15.9	-
<i>Rhododendron mucronulatum</i>		16.8	9.8	10.9
<i>Rosa multiflora</i>		-	4.4	-
<i>Smilax china</i>		1.9	3.3	-
<i>Sorbus alnifolia</i>		2.0	-	8.2

2.

가.

1996 5 9 14
 pH 4.56 , 6.73, 2.93 pH
 3.5 가 6.78%, 3.5 4.0 21.2%, 4.0 4.5가 17.0%, 4.5 5.0
 10.2%, 5.0 5.5가 15.3%, 5.5 6.0 17.8%, 6.0 6.5가 6.8%, 6.5 5.08% ,
 pH 5.6 가 73.7% '1995
 pH 5.41 5.6 가 63.9%

가 ,

10 5 7 4.60
 6.21 7 4.6
 9 , 5 6
 , 7 , 8 , 9

Ca, K, Na, Mg 68.2, 43.3, 52.6, 12.2 μ equiv./L , Ca > Na
 > K > Mg
 11 1mm

pH가 5.03 가 2mm 5.0
 Ca, K, Na, Mg
 133.4, 61.7, 99.1, 27.7 μ equiv./L
 pH가

Table 10. Average pH and cation concentrations in precipitation (Unit : μ equiv./L)

Date	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
May 8	5.50	195.4	196.5	243.9	26.4
Jun. 11	4.60	18.3	29.3	6.3	3.7
Jun. 18	5.05	65.8	36.8	22.6	14.6
Jun. 26	6.21	44.9	45.2	41.5	10.0
Jun. 30	4.85	21.1	33.2	51.4	4.2
Jul. 5	5.23	25.4	27.1	26.1	7.7
Jul. 16	4.55	28.3	22.8	26.3	8.0
Jul. 22	4.44	18.2	16.8	20.7	6.8
Aug. 23	4.51	78.2	55.2	109.8	21.2
Aug. 29	3.89	17.8	21.8	30.0	7.3
Aug. 31	3.39	24.3	27.0	37.0	3.8
Sep. 6	3.35	200.8	50.1	69.4	35.0
Sep. 10	4.29	103.9	18.4	29.3	13.4
Sep. 19	3.61	112.6	26.0	22.3	9.1
Average	4.56	68.2	43.3	52.6	12.2

Table 11. Changes pH and cation concentrations in precipitation depended upon time course.(Unit : μ equiv./L)

Time course(mm)	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
1	5.03	133.4	61.7	99.1	27.7
2	4.78	50.7	27.2	24.9	9.0
3	4.71	44.7	32.8	23.8	8.4
4	4.58	34.7	29.4	26.9	7.0
5	4.73	29.2	27.6	16.3	4.6
6	4.78	27.0	33.3	45.7	4.7
7	4.42	24.9	22.3	10.0	2.7
8	4.90	26.9	23.7	44.7	5.7
9	4.53	23.6	22.5	8.5	5.2

12

O3, SO2

, NO, NOx

가

가

가

Table 12. Average, minimum and maximum concentration of air pollutants in Banweol site (Unit : ppm)

Air pollutants	NO	NOx	SO2	O3
Average	0.026	0.063	0.016	0.010
Minimum	0.005	0.010	0.010	0.005
Maximum	0.161	0.225	0.027	0.015

가

Table 13. Average cambium electrical resistance of four tree species (Unit : K)

Species	Grade	May	July
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	< 15cm	24.2	17.1
	15cm	16.7	11.0
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	< 15cm	11.3	8.8
	15cm	9.0	6.8
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	< 15cm	9.7	7.1
	15cm	6.6	4.9
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	15cm	4.1	2.7
Average	< 15cm	15.1	11.0
	15cm	9.1	6.4

Note: Cambium electrical resistance shows negative correlation with tree vitality.

3.

가.

, ,
, , , .
가
pH , , ,
5.11, 5.63, 5.50, 5.57 . 14 ,

(Parker, 1982).

$K > Na > Ca > Mg$,

Ca, K, Na, Mg 160.8, 258.8, 247.1, 46.8 μ equiv./L

. K 2 .

K 가 . K

Ca , 가 가

가 가 . K, Mg , 가 가 ,
 가 가 ,
 . Na , 가 가 , .
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 (Leininger Winner, 1988).

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 pH ,
 (Cappellato ,1993).

Table 14. Average pH and cation concentrations in throughfall from four tree species. (Unit : μ equiv./L)

Species	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	5.11b	153.6a	265.3ab	244.4ab	45.8b
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	5.63a	160.3a	310.7a	222.6b	58.7a
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	5.50a	189.9a	241.5b	283.7a	44.3b
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	5.57a	116.4b	176.1c	227.6ab	29.1c
Average	5.44	160.8	258.8	247.1	46.8

pH 15

pH 5 가 9
가 pH 11
pH

가 6 8
pH

pH가

Ca, Na, Mg , 5
가 9 , 가 7 가 K
가 K 가
K

K 가 가
가 5 2 가
9 가
7 가

4.

pH 16 pH
> > > , pH
5.38, 4.93, 4.79, 3.73 pH

(Edmonds , 1991).

Table 16. Average pH and cation concentrations in stemflow from four tree species

(Unit : $\mu\text{equiv./L}$)

Note: Means with different letter differ significantly at $p = 0.05$.

The letters a, b and c compare species means.

Species	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	3.73d	286.4b	463.0c	381.4a	130.0c
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	4.79c	290.1b	621.1b	306.0c	159.5b
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	4.93b	322.3b	637.9b	343.2b	157.9b
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	5.38a	559.0a	2160.8a	401.7a	266.8a

K > Ca > Na > Mg

K 가

. Ca 가 556.0 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$

, , , 322.3, 290.1, 286.4 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$

. K , 가 가 2160.8 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 가

637.9, 621.1 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 가 가 463.0 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$

. Na 가

401.7 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 381.4 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 가 343.2 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 가

306.0 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$. Mg 가 266.8 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$

가 , 가 159.5, 157.9 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$, 가

130.0 $\mu\text{equiv./L}$ 가

가 , .

, .

가 .

가 . pH 17

Ca Na , pH, K, Mg

가

가 pH 가

가 가

가 pH

Table 17. Comparison of pH and cation concentrations in initial flush(I) and subsequent flow (S) of stemflow from four tree species. (Unit : $\mu\text{equiv./L}$)

Species	Time	Characteristics				
		pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	I	3.85a	335.3a	481.1a	405.4a	136.8a
	S	3.76a	322.9a	434.0a	378.7a	130.3a
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	I	4.83a	325.1a	659.1a	329.8a	168.5a
	S	4.76a	296.3a	624.7a	325.3a	156.5a
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	I	4.90a	338.6a	564.2b	374.3a	158.2a
	S	5.02a	315.1a	737.3a	346.9a	156.7a
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	I	5.39a	593.4a	2278.1a	428.1a	270.8a
	S	5.37a	572.1a	2107.8a	399.8a	261.2a
Average	I	4.65a	356.8a	870.1a	364.2a	172.3a
	S	4.66a	323.8b	801.6a	338.0b	164.5a

Note: Means with different letter differ significantly at $p = 0.05$. The letter a and b compare time means. I: initial flush of stemflow, S: subsequent flow of stemflow

pH 18

pH가 5 7 가 8

5 8 가 가 가 9

pH

pH

pH

8

pH가 가

9 pH가

가

가

Ca, Na, Mg

7 가

가

가

K

가

가

Table 18. Seasonal variation of pH and cation concentrations in stemflow from four tree species. (Unit : μ equiv./L)

Characteristics	Speceis	Months				
		May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.
pH	<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	5.15	3.61	3.53	4.29	3.22
	<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	5.05	4.71	4.49	5.47	4.26
	<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	5.17	4.88	4.85	5.31	4.48
	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	5.02	5.29	5.59	5.82	4.90
	Average	5.10	4.62	4.62	5.22	4.22
Ca	<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	505.5	283.1	156.3	424.8	794.6
	<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	388.2	271.8	179.9	365.8	530.0
	<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	500.8	263.2	222.2	421.9	386.7
	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	962.9	476.2	264.7	794.8	778.8
	Average	589.4	323.6	205.8	501.8	622.5
K	<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	174.0	488.6	381.7	479.6	582.3
	<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	584.8	645.9	629.0	636.1	752.9
	<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	702.1	601.7	631.8	806.0	490.3
	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	997.0	1664.5	2531.5	3767.9	2533.0
	Average	614.5	850.2	1043.5	1422.4	1089.7
Na	<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	-	315.3	319.5	584.4	369.1
	<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	752.1	214.2	175.8	446.6	249.8
	<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	689.0	188.0	288.1	539.7	253.2
	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	708.9	241.6	377.2	569.3	312.9
	Average	716.7	239.8	290.2	535.0	296.3
Mg	<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	169.8	157.4	55.2	152.7	224.7
	<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	171.0	171.9	92.8	183.2	244.8
	<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	199.1	143.9	120.1	204.7	145.9
	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	266.0	307.1	230.3	263.5	213.8
	Average	201.5	195.1	124.6	201.0	207.3

5. pH ,
 pH 19
 pH가 .
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Table 19. Multiple correlation coefficients between pH in precipitation and cation concentrations in throughfall and stemflow from four tree species

Species	Throughfall					Stemflow				
	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg	pH	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	0.76***	0.13	-0.16	0.23	0.06	0.07	-0.31	-0.34	0.03	-0.15
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	0.67***	-0.38*	-0.43*	-0.04	-0.52**	0.15	-0.27	0.08	0.12	0.57**
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	0.65***	-0.37*	-0.41*	0.18	-0.33	0.25	-0.57***	-0.52**	-0.06	-0.16
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	0.75***	-0.29	-0.28	0.15	-0.25	0.21	-0.54*	-0.69**	0.11	-0.23

Note: *, ** and *** indicate significant level at 0.1, 0.05 and 0.01, respectively

6.
 가.
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 20
 , , , pH 4.30, 4.23, 4.03, 4.02
 가 가 ,
 Ca , , , , pH

0.69, 0.45, 0.29, 0.23 mequiv./100g

K 가 , , ,

0.42, 0.25, 0.24 0.12 mequiv./100g , 가 2

, . Na ,

가 , , ,

가 0.13, 0.12, 0.12, 0.11 mequiv./100g 가

Mg , , , ,

0.51, 0.27, 0.24, 0.18 mequiv./100g 가 .

가 ,

K Populus tremuloides Michx. .

Table 20. Average moisture content(MC), organic matter(OM), pH, cation exchange capacity(CEC) and cation concentraions in soil under four tree species.(Unit : mequiv./100g)

Note: Means with different letter differ significantly at p 0.05. The letter a, b and

Species	MC(%)	OM(%)	pH	CEC	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	20.0a	3.91b	4.02c	12.2b	0.23c	0.12c	0.11a	0.18b
<i>Alnus hirsta</i> (Spach) R.	22.9b	4.46a	4.04c	16.0a	0.29c	0.24b	0.12a	0.24b
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	20.6b	3.49c	4.23b	12.6b	0.45b	0.25b	0.12a	0.27b
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	20.6b	4.10ab	4.30a	12.2b	0.69a	0.42a	0.13a	0.51a

c compare species means.

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 Ca, Mg
 (MacDonald , 1993). pH
 가 , pH가
 가 가 (Rhoades
 Binkley, 1996).

21 , , Ca, Na
 ,
 0 15cm 15 30cm
 , 0 15cm
 0 15cm 가

Table 21. Comparison of average MC, OM, pH, CEC and cation concentrations in soil at different depths under four tree species (Unit : mequiv./100g).

Species	Depth	MC(%)	OM(%)	pH	CEC	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	0 15cm	19.6a	4.15a	3.99b	12.3a	0.27a	0.13a	0.12a	0.21a
	15 30cm	20.3a	3.68b	4.05a	12.2a	0.20a	0.12a	0.10a	0.14b
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	0 15cm	23.0a	4.83a	4.04a	16.7a	0.37a	0.26a	0.13a	0.25a
	15 30cm	22.7a	4.09b	4.03a	15.3a	0.20b	0.23a	0.13a	0.22a
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	0 15cm	21.2a	3.59a	4.23a	13.4a	0.50a	0.20b	0.12a	0.24a
	15 30cm	20.1a	3.40a	4.23a	11.8a	0.41a	0.30a	0.12a	0.29a
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	0 15cm	20.9a	4.26a	4.33a	13.7a	0.87a	0.53a	0.13a	0.72a
	15 30cm	20.3a	3.94a	4.27b	12.8a	0.49b	0.30b	0.11b	0.27a
Average	0 15cm	20.9a	4.22a	4.15a	14.0a	0.48a	0.29a	0.13a	0.36a
	15 30cm	21.1a	3.77b	4.14a	13.0b	0.34b	0.23a	0.11b	0.23a

Note: Means with different letter differ significantly at $p < 0.05$. The letter a and b compare depth means.

pH

22 가 ,

pH 가 pH가

가 Ca Mg

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가 Ca ,

K

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 佐々朋幸 (1993)
 , pH
 Kalopanax pictus T. Juglans mandschuria M. pH가 가 ,
 Crytomeria japonica D. pH
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 pH 23
 pH
 pH K, Mg
 . Ca, Na, Mg CEC, Na pH
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 Brand (1986) Picea glauca V. 가 가
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Table 22. Comparison of MC, OM, CEC and cation concentration in soil at different distances from stem base under four tree species, respectively (Unit : mequiv./100g)

Species	Distance (cm)	MC (%)	OM (%)	pH	CEC	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	10	18.8b	3.60b	3.92c	12.7a	0.27a	0.10b	0.15a	0.20a
	100	20.5a	4.07a	4.05b	14.3a	0.19a	0.13ab	0.09b	0.14a
	200	20.7a	3.93a	4.34a	9.6b	0.29a	0.16a	0.10b	0.22a
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	10	23.6a	5.47a	3.95b	16.7a	0.33a	0.28a	0.13b	0.24a
	100	22.5a	3.64b	4.03b	18.0a	0.26a	0.19a	0.11b	0.25a
	200	21.2a	3.94b	4.46a	12.1b	0.25a	0.29a	0.19a	0.25a
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	10	20.6a	3.29a	4.19b	12.7a	0.34a	0.23a	0.14a	0.23b
	100	20.7a	3.59a	4.24b	13.3a	0.43a	0.25a	0.11ab	0.23b
	200	21.1a	3.68a	4.41a	13.4a	0.60a	0.25a	0.10b	0.40a
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	10	20.6a	4.08a	4.29c	14.3a	0.50a	0.75a	0.16a	0.34a
	100	20.6a	4.11a	4.33b	13.1a	0.95a	0.27b	0.11b	0.82a
	200	21.2a	4.06a	4.58a	14.0a	0.75a	0.24b	0.11b	0.45a
Average	10	20.9a	4.13a	4.08c	14.4a	0.36a	0.33a	0.14a	0.25a
	100	21.1a	3.92a	4.16b	14.6a	0.43a	0.21b	0.10b	0.36a
	200	21.1a	3.90a	4.45a	12.3b	0.47a	0.23b	0.12ab	0.33a

Note: Means with the same letter are not significantly different (P < 0.05). The letter a, b and c compare distance means.

Table 23. Multiple correlation coefficients between pH and chemical properties in soil under four tree species

Species	CEC	Ca	K	Na	Mg
<i>Pinus rigida</i> M.	0.20	0.13	0.24	0.10	0.13
<i>Alnus hirsuta</i> (Spach) R.	-	0.14	0.40**	0.84**	0.12
<i>Quercus mongolica</i> F.	0.15	0.41**	-	0.29*	0.28*
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> L.	0.60***	-	0.21	0.55***	-

*, ** and *** indicate significant level at 0.1, 0.01 and 0.001.

第 4 節 結 論

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pH 4.56
, 5.6 가 74% , pH 4.15
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pH
가 pH (pH : 5.57) 5.38 가
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pH가
가 ,
가 가 가

가

가

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